ALMANAC FOR 1903

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BALTIMORE, JANUARY 1, 1903

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To the Subscribers of

THE SUN,

with compliments of

A. S. ABELL COMPANY,

BALTIMORE, MD.

THE SUN ALMANAC

THE SUN ALMANAC for 1903 completes the 28th year of its publication. Within the period since its first issue in 1876, it has become the standard "Blue Book" of Maryland, recording the Political and Historical changes of the times as they occur from year to year, and storing up material in handy form for future reference as well as for present use.

From the beginning it has been guided by the purpose, mainly to be a reliable compilation of Statistical and other matters pertaining to the State of Maryland, and a trustworthy source of information on National and General affairs

In the number of 1902 various typographical changes were introduced and these are further improved upon in the present issue through the first-class resources and equipment of The Sun Book and Job Printing Office, Calvert and Saratoga Streets.

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A. S. ABELL COMPANY.

BALTIMORE, MD., January 1, 1903.

CALENDAR FOR 1903.

JANUARY.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
...	...	...	...	1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31
...	...	...	...	...	...	...

FEBRUARY.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...

MARCH.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...

APRIL.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
...	...	...	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...

MAY.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
...	...	...	...	...	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	...	...	...	...	...	...

JUNE.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
...	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...

JULY.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
...	...	...	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...

AUGUST.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
...	...	...	...	...	...	1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	...	...	...	...	...

SEPTEMBER.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
...	...	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...

OCTOBER.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
...	...	...	...	1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31
...	...	...	...	...	...	...

NOVEMBER.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DECEMBER.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
...	...	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...

ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1903,

Comprising the latter part of the 127th and the beginning of the 128th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

The Astronomical Calculations in this Almanac are made for Baltimore, Md., or, more exactly, the position of Johns Hopkins University, in Long. 5 h. 6 m. 26 s. west of Greenwich and Lat. 39° 17′ 48″ N., and are given in Eastern Standard time (which corresponds to Long. 5 h. west of Greenwich). To express the data given in Baltimore Mean time, substract 6 m. 26 s. from the values given.

The year 1903 corresponds to—

The year 6616 of the Julian Period.

The year 7411-7412 of the Byzantine Era, the year 7412 commencing on Sept. 1 t.

The year 5663-5664 of the Jewish Era; the year 5664 commencing on Sept. 22d, or, more exactly, at sunset on September 21st.

The year 2656 since the foundation of Rome, according to Varro.

The year 2563 of the Japanese Era, and to the 36th year of the period entitled "Meiji."

The year 1321 of the Mohammedan Era, beginning on the 30th day of March, 1903.

The first day of January of the year 1903 is the 2,416,116th day since the commencement of the Julian Period.

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

Dominical Letter	D	Solar Cycle	8
Epact	2	Roman Indiction	1
Lunar Cycle or Golden Number	4	Julian Period	6616

THE SEASONS.

Sun enters Aries .....(Spring begins) March 21, 2 h. 15 m. P. M.
Sun enters Cancer.. .....(Summer begins) June 22, 10 h. 8 m. A. M.
Sun enters Libra .....(Autumn begins) Sept. 24, 1 h. 44 m. A. M.
Sun enters Capricornus..(Winter begins) Dec. 22, 2 h. 20 m. P. M.

ASTRONOMICAL SYMBOLS.

☉ The Sun.
☾ The Moon.
⊕ The Earth.
☿ Mercury.
♀ Venus.
♂ Mars.
♃ Jupiter.
♄ Saturn.
♅ Uranus.
♆ Neptune.
☌ Conjunction (having the same Long. or Right Ascension).
□ Quadrature (differing by 90° in Long. or R. A.
☍ Opposition (differing by 180° in Long. or R. A).
☊ Ascending Node.
☋ Descending Node.

FIXED AND MOVABLE FESTIVALS.

Epiphany	Jan. 6	Palm Sunday	April 5	Trinity Sunday	June 7
Septuagesima Sun	Feb. 8	Good Friday	April 10	Corpus Christi	June 11
Quinquagesima Sun.	Feb. 22	Easter Sunday	April 12	St. John Baptist	June 24
Shrove Tuesday	Feb. 24	Low Sunday	April 19	1st Sunday in Adv't.	Nov. 29
Ash Wednesday	Feb. 25	Rogation Sunday.	May 10	St. Andrew	Nov. 30
1st Sunday in Lent	Mar. 1	Ascension Day	May 21	Christmas	Dec. 25
St. Patrick	Mar. 17	Whit Sunday	May 31	St. John Evangel't.	Dec. 27

ECLIPSES.

In the year 1903 there will be four eclipses, two of the Sun and two of the Moon.

1. An annular Eclipse of the Sun March 28th, invisible at Baltimore.
2. A partial Eclipse of the Moon April 11th, partly visible at Baltimore.
3. A total Eclipse of the Sun September 20th, invisible at Baltimore.
4. A partial Eclipse of the Moon October 5th, invisible at Baltimore.

HARVEST AND HUNTER'S MOONS.

One of the most interesting of the phenomena of the autumnal heavens is the "Harvest Moon," occurring in the month of September. Though it happens each year about the same time, few really understand the cause of the occurrence or can tell just when the Harvest Moon is at hand. There is an equal misunderstanding about the "Hunter's Moon," and by many the two are often confused. The Harvest Moon is the full moon that occurs nearest to the autumnal equinox (September 22), and the Hunter's Moon is the full moon which comes one month later. For four or five nights these two moons rise in the east almost at the moment when the sun disappears in the west. The difference in the time of their appearance from one night to another in this latitude is only about 20 minutes, while at other times it is longer. This is caused by the obliquity of the ecliptic or the moon's path through the heavens. The Hunter's Moon is about the same as the Harvest Moon, only the time of appearance each night is a little longer.

1st Month.] JANUARY, 1903. [31 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
☽ First Quarter	6	4	56.5	P. M.	☾ Last Quarter	20	6	49	A. M.
○ Full Moon	13	9	17	A. M.	● New Moon	28	11	38.6	P. M.
Perigee	12	9	54	P. M.	Apogee	25	5	18	P. M.

D of M	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises.	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets.	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	Th.	7 28	12 9 44	4 51	7 41	2 17	8 15	8 42	♀ sets 5 16 P.M.
2	Fr.	7 28	12 10 12	4 52	8 36	3 2	8 54	9 22	☌♃☾ ♃—5°29′
3	Sa.	7 28	12 10 41	4 53	9 36	3 46	9 43	10 5	⊕ in Perihelion.
4	**Sun**	7 28	12 11 8	4 54	10 37	4 31	10 33	10 50	*1st Sun. after New Yr.*
5	Mo.	7 28	12 11 36	4 55	11 38	5 16	11 25	11 35	☌ ☿ ♄. ☿—1°47′
6	Tu.	7 28	12 12 3	4 56	....	6 3	.....	12 20	Epiphany.
7	W.	7 28	12 12 29	4 57	1 6	6 53	12 21	1 14	Alcyon.(Ple.)S.8.45P.M
8	Th.	7 28	12 12 55	4 58	2 07	7 46	1 10	2 9	☿ in Aphelion.
9	Fr.	7 27	12 13 21	4 59	3 15	8 43	2 2	3 5	♂ rises 11 33 P M.
10	Sa.	7 27	12 13 46	5 1	4 20	9 43	3 0	4 0	Aldebaran S. 9 22 P.M.
11	**Sun**	7 27	12 14 10	5 2	5 30	10 45	3 57	4 53	*1st Sun. after Epiphany.*
12	Mo.	7 27	12 14 34	5 3	6 30	11 48	4 55	5 46	☌ ☿ ♄. ☿—0°58′
13	Tu.	7 27	12 14 58	5 4	Rises	.....	5 51	6 37	♂ in Aphelion.
14	W.	7 27	12 15 20	5 5	6 40	12 49	6 48	7 28	♃ sets 7 11 P.M.
15	Th.	7 26	12 15 42	5 6	7 54	1 48	7 43	8 18	♄ sets 5 19 P.M.
16	Fr.	7 26	12 16 3	5 7	9 8	2 43	8 38	9 9	Capella S. 9 37 P.M.
17	Sa.	7 26	12 16 24	5 8	10 14	3 35	9 32	9 56	☿ gr. elong. E. 18°46′
18	**Sun**	7 25	12 16 44	5 9	11 15	4 25	10 28	10 45	*2d Sun. after Epiphany.*
19	Mo.	7 25	12 17 3	5 10	.....	5 13	11 22	11 35	☌ ☌ ☾ ♂+3°35′
20	Tu.	7 24	12 17 22	5 11	12 50	6 0	.....	12 18	Sirius S. 10 50 P.M.
21	W.	7 24	12 17 40	5 12	1 46	6 47	12 25	1 12	☌ ♄ ☉
22	Th.	7 24	12 17 57	5 13	2 42	7 33	1 17	2 7	♆ S. 10 0 P.M.
23	Fr.	7 23	12 18 13	5 15	3 34	8 20	2 9	3 0	☿ in Perihel'n & stat'y
24	Sa.	7 22	12 18 29	5 16	4 24	9 8	3 1	3 52	☌ ♁ ☾ ♁—4°38′
25	**Sun**	7 21	12 18 44	5 17	5 12	9 56	3 35	4 41	*3d Sun. after Epiphany.*
26	Mo.	7 20	12 18 58	5 18	5 53	10 40	4 44	5 28	♂ rises 10 55 P.M.
27	Tu.	7 20	12 19 11	5 19	6 35	11 29	5 30	6 11	Algol S. 7 56 P.M.
28	W.	7 19	12 19 23	5 20	Sets	12 15	6 16	6 54	☌ ♄ ☾ ♄—5°18′
29	Th.	7 18	12 19 35	5 22	6 30	1 0	7 0	7 35	☌ ☿ ☾ ☿—5°50′
30	Fr.	7 17	12 19 46	5 23	7 30	1 45	7 44	8 15	☌ ☿ ♃ ☿—0°44′
31	Sa.	7 16	12 19 56	5 24	8 30	2 30	8 30	8 54	♃ sets 6 29 P.M.

Highest Flood Tide January 13, 14, 15, P. M., 1.4 ft.

1730—July 12.—Commissioners, assisted by Philip Jones, Surveyor, laid off the town of Baltimore.

1732—August 8.—The General Assembly passed an act for the erection of Baltimore Town.

1745.—Baltimore Town was further enlarged by Act of Assembly.

1750.—Twenty-five acres of land on the north and east sides of the town were added to Baltimore.

1752.—The population of Baltimore numbered 200, and there were 25 houses, four of them brick, one church, two taverns.

CALENDAR FOR THE HEBREW YEAR 5663-5664.

1903.	5663.		5663.
Jan. 1	Tebet	2	.....
Jan. 9	Tebet	10	Fast of Tebet.
Jan. 29	Shevat	1	New Moon.
Feb. 12	Shevat	15	Hamisha Assar.
Feb. 27	Shevat	30	New Moon.
Feb. 28	Adar	1	New Moon. Shekalim.
Mar. 7	Adar	8	Sab. Parsh. Zachor.
Mar. 12	Adar	13	Fast of Esther.
Mar. 13	Adar	14	Purim.
Mar. 21	Adar	22	Sab. Parsh. Parah.
Mar. 28	Adar	29	Sab. Parsh. Hachodesh.
Mar. 29	Nisan	1	New Moon.
Apr. 11	Nisan	14	Sab. Hagadol.
Apr. 12	Nisan	15	Passover.
Apr. 13	Nisan	16	Passover, 2d day.
Apr. 18	Nisan	21	Passover, 7th day.
Apr. 19	Nisan	22	Passover, 8th day.
Apr. 27	Nisan	30	New Moon.
Apr. 28	Iyar	1	New Moon.
May 15	Iyar	18	33d day of Omer.
May 27	Sivan	1	New Moon.
June 1	Sivan	6	Feast of Weeks.
June 2	Sivan	7	Feast of weeks, 2d day.
June 25	Sivan	30	New Moon.
June 26	Tamuz	1	New Moon.
July 12	Tamuz	17	Fast of Tamuz.
July 25	Ab	1	New Moon.
Aug. 1	Ab	8	Sab. Hazon.
Aug. 2	Ab	9	Fast of Ab.
Aug. 8	Ab	15	Nachamu. Hami. Assa.
Aug. 23	Ab	30	New Moon.
Aug. 24	Elul	1	New Moon.
Sept. 13	Elul	21	Slicoth.
	5664.		5664.
Sept. 22	Tishri	1	New Year.
Sept. 23	Tishri	2	New Year, 2d day.
Sept. 24	Tishri	3	Fast of Gedaliah.
Oct. 1	Tishri	10	Day of Atonement.
Oct. 6	Tishri	15	Tabernacles.
Oct. 7	Tishri	16	Tabernacles, 2d day.
Oct. 12	Tishri	21	Hosana Raba.
Oct. 13	Tishri	22	Shemini Atseret.
Oct. 14	Tishri	23	Simchas Torah.
Oct. 21	Tishri	30	New Moon.
Oct. 22	Heshvan	1	New Moon.
Nov. 20	Kisley	1	New Moon.
Dec. 14	Kisley	25	Hanuca.
Dec. 19	Kisley	30	New Moon.
Dec. 20	Tebet	1	New Moon.
Dec. 29	Tebet	10	Fast of Tebet.

CHESAPEAKE TIDES.

The times of high water at the following places may be found for each day by adding to or subtracting from the time of high water at Baltimore the hours and minutes opposite the name of the place for which time of high water is wanted.

PLACE.	H.	M.
Annapolis, Md.....sub.	1	55
Back Creek entrance.....add	2	18
Bay Ridge.....sub.	2	27
Benedict, Patuxent River...sub.	4	17
Betterton, Sassafras River..add	1	23
Blackistone Island, Md....sub.	5	10
Bloody Point Bar Light....sub.	3	7
Bodkin Point, Md.....sub.	0	51
Cambridge, Md.....sub.	3	13
Cape Charles, Va.....sub.	10	46
Chestertown, Md.....add	0	41
Clay Island Light.....sub.	5	44
Cove Point Light.....sub.	4	57
Crisfield, Md.....sub.	6	12
Dover Ferry, Choptank Riv..sub.	2	12
Drum Point, Patuxent Riv..sub.	5	21
Dutchman Point West Riv..sub.	2	54
Easton Point, Treadhaven R..sub.	1	57
Elkton, Elk River.....add	2	53
Fair Haven, Herring Bay...sub.	3	22
Fort Carroll, Md.....sub.	0	10
Fort McHenry, Md.....sub.	0	5
Frederick, Sassafras River..add	1	53
Great Shoals Light.....sub.	5	32
Gunpowder River.....add	0	24
Havre de Grace.....add	3	10
Holland Island Bar.....sub.	6	3
Hooper's Strait Light.....sub	5	47

PLACE.	H.	M.
Holton Point, Chester River..add	0	3
Howell Point.....add	1	10
James Point.....sub.	4	12
Jamestown Island.....sub.	7	12
Love Point Light.....sub.	1	22
Lower Cedar Point.....sub.	4	21
Mays Point, South River....sub.	2	37
Melton Point, Chester River..add	0	18
Norfolk Navy Yard.....sub.	9	29
North Point, Md.....sub.	0	27
Oxford, Md.....sub.	2	42
Point Lookout, Md.....sub.	6	4
Poole's Island Light.....add	0	36
Poplar Island.....sub.	3	17
Port Deposit.....add	3	23
Queenstown, Chester River..sub.	0	17
Rehoboth, Md.....sub.	5	4
Round Bay, Severn River....sub.	1	7
Sandy Point Light.....sub.	1	37
Sassafras River.....add	1	44
Sharp's Island, Md.....sub.	3	48
St. Michaels, Md.....sub.	2	37
Smith's Point Light.....sub.	6	27
Solomon's Lump Light.....sub.	6	7
Tangier Sound Light.....add		47
Thomas' Point, Md.....sub.	2	49
Turkey Point Light.....add	1	45
Vienna, Nanticoke River....sub.	4	7

EXAMPLE.

To find the time of high water at Cambridge, Md., for instance, February 12th, 1903, find the time of high water at Baltimore on February 12th, which is 6h. 37m. A. M. and 7h. 12m. P. M.; from these times subtract 3h. 13m. as found in the above table, and we have 3h. 24m. A. M. and 3h. 59m. P. M. as the time of high water at Cambridge, Md., on that day.

2d Month.] FEBRUARY, 1903. [28 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
☽ First Quarter.	5	5	12.5	A. M.	☾ Last Quarter..	19	1	22.6	A. M.
○ Full Moon	11	7	58	P. M.	● New Moon ...	27	5	19.6	A. M.
Perigee	10	8	18	A. M.	Apogee.....	22	8	0	A. M.

D of M	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises.	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets.	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	**Sun**	7 16	12 20 5	5 25	9 26	3 15	9 19	9 35	*4th Sun. after Epiphany*
2	Mo.	7 15	12 20 13	5 26	10 35	4 1	10 5	10 17	♂ ☿ ☉ Inferior.
3	Tu.	7 14	12 20 21	5 27	12 32	4 49	10 55	11 0	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. N.
4	W.	7 13	12 20 28	5 28	.....	5 40	11 47	11 48	Castor S. 10 39 P.M.
5	Th.	7 12	12 20 34	5 29	1 5	6 32	.....	12 42	Pollux S. 10 40 P.M.
6	Fr.	7 11	12 20 39	5 31	2 6	7 29	12 39	1 39	♂ rises 10 10 P.M.
7	Sa.	7 10	12 20 43	5 32	3 8	8 27	1 36	2 38	♀ sets 6 43 P.M.
8	**Sun**	7 9	12 20 46	5 33	4 4	9 28	2 38	3 36	*Septuagesima Sunday*
9	Mo.	7 8	12 20 48	5 34	5 2	10 28	3 40	4 33	Capella S. 8 10 P.M.
10	Tu.	7 7	12 20 50	5 35	5 58	11 28	4 42	5 28	Betelgeuse S. 8 39 P.M.
11	W.	7 5	12 20 51	5 37	Rises	. . .	5 41	6 20	Sirius S. 9 26 P.M.
12	Th.	7 4	12 20 51	5 38	6 40	12 25	6 37	7 12	*α*Andro. sets 10 30 P.M.
13	Fr.	7 3	12 20 51	5 39	7 50	1 20	7 30	8 0	♂ ☿ ♄. ☿ +3°2′
14	Sa.	7 2	12 20 49	5 40	9 0	2 20	8 21	8 47	☿ Stationary.
15	**Sun**	7 1	12 20 47	5 41	10 0	3 2	9 12	9 33	*Sexagesima Sunday.*
16	Mo.	7 0	12 20 44	5 42	11 2	3 51	10 3	10 19	Alcyon.(Plei.)S.5 46 PM
17	Tu.	6 58	12 20 40	5 43	.....	4 40	10 53	11 5	Regulus S. 12 25 A.M.
18	W.	6 57	12 20 36	5 45	12 25	5 28	11 44	11 53	♂ Stationary.
19	Th.	6 55	12 20 31	5 46	1 25	6 15	.....	12 38	♂♃☉.
20	Fr.	6 54	12 20 26	5 47	2 15	7 3	12 43	1 30	♀ sets 6 3 P.M.
21	Sa.	6 53	12 20 22	5 48	3 8	7 51	1 37	2 25	♂♋♏. ♋—4°53′
22	**Sun**	6 52	12 20 14	5 50	3 49	8 40	2 32	3 19	*Quinquagesima Sunday.*
23	Mo.	6 51	12 20 5	5 51	4 32	9 25	3 27	4 10	Rigel S. 7 8 P.M.
24	Tu.	6 49	12 19 57	5 52	5 12	10 11	4 17	4 58	*Shrove Tuesday.*
25	W.	6 47	12 19 49	5 53	5 48	10 57	5 5	5 42	*Ash Wednesday.*
26	Th.	6 46	12 19 39	5 54	6 15	11 42	5 52	6 25	☿ in♓. ♂♃☾.♃—4°41′
27	Fr.	6 45	12 19 29	5 55	Sets	12 27	6 37	7 4	☿ gr. Elong. E.
28	Sa.	6 43	12 19 19	5 56	7 10	1 13	7 20	7 43	♄ rises 5 7 A.M.

Highest Flood Tide February 11, P. M., 1.4 ft.

1753.—Thirty-two acres of land were added to the Town of Baltimore.

1772.—The first efforts were made this year to introduce the use of umbrellas in Baltimore.

1776—December 20.—The Continental Congress assembled in Baltimore, and on the 27th first invested Gen. Washington with dictatorial powers.

1781—September 9.—Count de Rochambeau, commander of the French troops in America, arrived in Baltimore on the way South.

1784—December 27.—The first Methodist Episcopal Church in the United States was organized in Baltimore, and here Rev. Thos. Asbury was made the first Bishop of the Church in America.

1790—August 15.—Rev. John Carroll, of Baltimore, who was appointed the first Vicar-General of the Catholic Church in America, 1786, was consecrated the first Catholic Bishop of the United States. In 1808 he was made the first Archbishop.

WEATHER FLAG SIGNALS.

No. 1, white flag, indicates clear or fair weather.

No. 2, blue flag, indicates rain or snow.

No. 3, a black triangular flag, always refers to temperature. When placed above the white or blue flags, it

indicates warmer weather, and when placed below them, it indicates colder weather.

Thus, flags displayed as shown on the margin would indicate "warmer, fair weather, followed by rain or snow," the triangular flag at the top meaning warmer; the white, fair; the blue, rain or snow. When the triangular flag is not shown, the indications are that the temperature will remain stationary, or that it will not vary 5 degrees from the temperature of the same hour of the preceding day.

No. 4, white flag, with black square in the centre, indicates the approach

of a sudden and decided fall in temperature. This signal is usually ordered at least twenty-four hours in advance of the cold wave. It is not displayed unless a temperature of 45 degrees or less is expected.

No. 5 indicates local rains. It consists of two horizontal parallel bars of white and blue, the white uppermost.

The storm signal is a red flag with a black square in the centre. When displayed it indicates that a storm of marked violence is expected. Pennants displayed with the storm signal indicate the direction of the wind: Red, easterly (from north-east to south); white, westerly (from south-west to north). The pennant above the flag indicates that the wind is expected to blow from the northerly quadrant; below, from the southerly quadrant.

HURRICANE SIGNAL.

The hurricane signal consists of two red flags with black centers, displayed one above the other. The flags are the same as those used for the distinctive storm signal, the pennants being omitted. The hurricane signal is used to announce the expected approach of tropical hurricanes, and also of severe and dangerous storms, which occasionally move across the lakes and the northern Atlantic coast.

Shipmasters are requested, whenever they see hurricane signals displayed at any of these points, to hoist their own flags, and they should as soon as possible thereafter seek information from the nearest Weather Bureau office as to the location and probable duration of the storm. This information will guide them as to the time their signals should remain displayed, otherwise the flags, as a rule, should be lowered within twenty-four hours from the time of hoisting.

COLD WAVE AND FROST.

The display of the cold wave flag (white flag with a black square in center) indicates that there will be a sudden and decided fall in temperature, amounting to 16 degrees or more, depending on the locality of the particular station.

The warnings are usually issued for a period of twenty-four hours in advance of the anticipated cold wave or frost.

THE ZODIAC.

The apparent path of the sun in the heavens is along an ecliptic, which is inclined 23° 27′ to the celestial equator. A belt 16° wide, 8° on each side of the ecliptic, within which are comprised the path of the moon and all of the planets know to the ancients, is known as the zodiac. This belt is divided into the twelve signs of the zodiac, each 30° in length. The first of these signs begins at the point when the sun's path crosses the equator (when moving north in the spring) and is known as the sign of Aries, and the point of crossing is known as the vernal or spring equinox. The point when the sun's path crosses the equator when returning south in the fall is known as the autumnal equinox, and is the beginning of the sign Libra.

The zodiacal signs and the times when the sun enters each are as follows:

♈	Aries, the Ram.	March 21, 2 P. M.
♉	Taurus, the Bull.	April 20, 2 P. M.
♊	Gemini, the Twins.	May 21, 2 P. M.
♋	Cancer, the Crab.	June 21, 10 P. M.
♌	Leo, the Lion,	July 23, 9 A. M.
♍	Virgo, the Virgin.	Aug. 23, 4 P. M.
♎	Libra, the Balance.	Sept. 23, 1 P. M.
♏	Scorpio, the Scorpion.	Oct. 23, 10 P. M.
♐	Sagittarius, the Archer.	November 22, 7 P. M.
♑	Capricornus, the Goat.	December 22, 7 A. M.
♒	Aquarius, the Water-Carrier.	January 20, 12 M.
♓	Pisces, the Fishes.	February 19 A. M.

3d Month.] MARCH, 1903. [31 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
☽ First Quarter.	6	2	14	P. M.	☾ Last Quarter..	20	9	7.8	P. M.
○ Full Moon...	13	7	13	A. M.	● New Moon....	28	8	26.1	P. M.
Perigee.....	10	7	54	A. M.	Apogee.....	22	3	36	A. M.

D of M	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets.	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	**Sun**	6 43	12 19 8	5 57	8 20	1 59	8 5	8 22	*1st Sunday in Lent.*
2	Mo.	6 41	12 18 57	5 58	9 22	2 47	8 49	9 2	♀ sets 7 36 P.M.
3	Tu.	6 39	12 18 45	5 59	10 22	3 37	9 35	9 44	Castor S. 8 55 P.M.
4	W.	6 38	12 18 32	6 0	11 26	4 29	10 25	10 30	Pollux S. 9 1 P.M.
5	Th.	6 36	12 18 19	6 1	.....	5 23	11 15	11 20	♂ rises 8 8 P.M.
6	Fr.	6 34	12 18 5	6 2	1 4	6 19	....	12 12	Procyon S. 8 48 P.M.
7	Sa.	6 33	12 17 51	6 3	2 4	7 17	13 17	1 10	☌☿☾. ☿+3°56′
8	**Sun**	6 31	12 17 37	6 5	3 0	8 16	1 20	2 11	*2d Sunday in Lent.*
9	Mo.	6 29	12 17 22	6 6	3 48	9 14	2 24	3 14	♃ rises 6 0 A.M.
10	Tu.	6 28	12 17 7	6 7	4 34	10 10	3 30	4 14	Sirius S. 7 40 P.M.
11	W.	6 27	12 16 52	6 8	5 16	11 5	4 31	5 10	Aldeb'n sets 12 21 A.M.
12	Th.	6 25	12 16 36	6 9	5 52	11 58	5 29	6 2	♆ stationary.
13	Fr.	6 24	12 16 19	6 10	Rises	.....	6 22	6 51	Arcturus rises 7 48 P.M.
14	Sa.	6 23	12 16 3	6 11	7 40	12 49	7 12	7 38	☌☌☾. ☌+3°49′
15	**Sun**	6 21	12 15 46	6 12	8 45	1 39	8 0	8 22	*3d Sunday in Lent.*
16	Mo.	6 19	12 15 29	6 13	9 46	2 29	8 47	9 6	Spica S. 1 55 A.M.
17	Tu.	6 17	12 15 12	6 14	10 45	3 18	9 34	9 50	□♁☉.
18	W.	6 15	12 14 55	6 15	11 42	4 7	10 21	10 35	☌☿♃. ☿—1°24′
19	Th.	6 14	12 14 37	6 16	.....	4 55	11 11	11 22	♄ rises 4 3 A.M.
20	Fr.	6 12	12 14 19	6 17	12 48	5 44	...	12 2	☌♁☾ ♁—5°3′
21	Sa.	6 11	12 14 1	6 18	1 44	6 31	12 13	12 55	☉ enters ♈, [Spg. com.
22	**Sun**	6 9	12 13 43	6 19	2 25	7 18	1 9	1 49	*4th Sunday in Lent.*
23	Mo.	6 7	12 13 25	6 20	3 6	8 4	2 5	2 44	Rigel sets 10 46 P.M.
24	Tu.	6 6	12 13 7	6 21	3 44	8 51	3 0	3 35	☌♄☾ ♄—5°26′
25	W.	6 5	12 12 49	6 22	4 15	9 36	3 53	4 23	♀ sets 8 34 P.M.
26	Th.	6 3	12 12 30	6 23	4 49	10 21	4 41	5 7	☌♃☾ ♃—4°19′
27	Fr.	6 1	12 12 12	6 24	5 18	11 7	5 28	5 48	☌☿☾ ☿—1°44′
28	Sa.	5 59	12 11 54	6 25	Sets	11 53	6 11	6 30	♀ in ♌
29	**Sun**	5 57	12 11 35	6 26	7 15	12 42	6 55	7 8	*5th Sunday in Lent.*
30	Mo.	5 56	12 11 17	6 27	8 16	1 32	7 38	7 49	♄ rises 3 48 A.M.
31	Tu.	5 55	12 10 59	6 28	9 20	2 24	8 21	8 31	☌♀☾ ♀+2°13′

Highest Flood Tide March 3, 4, 15, 16, 30, 31, A. M., 1.4 ft.

1792.—The Baltimore Water Company, the first of the kind in the United States, was formed.

1793—July 9.—Fifty-three vessels arrived in Baltimore with 1,000 white and 500 colored refugees from Hispaniola, now called St. Domingo and Hayti.

1808.—Major George Peter organized the first horse artillery at Fort McHenry, Baltimore.

1810.—Peregrine Williamson, of Baltimore, was granted a patent for metallic writing pens, the first of the kind manufactured in the United States.

1814.—The defeat of the British before Baltimore by its citizen soldiers was the first of a brilliant series of events in the war of 1812 that brought about peace.

LEGAL HOLIDAYS IN MARYLAND.

1. New Year's day, January 1.
2. Washington's birthday, Feb. 22.
3. Decoration day, May 30.
4. Independence day, July 4.
5. Christmas day, December 25.
6. Good Friday.
7. General election day.
8. Congressional election day.
9. All special days that may be appointed or recommended by the Governor of this State or the President of the United States as days of thanksgiving, fasting and prayer, or other religious observances, or for the general cessation of business.
10. Sundays.

LABOR'S HOLIDAY.

Labor's Holiday, first Monday in September.

By an act of the Congress of the United States, approved June 28, 1894, it was enacted that the first Monday of September in each year, being the day celebrated and known as Labor's Holiday, was made a legal public holiday, to all intents and purposes, in the same manner as Christmas, the First day of January, the Twenty-second day of February, the Thirtieth day of May and the Fourth day of July are by law public holidays.

The Governor of Maryland, by virtue of authority vested in him under Article 13, Section 9, of the Code, may declare and proclaim the first Monday in September a legal holiday, and recommend its observance by the general cessation of business.

DEFENDERS' DAY.

September 12, known as "Defenders' Day," is a municipal holiday in Baltimore City, in memory of the successful resistance of British invasion in 1814. Under Article 13, Section 9, of the Code, the Governor may declare September 12 a legal or bank holiday by proclamation, and recommend its observance as such throughout the State of Maryland.

SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAYS.

Saturday half-holiday laws are in force in the following places:

Annapolis, Act of 1894, Ch. 167.
Baltimore city, Act of 1898, Ch. 198.
Baltimore co., Act of 1898, Ch. 152.
Cecil co., Act of 1900, Ch. 87.
Harford co., Act of 1898, Ch. 154.
Montgomery co., Act of 1898, Ch. 366.
Westminster, Act of 1902, Ch. 443.
Ellicott city, Act of 1902, Ch. 151.

Bills, drafts, checks, notes, etc., maturing on any half-holiday Saturday, shall be payable on the succeeding secular or business day.

Days of grace were abolished in Maryland by Act of 1896, Ch. 106, except under stipulated agreement.

REPUDIATION DAY.

The General Assembly of 1894 made November 23 a bank half-holiday in Frederick county, under the title of "Repudiation Day," in commemoration of the repudiation of the stamp act in 1765.

ARBOR DAY.

By resolution of the General Assembly of 1894, the Governor of Maryland is authorized to designate by proclamation one day in April, every year, for tree planting, to be known as "Arbor Day."

MARYLAND STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

Officers Elected at Ocean City, Md., July 3, 1902.

President—Joseph Blair, Sparrow's Point.

First Vice-President—Dr. Thomas Fell, Annapolis.

Second Vice-President—Miss S. E. Richmond, Baltimore.

Recording Secretary—A. G. Harley, Rockville.

Corresponding Secretary—Miss Gertrude Johnson, Frostburg.

Treasurer—John E. McCahan, Baltimore.

Executive Committee—H. Crawford Bounds, Salisbury; J. M. Wickes, Baltimore; Prof. William McDaniel, Westminster; Dr. A. E. Sudler, Sudlersville; Miss Annie E. Johnson, Ellicott City.

4th Month.] APRIL, 1903. [30 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
☽ First Quarter.	4	8	51.4	P. M.	☾ Last Quarter.	19	4	30.2	P. M.
○ Full Moon....	11	7	18.4	P. M.	● New Moon...	27	8	31.4	A. M.
Perigee.....	5	1	48	P. M.	Apogee.....	18	11	48	P. M.

D of M.	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets.	Moon. South.	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	W.	5 54	12 10 41	6 29	10 25	3 19	9 7	9 16	♂ sets 5 50 A.M.
2	Th.	5 52	12 10 23	6 30	11 26	4 15	9 58	10 5	Regulus S. 9 32 P.M.
3	Fr.	5 50	12 10 5	6 31	...	5 12	10 49	11 0	☌ ☿ ☾. ☿ + 4°2′
4	Sa.	5 48	12 9 47	6 32	12 54	6 10	11 43	.....	Alphard S. 8 43 P.M.
5	**Sun**	5 47	12 9 29	6 33	1 35	7 7	12 0	12 42	*Palm Sunday.*
6	Mo.	5 46	12 9 11	6 33	2 30	8 2	1 5	1 45	♃ rises 4 25 A.M.
7	Tu.	5 44	12 8 54	6 34	3 10	8 56	2 12	2 49	♄ rises 2 50 A.M.
8	W.	5 42	12 8 37	6 35	3 48	9 48	3 19	3 49	♀ sets 9 0 P.M.
9	Th.	5 41	12 8 20	6 36	4 24	10 38	4 18	4 44	Aldeb'n sets 10 27 P.M.
10	Fr.	5 39	12 8 3	6 37	5 0	11 28	5 12	5 35	*Good Friday.*
11	Sa.	5 37	12 7 47	6 38	Rises	.....	6 2	6 24	Partial ecl. ☾. Vis. Balt.
12	**Sun**	5 36	12 7 30	6 39	7 35	12 18	6 50	7 10	*Easter Sunday.*
13	Mo.	5 34	12 7 14	6 40	8 35	1 7	7 35	7 53	Procyon S 6 17 P.M.
14	Tu.	5 33	12 6 59	6 41	9 35	1 58	8 20	8 36	♂ rises 4 35 P.M.
15	W.	5 32	12 6 43	6 42	10 25	2 46	9 6	9 20	Sirius S. 5 18 P.M.
16	Th.	5 30	12 6 28	6 43	11 15	3 35	9 52	10 5	☌ ♁ ☾. ♁ —5°4′
17	Fr.	5 29	12 6 14	6 44	.....	4 24	10 40	10 52	☿ in ♌.
18	Sa.	5 28	12 6 0	6 45	12 24	5 11	11 29	11 44	Arcturus S. 1 30 A.M.
19	**Sun**	5 26	12 5 46	6 46	1 4	5 58	.....	12 19	*Low Sunday.*
20	Mo.	5 25	12 5 32	6 47	1 43	6 44	12 40	1 11	☌ ♄ ☾. ♄ —5°26′
21	Tu.	5 23	12 5 19	6 48	2 15	7 29	1 36	2 4	☿ in Perihelion.
22	W.	5 22	12 5 7	6 49	2 50	8 14	2 31	2 54	Spica S. 11 29 P.M.
23	Th.	5 20	12 4 55	6 50	3 15	9 0	3 24	3 40	☌ ♃ ☾. ♃ —3°56′
24	Fr.	5 19	12 4 43	6 51	3 50	9 46	4 12	4 25	♀ sets 9 38 P.M.
25	Sa.	5 18	12 4 32	6 52	4 25	10 32	4 58	5 9	♃ rises 3 19 A.M.
26	**Sun**	5 16	12 4 21	6 53	5 0	11 22	5 44	5 50	*2d Sunday after Easter.*
27	Mo.	5 15	12 4 11	6 54	Sets	12 14	6 26	6 32	♄ rises 1 42 A.M.
28	Tu.	5 14	12 4 1	6 55	8 15	1 9	7 12	7 18	☌ ☿ ☾. ♀ + 5°11′
29	W.	5 12	12 3 52	6 56	9 18	2 7	7 58	8 4	☌ ♀ ☾. ♀ + 6°3′
30	Th.	5 11	12 3 43	6 57	10 18	3 6	8 45	8 53	♀ in Perihelion.

Highest Flood Tide April 28, 29, 30, A. M., 1.5 ft.

1815—July 4.—The corner-stone of the first monument erected to the memory of George Washington was laid in Baltimore.

1815—September 12. — The corner-stone was laid of the Baltimore Monument, to the memory of those who fell in defense of the city in the war of 1812-14 with Great Britain.

1816—June 17.—"The Gaslight Company of Baltimore" was the first company organized in the United States to manufacture gas for street and general use.

1819—April 26.—The first lodge of Odd-Fellows in the United States was formed in Baltimore by Thomas Wildey and several others.

1827—April 24.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company was the first railroad company organized in the United States.

EASTER DAY CHRONOLOGY.

The days of the month on which Easter Sunday will occur during the years of the current twentieth century are as follows:

Year.	Easter.	Year.	Easter.	Year.	Easter.	Year.	Easter.
1901	April 7	1926	April 4	1951	Mar. 25	*1976	April 18
1902	Mar. 30	1927	April 17	*1952	April 13	1977	April 10
1903	April 12	*1928	April 8	1953	April 5	1978	Mar. 26
*1904	April 3	1929	Mar. 31	1954	April 18	1979	April 15
1905	April 23	1930	April 20	1955	April 10	*1980	April 6
1906	April 15	1931	April 5	*1956	April 1	1981	April 19
1907	Mar. 31	*1932	Mar. 27	1957	April 21	1982	April 11
*1908	April 19	1933	April 16	1958	April 6	1983	April 3
1909	April 11	1934	April 1	1959	Mar. 29	*1984	April 22
1910	Mar. 27	1935	April 21	*1960	April 17	1985	April 7
1911	April 16	*1936	April 12	1961	April 2	1986	Mar. 30
*1912	April 7	1937	Mar. 28	1962	April 22	1987	April 19
1913	Mar. 23	1938	April 17	1963	April 14	*1988	April 3
1914	April 12	1939	April 9	*1964	Mar. 29	1989	Mar. 26
1915	April 4	*1940	Mar. 24	1965	April 18	1990	April 15
*1916	April 23	1941	April 13	1966	April 10	1991	Mar. 31
1917	April 8	1942	April 5	1967	Mar. 26	*1992	April 19
1918	Mar. 31	1943	April 25	*1968	April 14	1993	April 11
1919	April 20	*1944	April 9	1969	April 6	1994	April 3
*1920	April 4	1945	April 1	1970	Mar. 29	1995	April 16
1921	Mar. 27	1946	April 21	1971	April 11	*1996	April 7
1922	April 16	1947	April 6	*1972	April 2	1997	Mar. 3
1923	April 1	*1948	Mar. 28	1973	April 22	1999	April 4
*1924	April 20	1949	April 17	1974	April 14	*2000	April 23
1925	April 12	1950	April 9	1975	Mar. 30	1998	April 12

*Bisextile or Leap Year.

CENTER OF POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

The center of population of the United States, excluding Alaska and the recent accessions of territory on June 1, 1900, was in

Latitude .....39° 9′ 36″
Longitude .....85° 48′ 54″

moved westward 16′ 1″ 1′, or about 14 miles, and southward 2′ 20″ or about 2½ miles. It rests now in Southern Indiana, at a point about 6 miles southeast of Columbus, the county seat of Bartholomew County, Indiana. The closeness with which the center of population, through its rapid westward movement, has clung to the parellel of 39° of latitude is noteworthy. The following table shows the position of the center from 1790 to 1900, together with the number of miles of westward movement during each decade:

CENTER OF POPULATION, 1790 TO 1900.

Census Years.	North Lat.	West Long.	Approximate Location by Towns.	Miles Westward
1790....	39° 16.5′	76° 11.2′	23 miles east of Baltimore, Md....	..
1800....	39 16.1	76 56.5	18 miles west of Baltimore, Md....	41
1810....	39 11.5	77 37.2	40 miles northwest by west of Washington, D. C.....	36
1820....	39 5.7	78 33.0	16 miles north of Woodstock, Va...	50
1830....	38 57.9	79 16.9	19 miles west-southwest of Moorefield, in the present State of West Virginia.....	39
1840....	39 2.0	80 18.0	16 miles south of Clarksburg, in the present State of West Virginia.	55
1850....	38 59.0	81 19.0	23 miles southeast of Parkersburg, in the present State of West Virginia.....	55
1860....	39 0.4	82 48.8	20 miles south of Chillicothe, Ohio..	81
1870....	39 12.0	83 35.7	48 miles east by north of Cincinnati, Ohio.....	42
1880	39 4.1	84 39.7	8 miles west by south of Cincinnati, Ohio.....	58
1890....	39 11.9	85 32.9	20 miles east of Columbus, Ind...	48
1900....	39 9.5	85 48.9	6 miles southeast of Columbus, Ind.	14

5th Month.] MAY, 1903. [31 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
☽ First Quarter.	4	2	26	A. M.	☾ Last Quarter.	19	10	18.2	A. M.
○ Full Moon....	11	8.	18	A. M.	● New Moon..	26	5	30	P. M.
Perigee.... ..	1	12		A. M.	Perigee.....	28	4	24	P. M.
Apogee.....	16	5	54	P. M.					

D of M	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises.	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets	Moon. Sets	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	Fr.	5 10	12 3 35	6 58	11 15	4 15	9 34	9 46	☌☿☾. ☿+4°1′
2	Sa.	5 9	12 3 28	6 59	.... ..	5 2	10 25	10 45	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. N.
3	**Sun**	5 7	12 3 20	7 0	12 30	5 59	11 20	11 49	*3d Sunday after Easter.*
4	Mo.	5 6	12 3 13	7 1	1 12	6 52	....	12 19	♃ rises 2 44 A.M.
5	Tu.	5 5	12 3 9	7 2	2 0	7 44	12 55	1 21	♄ rises 1 0 A.M.
6	W.	5 4	12 3 3	7 3	2 25	8 34	2 0	2 21	♀ sets 10 2 P.M.
7	Th.	5 3	12 2 58	7 4	3 0	9 23	3 0	3 20	☌☌☾. ☌+3°22′
8	Fr.	5 2	12 2 53	7 5	3 33	10 11	3 57	4 15	Spica S. 10 25 P.M.
9	Sa.	5 1	12 2 48	7 6	4 6	11 0	4 50	5 7	Arcturus S. 11 13 P.M.
10	**Sun**	5 0	12 2 44	7 6	4 48	11 49	5 39	5 55	*4th Sunday after Easter*
11	Mo	4 59	12 2 41	7 7	Rises	...	6 25	6 40	Cor Caroli S. 9 45 P.M.
12	Tu.	4 58	12 2 39	7 8	8 15	12 38	7 10	7 24	Regulus S. 6 53 P.M.
13	W.	4 57	12 2 37	7 9	9 10	1 27	7 55	8 7	Antares S. 1 9 A.M.
14	Th.	4 56	12 2 36	7 10	9 58	2 17	8 40	8 50	☌☉☾. ☉—4°59′
15	Fr.	4 55	12 2 35	7 11	10 40	3 4	9 25	9 36	☌☿☿. ☿+3°10′
16	Sa.	4 54	12 2 35	7 12	11 22	3 52	10 10	10 25	Alphacca S. 12 4 A.M.
17	**Sun**	4 53	12 2 36	7 13	.....	4 38	10 55	11 17	*a* Herculis S. 1 40 A.M.
18	Mo.	4 52	12 2 39	7 14	12 12	5 24	11 43	...	☌♄☾. ♄—5°20′
19	Tu.	4 51	12 2 41	7 15	12 50	6 7	12 11	12 31	Betelgeuse sets 8 35 P.M.
20	W	4 50	12 2 44	7 16	1 15	6 52	1 6	1 20	♄ stationary.
21	Th.	4 50	12 2 46	7 16	1 48	7 36	2 0	2 8	*Ascension Day.*
22	Fr.	4 49	12 2 50	7 17	2 30	8 22	2 53	2 55	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. N.
23	Sa.	4 48	12 2 54	7 18	3 0	9 10	3 41	3 42	♄ rises 12 13 A.M.
24	**Sun**	4 48	12 2 59	7 20	3 28	10 1	4 30	4 29	*6th Sunday after Easter*
25	Mo.	4 47	12 3 4	7 20	4 12	10 55	5 18	5 15	☿ in ♉.
26	Tu.	4 46	12 3 9	7 21	Sets	11 52	6 5	6 3	Rigel sets 6 37 P.M.
27	W.	4 46	12 3 15	7 22	8 8	12 51	6 51	6 51	☌☿☾. ☿+3°58′
28	Th.	4 45	12 3 22	7 22	9 8	1 53	7 38	7 41	☌☿☾. ☿+3°56′
29	Fr.	4 45	12 3 29	7 23	10 4	2 54	8 27	8 35	☌♀☾. ♀+7°30′
30	Sa.	4 44	12 3 37	7 24	10 52	3 52	9 16	9 32	Vega S. 2 9 A.M.
31	**Sun**	4 44	12 3 45	7 24	11 36	4 48	10 7	10 32	*Whit Sunday.*

Highest Flood Tide May 28, 29, 30, A. M., 1.5 ft.

1828.—The Methodist Protestant denomination was founded in Baltimore.

1828.—Ross Winans first invented "the outside bearing" to railroad carriages which is now the only bearing used throughout the world.

1828—December 10.—The first American patent for a locomotive was taken out by Wm. Howard, of Baltimore

1829.—The first silk ribbons made from American silk were made in Baltimore.

BATTLE OF CAULK'S FIELD, KENT COUNTY.

The Caulk's Field engagement in Kent county, during the war of 1812-14, is a memorable event in Maryland history, for it was in this affair that Sir Peter, Parker, baronet, of the British flying squadron, was killed, and his marines and seamen were forced to retire discomfited to their boats by Maryland militiamen, who remained in possession of the field. Both shores of the Chesapeake had been ravaged by the invaders, who were on their way to attack Baltimore, where they failed also, and where, at North Point, General Ross, the commander of the land forces, lost his life.

The Caulk's Field engagement was fought by moonlight, after midnight, on August 31, 1814. Col. Philip Reed, a veteran of the Revolutionary War, commanded the American forces. He was a brave and capable officer, a seasoned soldier, and the most distinguished citizen of Kent county. He entered the Continental Army as a youth of 17 years of age, and rose by merit to the rank of captain. He was 23 years old when peace was declared; he was 46, when, in 1805, he was elected to the United States Senate, and in his fifty-third year when, in 1813, he was commissioned by his State as a lieutenant-colonel for the second war for independence, as the war of 1812-14 is not inaptly styled, for it took two wars to enable the "mother country" to realize that the American colonies, and the States into which they had erected themselves, meant to become a separate people in all respects.

Sir Peter Parker's attack at Caulk's Field, after the burning of Georgetown, in Kent county, by the British forces, was a night raid. The enemy's barges made for the shore at Waltham's farm. The force numbered 140 men. They marched inland five miles, until they came up with the American position. The advance of the enemy was carefully reconnoitered by Colonel Reed in person, and when he ascertained that they were moving on his camp he changed the locality, and, ordering his troops to countermarch and post themselves to the right, toward Caulk's house, and to the left of the road. Captain Wickes and a part of his rifle company covered the road by which the enemy marched. Colonel Reed was with this detachment. The British column received the fire of the advanced riflemen at a distance of 70 paces from them. The main body was strongly posted by Maj. Wicks and Captain Chambers, and after the first brush the riflemen and Colonel Reed took position with them. The enemy tried twice to break this formation, but was baffled both times. The British soon ceased firing, and it was then ascertained that the cartridges of the Americans were nearly expended. Each man had carried into action 20 rounds. The artillery had exhausted their shot. Colonel Reed shifted his position to where a part of the line had been fortified close to the main line of battle. There the few remaining cartridges were distributed among those who were expected to resist another attack.

The artillery and such of the infantry as were without ammunition were sent back to Fairlee. At that time the Americans shifted their position the British retired and the battle was over, the Kent men remaining in possession of the field.

The claim is made for Henry Urie that he killed Sir Peter Parker. He is said to have pointed out an officer wearing white pantaloons and saying, "I am going to shoot him." According to the report of Colonel Reed, the British left one midshipman and eight men dead on the field and nine men wounded, six of whom died in a few hours. The British official report gives a list of 14 killed, 28 wounded. Sir Peter Parker was killed by a buckshot. The American force engaged was 174. They were the companies of Captains Ezekiel F. Chambers, Hand Wicks, Griffith and Page. The artillery was served by 21 men under Captain Usilton. Not a single person was killed on the American side; only three men were wounded. Colonel Reed served with distinction in the House of Representatives, and died November 2, 1829, aged 69 years. He is buried in Christ Churchyard, in I. U. Parish, Kent county. The stone which marks his grave is inscribed as follows:

"Gen. Philip Reed, a soldier of the Revolution and of the War of 1812, Hero of Caulk's Field, United States Senator and member of the House of Representatives. Born 1760, died 1829."

A solid granite marker placed on Caulk's Field bears the following inscription:

The British, Commanded by
SIR PETER PARKER, Baronet,
and the Americans, Commanded by
COL. PHILIP REED,
Met in Engagement on This Field
AUGUST 31ST, 1814.
The British were Defeated
and
Sir Peter Parker Killed.
Erected A. D. 1902,
BY MARYLANDERS,
To Commemorate the Patriotism
And Fortitude
Of the Victor and Vanquished.

6th Month.] JUNE, 1903. [30 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
☽ First Quarter	2	8	24.3	A.M.	☾ Last Quarter.	18	1	44	A.M.
○ Full Moon...	9	10	8	P.M.	● New Moon...	25	1	10.9	A.M.
Apogee.....	13	8	12	A.M.	Perigee.....	25	9	36	P.M.

D of M	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises.	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets.	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	Mo.	4 43	12 3 53	7 25	.....	5 41	11 0	11 35	♃ rises 1 6 A.M.
2	Tu.	4 43	12 4 2	7 26	12 25	6 32	11 58	.....	♂ sets 1 20 A.M.
3	W.	4 42	12 4 11	7 26	1 4	7 22	12 38	12 55	☌ ☿ ☉ Inferior.
4	Th.	4 42	12 4 21	7 27	1 35	8 9	1 40	1 52	☿ in Aphelion.
5	Fr.	4 42	12 4 31	7 28	2 10	8 57	2 39	2 49	♀ sets 10 53 P.M.
6	Sa.	4 42	12 4 41	7 28	2 55	9 45	3 34	3 44	Alphacca S. 10 40 P.M.
7	Sun	4 41	12 4 52	7 29	3 25	10 34	4 25	4 30	*Trinity Sunday.*
8	Mo.	4 41	12 5 2	7 29	4 5	11 22	5 14	5 23	*a* Librae S. 9 50 P.M.
9	Tu.	4 41	12 5 14	7 30	Rises	.....	6 1	6 11	Antares S. 11 23 P.M.
10	W.	4 41	12 5 25	7 31	7 5	12 11	6 46	6 56	☌ ♁ ☾. ♁ —4°53′
11	Th.	4 41	12 5 37	7 31	8 30	12 59	7 30	7 40	*Corpus Christi.*
12	Fr.	4 40	12 5 48	7 32	9 18	1 47	8 14	8 23	♃ rises 12 24 A.M.
13	Sa.	4 40	12 6 1	7 32	10 0	2 34	8 57	9 10	□ ♃ ☉.
14	Sun	4 40	12 6 13	7 32	10 28	3 19	9 39	9 58	*1st Sun. after Trinity.*
15	Mo.	4 40	12 6 25	7 33	11 6	4 4	10 21	10 48	☿ stationary ☍ ♁ ☉.
16	Tu.	4 40	12 6 38	7 33	11 40	4 57	11 6	11 40	♄ rises 10 13 P.M.
17	W.	4 41	12 6 51	7 34	.....	5 33	11 52	.. .	☌ ♃ ☾. ♃ —3°7′
18	Th.	4 41	12 7 2	7 34	12 20	6 15	12 32	12 37	Regulus S. 4 28 P.M.
19	Fr.	4 41	12 7 16	7 34	12 52	7 1	1 25	1 24	Cor Caroli S. 6 10 P.M.
20	Sa.	4 41	12 7 29	7 34	1 25	7 49	2 18	2 11	Spica S. 7 36 P.M.
21	Sun	4 41	12 7 43	7 35	2 6	8 40	3 10	3 2	*2d Sun. after Trinity.*
22	Mo.	4 41	12 7 56	7 35	2 49	9 35	4 2	3 54	☉ ent'rs ♋, Sum'er com
23	Tu.	4 42	12 8 9	7 35	3 38	10 34	4 52	4 45	☌ ☿ ☾. ☿ +0°21′
24	W.	4 42	12 8 22	7 35	4 36	11 34	5 42	5 40	☌ in ♍.
25	Th.	4 42	12 8 35	7 35	Sets.	12 36	6 32	6 33	☌ ♆ ☾. ♆ +3°55′
26	Fr.	4 42	12 8 48	7 35	8 45	1 38	7 20	7 27	♀ sets 10 11 P.M.
27	Sa.	4 43	12 9 0	7 35	9 28	2 37	8 10	8 22	☿ gr. Elong. W. 22°5′
28	Sun	4 43	12 9 13	7 35	10 12	3 34	9 0	9 20	*3d Sun. after Trinity.*
29	Mo.	4 43	12 9 25	7 35	10 48	4 27	9 50	10 18	Deneb S. 2 19 A.M.
30	Tu.	4 44	12 9 37	7 35	11 24	5 18	10 42	11 17	Fomalhaut S. 4 30 A.M.

Highest Flood Tide June 24, 25, 26, A. M., 1.5 ft.

1830—January.—The first car ever propelled by a sail was run on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

1830—August 28.—Peter Cooper made the first journey in America by steam car from Baltimore City to Ellicott's Mills and return. This distance—13 miles—was made in 57 minutes.

1831—December 12.—The first national Republican or Whig convention assembled in Baltimore, and nominated Henry Clay for President and John Sergeant for Vice-President.

1832—May 21.—The first Democratic national convention was held in Baltimore, and nominated General Jackson for re-election as President. Martin Van Buren was nominated for Vice-President.

1833.—The Improved Order of Red Men was first founded in Baltimore.

EMILE ZOLA'S DEATH.

Emile Zola, the famous French novelist and champion of Captain Dreyfus, was found dead in his home in Paris on the morning of September 29, 1902. He was asphyxiated by the fumes from a stove which burned badly in his bedroom, and his wife, who was beside him, nearly lost her life, but was resuscitated.

Zola was found lying with his head and shoulders on the floor and his legs on the bed. He had been awakened, apparently, by the effects of the gas; was seized with vomiting, fainted and fell to the floor, where the carbonic gas, which lay mainly below the level of the high bed, was thick and caused suffocation. This would account for Mme. Zola's escape. She remained on the bed, and, though overcome by the gas, was affected to a less degree than her husband.

Emile Zola was born in Paris April 2, 1840. His father was an Italian civil engineer and his mother a French woman. His father died when Emile was six years of age, leaving nothing for the support of the child and his mother. His youth and his early manhood were passed in extreme poverty. He managed to complete his education at the Lycee St. Louis, and in his nineteenth year presented himself for examination for admission to the university, but failed disastrously. In his early struggles he often suffered from hunger, and it is said even snared sparrows on his window sill for food. He secured a place as clerk to a publisher, and between 1862 and 1864 wrote his first book, a volume of fanciful stories, which had no success. His next 12 years were years of difficulty and debt. In 1865 he wrote a series of ungracious criticisms in a Lyons paper, and in the same year published "La Confession de Claude." This book was so scientific, experimental and naturalistic that the police took cognizance of the writer. Then he wrote other scandals, which proved profitable and brought him notoriety. As a free lance he wrote other books, by which time he was fairly embarked on a literary career, but the period of absolute suffering and want was not ended until he began, in 1869, the publication of the famous "Les Rougon-Macquart" series in Le Siecle.

Of Zola's novels the most famous are "Nana," "La Curée," "Le Ventre de Paris," "L'Assommoir," "La Terre," "La Débacle," "Lourdes" and "Fécondité." He was an indefatigable worker, writing with method and exactness, creating a new sensation with every new book he issued. As the most extreme type of the so-called realist, the controversy over methods of fiction-writing waged around him year after year, but he was unperturbed and persistent through it all.

In 1898, after Capt. Alfred Dreyfus was three years in Devil's Island prison, on the coast of Cayenne, Zola was prosecuted for saying that Esterhazy had been "acquitted by order." The evidence was strongly in favor of M. Zola's contentions, that Dreyfus had been condemned illegally, that the facts against him had been without significance, and that the "bordereau," or incriminating note, was written not by Dreyfus, but by Esterhazy. But General de Boisdeffre, the chief of the general staff, came forward and threatened the jury with the resignation of the whole staff if Zola were acquitted, and in the end he was condemned to the maximum penalty, in spite of the heroic efforts of his counsel, Maitre Laborl. He appealed against this decision, and the trial was quashed on an informality; again the military authorities decided to prosecute him, and he was again condemned, this time by default. He left the country and went to England, where he lived in retirement in a village near Birmingham until the Court of Cassation gave its judgment on the whole question of revision, and the cloud was lifted. Zola's technical offense was defamation of a tribunal, that is, saying Esterhazy had been acquitted by order, but his real offense was making himself the mouthpiece of a portion of the French public.

BALTIMORE BOARD OF TRADE.

Officers Elected October 6, 1902.

President—Blanchard Randall. Vice-Presidents—William H. Perot, John E. Hurst, Thornton Rollins and Joseph R. Foard.
Treasurer—William B. Willson.
Secretary—Col. William H. Love.

DIRECTORS.

Samuel Eccles, Jr.,	R. Brent Keyser,	John S. Gibbs,
E. L. Bartlett,	J. B. Ramsay,	Frederick W. Wood,
Walter B. Brooks,	E. B. Hunting,	Henry B. Gilpin,
William Cunningham,	John M. Nelson,	Edwin Warfield,
Charles A. Martin,	Francis E. Waters,	Wesley M. Oler,
David Hutzler,	Robert Ramsay,	Franklin P. Cator,
E. Stanley Gary,	Charles C. Macgill,	Eugene Levering, Jr.,
C. Morton Stewart,	Charles K. Lord,	Daniel C. Ammidon.

COURT OF ARBITRATION.

Judge—Arthur George Brown. Clerk—Col. William H. Love.

7th Month.] JULY, 1903. [31 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
☽ First Quarter.	1	4	2	P.M.	☾ Last Quarter..	17	2	24.2	P.M.
○ Full Moon....	9	12	43.2	P.M.	● New Moon...	24	7	46.1	A.M.
Apogee.....	10	3	30	P.M.	☽ First Quarter.	31	2	14.7	A.M.
					Perigee.....	24	6	42	A.M.

D of M	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises.	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets.	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	W.	4 44	12 9 50	7 35	11 58	6 7	11 35	.....	☌☌☾. ♂—0°9′
2	Th.	4 45	12 10 2	7 35	.....	6 55	12 16	12 28	⊕ in Aphelion.
3	Fr.	4 45	12 10 14	7 35	12 48	7 43	1 14	1 21	♃ rises 11 6 P.M.
4	Sa.	4 46	12 10 25	7 35	1 25	8 31	2 10	2 17	Alphacca S 8 51 P.M.
5	**Sun**	4 46	12 10 35	7 35	2 5	9 19	3 6	3 10	*4th Sun. after Trinity.*
6	Mo.	4 47	12 10 40	7 35	2 50	10 7	3 59	4 5	□☍☉.
7	Tu.	4 48	12 10 56	7 34	3 34	10 56	4 49	4 56	☌♁☾. ♁—4°53′
8	W.	4 48	12 11 6	7 34	4 20	11 44	5 37	5 45	Arcturus sets 2 25 A.M.,
9	Th.	4 49	12 11 16	7 34	Rises.	.....	6 23	6 30	♀ gr. Elong. E. 45°30′
10	Fr.	4 49	12 11 25	7 33	8 0	12 31	7 5	7 14	♀ sets 9 48 P.M.
11	Sa.	4 50	12 11 34	7 33	8 36	1 17	7 48	7 56	☌♄☾. ♄—5°11′
12	**Sun**	4 51	12 11 42	7 32	9 10	2 1	8 30	8 42	*5th Sun. after Trinity.*
13	Mo.	4 51	12 11 49	7 32	9 39	2 45	9 10	9 30	♄ rises 8 23 P.M.
14	Tu.	4 52	12 11 56	7 32	10 8	3 30	9 50	10 17	☿ in ♌. ♃ station'y.
15	W.	4 53	12 12 2	7 31	10 40	4 12	10 34	11 6	☌♃☾. ♃—♐°05′
16	Th.	4 54	12 12 9	7 30	11 22	4 57	11 14	11 57	Antares S. 8 57 P.M.
17	Fr.	4 54	12 12 15	7 30	11 45	5 42	11 58	....	♀ in ♍.
18	Sa.	4 55	12 12 21	7 29	.....	6 31	12 50	12 44	☿ in Perihelion.
19	**Sun**	4 56	12 12 26	7 29	12 41	7 22	1 45	1 35	*6th Sun. after Trinity.*
20	Mo.	4 57	12 12 31	7 28	1 25	8 17	2 40	2 30	♀ sets 9 27 P.M.
21	Tu.	4 57	12 12 35	7 27	2 18	9 15	3 34	3 28	Spica sets 10 56 P.M.
22	W.	4 58	12 12 38	7 27	3 25	10 17	4 29	4 27	☌ΨΨ☾. Ψ+3°09′
23	Th.	4 59	12 12 41	7 26	4 26	11 18	5 21	5 24	Vega sets 10 39 P.M.
24	Fr.	5 0	12 12 43	7 25	Sets.	12 19	6 12	6 20	☌☿☾. ☿+6°21′
25	Sa.	5 1	12 12 45	7 24	8 4	1 19	7 3	7 15	Altair S. 11 44 P.M.
26	**Sun**	5 2	12 12 46	7 23	8 42	2 16	7 53	8 10	*7th Sun. after Trinity*
27	Mo.	5 2	12 12 47	7 22	9 23	3 9	8 42	9 5	☌♀☾. ♀+0°43′
28	Tu.	5 3	12 12 47	7 22	9 58	4 1	9 31	10 0	♃ rises 9 57 P.M.
29	W.	5 4	12 12 45	7 21	10 52	5 51	10 20	10 54	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. N.
30	Th.	5 5	12 12 44	7 20	11 18	5 40	11 9	11 48	☌☌☾. ♂—2°15′
31	Fr.	5 6	12 12 41	7 19	11 50	6 28	11 59	.....	♄ S. 12 0 A.M.

Highest Flood Tide July 9, 22, 23, 24, 26, A. M., 1.4 ft.

1838—May 20.—The first regular steam vessel that crossed the Atlantic from the United States direct was the steam packet "City of Kingston," Capt. Crame, which steamed from Baltimore. In 1837 and 1838 Baltimore was the first to build two wholly iron steamboats, the "Mary Summers" and "De Rosset," at the works of Watchman & Bratt, south side of the basin, for river navigation in Georgia and South Carolina. (See Baltimore SUN Supplement, November 3, 1884.)

1839.—The Baltimore College of Dental Surgery was incorporated being the oldest in the world.

GEN. WADE HAMPTON.

General Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, died April 11, 1902, in Columbia, S. C., aged 84 years. He was a lieutenant general in the Confederate Army. He was the third of his name. He was born in the Rhett House, Charleston, S. C., March 28, 1818. He was graduated with honor at South Carolina College in 1837, and then studied law, but took up the pursuit of a planter. On the outbreak of the Civil War, in 1861, he organized the Hampton Legion, made up of cavalry, infantry and artillery, and bore part of the expense of equipping the force. With this fine organization he took part in the first battle of Manassas, July 21, 1861, where he formed the right of Stonewall Jackson's brigade. In this battle he had a horse killed under him and was severely wounded in the head. He took part in the Peninsular campaign. He was assigned to a brigade in Gen. J. E. B. Stuart's cavalry division, serving in Northern Virginia and Maryland. He commanded the rear guard of the Confederate Army in the evacuation of Frederick, Md., September 12, 1862. In the battle of Antietam, September 16-17, he commanded the right of Stuart's cavalry division, showing conspicuous valor. He took part in the battle of Chancellorsville, May 1-5, 1863. At Gettysburg he was three times wounded, and out of twenty-three field officers of his brigade twenty-one were either killed or wounded. For his conduct at Gettysburg he was promoted major-general and commanded the first of three divisions in Stuart's cavalry corps.

Upon the death of Gen. J. E. B. Stuart he was made chief of the cavalry branch of the Army of Northern Virginia, and subsequently was commissioned lieutenant-general. He successfully opposed Gen. P. H. Sheridan at Trevillian Station, June 12-13, as he did at White House, June 21, and at Samaria Church during the succeeding days. In September of that year he struck the rear of the Federal army at City Point, bringing away 400 prisoners and 2,486 beeves.

General Hampton fought Gen. J. W Wilson at Sappony Church, broke his main line of battle and pursued him to Ream's Station, where he was intercepted by the Confederate forces and routed. In a period of 23 days Hampton marched 400 miles and fought six days and one entire night, capturing 2,000 prisoners, besides guns, small arms, wagons and materials of war. He defeated the purpose of two formidable and well-conceived expeditions of the Federal Army. In this exploit he lost 719 in killed, wounded and missing.

In January, 1865, he was ordered to South Carolina, where he reported to General Beauregard. He fought General Kilpatrick, who commanded the cavalry of Sherman's army in the march from Savannah to Washington, and had his last engagement at Bentonville, near Raleigh, N. C., March 19, 1865, after the evacuation of that city by the Confederates.

In 1876, after a memorable campaign, he was elected Governor of South Carolina, and in the year following the State passed from the chaotic misrule of ten years to a condition of law and order. November 7, 1878, while hunting, he was thrown from his horse, breaking one of his legs in two places, so that amputation was necessary, and for a time his life was in danger. He recovered, to be elected to the United States Senate as the colleague of Gen. M. C. Butler, and he resigned the Governorship to take his seat in the Senate, April 16, 1879. He was re-elected for a second term, in 1884, but was defeated in the election of 1890, when the Tillmanites got control of the State. He was appointed United States Commissioner of Railroads by President Cleveland in 1893, and was retained in office by President McKinley until the fall of 1897.

MARYLAND STATE FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

Officers Elected at Lonaconing, Md., June 13, 1902.

President—John H. Cunningham, Westminster.
Senior Vice-President—John Stuckert, Baltimore.
Secretary—Wm. M. Crimmins, Frederick.
Treasurer—H. R. Heck, Frederick.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Dr. Lloyd T. MacGill, Jr., Frederick.
A. R. Lohner, Salisbury.
Charles J. Herpich, Cumberland.
C. M. Jones, Annapolis.
C. J. Hennick, Baltimore.

CHAIRMAN COMMITTEES.

Legislative — Dr. Edward Nelson, Frederick.
Auditing—Frank Spates, Frostburg.
Exhibit—Wm. C. Feehly, Elkton.
Transportation—T. A. Smith, Lonaconing.
Topic and Statistic—W. Mace Reid, Cambridge.

The next convention of the Association will be held in Frederick City June 10-12, inclusive, 1903.

8th Month.] AUGUST, 1903. [31 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
○ Full Moon..	8	3	54.2	A.M.	● New Moon...	22	2	51	P.M.
☾ Last Quarter.	16	12	22.4	A.M.	☽ First Quarter.	29	3	34.4	P.M.
Apogee	6	5	48	P. M.	Perigee.....	21	3	54	P.M.

D of M	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets.	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	*h. m. s*	*h.m.*	*h. m.*	*h. m.*	*h. m.*	*h. m.*	
1	Sa.	5 7	12 12 38	7 18	.....	7 17	12 43	12 51	♂ sets 10 25 P.M.
2	**Sun**	5 8	12 12 34	7 17	12 45	8 5	1 39	1 45	*8th Sun. after Trinity.*
3	Mo	5 9	12 12 30	7 16	1 30	8 53	2 35	2 41	☌♁☾. ♁—5°1′
4	Tu.	5 10	12 12 26	7 15	2 15	9 41	3 30	3 38	♀ sets 8 45 P.M.
5	W.	5 11	12 12 21	7 13	3 8	10 28	4 21	4 30	Vega S 9 39 P.M.
6	Th.	5 11	12 12 16	7 12	3 58	11 14	5 10	5 19	♄ sets 4 4 A M.
7	Fr.	5 12	12 12 10	7 11	4 55	.....	5 56	6 5	☌♄☾. ♄—5°16′
8	Sa.	5 13	12 12 3	7 10	Rises.	12 0	6 40	6 49	Altair S. 10 50 P.M.
9	**Sun**	5 14	12 11 54	7 9	7 42	12 46	7 20	7 32	*9th Sun. after Trinity.*
10	Mo.	5 15	12 11 46	7 8	8 10	1 28	8 0	8 15	Shower of the Perseids
11	Tu.	5 16	12 11 37	7 6	8 44	2 12	8 38	9 0	☌♃☾. ♃—2°59′
12	W.	5 17	12 11 28	7 5	9 14	2 55	9 18	9 46	♀ greatest brilliancy.
13	Th.	5 18	12 11 18	7 4	9 47	3 40	9 56	10 32	♃ rises 8 22 P.M.
14	Fr.	5 19	12 11 8	7 3	10 21	4 27	10 37	11 23	Arcturus S. 4 50 P.M.
15	Sa.	5 20	12 10 57	7 2	11 0	5 17	11 22	.....	Fomalhaut S. 1 28 A.M.
16	**Sun**	5 21	12 10 46	7 0	11 48	6 7	12 16	12 12	*10th Sun. after Trinity.*
17	Mo	5 21	12 10 34	6 59	.....	7 2	1 11	1 8	Arcturus sets 11 35 P.M.
18	Tu.	5 22	12 10 21	6 57	1 8	8 0	2 10	2 9	♀ sets 7 56 P.M.
19	W.	5 23	12 10 8	6 56	2 8	9 0	3 8	3 10	☌♆☾. ♆+4°7′
20	Th.	5 24	12 9 55	6 55	3 16	10 0	4 5	4 14	α Delphini S. 2 51 A.M.
21	Fr.	5 25	12 9 41	6 53	4 26	11 0	5 1	5 14	♀ in Aphel'n. ☿ in ♌.
22	Sa.	5 26	12 9 27	6 52	Sets.	11 58	5 55	6 10	Spica sets 8 43 P.M.
23	**Sun**	5 27	12 9 12	6 50	7 14	12 54	6 47	7 3	*11th Sun. after Trinity.*
24	Mo.	5 28	12 8 57	6 49	7 50	1 48	7 35	7 55	☌♀☾. ♀—5°42′
25	Tu.	5 29	12 8 41	6 47	8 30	2 40	8 21	8 45	♀ stationary.
26	W.	5 30	12 8 25	6 46	9 10	3 31	9 8	9 37	♃ ris s 7 18 P.M.
27	Th.	5 31	12 8 9	6 45	9 45	4 21	9 54	10 26	☌♂☾. ♂—4°12′
28	Fr.	5 32	12 7 52	6 43	10 24	5 11	10 42	11 18	☌☿♀. ☿+6°10′
29	Sa.	5 32	12 7 35	6 42	11 7	6 0	11 31	....	Denebola sets 8 16 P.M.
30	**Sun**	5 33	12 7 17	6 40	11 52	6 50	12 11	12 23	*12th Sun. after Trinity.*
31	Mo.	5 34	12 6 59	6 39	....	7 37	1 7	1 19	☿ in Aph'ln. ♁ statn'y

Highest Flood Tide August 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, A. M. 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, P. M., 1.4 ft.

1844.—The first electro-magnetic recording telegraph line in the United States was established by Professor Morse between Washington and Baltimore. The first experiment was made April 9, and the line completed May 24.

1844.—THE SUN was the first newspaper in the world to make use of the electric telegraph.

1846—May 11.—The first Presidential message ever transmitted by telegraph was exclusively sent to THE SUN.

1848—November.—George B. Simpson exhibited in Baltimore the first successful submarine telegraph, the one now in practical use by all telegraph companies.

ELLEN M. STONE IN CAPTIVITY.

Miss Ellen M. Stone, an American missionary, who, with Madam Katarina Stephanova Tsilka, wife of an Albanian preacher, was abducted September 3, 1901, by Macedonian revolutionists in the District of Salonica, Eastern Turkey, and held for ransom; was released by her captors February 23, 1902, on payment of $72,000. This amount was chiefly raised in the United States by the missionary society which sent Miss Stone abroad. The first impression was that Miss Stone and her companion had been captured by brigands, but it was afterwards demonstrated that the kidnapping was not the work of brigands at all; it was done at the instigation of the Macedonian Revolutionary Committee with the double purpose of involving Turkey with the United States, and providing the revolutionary movement with funds. The captors at first demanded $110,000 ransom for Miss Stone. This sum could not be raised, and a compromise was effected by negotiation. The captives were well treated until Turkish and Bulgarian troops began to hunt the outlaw band and force them to move from one hiding place in the mountains to another. During this wandering life Madam Tsilka, on January 4, 1902, gave birth to a female child, which she named Elena G. Tsilka. The mother experienced nothing but kind treatment from the rude men about her, who seemed to think that the baby would bring them good luck. The child's advent was hailed with rejoicings, and the mother, as occasion required, was conveyed in a horse litter from place to place to escape the hot pursuit of Turkish troops.

The incidents of the capture were dramatic. Miss Stone had closed her summer school in Macedonia, near the Bulgarian border, and was traveling with others toward Djumia, several hours distant. With her were an Albanian preacher named Tsilka and his wife, a Bulgarian teacher, who graduated from the Presbyterian Hospital, of New York; a Bible woman, three muleteers and six students who were returning with Miss Stone to the mission schools at Samakov, in Bulgaria. The party were riding in Indian file along a stream that flows through a deep gorge, near what the Bulgarians call the Supported Rock, because it is proped up like a shelf against the declivity. Suddenly from behind the rock appeared a score of men, who halted them with carbines. The party was surrounded. Swarthy men dressed like Turks pulled the women from their horses and drove their prisoners across the stream, which was knee-deep. They clubbed and stabbed a Turk to death in sight of the prisoners, who were all finally permitted to go, except Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka. Evidently Madame Tsilka was chosen to be a companion of the prize the kidnappers seemed to think they had secured in the person of Miss Stone.

Mr. Spencer Eddy, first secretary of the United States Legation at Constantinople, and Mr. Charles M. Dickinson, the United States consul general, had charge of the negotiations for release. Numerous letters were conveyed through secret agencies of the kidnappers to the friends of Miss Stone until she was finally set free on payment of $72,000.

Miss Ellen Stone was born in Roxbury, Mass., July 24, 1846. After graduating from the public schools of Chelsea, Mass., she became a schoolteacher. She left New York in October, 1878, to ally herself with the Turkish missions, going to Samovar. She visited this country in 1898, and was afterwards stationed at Salonica, in Eastern Turkey. She had under her charge 35 Bible women scattered over a wide expanse of wild territory and great interest was taken in her liberation.

MARYLAND STATE BAR ASSOCIATION.

President—Benj. A. Richmond, Cumberland.
Secretary—Conway W. Sams, Baltimore.
Treasurer—Frank G. Turner, Baltimore.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Joseph C. France, Baltimore.
John S. Wirt, Elkton.
Peter G. Campbell, Baltimore.
William H. Harlan, Belair.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

H. Fillmore Lankford, Princess Anne.
Levin F. Wickes, Chestertown.
J. Elmer Cooke, Towson.
W. C. Devecmon, Cumberland.
George Stewart Brown, Baltimore.
James Revell, Annapolis.
W. Viers Bouic, Rockville.
Frederick Sasscer, Upper Marlboro.
George R. Gaither, Baltimore.

The association appointed as delegates to the National Bar Association Judge Samuel D. Schmucker, Ferdinand Williams and Harrison W. Vickers. Officers elected at Ocean City, Md., July 2, 1902.

9th Month.] SEPTEMBER, 1903. [30 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
○ Full Moon....	6	7	20	P.M.	● New Moon...	20	11	30.8	P.M.
☾ Last Quarter..	14	8	13.16	A.M.	☽ First Quarter.	28	8	8.5	A.M.
Apogee.....	2	4	18	P.M.	Perigee	18	9	18	P.M.
Apogee.....	30	5	30	P.M.					

D of M	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises.	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	h. m. s.	h. m	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	Tu.	5 35	12 6 40	6 37	12 55	8 24	2 2	2 16	♃ S. 12 44 A.M.
2	W.	5 36	12 6 22	6 36	1 44	9 11	3 0	3 14	♂ sets 9 13 P.M.
3	Th.	5 37	12 6 3	6 34	2 48	9 57	3 52	4 5	☌ ♄ ☾. ♄—5°26′
4	Fr.	5 38	12 5 44	6 32	3 42	10 42	4 43	4 55	♀ sets 6 36 P.M.
5	Sa.	5 39	12 5 24	6 31	4 37	11 26	5 27	5 40	♄ sets 2 17 A.M.
6	Sun	5 40	12 5 4	6 30	Rises.	.....	6 8	6 24	*13th Sun. after Trinity.*
7	Mo.	5 41	12 4 44	6 29	6 47	12 10	6 48	7 6	☌ ♃ ☾. ♃—3°17′
8	Tu.	5 42	12 4 24	6 27	7 18	12 56	7 25	7 48	Deneb S. 9 35 P.M.
9	W.	5 43	12 4 3	6 25	7 46	1 39	8 3	8 30	α Delphini S. 9 32 P.M.
10	Th.	5 43	12 3 43	6 23	8 20	2 26	8 41	9 15	α Capricorni S. 9 5 P.M.
11	Fr.	5 44	12 3 22	6 21	9 0	3 13	9 21	10 2	Altair S. 8 35 P.M.
12	Sa.	5 45	12 3 1	6 20	9 44	4 4	10 5	10 52	☍ ♃ ☉. ♀ gr. Hel. Lat. S.
13	Sun	5 46	12 2 40	6 18	10 32	4 56	10 54	11 45	*14th Sun. after Trinity.*
14	Mo.	5 47	12 2 19	6 16	11 28	5 52	11 48	....	♂ sets 8 47 P.M.
15	Tu.	5 48	12 1 58	6 15	.....	6 50	12 41	12 50	☌ Ψ ☾. Ψ+4°13′
16	W.	5 49	12 1 37	6 13	1 0	7 47	1 40	1 54	Vega S. 7 2 P.M.
17	Th.	5 50	12 1 15	6 12	2 5	8 45	2 42	3 0	☌ ♀ ☉ Inferior.
18	Fr.	5 51	12 0 54	6 10	3 15	9 42	3 44	4 3	Alphacca sets 11 32 P.M.
19	Sa.	5 52	12 0 33	6 8	4 27	10 37	4 40	5 1	♄ S. 8 31 P.M.
20	Sun	5 53	12 0 12	6 7	Sets.	11 32	5 34	5 55	*15th Sun. after Trinity.*
21	Mo.	5 54	11 59 51	6 5	6 25	12 27	6 24	6 46	☿ gr. Hel. Lat. S.
22	Tu.	5 55	11 59 30	6 3	7 0	1 18	7 12	7 35	☌ ☿ ☾. ☿—5°8′
23	W.	5 55	11 59 9	6 2	7 38	2 10	7 58	8 22	Antares sets 8 49 P.M.
24	Th.	5 56	11 58 48	6 0	8 17	3 1	8 42	9 10	☉ enters ♎. Aut. com.
25	Fr.	5 57	11 58 28	5 59	9 0	3 51	9 29	9 58	☌ ♂ ☾. ♂—5°41′
26	Sa.	5 58	11 58 7	5 57	9 45	4 41	10 15	10 48	Alcyone (Plei) rises 8 8.
27	Sun	5 59	11 57 47	5 55	10 34	5 31	11 5	11 40	*16th Sun. after Trinity.*
28	Mo.	6 0	11 57 26	5 54	11 25	6 19	11 58	.....	Alpheratz S. 11 45 P.M.
29	Tu.	6 1	11 57 6	5 52	.....	7 6	12 33	12 54	♃ sets 4 17 A.M.
30	W.	6 2	11 56 46	5 50	12 40	7 52	1 29	1 51	☌ ♄ ☾. ♄—5°32′

Highest Flood Tide September 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, P. M., 1.4 ft.

1850—May.—The Independent Order of Red Men of the United States was first organized in Baltimore.

1851.—THE SUN Iron Building was the first cast-iron building in Maryland, and the first iron newspaper building in the world.

1853.—The first Hoe type-revolving cylinder presses successfully used in the United States were introduced in THE SUN building.

1859—April 16.—The corner-stone of the Peabody Institute was laid in Baltimore.
July 12, October 27.—The first passenger street cars were run in Baltimore.

1860—May 8.—The first national constitutional Union party convention was held in Baltimore, and nominated John Bell, of Tennessee, for President, and Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, for Vice-President.

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

Venus will be evening star until September 16, then morning star during the remainder of the year.

Mars will be evening star throughout the whole year.

Jupiter will be evening star until February 19, then morning star until September 12, then evening star again for the remainder of the year.

Saturn will be evening star until January 21, then morning star until July 30, then morning star for the remainder of the year.

Planets Brightest in 1903.

Mercury—April 12, July 26 and November 21.
Venus—August 12 and October 24.
Mars—March 28.
Jupiter—September 11.
Saturn—July 30.

THE POSITION OF VENUS AND MERCURY WHEN BRIGHTEST.

The planet Venus, when at superior conjunction, presents her full phase, but being then most distant from the earth, the diameter of her disk is more than six times as small as when nearest to the earth; that is, at her inferior conjunction. She, therefore, will not be brightest at these points of her orbit, nor at her greatest eastern or western elongations. Since the brightness of a planet varies directly as the area of its phase, and inversely as the square of the distance of the planet from the earth, the neat mathematical problem presents itself in what intermediate position in her orbit Venus will exhibit her maximum brilliance. This maximum brightness is attained 36 days before and after inferior conjunction, at a distance of about 39° from the sun, her sphere then being like that of the moon about five days old. At her greatest elongation from the sun she reaches a distance of 47°. In the case of Mercury, the spherical distance from the sun of the point where he can be seen at his maximum brightness is nearly 21°, whilst his maximum elongation is 23°. Both Venus and Mercury are interesting subjects of observation.

MARYLAND BANKERS' ASSOCIATION.

Officers Elected at the Blue Mountain House, Md., September 19, 1902.

PRESIDENT.

Charles T. Crane, President Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank, Balto.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Wesley M. Oler, President Citizens' National Bank, Baltimore.
Wm. H. Conkling, President Savings Bank of Baltimore.
Michael Jenkins, President Safe Deposit and Trust Co., Baltimore.
John M. Nelson, of Hambleton & Co., Bankers, Baltimore.
Edwin Warfield, President Fidelity and Deposit Company, Baltimore.
S. T. Jones, Cashier Garrett County Bank, Oakland.
Charles H. Stainey, President Citizens' National Bank, Laurel.
James P. Townsend, Cashier First National Bank, Snow Hill.
J. Alfred Pearce, President Second National Bank, Chestertown.
Joshua T. Cockey, President First National Bank of Cockeysville.

SECRETARY.

Lawrence B. Kemp, President Commercial and Farmers' National Bank, Balto.

TREASURER.

William Marriott, Cashier Western National Bank, Baltimore.

COMMITTEE OF ADMINISTRATION.

Charles C. Homer, President Second National Bank, Baltimore.
Robert Shriver, President First National Bank, Cumberland.
J. Wirt Randall, President Farmers' National Bank, Annapolis.
Dr. Joshua W. Hering, Cashier Union National Bank, Westminster.
William T. Dixon, President National Exchange Bank, Baltimore.

PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION OF MARYLAND.

Officers Elected at the Blue Mountain House, Md., June 26, 1902.

President—J. Webb Foster, Baltimore.
Treasurer—H. R. Rudy, Hagerstown.
Secretary—Owen C. Smith, Baltimore.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

M. A. Toulson, Chestertown.
W. R. Jester, Jesterville.
W. J. Elderdice, Cumberland.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

H. Lionel Meredith, Hagerstown.
E. T. Hall, Princess Anne.
Augustus Schraeder, Baltimore.

Next Annual Meeting, Ocean City, Md., July 21, 1903.

10th Month.] OCTOBER, 1903. [31 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
○ Full Moon....	6	10	23.6	A.M.	● New Moon...	20	10	30.3	A.M.
☾ Last Quarter.	13	2	56.4	P.M.	☽ First Quarter.	28	3	32.5	A.M.
Perigee.....	16	10	42	A.M.	Apogee.....	28	12	54	P.M.

D of M	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises.	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets.	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	Th.	6 3	11 56 27	5 49	1 35	8 37	2 26	2 47	Altair S. 7 16 P.M.
2	Fr.	6 4	11 56 7	5 47	2 30	9 22	3 18	3 40	♃ sets 4 4 A.M.
3	Sa.	6 5	11 55 48	5 46	3 26	10 6	4 5	4 27	☌ ☿ ☉ Inferior.
4	**Sun**	6 6	11 55 29	5 44	4 24	10 50	4 50	5 12	*17th Sun. after Trinity.*
5	Mo.	6 7	11 55 11	5 43	5 20	11 36	5 30	5 55	♀ rises 4 6 A.M.
6	Tu.	6 8	11 54 53	5 41	Rises.	....	6 10	6 38	Part'l eclip.☾; inv.Bal.
7	W.	6 9	11 54 35	5 39	6 25	12 22	6 48	7 20	♂ sets 8 10 P.M.
8	Th.	6 10	11 54 18	5 38	7 2	1 10	7 27	8 2	♄ stationary.
9	Fr.	6 11	11 54 1	5 36	7 45	2 0	8 9	8 48	♆ stationary.
10	Sa.	6 12	11 53 44	5 35	8 20	2 53	8 52	9 35	☿ in ♌.
11	**Sun**	6 13	11 53 28	5 33	9 21	3 48	9 40	10 25	*18th Sun. after Trinity.*
12	Mo.	6 14	11 53 13	5 32	10 25	4 45	10 33	11 17	☌ ♆☾. ♆+4°13′
13	Tu.	6 15	11 52 58	5 30	11 30	5 41	11 32	.....	♄ sets 11 45 P.M.
14	W.	6 16	11 52 43	5 29	.....	6 37	12 12	12 35	☿ in Perihelion.
15	Th.	6 17	11 52 29	5 27	12 58	7 34	1 14	1 42	Markab S. 9 35 P.M.
16	Fr.	6 18	11 52 16	5 26	2 8	8 26	2 16	2 47	Fomalhaut S. 9 23 P.M.
17	Sa.	6 19	11 52 3	5 24	3 15	9 21	3 16	3 48	☌ ☿☾. ☿—1°54′
18	**Sun**	6 20	11 51 51	5 23	4 25	10 13	4 13	4 44	*19th Sun. after Trinity.*
19	Mo.	6 21	11 51 39	5 22	5 35	11 5	5 7	5 35	☌ ☿☾. ☿+1°57′
20	Tu.	6 22	11 51 28	5 20	Sets.	11 57	5 57	6 25	♀ rises 3 11 A.M.
21	W.	6 23	11 51 16	5 19	6 10	12 48	6 45	7 12	Deneb S. 6 49 P.M.
22	Th.	6 24	11 51 6	5 17	6 50	1 40	7 31	7 59	Vega S. 4 40 P.M.
23	Fr.	6 25	11 50 57	5 16	7 36	2 31	8 15	8 45	Altair sets 12 20 A.M.
24	Sa.	6 26	11 50 51	5 15	8 25	3 22	9 1	9 32	♀ greatest brilliance.
25	**Sun**	6 27	11 50 43	5 13	9 12	4 11	9 50	10 20	*20th Sun. after Trinity.*
26	Mo.	6 28	11 50 36	5 12	10 4	4 59	10 40	11 10	Algol S. 12 53 A.M.
27	Tu.	6 29	11 50 30	5 11	10 59	5 46	11 31	....	□ ♄ ☉.
28	W.	6 30	11 50 24	5 10	11 54	6 31	12 0	12 27	☌ ♄☾. ♄—5°28′
29	Th.	6 32	11 50 19	5 8	.....	7 15	12 54	1 24	Alcyone (Plei.) S 12.22.
30	Fr.	6 33	11 50 15	5 7	1 18	7 59	1 44	2 18	Sirius rises 11 8 P.M.
31	Sa.	6 34	11 50 11	5 6	2 12	8 44	2 34	3 10	☌ ♃☾. ♃—3°39′

Highest Flood Tide October 21, 22, P. M., 1.5.

1860—June 18.—The first split in a national Democratic convention took place in Baltimore on the 22d of June, and on the following day the seceders nominated John C. Breckenridge their candidate for President, and Joseph Lane for Vice-President. The regular convention nominated Stephen A. Douglass for President.

1861—April 19.—The first blood shed in the late Civil War took place in the attack on the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment by the citizens of Baltimore, when four soldiers and twelve citizens were killed.

1862.—Horace Abbott, at the Canton Iron Works, rolled the iron armor plates for the first "monitor" built in the United States.

MIDSHIPMEN OF THE NAVY.

By Act of Congress, approved July 1, 1902, the students at the U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., are styled midshipmen, instead of naval cadets. The same act provided that until 1914 U. S. Senators may appoint midshipmen.

The appointment of one midshipman is allowed each Member or Delegate of the House of Representatives, one by the President for the District of Columbia, and ten by him at large.

Members and Delegates in Congress having the appointment of a midshipman to make are authorized to nominate one principal and five alternates. The alternates are to be numbered from one to five and appointment made in the same order, *i. e.*, if the principal passes, he is to be appointed; but if the principal should fail and the first alternate qualify, the first alternate is to be appointed. In case the principal and the first alternate should fail, and the second alternate qualify, the second alternate is to be appointed, and so on down the list, in regular numerical order, until the fifth alternate is reached and included.

All mental examinations of candidates for admission into the Naval Academy will be held at various points throughout the United States, under the supervision of the United States Civil Service Commission. No more examinations for the admission of candidates will be held at the Naval Academy, except the physical examinations.

The first examination will be held on the third Tuesday in April, the second examination on August 11 of each year at points designated by the Commission, nearest the homes of the candidates.

A third examination will be held at Washington, D. C., only, on September 15 in each year, for the accommodation of all candidates who have, for any reasons, been unable to report for either of the other two examinations.

Should August 11 or September 15 fall on Sunday, the examinations will be held the following Monday.

The Civil Service Commission only conducts the examination of candidates whose names have been furnished by the Navy Department. It is requested that all correspondence relative to the nomination and examination of candidates be addressed to the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department.

Candidates are examined mentally only by the Civil Service Commission. All those qualifying mentally, and entitled to appointment, will be notified by the Superintendent of the Naval Academy to report at the Academy for physical examination, and, if physically qualified, will be appointed.

The mental examinations include reading, writing, spelling, grammar, geography, history (general and of the United States), arithmetic, algebra and geometry.

All candidates must, at the time of their examination for admission, be between the ages of 15 and 20 years, physically sound, well formed, and of robust constitution.

The course of midshipmen is six years, four at the Naval Academy and two at sea.

Those having the appointment will be notified by the Secretary of the Navy whenever vacancies may occur.

The pay of a midshipman is $500 a year, commencing from the date of admission. The expense attending equipment at entrance are $225.96. A preliminary deposit of $20 is required on entering the Academy.

REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE.

Cadets in the Revenue Cutter Service of the United States are appointed after examination under Civil Service rules at such times as may be announced by the Civil Service Commission. The last examination was held in August, 1902, from which eight or ten appointments were made. Applicants were required to be not less than 18 years of age nor more than 25 years old. They were examined in spelling, general geography, (*a*) general history, and (*b*) Constitution of the United States; grammar, composition and rhetoric; mathematics (arithmetic, complete; algebra, complete; geometry, plane and solid; trigonometry, plane and spherical); physics, English literature, one modern language (French, German or Spanish); general information. The general qualifications are similar to those for midshipmen in the Naval Academy.

The salary of a revenue cadet is $500 a year and one ration a day. Captains in the Revenue Cutter service rank with majors in the Army; first lieutenants with captains; second lieutenants with first lieutenants; third lieutenants with second lieutenants. They receive the same pay and allowances as Army officers, except forage, and including longevity pay Provision is made for retirement at the age of 64 years, with 75 per cent. of the pay and allowances of the rank held at the time of retiring

There are in the Revenue Cutter Service commissioned officers, as follows: Captains, about 36, at a salary of $2,500 per annum; first lieutenants, about 36, at a salary of $1,800 per annum; second lieutenants, about 36, at a salary of $1,500 per annum; third lieutenants, about 12, at a salary of $1,400 per annum.

11th Month.] NOVEMBER, 1903. [30 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.	
○ Full Moon	5	12	27.5	A.M.	● New Moon	19	12	10	A.M.
☾ Last Quarter	11	9	45.8	P.M.	☽ First Quarter	27	12	36.6	A.M.
Perigee	10	8	48	A.M.	Apogee	25	10		A.M.

D of M	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises.	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets.	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	**Sun**	6 35	11 50 9	5 5	3 12	9 28	3 21	3 58	*21st Sun. after Trinity.*
2	Mo.	6 36	11 50 7	5 4	4 9	10 14	4 6	4 42	♀ rises 2 55 A.M.
3	Tu.	6 37	11 50 8	5 2	5 10	11 2	4 48	5 27	♂ sets 7 44 P.M.
4	W.	6 38	11 50 5	5 1	6 12	11 52	5 29	6 10	♃ sets 1 42 A.M.
5	Th.	6 39	11 50 5	5 0	Rises.	....	6 10	6 54	♄ sets 10 7 P.M.
6	Fr.	6 41	11 50 7	4 59	6 25	12 45	6 53	7 38	Algenib S. 9 16 P.M.
7	Sa.	6 42	11 50 10	4 58	7 15	1 41	7 40	8 24	♀ in ♌.
8	**Sun**	6 43	11 50 13	4 57	8 15	2 38	8 28	9 12	*22d Sun. after Trinity.*
9	Mo.	6 44	11 50 17	4 56	9 16	3 36	9 20	10 1	♃ stationary.
10	Tu.	6 45	11 50 21	4 55	10 20	4 39	10 17	10 53	Markab S. 7 52 P.M.
11	W.	6 46	11 50 27	4 54	11 25	5 29	11 20	11 50	Alpheratz S. 8 52 P.M.
12	Th.	6 47	11 50 34	4 53	.....	6 24	.....	12 24	Algol S. 11 46 P.M.
13	Fr.	6 49	11 50 41	4 53	1 10	7 16	12 50	1 27	*a* Persei S 12 A.M.
14	Sa.	6 50	11 50 49	4 52	2 14	8 7	1 49	2 30	Aldebaran S. 1 6 A.M.
15	**Sun**	6 51	11 50 58	4 51	3 18	8 58	2 47	3 28	*23d Sun. after Trinity.*
16	Mo.	6 52	11 51 8	4 50	4 27	9 48	3 45	4 22	Capella S. 1 37 A.M.
17	Tu.	6 53	11 51 19	4 49	5 30	10 38	4 38	5 14	☿ in ♍.
18	W.	6 54	11 51 31	4 49	6 30	11 29	5 30	6 1	☌ ☿ ☾. ☿—4°1′
19	Th.	6 55	11 51 43	4 48	Sets.	12 20	6 18	6 50	Betelgeuse S. 2 7 A.M.
20	Fr.	6 56	11 51 58	4 47	6 12	1 12	7 5	7 35	Rigel S. 1 20 A.M.
21	Sa.	6 57	11 52 10	4 46	7 12	2 1	7 50	8 21	☌ ☿ ☉ Superior.
22	**Sun**	6 59	11 52 25	4 46	8 0	2 51	8 36	9 18	*24th Sun. after Trinity.*
23	Mo.	7 0	11 52 40	4 46	8 47	3 39	9 24	9 52	♀ rises 2 58 A.M.
24	Tu.	7 1	11 52 56	4 45	9 42	4 27	10 11	10 39	☌ ♄ ☾. ♄—5°14′
25	W.	7 2	11 53 15	4 45	10 36	5 10	11 4	11 25	Fomalhaut S. 6 43 P.M.
26	Th.	7 3	11 53 33	4 44	11 30	5 54	11 58	....	♃ sets 12 19 A.M.
27	Fr.	7 4	11 53 52	4 44	.....	6 37	12 15	12 51	☿ in Aphelion.
28	Sa.	7 5	11 54 11	4 44	12 48	7 21	1 0	1 44	♀ gr. elong. W.
29	**Sun**	7 6	11 54 31	4 43	1 54	8 5	1 48	2 35	*1st Sunday in Advent.*
30	Mo.	7 7	11 54 52	4 43	2 47	8 51	2 33	3 24	Sirius S. 2 15 A.M.

Highest Flood Tide November 5, 6, 19, 20, P. M., 1.5 ft.

1862-3.—Numerous prominent citizens of Baltimore were arrested and several newspapers were suppressed by military authorities in possession of Baltimore.

1866.—A great Southern Relief Fair was held at the Maryland Institute, Baltimore, and $164,569.97 was raised.

1866—October 25.—The Peabody Institute was dedicated in Baltimore.

1867—November 27.—The Order of the Knights of Pythias was instituted in Baltimore.

1872—August 17.—The Third National Bank of Baltimore was robbed of money and securities amounting to $220,000.

1873—July 25.—Destructive Clay st. fire in Baltimore.

UNITED STATES NAVAL APPRENTICES.

Boys between the ages of 15 and 17 years may with the consent of their parents or guardians, be enlisted to serve in the Navy until they shall arrive at the age of 21 years.

Very desirable boys who are over the age of 17 and not yet 18, or well-developed boys in good physical condition who have not quite reached the age of 15, may be enlisted after authority is received from the Navy Department.

Once enlisted they must fulfill their terms of apprenticeship and cannot be discharged except for physical disability, for inaptitude or for misconduct.

Parents are advised not to enlist boys having hereditary physical defects or chronic complaints; their discharge for physical disability is sure to follow.

Parents and guardians are warned that the Navy is not a reform institution. Boys whose conduct is unsatisfactory will be promptly discharged from the naval service as undesirable, and their parents will be required to pay their expenses home.

No enlistment will be canceled after the applicant has been accepted and has signed the shipping articles and taken the oath of allegiance. If he fail to report after ten days he will be declared a deserter.

When received on board ship, apprentices will be furnished, free of cost, with an outfit of clothing to the value of $45.

Boys will be enlisted as apprentices, third class, and receive $9 per month.

Apprentices, third class, who are qualified, after completing their tour of service in a cruislug training ship, will be advanced to apprentices, second class, at $15 per month.

Apprentices, second class, who are qualified, will be advanced to apprentices, first class, at $21 per month, after they shall have served one year in cruising ships of war.

Rations and medical attendance are furnished free, in addition to pay. By rations is meant a daily allowance of substantial food, amply sufficient for the consumption of any one man.

Boys enlisted to serve until 21 years of age will not be permitted to allot any part of their pay to parents or guardians until they shall have been transferred to general cruising ships.

Apprentices will be transferred to fill vacancies in seagoing vessels as they become proficient and their services are required.

Apprentices who are enlisted in the East will be given a course of training at Coasters Harbor Island, near Newport, R. I., and those enlisted on the Pacific Coast at United States Naval Training Station, San Francisco, Cal., before being sent to sea.

Apprentices, first class, may be given acting appointments as petty officers, third class, and, if they serve satisfactorily the probationary period under the United States Navy Regulations, they shall be recommended for a permanent appointment previous to discharge.

An apprentice with permanent appointment as petty officer, third class, will receive if he enlists within the next four months of the date of his discharge, four months' pay of his rating, $120, and begin his new enlistment with the pay of $31.36.

Ex-apprentices have the privilege of retirement when they reach the age of 50 years on three-quarters' pay.

Apprentices are under the immediate supervision of the Bureau of Navigation. Information regarding enlistments will be furnished by that Bureau or by the commanding officers of the following-named receiving ships and recruiting stations, at which enlistments are made: U. S. training ship "Constellation," Newport, R. I.; U. S. receiving ship "Columbia," Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.; U. S. receiving ship "Wabash," Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.; U. S. receiving ship "Minneapolis," Navy Yard, League Island, Philadelphia; U. S. training ship "Pensacola," Naval Training Station, San Francisco, Cal.; U. S. receiving ship "Independence," Navy Yard, Mare Island, Cal.; U. S. receiving ship "Nipsic," Bremerton, Wash.; Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.; Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.; at the naval recruiting stations, room 1421 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.; 1319 Market street, Philadelphia, Pa.; 87 South street, New York City; 22 Hanover street, Boston, Mass.; Prudential Building, Buffalo, N. Y.; Navy Yard, Pensacola, Fla.

The boys having undergone a short probationary period of instruction, they are transferred to a higher class, where the real instruction in seamanship, gunnery and physical development begins. After six months of this kind of work a boy is properly seasoned and prepared to go to sea. Instruction in reading, writing and arithmetic, history and geography are compulsory.

Liberty to visit the adjacent cities is granted apprentices while at training stations, if good conduct warrant the privilege. After having been at the station for a period of six months, if conduct and class standing warrant, a boy may, upon the request of his parents or guardian, go home on seven days' leave, time going to and from not to be counted.

While on training cruises in foreign ports daily liberty is given the apprentices in good standing. A reasonable amount of spending money is issued each boy at each port.

12th Month.] DECEMBER, 1903. [31 Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
○ Full Moon ...	4	1	12.7	P.M.	● New Moon...	18	4	26	P.M.
☾ Last Quarter.	11	5	53	A.M.	☽ First Quarter.	26	9	22.5	P.M.
Perigee	7	3	54	A.M.	Apogee	23	5	18	A.M.

D of M.	Day of Wk.	Sun. Rises.	Sun. South.	Sun. Sets.	Moon. Sets.	Moon. South	High Tide A.M.	High Tide P.M.	Phenomena, etc.
		h. m.	h. m. s.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	
1	Tu.	7 8	11 55 14	4 43	3 58	9 40	3 20	4 10	♀ rises 3 8 A.M.
2	W.	7 9	11 55 36	4 42	5 0	10 32	4 5	4 58	Algol S. 10 15 P.M.
3	Th.	7 10	11 56 0	4 42	6 8	11 27	4 50	5 45	24 sets 11 54 P.M.
4	Fr.	7 11	11 56 22	4 42	Rises	....	5 37	6 30	Alcyone (Plei) S. 11 0.
5	Sa.	7 12	11 56 46	4 42	6 3	12 20	6 25	7 17	α Persei S. 10 30 P.M.
6	Sun	7 13	11 57 11	4 42	7 6	1 25	7 16	8 5	*2d Sunday in Advent.*
7	Mo.	7 14	11 57 36	4 42	8 9	2 25	8 9	8 52	□24⊙.
8	Tu.	7 15	11 58 2	4 42	9 20	3 24	9 5	9 41	♂ ☿ ♁. ☿—1°48′
9	W.	7 16	11 58 28	4 42	10 28	4 19	10 3	10 33	Aldebaran S 11 30 P.M.
10	Th.	7 16	11 58 54	4 42	11 36	5 16	11 5	11 28	♂ sets 7 39 P.M.
11	Fr.	7 17	11 59 22	4 42	.....	6 5	.....	12 6	♀ in Perihelion.
12	Sa.	7 18	11 59 50	4 42	1 15	6 55	12 24	1 8	Rigel S. 11 57 P.M.
13	Sun	7 19	12 0 18	4 42	2 17	7 45	1 20	2 7	*3d Sunday in Advent.*
14	Mo.	7 20	12 0 46	4 43	3 20	8 34	2 16	3 4	♂ ♀ ☾. ♀—0°5′
15	Tu.	7 20	12 1 15	4 43	4 22	9 24	3 14	3 59	Castor S 2 2 A.M.
16	W.	7 21	12 1 43	4 43	5 22	10 13	4 9	4 50	♄ sets 7 52 P.M.
17	Th.	7 22	12 2 12	4 43	6 19	11 4	5 1	5 40	Pollux S. 2 4 A.M.
18	Fr.	7 22	12 2 42	4 44	Sets.	11 54	5 52	6 27	☿ greatest Hel. Lat S.
19	Sa.	7 23	12 3 12	4 44	5 56	12 44	6 40	7 14	Procyon S. 1 50 A.M.
20	Sun	7 23	12 3 42	4 45	6 38	1 32	7 27	7 58	*4th Sunday in Advent.*
21	Mo.	7 24	12 4 11	4 45	7 30	2 19	8 10	8 42	Sirius S 12 48 A.M.
22	Tu.	7 25	12 4 41	4 46	8 27	3 5	8 58	9 25	♂ ♄ ☾ (wint'r) ♄—4°55′
23	W.	7 25	12 5 11	4 46	9 20	3 49	9 45	10 8	Algenib S 6 6 P.M.
24	Th.	7 25	12 5 41	4 47	10 17	4 32	10 35	10 51	Fomalhaut sets 8 50 PM.
25	Fr.	7 26	12 6 11	4 47	11 12	5 15	11 24	11 34	*Christmas Day.*
26	Sa.	7 26	12 6 41	4 48	.....	5 58	.....	12 15	Markab sets 11 35 P.M.
27	Sun	7 27	12 7 10	4 49	12 40	6 42	12 17	1 6	*Sunday after Christmas.*
28	Mo.	7 27	12 7 41	4 49	1 38	7 29	1 1	1 58	24 sets 10 31 P.M.
29	Tu.	7 27	12 8 10	4 50	2 42	8 18	1 48	2 49	♂ sets 7 35 P.M.
30	W.	7 27	12 8 39	4 51	3 42	9 10	2 36	3 40	Regulus rises 8 47 P.M.
31	Th.	7 28	12 9 9	4 51	4 48	10 6	3 27	4 30	♀ rises 3 55 A.M.

Highest Flood Tide December 3, 4, 5, 6, P. M., 1 5 ft.

1873—December 24.—Johns Hopkins, founder of the Johns Hopkins University, died in Baltimore.

1875—October 25.—The City Hall of Baltimore, was dedicated.

1882.—Enoch Pratt gave $1,000,000 to establish a Free Public Library in Baltimore.

1886—June 7.—Archbishop James Gibbons, of Baltimore, was made a Cardinal.

1893.—This year was marked by the extension of rapid transit to all the street railway lines of Baltimore.

DOMESTIC POSTAL RATES.

Classes.	Postage.	Weight.
I. Letters and sealed packages,	2 cents each ounce or fraction.	No limit.
Postal cards,	1 cent.	
II. Newspapers and periodical publications that have been entered as 2d-class matter, when mailed by persons other than the publishers.	1 cent each 4 ounces or fraction.	No limit.
III. Circulars, Books, and matter wholly in print, engravings, lithographs, photographs, blank checks, deeds, insurance policies, etc., proof with manuscript accompanying same, and other matter not in nature of personal correspondence, visiting cards, business cards, etc.	1 cent each 2 ounces or fraction.	4 lbs.
IV. Merchandise and matter not included in any of above classes.	1 cent each ounce or fraction.	4 lbs.

REGULATIONS.

Class 1. Includes letters, postal cards, sealed packages, all matter wholly or partly in writing, whether manuscript or produced by typewriter or copying press, books with written entries, manuscript for publication not accompanied by proof sheets, and all personal correspondence, whether in writing or in print. No writing or printing is allowed on the address side of postal cards except the address.

Class 2. Nearly every newspaper and magazine published in the United States belongs to the second class, and foreign publications which, if issued here, would be admitted to that class, may be mailed at the rate given above. Second-class matter must be so enveloped that it can be readily examined without destroying the wrappers. When mailed by publishers or news agents, the rate is 1 cent for each pound or fraction thereof.

Class 3. Single books may be sent at the third-class rate, even though they may exceed the 4-pound limit of weight.

The sender may write or print on a label, tag, envelope or wrapper of third-class matter, his own name, occupation and residence or business address, preceded by the word "from."

Class 4. There are specific regulations for packing merchandise and samples of goods sent as fourth-class matter. Proprietary articles, such as powders, pills, fancy soaps, may be sent in original packages, sealed. Seeds and other articles requiring to be specially protected may be put in sealed envelopes if the envelopes are transparent enough to permit the nature of the contents to be ascertained. Admissible liquids, oils, pastes, salves, ointments, fresh fruits and vegetables liable to decomposition, etc., may be sent under specified regulations.

PROHIBITED MATTER.

The following articles are unmailable under any circumstances: Liquids, ardent, vinous, spirituous or malt, or those liable to explosion or spontaneous combustion; inflammable oils, poisons, explosives; animals, alive or dead (stuffed natural specimens excepted); explosive or poisonous powders, matches, insects (except queen bees and their attendant bees and dried insects when safely secured), substances exhaling an offensive odor; all articles not properly packed which are liable to destroy, deface or damage other mail matter, or to harm the person of anyone in the postal service; obscene and indecent books, prints, writings or papers; all letters upon the envelopes of which, or postal cards upon which, indecent, scurrilous or defamatory delineations or language are written or printed; all matter concerning lotteries, so-called gift concerts, or other similar enterprises offering prizes, or concerning schemes devised or intended to defraud the public, or for the purpose of obtaining money under false pretenses.

PARCELS POST.

Unsealed packages of mailable merchandise may be sent by parcels post to Jamaica, Barbadoes, the Bahamas, Bolivia, British Honduras, Mexico, Chili, Germany, Leeward Islands, Republic of Colombia, Salvador, Costa Rica, Danish West Indies, British Guiana, Newfoundland, Trinidad, Windward Islands, the Republic of Honduras, Nicaragua, Venezuela and New Zealand at postage rate of 12 cents per pound or fraction thereof. Limit of weight, 11 pounds. Packages must be mailed between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M., and a customs declaration signed by senders at the postoffice. The exceptions are Bolivia and Chili, to which countries the rates are 20 cents per pound.

Registered Matter.—The rate on registered packages and letters is 8 cents, in addition to regular postage.

Postage to Canada and Mexico, same rates and conditions of prepayment as for domestic matter.

FOREIGN POSTAGE RATES.

To all countries in the world, except Canada and Mexico, to which countries domestic rates are applicable, and the postal agency at Shanghai, China, which has special and liberal rates, the rate is 5 cents per half ounce or fraction thereof for first-class matter; 1 cent for 2 ounces or fraction thereof on newspapers, periodicals, circulars and other printed matter; on merchandise samples, 2 cents for 4 ounces and 1 cent for each additional 2 ounces; limit of weight, 12 ounces. Commercial papers, such as deeds, insurance policies, stamped or unstamped paper, manuscript music and manuscript of works, 5 cents per 10 ounces and 1 cent for each additional 2 ounces; limit of weight, 4 pounds 6 ounces.

The United States domestic classification, conditions and rates of postage apply to all mail addressed to Cuba, Guam, Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Philippines.

MONEY ORDER FEES.

DOMESTIC.	
On orders not exceeding $2.50,	3 cts.
Over $2.50 and not exceeding $5,	5 cts.
Over $5 and not exceeding $10,	8 cts.
Over $10 and not exceeding $20,	10 cts.
Over $20 and not exceeding $30,	12 cts.
Over $30 and not exceeding $40,	15 cts.
Over $40 and not exceeding $50,	18 cts.
Over $50 and not exceeding $60,	20 cts.
Over $60 and not exceeding $75,	25 cts.
Over $75 and not exceeding $100,	30 cts.

FOREIGN.		
For sums not exceeding	$10,	10 cts.
Over $10 and not exceeding	$20,	20 cts.
Over $20 and not exceeding	$30,	30 cts.
Over $30 and not exceeding	$40,	40 cts.
Over $40 and not exceeding	$50,	50 cts.
Over $50 and not exceeding	$60,	60 cts.
Over $60 and not exceeding	$70,	70 cts.
Over $70 and not exceeding	$80,	80 cts.
Over $80 and not exceeding	$90,	90 cts.
Over $90 and not exceeding	$100,	$1.00.

Note.—The money order fees to Mexico are but one-half the cost for other foreign countries.

PAUL LEICESTER FORD.

Paul Leicester Ford, one of the most popular of American novelists, was shot and killed May 8, 1902, in his home in New York City, by his brother, Malcolm Webster Ford, who immediately turned the pistol upon his own breast, killing himself outright. At the time of the shooting the novelist was sitting at his desk in one corner of his library at the back of the house, on the second floor. It is supposed he was busily engaged at some literary task. Miss Elizabeth R. Hall, his secretary, was at her desk in another corner of the room, about 30 feet from Mr. Ford.

Malcolm Ford walked up to his brother's desk; words were exchanged in a tone so low that Miss Hall could not hear what was said. Suddenly there was a revolver shot, then a second, and the double tragedy, as stated. Paul Leicester Ford died 20 minutes after the shooting, meeting his death calmly and bravely.

Their father, Gordon Lester Ford, of Brooklyn, died 11 years before and left an estate of about $2,000,000, divided between his children, with the exception of Malcolm W., who was disinherited. The father became estranged from him because, against his parent's protest, he went in for an athletic career, in which he gained something of a reputation. It is thought the fatal visit to his brother was to demand money, which was refused. He was 49 years of age.

Paul Leicester Ford was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1865. He was afflicted from childhood and was educated by private tutors. Being prevented by his affliction from taking part in active pursuits, he became a student and writer, and produced probably more than any of the other young American writers of his time. He was married in Brooklyn September 18, 1900, to Miss Mary Grace Kidder.

His studies were especially in the field of American history and his volumes concerning the men of the Revolution are particularly illuminating. He edited the complete works of Thomas Jefferson, published in ten voumes, and the writings of John Dickinson, three volumes. In "The Many-Sided Franklin" he presented an attractive picture of the great Philadelphia savant, who had such a large part in shaping the Republic. But probably the work by which he will be longest remembered is "The True George Washington," which presented the Father of His Country in a new light, and showed the human side of the great Virginian.

His works of fiction include the following: "The Honorable Peter Stirling," which is understood to be an idealized portrait of Grover Cleveland; "The Story of an Untold Love," "Janice Meredith," an historical novel; "Tattle Tales of Cupid," "The Great K. and A. Train Robbery," and a number of short stories.

GAME LAWS OF MARYLAND.

Table of the Seasons for Hunting—(Revised to September 30, 1902, by State Game Warden John W. Avirett, Cumberland, Md.)

Deer.—Only in the following Counties:
Allegany.....Oct. 15 to Jan. 1
Garrett.....After Sept. 30, 1906
Washington.....Nov. 1 to Jan. 1

Squirrel.—(State Law), Ch. 206, Acts 1898.—Sept. 1 to Dec. 1, in all Counties, except:
Allegany.....Oct. 15 to Jan. 1
Anne Arundel.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Caroline.....Sept. 1 to Jan. 15
Frederick (gray or fox squirrel).....Sept. 1 to Nov. 15
Garrett (State Law).....Unprotected
Kent.....Not lawful
Montgomery (gray squirrel).....Aug. 1 to Dec. 15
Prince George.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Washington.....Sept. 15 to Dec. 25
Wicomico.....Sept. 1 to Feb. 15

Rabbit.—Baltimore, Baltimore City (sale), Calvert, Kent, Washington. (State Law), Nov. 1 to Dec. 25.
Allegany.....Oct. 15 to Jan. 1
Anne Arundel.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Carroll.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Howard.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Prince George.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Caroline.....Nov. 15 to Jan. 15
Wicomico.....Nov. 15 to Jan. 15
Worcester.....Nov. 15 to Jan. 15
Cecil.....Nov. 1 to Jan. 10
Charles.....Oct. 15 to Jan. 15
Dorchester.....Nov. 10 to Jan. 10
Frederick.....Nov. 15 to Dec. 15
Garrett (State Law).....Nov. 1 to Feb. 1
Harford.....Nov. 1 to Dec. 1
Montgomery (1).....Nov. 1 to Dec. 20
Queen Anne.....Nov. 15 to Dec. 25
St. Mary.....Sept. 1 to Jan. 15
Somerset (2).....Nov. 10 to Jan. 1
Talbot.....Nov. 1 to Jan. 1

Plover.—(State Law), Aug. 15 to May 1, except:
Anne Arundel.....Sept. 11 to May 1
Prince George.....Sept. 11 to May 1
Carroll.....Sept. 1 to May 1
Kent.....Aug. 1 to Dec. 25
Wicomico.....Nov. 15 to Jan. 15
Worcester.....Unprotected

Snipe.—(State Law), Aug. 15 to May 1, except:
Anne Arundel.....Sept. 11 to May 1
Prince George.....Sept. 11 to May 1
Carroll.....Sept. 1 to May 1
Kent.....Mar. 15 to June 1
Wicomico (sandpiper).....Nov. 15 to Jan. 15
Worcester.....Unprotected

English Pheasant, Mongolian Pheasant.—(State Law), Nov. 1 to Dec. 25, except:
Anne Arundel.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Howard.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Prince George.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Dorch'ter (State Law).....Nov. 10 to Feb. 1
Somerset (State Law).....Nov. 10 to Feb. 1
Wicomico (State Law).....Nov. 10 to Feb. 1
Worcester (State Law) (7).....Nov. 10 to Feb. 1

Quail (or Partridge).—Baltimore, Baltimore City (sale), Charles, Kent, St. Mary, Washington (State Law), Nov. 1 to Dec. 25.
Allegany.....Oct. 15 to Jan. 1
Anne Arundel.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Carroll.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Howard.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 15
Prince George.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Calvert.....Nov. 1 to Jan. 11
Caroline.....Nov. 15 to Jan. 15
Wicomico.....Nov. 15 to Jan. 15
Worcester.....Nov. 15 to Jan. 15
Cecil.....Nov. 1 to Jan. 10
Dorchester.....Nov. 10 to Jan. 10
Frederick (3).....Nov. 15 to Dec. 15
Garrett.....Nov. 1 to Dec. 1
Harford.....Nov. 1 to Dec. 1
Montgomery.....Nov. 1 to Dec. 20
Queen Anne.....Nov. 15 to Dec. 25
Somerset (4).....Nov. 20 to Feb. 1
Talbot.....Nov. 1 to Jan. 1

Woodcock.—Baltimore, Baltimore City (sale), Calvert, Frederick, Howard (State Law), July 1 to Dec. 25 and Nov. 1 to Aug. 1.
Allegany (8).....Oct. 15 to Jan. 1
Anne Arundel.....July 2 to Jan. 1
Prince George.....July 2 to Jan. 1
Caroline.....July 4 to Jan. 15
Carroll.....July 15 to Dec. 25
Cecil.....June 10 to Jan. 1
Charles.....July 5 to Feb. 24
Dorchester.....June 15 to Jan. 1
Somerset.....June 15 to Jan. 1
Garrett.....Nov. 1 to Dec. 1
Harford.....Nov. 1 to Dec. 1
Kent.....Nov. 1 to Dec. 25
Montgomery.....July 1 to Jan. 1
Queen Anne.....July 5 to Feb. 1
St. Mary.....July 5 to Feb. 24
Talbot.....July 5 to Jan. 1
Washington.....July 12 to Dec. 25
Wicomico.....June 15 to Feb. 1
Worcester (9).....Nov. 10 to Feb. 1

Wild Turkey.—Baltimore, Baltimore City (sale), Calvert, Caroline, Charles, Frederick, Prince George, Talbot (State Law), Nov. 1 to Dec. 25.
Allegany.....Oct. 15 to Jan. 1
Dorch'ter (State Law).....Nov. 10 to Feb. 1
Somerset (State Law).....Nov. 10 to Feb. 1
Wicomico (State Law).....Nov. 10 to Feb. 1
Worcester (State Law).....Nov. 10 to Feb. 1
Garrett.....Nov. 1 to Dec. 1
Howard.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Kent.....Not lawful
Montgomery.....Nov. 1 to Mar. 1
Washington.....Nov. 1 to Jan. 1
Anne Arundel.....Unprotected
Carroll.....Unprotected
Cecil.....Unprotected
Harford.....Unprotected
St. Mary.....Unprotected
Queen Anne.....Unprotected

Wild Pigeon.—Kent County only. Aug. 1 to Dec. 25.

GAME LAWS OF MARYLAND—Continued.

Dove.—(State Law), Aug. 15 to Dec. 25, except:

Carroll.....Not lawful
Frederick.....Not lawful
Wicomico.....Not lawful
Kent.....Aug. 1 to Dec. 25
Somerset.....Aug. 15 to Jan. 1
Washington.....Aug. 12 to Dec. 25

Ruffed Grouse (or Pheasant).—Baltimore, Calvert, Caroline, Charles, Kent, Talbot (State Law), Nov. 1 to Dec. 25.

Allegany.....Oct. 15 to Jan. 1
Anne Arundel.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Howard.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Prince George.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Baltimore City (sale), (State Law).....Oct. 1 to Dec. 25
Carroll.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Queen Anne.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
St. Mary.....Nov. 10 to Dec. 25
Cecil.....Sept. 5 to Feb. 1
Dorch'ter (State Law), Nov. 10 to Feb. 1
Wicomico (State Law), Nov. 10 to Feb. 1
Worcester (State Law), Nov. 10 to Feb. 1
Frederick (5).....Nov. 15 to Dec. 15
Garrett.....Nov. 1 to Dec. 1
Harford.....Nov. 1 to Dec. 1
Montgomery.....Sept. 1 to Jan. 1
Somerset.....After April 11, 1905
Washington.....Aug. 12 to Dec. 25

Reedbird.—(State Law), Sept. 1 to Nov. 1, except:

Cecil.....Sept. 5 to Feb. 1
Harford.....Sept. 1 to Dec. 1

Sora, Water Rail or Ortolan.—(State Law), Sept. 1 to Nov. 1, except:

Caroline.....Sept. 15 to Jan. 15
Cecil.....Sept. 5 to Feb. 1
Harford.....Sept. 1 to Dec. 1
Prince George (on marshes of Patapsco, Potomac or Patuxent, bordering on Prince George or Anne Arundel Counties), Sept. 5 to Nov. 1
Talbot.....Sept. 10 to Jan. 1

Duck, Goose, Brant, Swan and other Wild Fowl.—(State Law), Nov. 1 to April 10, except:

Allegany.....Unprotected
Anne Arundel (wild fowl on Magothy, South and Severn Rivers (10).....Oct. 1 to May 1
Caroline (ducks) (10). Sept. 15 to Ap. 1
Cecil (10).....Special local provisions
Harford (10)..Special local provisions
Charles (10), (acorn or genuine duck), (State Law), Oct. 1 to April 10
Dorchester (10), Special local provis'n
Sommer duck....Jan. 10 to Nov. 10
Somerset (duck, except wood duck).....Oct. 1 to April 1
Wood or summer duck, Sept. 1 to Jan. 1
Goose (10).....Nov. 1 to April 1
Talbot (wild fowl, except summer duck, on Great Choptank River).....Oct. 10 to May 1
Wicomico (10), (wood or summer duck.....Sept. 10 to Jan. 1
Summer duck (10), Sept. 10 to Jan. 1
Worcester (10), (wood or summer duck).....Sept. 1 to Mar. 1

(1)—Killing by other means than shooting prohibited November 1 to January 15.

(2)—Except in Dames Quarter Election District No. 11, where rabbits are protected until April 8, 1904.

(3)—Ch. 587, Acts 1900.

(4)—Except in Dames Quarter Election District No. 11, where protected until April 8, 1904.

(5)—Ch. 587, Acts 1900.

(6)—According to an Act passed in 1900, prohibiting the shooting of "any pheasant" during stated season. If the term quoted applies only to ruffed grouse, the open season for imported pheasants is November 1 to January 1, as fixed by the general law of 1898.

(7)—It is not clear whether the intent of the law is to protect the wild turkey in these counties for this season or to leave it unprotected. However, the bird is practically extinct in this section.

(8)—Also in month of July.

(9)—Also in month of July.

(10)—Otherwise as stated in State Law, Ch. 206, Acts 1898, April 10 to November 1.

In Harford County it is unlawful to hunt, trap, expose for sale, etc., any pheasant, partridge, robin, rabbit or woodcock on any general election day in November.—Acts 1902, Ch. 68.

Muskrat, Raccoon and Otter.

Chapter 503, Acts 1902, makes it unlawful to trap, catch or kill, or have in possession, if trapped, caught or killed in this State, any otter, raccoon or muskrat between April 1 and January 1. Penalty, $5 to $20. Not to apply to the following Counties: Allegany, Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Calvert, Caroline, Carroll, Cecil, Charles, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, Howard, Montgomery, Prince George's, Queen Anne's, St. Mary's, Washington and Worcester.

This chapter supersedes Chapter 264, Acts 1902, and is the law governing these animals.

GAME LAWS OF MARYLAND—Continued.

General Terrapin Law.

Under Chapter 259 of the Acts of 1902, it is made unlawful to take, catch or have in possession terrapin between April 1 and November 1. Applies to terrapin known as diamond-back or salt-water, skill-pot and sliders, not less than five inches on bottom shell. Worcester, Somerset, Dorchester, Calvert, Charles, Wicomico and St. Mary's Counties excepted. May purchase and have in possession terrapin caught and purchased out of said county. Unlawful to destroy terrapin eggs and for non-residents to take or catch terrapin under penalty of $5 to $10 and confiscation of terrapin caught in possession, which said terrapins must be returned to their natural waters.

Sale of Game.

Restrictions on sale of game in the following Counties: Anne Arundel—Quail, partridge, pheasant, woodcock. Baltimore City—Ruffed grouse, sale permitted October 1 to December 25. Frederick—Squirrel, partridge, pheasant, woodcock, taken in county. Garrett—Quail, partridge, pheasant, wild turkey, woodcock for export from county. Montgomery—Partridge, pheasant, wild turkey for export. Washington—Deer, squirrel, rabbit partridge, pheasant, wild turkey, taken in county. Wicomico and Worcester—Quail or partridge for export (both counties considered as one territory).

Export of Game.

Export of game is prohibited by State laws in the following Counties:

Anne Arundel — Quail, partridge, pheasant, woodcock from county—penalty, $5 for each bird.

Calvert—Rabbit, partridge, woodcock from county (for sale, barter or trade)—penalty, $10.

Caroline—Rabbit, quail, partridge, woodcock from county—penalty, $5 for each rabbit or bird.

Frederick—Squirrel, partridge, pheasant, woodcock from county—penalty, $50.

Garrett—Quail, partridge, pheasant, wild turkey, woodcock from county—penalty, $5-$25, or imprisonment until fine is paid.

Kent—Squirrel, rabbit or any bird for sale from county—penalty, $30.

Montgomery — Partridge, pheasant, wild turkey for sale from county—penalty, $10.

Queen Anne—Rabbit, partridge, woodcock, for sale from county—penalty, $5 for each bird.

Somerset—Squirrel, rabbit, partridge, pheasant, dove, woodcock, duck, goose from county—penalty, $5-$25 for each animal or bird.

Washington—Deer, squirrel, rabbit, partridge, pheasant, wild turkey for sale from county—penalty, $10 $20.

Wicomico and Worcester—Quail or partridge from both counties considered as one territory—penalty, $5-$25.

SHOOTING LICENSES FOR NON-RESIDENTS.

In all the Counties of the State, except Allegany, non-residents are now compelled to secure license before they can hunt. The license is issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court in all the Counties except Wicomico, where the County Clerk is charged with this work. In all of the Counties except the following, landowners or residents may invite non-residents to hunt on their own lands or with them, in which case no license is required. This does not apply to Kent, where even if invited by a resident the non-resident must take out license, costing $5 (Acts 1894, Ch. 501). Caroline, Dorchester (except relatives of blood or by marriage), Garrett, Kent (see above), Somerset (unless accompanied by resident), Talbot, Wicomico (unless accompanied by resident), and Worcester.

The following Counties require license (to the amount of the license must be added the clerk's fee of 50 cents): Garrett, $25; Charles, Prince George's, St. Mary's, $20; Frederick, Kent, ($5 if invited by landowner); Montgomery, $15; Baltimore, Calvert, Carroll, Cecil (wild waterfowl), Harford, Somerset, Washington, Wicomico, Worcester (wild fowl), $10; Talbot, $9.50; Howard, $7.50; Cecil (upland game and shore birds), $5; Caroline, Dorchester and Queen Anne's, $4.50. Most of them are good for one year from date of issue and are non-transferable.

In Washington County no license is required from residents of the District of Columbia, and landowners may invite any non-resident to hunt on their own land (Acts 1902, Ch. 379).

The term "State Law" is used to indicate the seasons fixed by the public general law of 1898, Ch. 206, in contradistinction to the special county laws. The seasons which apply to the whole State or a majority of the Counties are set forth after the words "State Law;" those relating only to special Counties, in line with that County. In case of conflict the local law prevails.

WILD DUCK SHOOTING IN MARYLAND.

The Maryland State Law allows the shooting of wild ducks from November 1 to April 10, and prohibits shooting at any other time.

The shoting on what is known as the "Susquehanna Flats," from November 1 to March 31, is restricted to an area of not less than a quarter of a mile from shore, northward of a line beginning at Turkey Point lighthouse, Cecil county, and drawn westward to a point half a mile north of the most northern part of Spesutia Island; thence westward half mile north of the adjacent mainland to the shore of Harford county, at or near Oakington, and south of a line drawn east from Concord Point lighthouse, in Harford county; to Carpenter's Point, Cecil county.

The shooting days, until January 1, within the lines above described, are Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week. After January 1, shooting is allowed on Saturday also. The law prohibits night shooting and anchoring of boats on any but gunning days, or going over the waters on gunning days before five o'clock A. M.

Persons desiring to shoot ducks on the flats of the Susquehanna must do so from licensed sink-boxes or sneak boats. These licenses are issued only to actual residents of Harford and Cecil counties.

On the Susquehanna Flats it is lawful to shoot teal, mallards, black ducks, baldpate, and other wild ducks, known as "marsh ducks," from one hour before sunrise to one hour after sunset every day from August 15 to October 1.

The law prohibits the shooting of waterfowl while bedded in flocks on their roosting or feeding grounds; the use of a booby blind or artificial point more than one hundred yards from the shore, and the use of big guns or swivel guns from any boat in any part of the State.

Bona-fide citizens of Cecil and Kent counties may shoot from sink-boxes in Sassafras river, upon obtaining a license, on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, between November 1 and March 31.

The same shooting days are allowed for Elk and Bohemia rivers in Cecil county.

In Talbot county it is unlawful to shoot or shoot at wild waterfowl between May 1 and October 10, in Great Choptank river and tributaries, lying wholly in Trappe district of Talbot county.

In Caroline county shooting black birds and other game in the tidewater marshes is prohibited between January 1 and September 20.

Dorchester county allows shooting from sink-boats at waterfowl in Choptank river and tributaries from daybreak until dark on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

Shooting days for Middle and Lower Hooper's Island, Dorchester county, are Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Non-residents must get permission to shoot from adjacent landowners. Night shooting and ensnaring nets are prohibited.

Somerset county permits wild duck shooting from October 1 to April 1, and the shooting of wild geese from November 1 to April 1.

Worcester county prohibits the shooting of wild waterfowl between April 10 and November 1. Non-residents of the State must obtain license to shoot.

Patuxent River — Non-residents of Anne Arundel, Calvert, Charles, Prince George's and St. Mary's counties are prohibited from shooting or trapping geese, ducks, snipes, ortolan or other waterfowl on Patuxent waters, tributaries or marshes, unless by permission of a majority of the citizens living contiguous to the marshes, or unless they shall employ only such boats for their shooting as are licensed. Ortolan shooting dates—September 5 to November 1.

Anne Arundel shooting days for wild ducks from booby blinds between October 1 and May 1, are as follows:

South River—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Severn River—Mondays Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Magothy River—Tuesdays and Fridays.

The shooting days in West and Rhode Rivers and their creeks are Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

MARYLAND GAME AND FISH PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.

Officers Elected October 16, 1902.

President—J. Olney Norris, 34 Chamber of Commerce.
Vice-President—Marion H. Ould, 941 Madison avenue.
Treasurer—Henry Brauns, Maryland Telephone Building.
Secretary—Oregon Milton Dennis, 23 Chamber of Commerce.
Attorney—Richard F. Kimball, 508 Maryland Trust Bldg.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

George D. Penniman.	R. F. Kimball.	Robert H. Gilbert.	W. T. Howard.
Marion H. Ould.	Dr. S. C. Pennington.	Wm. H. McDowell.	M. S. Baer.
F. C. Latrobe.	Dr. Chas. C. Harris.	Dr. H. G. Wilson.	Dr. R. Holly Smith.
A. E. Thompson.	Robert J. Kane.	Conway W. Sams.	Dr. A. P. Gore.
L. M. Levering.	Henry Brauns.	R. Berry Bull.	C. S. Schemerhorn.
W. H. Fisher.	J. Olney Norris.	Oregon M. Dennis.	De Coursey W. Thom.

OYSTER LAW OF MARYLAND.

A general oyster law for Maryland, approved April 7, 1900, provides:

That tonging shall not begin before September 1 and must terminate with April 25 in each year.

Bay dredging shall not begin before November 1 and end on March 15.

The charge for tonging license is $3.50, two-thirds of which goes to the schools and one-third to the oyster navy fund, and the clerk of the court issuing the license is authorized to charge for his work 25 cents.

Every person who shall have oysters in his possession containing more than 5 per cent. of shells and small oysters shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. It is unlawful for any packer, commission man or other person to purchase or receive oysters unless an inspector is present. If a cargo of oysters contains more than 5 per cent. of shells and small oysters, the captain is to be fined $25.00; also 6 cents per bushel for the whole cargo, and is to cull them all and pay an additional fine of 1 cent per bushel on each per cent. over 5 per cent., and return the shells and small oysters to the beds where caught. The shells and small oysters are to be bedded under direction of the oyster police force, but the captain is to be paid 10 cents per bushel for them.

No oysters are to be discharged from a vessel between 8 o'clock P. M. and 6 A. M. The inspectors and measurers are authorized to enter any house or boat to examine oysters. One-half of fines is to be paid to the informer, unless the informer be an officer.

Bay dredgers are to pay $2.85 per ton for their licenses, and also 50 cents each for their crew for three months. The oyster navy officials are empowered to remeasure dredgeboats to ascertain if the tonnage be correct. Parties applying for a scraping license to oyster in Chesapeake Bay after January 1 are to pay only $1.50 per ton.

The Fishery Force commander's salary is $1,500. He is appointed by the Board of Public Works, and is authorized to appoint one officer at $600, engineer at $800, assistant engineer at $600, pilot at $420. The commander is to have a clerk at $700, who is to remain at Annapolis.

The Governor is required to appoint inspectors for two years, as follows:

Baltimore City,	5	St. Michael's,	1
Annapolis,	2	Cambridge,	3
Oxford,	2	Nanticoke,	1
Tilghman's Is.,	1	Crisfield,	1

These inspectors are to have jurisdiction in the city, town or port and adjacent waters for which they are appointed.

The commander of the State Fishery Force is required to appoint 75 oyster measurers, to be selected from the different counties, as follows:

Somerset,	8	Kent,	6
Wicomico,	7	Anne Arundel,	7
Dorchester,	12	Calvert,	7
Talbot,	8	St. Mary's,	7
Queen Anne's,	7	Charles,	6

Fifty of these measurers so selected and appointed are required to be assigned to Baltimore City.

The pay of the general inspectors for Baltimore City is $100 a month, and the other general inspectors $50 a month for the months in which they are actually engaged in the performance of their duties.

The pay of each of the 75 oyster measurers is fixed at $45 a month of the oyster season. One cent a bushel is to be charged for measurement.

Oyster packers are to be licensed, the same to cost $25, and $1 per 1,000 bushels above 10,000.

FISHERY FORCE OF MARYLAND.

Office.	Residence.	Term Exp.
Commander—Thomas C. B. Howard.	Dorchester County.	1904
Chief Deputy—James A. Turner.	Wicomico County.	1904
Clerk—Lloyd Lowndes.	Talbot County.	....

Steamer Gov. F. P. Thomas	Commander, Thos. C. B. Howard.	
Steamer Gov. R. M. McLane	Captain, James A. Turner.	
Schooners.	Deputy Commanders.	Operating Waters.
Annie B. Smith	Frank M. Satterfield	Kent Co.
Frolic	Alexander Thompson	Queen Anne's Co.
Julia Hamilton	Harrison Woolford	Dorchester Co.
May Brown	Charles E. Martin	Anne Arundel Co.
Daisy Archer	James H. Nowell	Anne Arundel Co.
Folly	John H. Buckler	St. Mary's Co.
Bessie Jones	G. W. Maddox	St. Mary's Co.
Brown Smith Jones	Bruce C. Dean	Dorchester Co.
Nellie Jackson	Wm. K. Leatherbury	Wicomico Co.
Helen Baughman	Edward P. Tyler	Somerset Co.
Eliza Hayward	C. C. Harper	Talbot Co.
Nannie Merryman	Wm. H. Taylor	Talbot Co.

GUARD BOATS HIRED FOR THE SEASON.

Anne Arundel,	Herring Bay,	John H. Rogers.
Queen Anne,	Chester River,	J. Fred Robinson.
Talbot,	Tred Avon River,	H. E. Balderson.

SALE OF THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILROAD.

After a protracted contest among rival bidders, covering a period of more than three months, the sale of the interest of Baltimore City in the Western Maryland Railroad to a syndicate headed by E. L. Fuller, representing the Gould, or Wabash Railroad interests, for $8,751,370.45, was consummated May 7, 1902. The other bidders in active competition were:

Hambleton & Co., of Baltimore, in connection with the Geo. D. Cook Company, of New York and Chicago, $9,250,000.

A syndicate headed by W. W. Varney, $10,100,000.

The Reading Railroad Company, $10,001,000.

The contest finally narrowed down to consideration of the Fuller, the Varney and Reading bids, and the effect the sale to either of them would have on the trade and other interests of Baltimore. The weight of public influence and of the press was strongly favorable to the Gould-Wabash connection. It was thought that more was to be gained for the city by favoring the Goulds than by helping their antagonists. Great stress was laid upon the much larger cash bids of Varney and the Reading, but the tempting offers were put aside for the more important consideration implied by the Wabash needs of an Atlantic Coast outlet, of terminals at Baltimore and of the helpfulness such a connection would be to the larger trade and manufacturing interests of the city. The Mayor, Hon. Thos. G. Hayes, kept these advantages steadily in view, and he was supported by the Council, all the members of which, except two in the Second Branch, Messrs. Venable and Linthicum, voted for the Fuller bid finally.

It was agreed in advance that the purchasers of the city's holdings in the railroad should also buy the holdings of Washington County, and this was done. They got 2,200 shares from Washington County and 4,000 shares from Baltimore City, which, added to 800 shares previously owned by them, made 7,000 shares, a majority of the whole common or voting stock, which is 13,699 shares of the par value of $50 each. In addition to the shares of common stock which the Fuller syndicate got from Washington County it got $324,000 of preferred stock, which, however, has not voting privilege. The cash consideration paid to Washington County was $434,000, the par value of the stock.

The charter of the company confers upon the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore the right to appoint a majority of the directors. But that feature of the charter was repealed at the January session of the Legislature of 1902, the act to go into effect as soon as Baltimore parted with its interests. The purchasers were, therefore, in a position to elect their own directors and to take possession of the property immediately thereafter, which was done.

The officers of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, as reorganized July 8, 1902, were as follows:

President—Winslow S. Pierce.

Vice-President — Fairfax S. Landstreet.

Directors—Winslow S. Pierce, Geo. J. Gould, John W. Gates, Edwin Gould, Henry B. Henson, Lawrence Greer, W. H. McIntire, of New York; F. S. Landstreet, Gen. John M. Hood, S. Davies Warfield, George R. Gaither, Gen. Thos. J. Shryock and Charles W. Slagle.

After the purchase of the road the new owners continued to operate it under its present charter which is a very liberal one, although it makes no exemptions from taxation. The road has a charter to extend its track to Cumberland and the Act of 1902 is mandatory upon the purchasers to make that extension. It is said that there is a very practicable route for this road down the Maryland side of the Potomac and parallel with the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. This extension from Cherry Run to Cumberland will he about 65 miles in length, about 20 miles of which will be in Washington County and the rest in Allegany County. It will add largely to the taxable basis of the State and will afford railroad facilities for a country which is cut off from easy access to the Baltimore and Ohio by the Potomac River.

The Gould system, of which the Western Maryland has become a part, is one of the largest railroad properties in the United States, with mileage as follows:

Mo. Pacific and Iron Mountain..	5,570
Texas and Pacific (about).....	1,700
Denver and Rio Grande.....	1,722
Rio Grande Western.....	662
Wabash and trackage.....	2,502
Wheeling and Lake Erie (about).	550
W. Va. Cent. and Pitts. (about).	200
Western Maryland.....	258
International and Great North..	965
Total.....	14,109

The system will reach from Ogden to the Atlantic seaboard and from Chicago to the Mexican Gulf. By the building of the Wheeling and Lake Erie extension to Pittsburg, and by the acquisition or control or use of the West Virginia Central and Pittsburg in connection with the Western Maryland, what amounts to a new through line between Chicago and the Atlantic Coast is set up.

ANTHRACITE COAL STRIKE OF 1902.

A strike of coal miners, which began in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania May 12, 1902, and lasted until October 23, a period of 165 days, was in many respects the most extensive and disastrous industrial struggle that ever occurred in the history of the United States. In this long contest the miners had the financial support of the whole body of organized labor, and they were at all times, from start to finish, desirous of submitting their demands to arbitration, but the coal operators and presidents of coal roads would not listen to such a method of adjustment. Several months were consumed in negotiations to avert the conflict, but without effect.

The first order to quit work was issued in Scranton, Pa., May 9, by the executive committee of three districts of mineworkers' unions. They demanded a general convention, which was held at Hazleton by 700 delegates, representing every union in the anthracite region. After two days in session, the convention decided by a majority of 112 to declare a strike that was not to end until the demands of the miners were granted. The strike would probably have begun April 1 if the officers of the National Civic Federation, headed by U. S. Senator Mark A. Hanna, had not been active in attempting to settle the dispute by arbitration. But the railroad presidents declined the offers, and on the 10th of May, Senator Hanna announced that all attempts at arbitration had failed. The demands formulated by the miners at a convention, which met March 18, at Shamokin, required recognition of the union, an eight-hour working day, a minimum wage scale for all colliery workers, except miners and laborers, the weighing of coal and a minimum rate of 60 cents a ton of 2,240 pounds gross. These demands, which constitute a wage increase of about 20 per cent., were refused by the operators, and were the basis of the attempts at arbitration.

The completeness of the miners' organization was demonstrated as soon as the strike order went into effect, for every anthracite colliery in Pennsylvania was thrown into idleness in a day. In order to make the tie-up still more complete, a strike of the firemen and engineers in the mines was ordered on June 1, and on Monday, June 2, most of these quit work, suspending the pumps which kept the mines free from water, thus allowing the collieries to be flooded and causing immense damage to the properties of the mine operators.

On June 6 President John Mitchell, of the United Mineworkers' of America, appointed a committee of miners to assist the special police and deputies in guarding the collieries and to prevent disorder. President Roosevelt sent Mr. Carroll D. Wright, U. S. Commissioner of Labor, to investigate the situation. The operators proposed that each mine arrange with its own employes any question affecting wages or grievances. On June 14 the operators announced that after the strike was ended they would pay higher wages, but would employ fewer men.

From the first of June proposals were made in many quarters, that the laboring men strike a blow that would at once affect the whole United States and force the operators to terms. The scheme proposed was the declaration of a strike of all the miners in the country, so that not a ton of either soft or hard coal would be mined, and many railroads and manufacturing establishments would be compelled to close at once. This plan found such wide favor that President Mitchell was compelled to call a special convention at Indianapolis to consider the matter.

This convention met on the 17th day of July, every branch of the coal miners being represented. President Mitchell opposed the scheme, and presented a plan for raising an immense defense fund to sustain the anthracite miners and their families during the progress of the struggle. He pointed out that the bituminous miners had contracts with their employers that could not be honorably violated and that by continuing their work and contributing a part of their wages each week they would help the anthracite men more than by quitting work in the soft-coal mines.

His suggestion was adopted, and the fund was raised by an assessment of 10 per cent. of the gross earnings of the mine workers in six districts and $1 a week upon those in nine other districts. One-fourth of the salaries of all officers was subscribed and a special lump sum of $50,000 appropriated as a nucleus of the fund. In addition, appeals for contributions were issued by the American Federation of Labor to all other labor unions and private citizens in the United States.

The wisdom of Mr. Mitchell's plan was at once demonstrated. The soft coal miners remained at work and a flood of money poured in to the general secretary and treasurer of the Mine workers' Union. Illinois miners sent a single check for $50,000, and money poured in at the rate of $400,000 a week, of which about $275,000 was given by miners. The aggregate sum contributed to the support of the anthracite miners during the strike was more than three millions of dollars.

A crisis in the strike occurred on Wednesday, July 30, when a riot b

ANTHRACITE COAL STRIKE OF 1902—Continued.

tween strikers and mine guards occurred at Shenandoah, in which a deputy sheriff was killed and four policemen were wounded. Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania, ordered two regiments of State troops and a troop of cavalry to the scene of trouble, with Gen. J. P. S. Gobin in command. A peace meeting at Scranton was attended August 1 by 10,000 miners. President Mitchell urged the men to preserve order and assist the troops and officers to keep the peace. When stones were thrown at pickets General Gobin issued his command to soldiers: "Shoot first and investigate afterward." There were several other collisions and clashes between deputies and miners and miners and soldiers. Conditions were so serious throughout the region that General Gobin, on August 30, issued a "shoot-to-kill" order, which was, in part, as follows:

"In moving troops place reliable, competent and skilled marksmen on the flanks of your command and among your file closers with loaded guns, and instruct them that in case of attack upon the column with stones or other missiles where the attacking party cannot be reached, the men thus selected shall carefully note the man attacking the column, and, being certain of his man, fire upon him without any further orders."

Further reinforcements of State troops were sent to the region on August 28, and on October 6 the entire militia of Pennsylvania took the field, numbering some 10,000 men. Quiet then prevailed.

In the meanwhile there was a cry all over the country for settlement, and the press, fully occupied with the subject, suggested various methods. President George F. Baer, of the Reading Railroad, and leader of the mine owners, who was appealed to, wrote, in August, to a correspondent, that "the rights and interests of the laboring man will be protected and cared for—not by the labor agitators, but by the Christian men to whom God in His infinite wisdom has given the control of the property interests of the country and upon the successful management of which so much depends."

Early in September Labor Commissioner Carroll D. Wright, in his report to President Roosevelt, advised certain concessions to meet the miners' demands. Governor Stone was asked to call a special session of the Pennsylvania Legislature to enact a compulsory arbitration law. Then Senators Quay, of Pennsylvania; Platt, of New York; Governors Stone and Odell considered methods to end the strike, which was seriously affecting political conditions in Pennsylvania and New York.

President Roosevelt called to Washington on October 3 the coal operators and Mr. Mitchell for a conference. At this conference Mr. Mitchell proposed arbitration, and offered to leave the appointment of the arbitrators to the President. The mine owners declined the proposition, attacked Mitchell and the strikers, and declared that a reign of terror existed in the mine region of Pennsylvania. They declared that they only needed more troops to be able to operate the mines, as the strikers were intimidating many men and preventing them from going to work.

President Roosevelt later conferred with Attorney-General Knox, Secretary Root, Secretary Moody and Postmaster-General Payne, and decided not to call an extra session of Congress to deliberate on the strike.

President Roosevelt, on October 7, sent Frank P. Sargent, Commissioner of Immigration, to confer with Mr. Mitchell. On the 8th he formally offered, if Mr. Mitchell would induce the miners to return to work, to appoint a commission to inquire into their conditions and to urge upon Congress such legislation as was required. This offer was declined by Mr. Mitchell as too indefinite and presenting nothing tangible.

On October 9 Mr. Mitchell and the district leaders of the Mineworkers' were invited to New York to an important conference. Senators Platt, of New York, Quay and Primrose, of Pennsylvania, and Governor Odell, of New York, after conferring together for some time, held a conference with the mine operators at Senator Platt's office. At that conference the seriousness of the political, as well as industrial, situation was presented by the Senators, but one of the operators declared that it was a matter for the mine owners to settle with their own employes without outside interference. Governor Odell then threatened to call an extra session of the New York Legislature to take action against the coal roads, and Senator Quay made the same threat on behalf of Pennsylvania.

Governor Odell and Mr. Baer had an exciting exchange of words, in which the Governor denounced Baer for calling him a politician, and declared that he represented 7,000,000 people of New York.

All other efforts having failed, President Roosevelt sent Secretary of War Root to New York to confer with J. Pierpont Morgan, who had financial control of the largest roads in the coal combine. Mr. Root explained the importance of ending the strike, and he asked Mr. Morgan to take immediate action. Up to that time Mr. Morgan had refused to allow himself to be

ANTHRACITE COAL STRIKE OF 1902—Continued.

drawn into the dispute in any way, declaring he would have nothing to do with it. But after talking with Secretary Root, Mr. Morgan went to Washington to hold a conference with the President. He carried with him a proposition from the operators, who had before that time declined to submit to arbitration. This proposal was to submit the dispute with the miners to a board of five, to be composed of an officer in the engineer corps of either the military or naval service of the United States, an expert mining engineer, a judge of the United States Court of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, a sociologist, and a man who by active participation in mining and selling coal is familiar with the business.

Mr. Mitchell declined the offer with the restrictions imposed. He went to the White House and held a conference with the President. As a result of this the conditions were modified somewhat so as to make it acceptable to the head of the Mineworkers, and the President appointed the commission, as follows:

Brigadier-General John M. Wilson, U. S. A., retired, late chief of engineers, Washington, D. C.

Mr. E. W. Parker, Washington, D. C., an expert mining engineer.

Hon. George Gray, Wilmington, Del., a judge of the United States Court.

Mr. E. E. Clark, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, grand chief of the Order of Railway Conductors, and sociologist.

Mr. Thomas H. Watkins, Scranton, Pa., practically acquainted with the mining and selling of coal.

Bishop John L. Spalding, of Peoria, Illinois.

Mr. Carroll D. Wright, member and recorder of the commission.

The proposed method of settlement was submitted by Mr. Mitchell to a convention of delegates of the Mineworkers' Union at Wilkesbarre, and ratified October 21, and provision was made for resumption of work on October 23.

The Anthracite Coal Strike Commission organized in Washington October 24, with Judge Gray as chairman of the board. Written instructions from President Theodore Roosevelt directed the board to "endeavor to establish the relations between the employers and the wage-workers in the anthracite fields on a just and permanent basis, and as far as possible to do away with any causes for the recurrence of such difficulties as those which you have been called in to settle."

The commission decided that changes in the wages of miners, if any, should date from November 1. On November 12 the mine operators positively refused to recognize the Miners' Union. Mr. Mitchell stated before the commission, that he thought $600 a year would be fair wage for the average miner. He was put through a searching cross-examination by Hon. Wayne MacVeagh, of Pennsylvania, counsel for coal roads, who said afterwards that Mr. Mitchell was the best witness he ever saw take the stand. It was through Mr. MacVeagh that a proposal for the anthracite operators and the miners to settle all strike questions outside of the commission was considered. Pending negotiations to this end, the commission adjourned, November 21. The conference was held in Washington, where Mr. MacVeagh and Mr. Mitchell reached satisfactory conclusions, on the 25th, and were about to make the announcement when the whole move was checked by a telegram from the coal operators' headquarters, in New York City, and the effort failed. Nothing remained for the commission to do but to go on with their investigations, which were resumed in the anthracite region, with the prospect of continuing till after the end of the year, if not longer.

THOMAS B. REED.

Thomas Brackett Reed, of Maine, died December 7, 1902, in Washington City, after a brief illness of acute Bright's Disease, aged 63 years. He was born October 18, 1839, in Portland, Me. He graduated from Bowdoin College, in 1860, and was admitted to the bar in 1865. He held various local and state offices, including that of Attorney-General of Maine, until he was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress, in 1876. He was then known as a capable and clear-headed lawyer and ready debater, but it was not until he became the Speaker of the House of Representatives that he acquired a national reputation. He was called to preside over a turbulant House, with a bare Republican majority. He did away with considering, in counting a quorum of the House, that a Representative could be present in the hall and at the same time constructively absent. His "Reed Rules" were formulated by the Committee on Rules, of which the Speaker was chairman, enabling the majority to control legislation. He resigned from the Fifty-sixth Congress, in 1899, and went to New York, where he resumed the practice of the law. He was a frequent and excellent contributor to magazine literature.

EVENTS OF THE COAL STRIKE OF 1902.

May 12, 1902, anthracite coal strike began, miners making the following demands:

(1.) An increase of 20 per cent. to miners paid by ton.
(2.) A reduction of 20 per cent. in time of per-diem employees; from ten to eight hours a day.
(3.) That 2,240 pounds constitute a ton where miners are paid by weight.

Over 140,000 thrown out of employment.

June 5—First conflict between miners and guards.
July 22—James Thompson, special coal and iron policeman, killed.
July 30—Riot at Shenandoah; one man killed, many wounded. Troops ordered out.
August 3—"Shoot-to-kill" order issued.
August 19—Operators met and decided to stand firm.
August 29—Conference held in New York.
September 8—Governor Stone went to New York to bring about settlement.
September 9—Governor Stone, through P. A. B. Widener, appealed to J. P. Morgan, who refused to interfere.
September 30—First move by Administration, showing that strike had aroused President Roosevelt; conference between President and Cabinet.
October 1—President Roosevelt issued call for conference at Capital; operators and Mr. Mitchell invited.
October 3—Conference at White House; Mitchell offered to leave everything to arbitration; operators refused, and conference ended.

The representatives of the mine-workers were: John Mitchell, Thomas D. Nichols, Thomas Duffy and John Fahy, the latter three being presidents of miners' district unions.

The representatives of the operators were railroad presidents: George F. Baer, of the Philadelphia and Reading; W. H. Truesdale, Delaware and Lackawanna; E. B. Thomas, Erie Road; Thomas P. Fowler, New York, Ontario and Western; David Wilcox, vice-president Delaware and Hudson Road, as the representative of President K. M. Olyphant, and John Markle, independent coal operator.

October 6—Governor Stone ordered entire militia of Pennsylvania to coal fields.
October 7—President Roosevelt appealed to Mitchell to end strike. Promised to appoint commission to investigate grievances and recommend legislation in accordance with commission's report.
October 9—Mitchell declined to accede to terms proposed.
October 10—Operators made move by formally appealing to President Roosevelt to proceed against Miners' Union in courts; operators, Governor Odell and Senators Quay and Penrose met in conference in New York; conference was fruitless.
October 11—Secretary Root went to New York to confer with J. P. Morgan.
October 13—Operators met and decided to submit plan to President; J. P. Morgan went to Washington and proposed arbitration commission to adjust differences.
October 15—Mitchell visited President, who agreed to add a member to commission, representing labor; operators acquiesced, and President named commission.
October 16—Mitchell issued statement approving plan and stating that he would urge miners to accept.
October 20—Miners' convention met at Wilkesbarre.
October 21—Convention accepted plan and adopted resolutions formally declaring the strike at an end and providing for resumption of work, Thursday, October 23.

SUMMARY.

Number of miners on strike	147,000
Number of other workers employed	38,000
Collieries idle	363
Monthly output of coal in tons (normal)	5,000,000
Money invested in coal property	$511,500,000
Total cost of strike (estimated)	$135,970,000
Loss in strikers' wages	$28,300,000
Damage to mines	$6,500,00
Troops in strike region	10,000

DESTRUCTION OF THE CAMPANILE OF VENICE.

The celebrated Campanile or detached bell-tower of St. Mark's Church, in Venice, fell down with the noise of an earthquake at 10:40 o'clock A. M., July 14, 1902. An eye-witness said: "It did not topple; it just sat down," as though the foundation having given way all above collapsed into a heap of ruins, producing a thick, red dust, which spread like a hanging cloud over the city. The authorities were not fully aware of the insecure condition of the structure until the night before its fall, when immediate steps were taken to guard the people against the threatened peril. With the Campanile were destroyed a number of statues, palutings and other treasures of art, which had ornamented its interior for many years; but, happily, its fall occasioned no loss of life or injury to any person.

The Campanile was a massive square tower of brick work, 322 feet high and 42 feet square, on a stone base. It was founded in 888 A. D. by the Doge, Pietro Tribuno, but was not completed, with restorations of the earlier work, until 1329. The upper part, an open lantern with a pyramidal roof of marble, was added in 1417, and on the apex, just a century later, was placed a fine colossal statue of an angel nearly 16 feet in height, formed of plates of gilt bronze on a wooden core. When the tower fell a wing of the angel was thrown down to the front door of the cathedral, smashing the Bando column.

The Loggetta, or vestibule, on the east side of the Campanile, was erected by San Sovino in 1850, and lately restored. It once served as a rendezvous of the Venetian nobles, and afterward as a waiting-room for the Procurators, whose office it was during the sessions of the Great Council to command the guards. Noticeable adornments of the structure were bronze statues of Peace, Apollo, Mercury and Pallas, the reliefs on the copings, all by San Sovino, and also the great bronze doors, which were cast in 1750. In the interior was a group of the Madonna, the infant Christ and John the Baptist, in gilden terra cotta, also the handiwork of San Sovino.

The Campanile was ascended by a series of winding inclined planes, instead of stairways, with 38 bends, and finally by a few steps, the ascent being well lighted and easy. At the summit there was always on duty a watchman, equipped with a telescope, who opened the door to the second gallery. From this point the spectator enjoyed a magnificeut view, which comprised the city, the Alps and part of the Adriatic.

Not only the Campanile, but the Church of St. Mark's, the Doges' Palace, and the pillars supporting the lions have been in danger of destruction through the subsidence of their foundations and the ravages of time. For a quarter of a century attempts at strengthening and restoration of all these structures have been made.

Immediate steps were taken to rebuild the fallen structure, and before autumn came the work was begun. Contributions for rebuilding were received from many quarters, including the United States. The total subscriptions amounted to some $300,000 by September, and the total cost of rebuilding it was estimated would be about half a million dollars. It was decided to lay the corner-stone April 22, 1903.

SINKING OF THE CRETE-A-PIERROT.

During the revolution of 1902, which convulsed the Republic of Haiti, a thrilliug naval episode occurred at the entrance of the harbor of Gonaives, when the insurgent gunboat Crete-a-Pierrot was sunk, September 6, by Admiral Hamilton Killick, her commander, rather than surreuder upon the demand of the German gunboat Panther, cruising in those waters to protect German interests. It was the intention of the Germans to seize the insurgent ship as a private vessel accused of piracy. But Admiral Killick sent his crew ashore in the ship's boats; set fire to the after magazine with his own hands. The explosion fired the ship, and, the Panther turning her guns on the doomed vessel, she went down with her defiaut commander on board. The surgeon of the Crete-a-Pierrot, who was asleep in his cabin, aud two sailors also perished. The attempt to take possession of the vessel was made because, on September 2, a German merchaut steamer, the Markomannia, with arms and munitions in her cargo for the provisional government of Haiti, was seized by Admiral Killick at the entrance of the harbor of Cape Haitian. He was not recognized as representative of a belligerent state.

Admiral Hamilton Killick was the son of a Scotchman and a Haitian woman He rose without difficulty to the command of the Haitian navy. His temper may have been illustrated by the following defiant telegram sent by him to General Boisrond Canal, President of the Haitian Provisional Government. It said:

"Killick does not fear anything. Will blow up ship and company for the sake of the national honor. You alone remain responsible."

STATE HOUSE BUILDING COMMISSION.

Authorized by Act of Assembly, 1902, Ch. 332.

Room 505, Merchants' Bank Building, Baltimore

Chairman—Gov. John Walter Smith.
Secretary—Thomas J. C. Williams, Baltimore.

Joshua W. Hering, Westminster.
Murray Vandiver, Havre de Grace.
James McSherry, Frederick City.
Samuel D. Schmucker, Baltimore.
Spencer C. Jones, Rockville.
Dr. Elijah Williams, Anne Arundel.
Peter J. Campbell, Baltimore.
John P. T. Mathias, Thurmont.
Ferdinand C. Latrobe, Baltimore.

The Act creating this commission names the commissioners, and provides that the Governor, Comptroller and Treasurer of the State, comprising the Board of Public Works, shall be members of the commission, ex-officio; that the Governor shall be the chairman, and that all vacancies shall be filled by the Board of Public Works. The Act provides for the tearing down and removal of annex buildings and the construction of an addition on lines and style of architecture conforming to the original structure. The commission was authorized to employ a competent architect, and the sum of $250,000 was appropriated out of a loan which was authorized. This sum, however, was found inadequate for carrying out the purposes of the General Assembly on the scale laid down, and future provision will have to be made to complete the work. The architects are Baldwin & Pennington, of Baltimore.

The old State House at Annapolis is historically and architecturally one of the most interesting buildings in America. It was built while Maryland was still a British colony and at a time when socially and intellectually Annapolis was one of the most important towns on this side of the Atlantic. In the old State House the Continental Congress held its sessions in 1783 after the close of the war, and several conventions of national importance were held there. In its original form it was a square structure, with dome. This building was completed in 1774 and was the fourth State House of the colony, that at St. Mary's City being the first. Two preceded this one at Annapolis. About 50 years ago the "octagon room" was added for the State Library, and in 1878 a second addition, now known as the annex, was made. This annex was not in harmony with the original building. It was unsightly and badly constructed.

In place of these, a structure larger than the old building and of elegant proportions and interior finish, is provided, with commodious legislative chambers, committee rooms and other accessories necessary to the health and comfort of the General Assembly. In the future the State House will be devoted entirely to the uses of the legislative and executive branches of the State government. The old Senate chamber, where Washington resigned his commission, may be restored to its former condition. The rotunda and the Old Hall of the House of Delegates will remain intact. The Act of 1902 for the improvement was introduced by Hon. Spencer C. Jones, the Senator for Montgomery County.

MARYLAND STATE BUILDING COMMISSION.

Chairman—Gov. John Walter Smith. Secretary—George R. Gaither, Balto.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Ferdinand C. Latrobe, Baltimore.

James McSherry, Frederick.
John Wirt Randall, Annapolis.
Thomas J. C. Williams, Baltimore.
Comptroller Joshua W. Hering, Westminster.
Isidor Rayner, Baltimore.
Lloyd Wilkinson, Baltimore.
Austin L. Crothers, Elkton.
Stevenson A. Williams, Belair.
Murray Vandiver, Havre de Grace.

The Act of Assembly, 1900, appointing this commission, authorized the construction of a new State building in Annapolis, to be used for the Court of Appeals, the State Library, the Comptroller and the Treasurer of the State, and the Land Office. The sum of $290,000 was appropriated for the building, and that amount was included in a State loan. The building is of colonial architecture. The material used is brick, with stone trimmings. In 1900 the further sum of $140,000 was appropriated to construct a heating plant in a large separate building to heat all the public buildings of the State in Annapolis, and to furnish the State building.

ACCIDENT TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

While on a memorable tour of the New England States, making many speeches in advocacy of tariff reciprocity and on trusts, President Theodore Roosevelt was painfully injured, but not disabled, by an electric car crashing into his carriage at Pittsfield, Mass., September 3, 1902. His injuries included a wound on the leg, severe bruises to his right cheek, which became swollen, and almost closed the right eye.

William Craig, a Secret Service detective, who was riding in the carriage with the President, was instantly killed while trying to save Mr. Roosevelt's life by warning the motorman to stop the car. David J. Pratt, driver of the carriage, had his shoulder dislocated and was bruised all over the body.

The other occupants of the carriage were George B. Cortelyou, secretary to the President, whose face and body were bruised; Gov. W. Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, and Representative George P. Lawrence, of the First Massachusetts District, who escaped with a slight shaking up.

Euclid Madden, motorman, and Jas. Kelly, conductor of the car which ran into the President's carriage, were arrested. When the President asked Madden why he was running the car in such a manner, the motorman answered: "Because I had the right of way."

Mr. Roosevelt refused assistance, asking that those who needed help worse be looked after. He continued his trip, though he made no set speeches, but briefly announced to the waiting crowds the accident that had occurred. After a quick journey by rail through Western Massachusetts and Connecticut he arrived at Bridgeport, where he boarded the United States yacht Sylph, and sailed to his home at Oyster Bay, Long Island.

Subsequently grave symptoms developed from the wound on the leg, which obliged the President to withdraw from his trip, and retire to Washington, where in a short time he fully recovered.

FIRST PRESIDENT OF CUBA.

May 20, 1902, Gen. Leonard Wood, United States Army, formally transferred to the President and Congress of the Republic of Cuba, the government and control of the Island, to be held and exercised by them under the provisions of the Constitution of the Republic of Cuba. This ended the occupation of Cuba by the United States and the military government of the island. The United States troops had been previously withdrawn, and after the transfer General Wood embarked on the Brooklyn, with his staff, for the United States. The record of the prolonged struggle of the Cubans for independence may be summarized, as follows:

October 10, 1868—"Ten-Years' War" for freedom began.

February 10, 1878—War ended by the "compromise of Zanjon," granting concessions, but not independence, to the Cubans.

February 24, 1895—New rebellion broke out.

February 15, 1898—Battleship Maine mysteriously blown up in Havana harbor.

April 21, 1898—United States began war on Spain.

August 12, 1898—Peace protocol signed.

December 10, 1898—Treaty of Paris concluded, Spain relinquishing Cuba.

May 20, 1902—Cuban Republic begins its official existence.

Tomas Estrada Palma, the first President of the Cuban Republic, was 67 years of age when he assumed office. He was born at Bayamo, Cuba, and was educated in Havana and in Spain. He was one of the wealthiest landowners in the eastern part of Cuba at the outbreak of the war of 1868-1878. For nine years he was in the field, serving under the civil government, and during this time his mother was starved to death by the Spaniards. He was elected President of the provisional Republic, and, while President was captured and carried to Spain. When hostilities ceased he was offered every inducement by the Spanish government to take the oath of allegiance, but he refused. He went to Honduras, where the daughter of President Guardiola, of that country, became his wife. Later he taught school at Central Valley, N. Y.

At the outbreak of the last revolution Senor Palma once more offered everything he possessed to the cause. When Jose Marti, the leader of the new war, was killed, the ex-President was called to the head of the Cuban revolutionary party, and acted as head of the junta in New York. When the independence of the island was won the Cubans at first turned towards Gen. Maximo Gomez, the head of their army, for their first President, but he declined. The government at Washington and the military authorities of the United States in the island seemed to be rather inclined toward Palma, and Gen. Bartolome Maso was brought forward as a rival candidate, but finally his friends decided not to take any part in the voting, though in some parts of the island this resolution was not strictly adhered to. Palma was duly elected, with Luis Esteves Romero as Vice-President.

UNITED STATES ARMY CADETS.

Each Congressional District and Territory, also the District of Columbia, is entitled to have one cadet at the U. S. Military Academy at West Point. Each State is also entitled to have two cadets from the State at large, and forty are appointed from the United States at large. The appointment from a Congressional District is made by the Secretary of War upon the recommendation of the Congressman from that district, and those from a State at large upon the recommendation of the Senators of the State. Similarly, the appointment from a Territory is made upon the recommendation of the Delegate in Congress. Each person appointed must be an actual resident of the State, District or Territory from which the appointment is made.

The appointments from the United States at large and from the District of Columbia are made by the President of the United States upon his own selection.

Applications may be made at any time, by letter, to the Adjutant-General, United States Army, Washington, D. C., to have the name of the applicant placed upon the register, that it may be furnished to the proper Senator, Representative or Delegate when a vacancy occurs. The application must exhibit the full name, date of birth, and permanent abode of the applicant, with the number of the Congressional District in which his residence is situated.

Appointments are required by law to be made one year in advance of the date of admission.

For each candidate appointed there may be nominated two alternates. Each of the alternates will receive from the War Department a letter of appointment.

Candidates will be examined mentally and physically before boards of Army officers, at such places as the War Department may designate, on May 1. Those who pass successfully will report to the superintendent at West Point June 15 the same year. The mental examination will be in reading, writing, spelling, English grammar, English composition, English literature, arithmetic, algebra through quadratic equations, plane geometry, descriptive geography, and the elements of physical geography, especially the geography of the United States; United States history, the outlines of general history, and the general principles of physiology and hygiene.

The Academic Board will consider and may accept properly attested certificates of competitive examinations or certificates from public high schools, colleges or universities.

The pay of a cadet is $540 per year, to commence with his admission to the Academy. No cadet is permitted to receive money, or any other supplies, from his parents, or from any person whomsoever, without the sanction of the superintendent.

A deposit of $100 must be made, on entrance, to cover the cost of outfit for uniform. Each cadet must be provided with specified clothing, toilet articles, blankets, etc. He must not be under 17 nor over 22 years of age, and sound physically and mentally.

SAFEGUARDS AGAINST LIGHTNING.

When a severe thunder storm is raging the safest place is in the open, close to the earth. If the body is erect, it acts as an excellent conductor for the lightning to find its way to the earth. For this reason it is dangerous to take refuge under a tree. It is injudicious to huddle under threshing machines, sheds or in the grand stands of race tracks of county fairs, especially under or near the flag staffs. Men, like animals, are killed in bunches, when they huddle together. Avoid standing in doorways, near chimneys and fireplaces, close to cattle or near the ends of a wire clothesline during a thunder storm. On the other hand there is not much sense in going to bed or trying to insulate one's self in feather beds. Small articles of steel or iron, as a knife, kettle or key, do not attract lightning, as it is popularly believed. It is established that lightning does not strike as often in cities as in rural districts. In cities the electricity in the air is attracted to the earth by hundreds of conductors in the shape of sky-scrapers and high chimneys.

The condition of a person struck by lightning is much the same as that of a person rescued from drowning. In attempts at restoration try to stimulate respiration and circulation. The method used to restore respiration is immaterial; a good way is to alternately compress and expand the lower ribs. Do this gently, but persistently, at the rate of 20 times per minute. Keep the body warm by the application of hot flannels, bottles of hot water, hot bricks, or, in case of an emergency, warm clothing from bystanders. Rub the limbs upwards, so as to force the blood to the heart and brain. Three things are to be borne in mind: Do not give up; keep up the effort to restore respiration, and keep the body warm by rubbing and hot applications. When swallowing is established, a teaspoonful of warm water, wine, diluted whisky or brandy or warm coffee should be given. When consciousness is restored encourage sleep.

CORONATION OF KING EDWARD VII.

The coronation of King Edward VII. and Queen Alexandra took place in Westminster Abbey, London, August 9, 1902. The earlier date of June 26 had been set for this imposing state ceremony and elaborate preparations were made for it, but the serious illness of the King, almost on the eve of the time fixed for the coronation, caused an indefinite postponement, to the great regret of the people and representatives of many governments assembled to participate on the august occasion. His illness practically dated from June 13, and later on it was diagnosed as perityphlitis, a term equivalent to appendicitis. It was not until June 24, however, that a surgical operation was performed, the King in the meanwhile struggling to keep up in order to carry out the coronation program. But when confronted by the inevitable he calmly submitted. He was placed under an anaesthetic by Dr. Frederick Hewit; the incision was made by Dr. Frederick Treves, Sergeant Surgeon to the King, who before deciding on the step had consulted two other Sergeant Surgeons, Lord Lister and Sir Thomas Smith. A large abscess was opened by the incision, four and a half inches deep. Some decomposed pus was evacuated and the cavity was drained by two tubes of large caliber packed with iodoform gauze. There was no symptom of malignancy present. In four days the royal patient was moved from his bed to a couch; then to an easy chair, and when well on the way toward convalescence, was conveyed on board a Royal yacht, where, cruising in good weather and stimulated by bracing sea air, he rapidly regained strength.

In the meanwhile the representatives of foreign governments who had come to attend the coronation, largely withdrew. The specially designated ambassadors represented the following countries and States: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Denmark, France, Greece, German Empire, Hesse, Holland, Italy, Japan, Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Mecklenburg-Strelitz, Roumania, Saxe-Coburg, Spain, Turkey, United States.

France was represented by M. Paul Cambon, the German Empire by His Royal Highness Prince Henry of Prussia, the United States of America by Hon. Whitelaw Reid, of New York.

The following British colonies and dependencies were represented:

India by 6 rulers, Gibraltar, Malta, Cyprus, Canada, West Africa, Cape Colony, Natal, Newfoundland, Australian Commonwealth, New Zealand, Eastern Colonies and Protectorates, Fiji and Western Pacific, West Indies, Bermuda, British Honduras, Falklands.

King Edward, on his recovery, wrote with his own hand, dated August 8, from Buckingham Palace, where he was born, an admirable letter, "To my people, at home and in the colonies and in India," expressing his heartfelt appreciation of the deep sympathy they had manifested toward him during the time in which his "life was in such imminent danger," adding: "The postponement of the coronation ceremony, owing to my illness, caused, I fear, much inconvenience and trouble to all those who intended to celebrate it, and their disappointment was borne by them with admirable patience and temper. The prayers of My People were heard and I now offer up my deepest gratitude to Divine Providence for having preserved my life and given me strength to fulfil the important duties which devolve upon me as the sovereign of this great empire."

Edward VII. succeeded to the throne on the death of his mother, Queen Victoria, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, January 22, 1901. He took the oath of accession in St. James' Palace January 23. He was proclaimed King in London and throughout the United Kingdom January 24. The crown was placed upon his head in Westminster Abbey August 9, 1902, by the Most Reverend Frederick Temple, Archbishop of Canterbury, who was very feeble, almost blind and very nearly fainted before concluding his part of the ceremony, to the evident distress of the King. Queen Alexandra was crowned by the Archbishop of York.

Notwithstanding the retirement from London of so many representatives of foreign powers after the indefinite postponement of the ceremony in June, the coronation in August was a brilliant state function and was attended by the hearty rejoicings of the people. The King, when first stricken down, directed that the dinner to the London poor, provided for Saturday, June 28, should not be postponed. He further gave on coronation day, the valuable property of Osborne House, Isle of Wight, to his people, who are always to have access to the house, except to those apartments which were personally occupied by the late Queen, his mother, and directed that the rest of the house be devoted to national purposes and converted into a convalescent home for officers of the army and navy, whose health may be impaired.

King Edward VII. was born Nov. 9, 1841; Queen Alexandra is the oldest daughter of King Christian IX. of Denmark. The heir apparent to the British throne, George Frederick Ernest Albert Prince of Wales—born June 3, 1865.

The title of the King is: "Edward VII. by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions Beyond the Sea, King, Defender of the Faith and Emperor of India."

VISIT OF PRINCE HENRY OF PRUSSIA.

One of the leading incidents of the year 1902 was the visit of Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of the Emperor William II. of Germany, to the United States and his reception by the people and the public authorities. The Prince arrived at New York February 23 in the North German Lloyd Line steamship Kronprinz Wilhelm, and from that time until March 11, the day of his departure, he experienced a continuous series of hospitable attentions and gratifying ovations. He was welcomed on arrival by Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, U. S. N., in the name of the American people. The next day February 24, he proceeded to Washington city to pay his respects to President Roosevelt, making a brief stoppage at Baltimore, where he was greeted in Union Station by Mayor Hayes. The United Singers sang his favorite song in German, and little Violet Klein presented him with a boquet, for which she received his thanks. In the White House at Washington the Prince was received without formality. He visited the German Embassy, where he received the Diplomatic Corps; visited the Capitol and was the guest of honor at the White House at dinner in the evening, later taking a train for New York.

February 25 he accomplished the ostensible object of his visit to the United States by attending, as the representative of his brother, Emperor William, the launching of the Emperor's new yacht, Meteor, built at Shooter's Island, New York. Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of the President, bestowed the vessel's name. Prince Henry called for cheers for President Roosevelt. The President responded by calling for cheers for the Prince. The President and the Prince went from the shipyard to the Imperial yacht Hohenzollern, moored at the West Thirty-fourth street pier, New York city, where the Prince gave a luncheon in honor of the American Executive. The Prince presented to Miss Roosevelt, in the name of the Emperor, a magnificent gold bracelet, set with the Emperor's name in diamonds and, a miniature of the Emperor in diamonds.

On the evening of February 26 he reviewed a torchlight procession of German societies. He went February 27 to Washington city, and in the hall of the House of Representatives, with the President and a distinguished party, listened for an hour and a half to an oration by Secretary Hay on the late President McKinley. In the afternoon he went by trolley car to Mount Vernon, returning in time for a brief rest before dining with the President at a small party in the evening. He visited Annapolis, Md., February 28, and inspected the Naval Academy and the magnificent buildings in process of construction there for the school of naval officers. In an address to the battalion of midshipmen, or cadets as they were then called, Prince Henry said: "The workings of your school are of a high order, your drills splendidly performed, and your general work, so far as I have been able to see, is of the very highest order."

During his visit Prince Henry traveled by rail 4,530 miles through the States of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Wisconsin and Massachusetts. His trip extended as far south as Chattanooga, as far west as Milwaukee and as far east as Boston. He was absent from New York nine days and on returning to that State, March 7, visited Albany and the United States Military Academy at West Point. The larger cities included in the itinerary were:

New York, Baltimore, Washington, Annapolis, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Columbus, Cincinnati, Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Chicago, Milwaukee, Albany, Philadelphia.

The railway touring was under the personal supervision of Mr. George W. Boyd, of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans was with the Prince continuously from arrival to departure as the representative of the United States government. During the course of the visit, the Prince met nearly every prominent official in the different branches of the Federal government, and the higher functionaries of the States through which he passed, as well as those of the larger municipalities where he was entertained. In New York, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis and Milwaukee the German American populations are in such large proportion he had excellent opportunities of studying the conditions of the many hundreds of thousands of people who have so immensely bettered their fortunes and condition by emigrating to America.

In commemoration of the visit, Emperor William presented a statue in bronze of Frederick the Great to the United States, which was accepted in the name of the people by President Roosevelt, and a site was selected for it adjacent to the War College in the Arsenal grounds at Washington.

Heinrich the Navigator, as the people of Prussia call Prince Henry, is three years younger than his brother, the Kaiser. He was 39 years of age at the time of his visit. He is a trained officer of the German Imperial Navy with the rank of Rear Admiral. His residence is at Kiel.

STATUE TO ROCHAMBEAU.

A bronze statue to General Rochambeau, commemorative of his services to the American colonies during their struggle for independence, was unveiled May 24, 1902, at Washington, with imposing ceremonies. It was a cordial demonstration of the traditional friendship between the United States and France. Brilliant delegations of soldiers and statesmen of France were present, including direct descendants and other representatives of the Rochambeau family. The French battleship Gaulois, with many of these guests of the nation on board, was escorted up the Chesapeake Bay to the anchorage in Annapolis Roads by a squadron of American warships. President Roosevelt in person welcomed the guests at Annapolis. Rounds of courtesies were exchanged at the Naval Academy and in Washington, and the unveiling ceremonies were attended by a military and naval demonstration suitable to the occasion.

The statue is a replica of one erected June 4, 1900, at Vendome, the old home of Count de Rochambeau. May 24 was selected as the date for the dedication because it is the anniversary of the entrance of Rochambeau into the French Army.

Jean Baptiste Donatien de Vimeur, Count de Rochambeau, was the son of a lieutenant-general of the French Army and Governor of Vendome. Born in 1725, he was destined for the church and was being educated in the Jesuit College at Blois when the death of his elder brother left him sole heir of the paternal estate and caused him to enter the army. His services were brilliant and promotion was rapid. Taking part in the war beyond the Rhine, in Bavaria and in Bohemia, by 1747 he was colonel, and after the capture of Port Mahon, in 1756, was made a knight. Later services in Germany brought him the rank of lieutenant-general and caused him to be selected by Louis XVI. to command the army destined to serve against England in America. His position as a nobleman and his high military rank helped him in his task, enabling him to get his troops increased to 6,000 men and to obtain other support needed for success, including $20,000 in gold. General Rochambeau, having five ships, landed in July, 1780, in Rhode Island, and by promptly fortifying, averted an attack prepared by the British. He spent the winter partly in disciplining his troops and ordering increased supplies from Paris and partly in concerting plans of campaign with Washington. On DeGrasse's arrival with 3,000 more troops the campaign in Virginia was devised, and after defeating Clinton on Manhattan Island, Rochambeau so maneuvered his forces as to prevent Clinton from sending a force to help Cornwallis. When everything was ready he hastened with the Americans to Yorktown, where he led one of the French columns that assaulted the British works. In 1783, after several minor enterprises, he returned to France. His success brought him new honors both in France and in America, where his name will always be held in grateful remembrance.

PEGGY STEWART'S DAY.

October 19 is the anniversary of the burning of the tea-laden brig Peggy Stewart at Annapolis, Md., in 1774. The destruction of this vessel and cargo was one of the most memorable events in the history of Maryland. The general convention which assembled at Annapolis on the 22d of July, 1774, to strengthen the resistance to the stamp act and to all acts of Parliament taxing the colonies, resolved to stop all importations from and exportations to Great Britain so long as the acts taxing the colonies remained unrepealed. Among the taxes imposed by the British government was one on tea. In Frederick county, Maryland, a resolution was passed on July 2, 1774, by a meeting of citizens, that they would not drink any tea nor suffer the same to be used in their families until the duty was repealed. The brig Peggy Stewart, of Annapolis, arrived at that port on the 15th of October, 1774, having among her cargo seventeen chests of tea. The consignees were merchants in Annapolis. The owner of the brig was Mr. Alexander Stewart. Mr. Stewart and the brothers Williams, who were the importers, offered to take the tea from the brig and burn it, but the popular indignation was so great that the citizens would not accept this atonement. Finally Mr. Stewart proposed to burn the vessel and her cargo, and in the presence of a committee he directed the brig to be run aground on Windmill Point, where he set fire to her with his own hands. In all this patriotic business there was no disguise. Every one connected with it was known. The burning of the vessel was begun and consummated in open day, and it was in this manner Maryland vindicated her right to stand shoulder to shoulder with her sister colonies in resisting taxation without representation. In commemoration of the event, the 19th of October is now called "Peggy Stewart's Day" in Maryland, and deserves the distinction, though it is not a legal holiday.

KING ALFONSO XIII. OF SPAIN.

Alfonso XIII., who attained the age of 16 years May 17, 1902, ascended the throne of Spain and began his reign. An unexpected scene created some transient alarm. Just as the royal procession was starting from the palace, a madman—Jose Puiz, 23 years old, who came from the Province of Alicante—broke through the guard of soldiers and rushed toward the King's coach. He held his hat in one hand and outstretched in the other was a paper. The King's attendants overpowered and arrested him.

Questioned later, Puiz said the Infanta Maria Teresa, youngest sister of the King, had promised to marry him. His object in accosting the King was to ask Alfonso to bestow the hand of the Infanta upon him. He had no arms in his possession, but a love poem was found in his pocket.

The procession moved on subsequently to the Chamber of Deputies, where the King was enthroned and took the royal oath.

The United States was represented at Madrid on the occasion by a special ambassador, Dr. J. L. M. Curry, who, on the accession of the King to the throne, delivered to him a friendly message from President Roosevelt on behalf of the American people. Dr. Curry was Minister to Spain when the young King was born. All Americans attending the ceremonies received a cordial welcome at the Spanish capital.

The King has an annual civil list fixed by the Cortes of 7,000,000 pesetas (about $1,400,000), exclusive of allowances to members of the royal family, the Queen Regent having had the administration and use of the sum until the King became of age.

Maria Cristina, Arch Duchess of Austria, was the Queen Regent of Spain for 16½ years. She was 21 years of age when she married Alfonso XII., King of Spain, who was broken-hearted over the sudden death of his beautiful queen, Mercedes. In December, 1879, Francisco Otero Gonzales attempted to assassinate the sovereigns, and the young Queen bore herself with such calm and conspicuous bravery on that occasion as to create a strong feeling in her favor. When Alfonso XII. died, in 1885, she was left with two children—Princesses Maria de las Mercedes and Maria Teresa. A few months later the present King, Alfonso XIII., was born.

During the war with the United States, in which her empire was stripped of its colonial possession, she was always in the public eye as the pathetic victim of fate, and when, on May 17 last, she laid aside the responsibilities of state on the enthronement of her son the good will of the world went with her into retirement.

TERMS OF THE SURRENDER OF THE BOERS.

Terms of surrender by the Boers to the British in South Africa were signed at Pretoria, Saturday, May 31, 1902, ending the war, which began October 11, 1899, and lasted two years seven months and twenty days. The signers were: Lord Kitchener and Lord Milner, in behalf of the British Government; Gen. C. B. De Wet, General Bremner and Judge Hertzog, in behalf of the Orange Free State; General Schalk-Burger, Gen. Reitz, Gen. Louis Botha and General Delarey, in behalf of their respective burghers. The terms agreed to, covered the following points:

1. Burgher forces in the field to lay down their arms, cease resistance and acknowledge King Edward VII. as their lawful sovereign.

2. All burghers and prisoners of war accepting the status of British subjects to be restored to their homes.

3. Returning burghers not to be deprived of their personal liberty or property.

4. No one so surrendering to be prosecuted for acts done during the war, except in cases where such acts were contrary to the usages of war.

5. The Dutch language to be taught in public schools when desired by parents.

6. Arms to be allowed, on license, in localities where rifles are necessary for protection.

7. The military administration of the Transvaal and Orange River Colony, to be succeeded at the earliest possible date by a civil government, and, as soon as circumstances permit, representative institutions leading up to self-government to be introduced.

8. The question of granting the franchise to natives not to be decided until after the introduction of self-government.

9. No special tax to be imposed on landed property in the Transvaal or Orange River Colony to defray the expenses of the war.

10. A free grant of $15,000,000 by the British Government for the purpose of assisting in the restoration of the people to their homes and supplying those who, owing to war losses, are unable to provide for themselves, with food and shelter and the necessary amount of seed, stock and implements, etc., indispensable to the resumption of their normal occupations; also loans to be made for the same purpose for two years without interest, all foreigners and rebels excluded from benefits under this clause.

CARNEGIE INSTITUTION.

Office: 1439 K Street, Washington, D. C.
President—Daniel C. Gilman, Maryland.
Secretary—Charles D. Walcott, District of Columbia.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Daniel C. Gilman, Baltimore.
Charles D. Walcott, Washington.
Abram S. Hewitt, New York.
Elihu Root, Washington.
Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, Philadelphia.
Dr. John S. Billings, New York.
Carroll D. Wright, Washington.

TRUSTEES.

Chairman—Abram S. Hewitt, New York.
Vice-Chairman—Dr. John S. Billings, New York.
Secretary—Charles D. Walcott, Washington, D. C.

The President of the United States.
The President of the United States Senate.
The Speaker of the House of Representatives.
The Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution.
The President of the National Academy of Science.
William N. Frew, Pennsylvania.
Lyman J. Gage, Illinois.
Daniel C. Gilman, Maryland.
John Hay, District of Columbia.
Henry L. Higginson, Massachusetts.
Henry Hitchcock, Missouri.
Charles L. Hutchinson, Illinois.
William Lindsay, Kentucky.
Seth Low, New York.
Wayne MacVeagh, Pennsylvania.
D. O. Mills, California.
S. Weir Mitchell, Pennsylvania.
W. W. Morrow, California.
Elihu Root, New York.
John G. Spooner, Wisconsin.
Andrew D. White, New York.
Edward D. White, Louisiana.
Carroll D. Wright, District of Columbia.

Ex-President Grover Cleveland, of New Jersey, was originally selected as one of the trustees, but asked to be excused from serving.

On December 10, 1901, Mr. Andrew Carnegie proposed to President Roosevelt to give the sum of $10,000,000 to found an institution in the City of Washington for the promotion of learning and original research. His first thought was to fulfil the expressed wish of Washington by establishing a university at the National Capital, but he could not overcome the objection, that another university now might tend to weaken existing universities. He said: "My desire is to co-operate with all educational institutions, and establish what will be a source of strength and not of weakness to them, and the idea of a Washington university or of anything of a memorial character was, therefore, abandoned."

Articles of incorporation were filed with the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, January 4, 1902, fixing the name and title of the institution as "The Carnegie Institution."

The incorporators were:

John Hay, Secretary of State; Edw. D. White, Justice of the United States Supreme Court; Daniel Coit Gilman, late president of the Johns Hopkins University; Charles D. Walcott, superintendent of the Geological Survey; John S. Billings, ex-Surgeon-General of the Navy; Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of Labor.

The purposes of the Carnegie Institution are given in the following statement by Dr. Walcott:

1. To increase the efficiency of the universities and other institutions of learning throughout the country by utilizing and adding to their existing facilities and by aiding teachers in the various institutions for experimental and other work in these institutions, as far as may be advisable.

2. To discover the exceptional man in every department of study, whenever and wherever found, and enable him by financial aid to make the work for which he seems especially designed his life work.

3. To promote original research, paying great attention thereto, as being one of the chief purposes of this institution.

4. To increase facilities for higher education.

5. To enable such students as may find Washington the best point for their special studies to avail themselves of such advantages as may be open to them in the museums, libraries, laboratories, observatory, meteorological, piscicultural and forestry schools, and kindred institutions of the several departments of the government.

6. To insure the prompt publication and distribution of the results of scientific investigation, a field considered to be highly important.

These and kindred objects may be attained by providing the necessary apparatus, by employing able teachers from various institutions in Washington and elsewhere, and by enabling men fitted for special work to devote themselves to it, through salaries, fellowships or scholarships, or through salaries, with or without pensions in old age, or through aid in other forms to such men as continue their special work at seats of learning throughout the world.

ANDREW CARNEGIE'S GIFTS.

Computed Up to May 4, 1902.

Countries.	Amounts.
Canada	$876,500
Cuba	252,000
England	605,000
Ireland	65,500
Scotland	13,078,750
United States	52,270,173
Miscellaneous gifts, Great Britain	250,000
Grand total	$67,397,923

DISASTROUS FIRES IN 1902.

At Atlantic City, N. J., April 3, 1902, twelve hotels burned, twenty business establishments destroyed, Young's Pier wrecked and a large section of the boardwalk gone, were some of the effects of probably the most disastrous fire that ever visited that popular resort. The fact that the wind did not blow direct from the ocean was all that saved the major portion of the city from destruction. The fire started at the corner of Illinois avenue and the boardwalk, and was discovered at 9 o'clock A. M. The following were the hotels burned:

Hotel Windsor, Hotel Karlton, Hotel Luray, New Holland, Stratford, Berkeley, Stickney, Evard, Bryn Mawr Hotel, Mervine's Baths, Hotel Mervine, Hotel Rio Grande.

Young's Ocean Pier blazed fiercely, the Marine Hall in the center being entirely destroyed and the fire cutting the big pier into two sections, and a party watching the fire from the pier had to be rescued by life-boats. The total loss was estimated at $750,000.

In New York City, February 22, 1902, the Park Avenue Hotel, at Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets, and the armory of the Seventy-first Regiment were destroyed by fire. The fire broke out in the armory at 1.30 A. M. An hour afterwards the discovery was made that the hotel nearby was ablaze. More than 500 guests were in the house, many of them women. Of these 18 lost their lives and 25 were injured. The escape of those who saved themselves formed a series of thrilling incidents. Mrs. Salome Foster, widely known as the "Tombs Angel," was one of the victims.

The Park Hotel was built by the late A. T. Stewart at a cost of $2,000,000, and when constructed was considered "fire-proof." The armory covered an entire block and was occupied also by the Second Battery and the First Signal Corps. A large quantity of fixed ammunition was stored in the building, which exploded, sending bullets in all directions and throwing the walls outward. The building cost $900,000.

A fire starting Sunday, February 2, 1902, in Waterbury, Conn., burned 15 hours in the heart of the city, leaving four acres of buildings in ruins and causing a damage of $3,000,000. The wind was blowing at the rate of 60 miles an hour, and the firemen were for a long while unable to cope with the conflagration. No lives were lost. Hundreds of people were left homeless.

February 9, 1902, Patterson, N. J., was swept by a conflagration, the loss from which was estimated at $10,000,000. The fire started in a street-car shed and originated from defective insulation of electric light wires; it began at midnight and continued for 24 hours, aided by a stiff northeast gale. The area burned was 26 blocks. The principal buildings destroyed were the City Hall, Public Library, two school buildings, five churches, five banks, seven office buildings, a theater, many stores, 500 dwellings, two telegraph buildings, two newspaper offices. At least 1,000 families were left without shelter.

GEOGRAPHIC SOCIETY OF BALTIMORE.

Organized October 17, 1902, for the Diffusion of Geographic Knowledge of Every Kind, with Special Reference to the Commercial Needs of Baltimore.

President—Dr. Daniel C. Gilman.
Vice-Presidents—Bernard N. Baker.
Rev. Dr. John F. Goucher.
Gen. Lawrason Riggs.
Treasurer—Robert Garrett.
Secretary—Dr. George B. Shattuck.

TRUSTEES.

Daniel C. Gilman.	Antonio C. de Magalhaes.	William H. Perot.	Robert Garrett.
Waldo Newcomer.	Charles J. Bonaparte.	John F. Goucher.	Gilbert Fraser.
Bernard N. Baker.	James H. Van Sickle.	Dr. R. W. Woods	Ira Remsen.
George R. Gaither.	George A. Von Lingen.	Lawrason Riggs.	L. F. Loree.
George B. Shattuck.	Bernard C. Steiner.	Robert Ramsay.	C. K. Lord.
Joseph R. Foard.	C. Morton Stewart.	Fabian Franklin.	George Cator.
Eugene Levering.	Wm. Bullock Clark.	R. Brent Keyser.	John E. Hurst.
Dr. Harry F. Reid.	Blanchard Randall.		

REAR-ADMIRAL WM. T. SAMPSON.

Rear-Admiral William T. Sampson, United States Navy, retired, died of hemorrhage of the brain at his residence in Washington City, May 6, 1902, in the sixty-third year of his age, and was buried May 9 in Arlington Cemetery. He was born in Hudson, N. Y., February 6, 1840. He was appointed an acting midshipman September 27, 1857, and graduated from the Naval Academy June 1, 1861. He was the son of a day laborer, and by merit worked his way up from the ranks to high and notable command. He was regarded as one of the best strategists and tacticians in the Navy. During most of his time on shore duty he was connected with the Naval Academy, at Annapolis, where his influence was felt on the training of young officers. At the beginning of the Civil War he was at the Academy, and for two years of the war was with the practice ship John Adams. From 1886 to 1890 he was superintendent of the Naval Academy, and in 1889 was United States delegate to the International Marine Conference, and he presided at the Court of Inquiry in the Maine disaster. His rank of captain was attained March, 1889.

On the outbreak of the Spanish War he was appointed by President McKinley to the command of the North Atlantic Squadron over the heads of ten commodores and one other captain. His reputation as a skilled tactician was the weighty consideration for his elevation over the heads of his superiors, although at the time this was said not to be meant as a reflection on their capabilities as fleet commanders.

In the memorable naval battle of July 3, 1898, between the American and Spanish ships off Santiago de Cuba, Rear-Admiral Sampson commanded the flag-ship New York. When the battle began he was seven miles distant, on the way to Siboney, by appointment, to consult with General William R. Shafter, commanding the land forces then investing Santiago. In his absence the ranking officer was Commodore Winfield S. Schley, of the Brooklyn. The New York came in at the finish, but the battle was already practically won. All the ships of the Spanish squadron were burned or sunk. Their commander, Admiral Cervera, and 1,500 prisoners were captured. Some 600 Spanish lives were lost, while on the side of the Americans only one man was killed and one wounded. Both the casualties were on the Brooklyn.

COL. CHARLES MARSHALL.

Col. Charles Marshall, one of the leaders of the Baltimore bar for many years, and a man of international reputation as the military secretary of Gen. Robert E. Lee, died of apoplexy in Baltimore, April 19, 1902, aged 71 years. He was born in Warrenton, Fauquier county, Va. His father, Alexander J. Marshall, was the son of Charles Marshall, a brother of Chief Justice John Marshall; his mother was Maria Rosalie, the daughter of Robert I. Taylor, of Alexandria, Va. He graduated from the University of Virginia in 1850 with high honors and with the degree of Master of Arts. He became professor of mathematics in the Indiana University, but resigned in 1852 to take up the study of the law. In 1853 he came to Baltimore and entered the law office of William Schley. After his admission to the bar he was rapidly building up a fine practice in Baltimore when the Civil War broke out, and his legal work was laid aside for the time. In 1862 General Lee invited him to become a member of his staff. He did so and was attached to General Lee throughout the war. As military secretary, a position corresponding to chief of staff in other armies, all of the General's most famous orders and dispatches were written by the hand of Colonel Marshall, and many of them are supposed to have been his own compositions.

Throughout the war Colonel Marshall was probably the officer of all others whom General Lee trusted and for whom he had the warmest affection. He was the only member of the General's staff who accompanied him at the surrender at Appomattox, and the terms of surrender were drafted by him.

At the close of the war Colonel Marshall returned to Baltimore and in 1867 formed a partnership with the late Judge William A. Fisher, which continued until the elevation of the latter to the bench. Afterward he was associated with the late Thomas W. Hall. Then the firm became Marshall, Marbury & Bowdoin, and more recently it has been known as Charles Marshall & Sons.

Colonel Marshall was twice married. His first wife was Miss Emily Andrews. She died about 1860, leaving a daughter, Emily Rosalie, now the wife of Judge Somerville Pinkney Tuck, a member of the International Court at Cairo, Egypt. In 1867 Colonel Marshall married Miss Rebecca Snowden, of Prince George's county. She survives with five sons—Messrs. H. Snowden Marshall, of New York, a member of the legal firm of Weeks, Battle & Marshall, of that city; J. Markham Marshall, Robert E. Lee Marshall, both of the Baltimore bar; Dr. Henry T. Marshall and Charles A. Marshall.

SEVENTEEN-YEAR LOCUSTS.

During the last two weeks of May, 1902, the largest brood in America of the periodical cicada, or "17-year locusts," as they are popularly called, made their appearance simultaneously in twenty States. This vast insect army, numbering countless billions, has never failed to reappear in the last weeks of May at regular intervals of 17 years since the year 1715. Wherever it appeared in 1885, the year of its last previous outbreak, it reappeared in largely increased numbers in May, 1902. The territory included in the visitation embraced the States of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Ohio, West Virginia, Virginia, Massachusetts, Vermont, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Wisconsin, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina and Tennessee.

Maryland had them most in the following sections: Allegany, Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Caroline, Carroll, Cecil, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, Howard, Kent, Montgomery, Prince George's, Queen Anne, Talbot and Washington counties.

Delaware had them in all three counties—Kent, New Castle and Sussex.

Virginia in Alexandria, Augusta, Carroll, Clarke and adjoining counties, Fairfax, Frederick, Loudoun, Spottsylvania, Warren and Wythe counties.

District of Columbia, throughout.

The first reappearance noted in 1902 in Maryland was May 18, in Howard County. Their numbers in Maryland were as great, if not greater, than ever, but they did comparatively little damage, except to the tender twigs of fruit and other trees in which they deposited their eggs. They have no sting and are incapable of inflicting injury on man, and, indeed, is unable to defend itself against its insect enemies.

Each individual of this countless insect host was 17 years of age when it reappeared above ground. In the month of June, 1885, the female cicadas of that year planted her hundreds of eggs in the green twigs of the trees. A few weeks later the ant-like baby cicadas escaped from their shells, fell lightly to the ground and burrowed out of sight, forming themselves subterranean cells close to the sappy rootlets of the parent tree, from which source subsistence was derived for 17 years. During this underground life the insect is developed from the size of a small grain of bird shot until it emerges, without wings, looking something like a big brown roach, the full size of the "locust shell," which the full-grown cicada leaves on the tree when it comes forth to propagate. The shell splits up the back and the cicada emerges fully equipped with wings. The female does not "sing;" she attends to business, while the male sits by and rejoices. His musical apparatus is a pair of small, shell-like, inflated drums on his under side, and at his waist line. He vibrates these by the action of very powerful muscles, which snap the drum in and out, as one would the bottom of an oil can, but with incomprehensible speed. The sound is modified by adjacent disks and sounding-boards.

The aerial stage last but five or six weeks, during which the embryotic stage of the future generation begins; the old one dies out and the new one passes into the earth for 17 years of existence in celibacy and seclusion.

This periodical cicada is but one of 500 species of cicadas represented in the world. There are two races of periodical cicadas, viz.: the 17-year race, limited to the northern half of the country, and the 13-year race, confined to the Southern States, the latter appearing once every 13 years, as indicated by its name. The 17-year race is the larger of the two. The areas occupied by these two races overlap to a certain extent.

The greatest "locust year" in the memory of men living today was 1868, when appeared the grandparents of the brood of 1902, together with the largest of the Southern, or 13-year broods, whose great-grandchildren are due south of Mason and Dixon's line in 1907. Again in 1885 the parents of the cicadas of 1902 appeared in conjunction with the second largest of the 13-year broods. But a simultaneous appearance of the largest Northern and Southern broods will not occur again until 2087.

LIGHTNING PROOF.

An electrician's safety dress has been invented. It is composed wholly of fine and thickly woven wire gauze to completely inclose the wearer, including hands, feet and head. It weighs 3.3 pounds, but its cooling surface is so great that a current of 200 amperes can pass through the dress from hand to hand for some seconds without perceptible heating effect. Standing on the ground, uninsulated, the inventor drew sparks from the secondary terminals of a transformer, which was giving a tension of 75,000 volts, with a period of 50 cycles per second, and declared that he did not feel the slightest sensation of a current passing through his body.

PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEMS IN MARYLAND.

Administration for the public schools of the counties and the City of Baltimore is separate and distinct, though both are supported from the same sources of revenue out of a common school fund, distributed quarterly by the Comptroller of the Treasury. The general supervising body for State schools is a board of five members headed by the Governor. The county school boards attend to administrative details, aided by an officer who is their secretary-treasurer and school examiner. The governing body for the city schools is a board of nine persons appointed by the Mayor for terms of six years each, and their executives are a superintendent and two assistants.

The first permanent provision made for the support of free schools throughout the State of Maryland was by Act of Assembly, in 1812, directing that funds derived from the incorporation of banks and turnpikes be appropriated for that purpose. In 1816 an act as passed providing for school commissioners in each county to distribute funds, etc. The nucleus of the present system is as old as the Act of 1825, which was a good and careful law. The first school fund proper was created by a tax of 20 cents on each $100 of stock of banks incorporated. To this was added certain surplus revenues received from the United States for money advanced to the general government during the war of 1812. The first general school law was passed in 1826. The first superintendent of public instruction was Littleton Dennis Teackle. In 1864 education was made a part of the organic law of the State, and Rev. Dr. Libertus Van Bokkelen became superintendent of public instruction. He framed a general school law, which was superseded under the Constitution of 1867. The present school law was framed in 1872, and, with amendments, has remained substantially the same. The changes include general supervision by a State superintendent. This office was created by Act of Assembly, in 1900, and Mr. M. Bates Stephens, of Caroline County, was appointed to the office. Under the Act of 1872 the duties of a State superintendent were performed by the principal of the Normal School. Another recent and liberal step was, in 1898, providing free text books for all pupils attending the public schools. County school boards were first elective, then appointive by judges of the circuits, and then, in 1894, appointive by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

ICE EMBARGO AND FLOODS OF 1902.

For three weeks during the month of February, 1902, navigation of the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries was suspended on account of protracted cold weather. From the mouth of the Susquehanna on the north to the Virginia line on the south, all the rivers on both sides of the bay were closed and the oyster business, as well as navigation, was brought to a dead standstill. At Annapolis the ice in the Severn was thicker than during any winter since 1880. Ice of the thickness of four inches was reported in Chester River at Chestertown; seven inches in the Choptank at Cambridge. Eastern Bay, Miles River and the Tred Avon in Talbot County were closed. All sailing vessels and steamers were ice-bound at Crisfield. For two weeks Synepuxent Bay, Chincoteague Bay and Pocomoke River in Worcester County were closed. Navigation of all kinds was stopped, except from Franklin City to Chincoteague Island. The rivers of Southern Maryland were also closed. For several days, from February 17, the snow driven by a gale blockaded the avenues of travel throughout Maryland. One of the winter incidents in Frederick County was putting a frame house on runners and moving it three miles by horse power.

A storm which prevailed Friday, February 21, caused great damage by sleet to the telegraph wires. For some hours Baltimore was completely isolated. Only two wires to Washington were working. News from the West and North came by way of Richmond and the South. The fire-alarm system in large sections of Baltimore was thrown into confusion. The Street Department was kept busy answering calls for relief from impending floods. Rainfall was 2.13 inches. Limbs of trees and wires were prostrated by the ice, blocking thoroughfares and impeding traffic. In Washington, New York, Philadelphia, Wilmington and other Eastern cities wires were broken and the streets rendered dangerous.

February 26, the melting of snow and the sudden breaking up of the ice, in addition to heavy rains, caused floods in the rivers of Maryland, West Virginia and Pennsylvania. Port Deposit, in Maryland, was inundated by the breaking up of the ice in the Susquehanna River. It was March 3 before the floods in many parts of the country began to subside. Great damage was done throughout New York, New Jersey and New England. Along the upper Susquehanna hundreds of houses were flooded. The Chesapeake and Ohio Canal in Maryland sustained some serious damage.

April 30, new floods resulted from heavy rains throughout Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Delaware, Pennsylvania and the South.

DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF MARYLAND.

Chairman—Murray Vandiver.
Secretary—Lloyd Wilkinson.
Ass't Secretary—M. Barratt Walker.
Treasurer—Spencer Watkins.
Attorney—John P. Poe.
Bureau of Registration—Albert J. Almoney.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Joshua W. Miles. Frank A. Furst. Dr. L. C. Carrico.
Walter R. Townsend. William Reed. Buchanan Schley.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, 1902.

Allegany County—
Jasper N. Willison, Cumberland.
Harry E. Weber, Cumberland.
Fuller Barnard, Westernport.

Anne Arundel County—
Dr. George Wells, Annapolis.
Dr. B. R. Davidson, Davidsonville.
Jas. P. Bannon, Jessups.

Baltimore City—
First District.
John Hannibal, Law Building.
John B. Spence, Balto. and Exeter sts.
Robert J. Padgett, Jr., 1017 North Broadway.
Second District.
W. Star Gephardt, Central Savings Bank.
Wm. F. Porter, 224 St. Paul street.
Richard T. Richardson, 623 N. Carrollton avenue.
Third District.
Dr. John T. McCarthy, 656 W. Franklin street.
Dr. John D. Norris, 1221 W. Fayette street.
Dr. Wm. B. Burch, 511 Hanover st.

Baltimore County—
J. Fred C. Talbott, Hon., Lutherville.
G. Albert Mays, Hereford.
Chas. A. Councilman, Glyndon.

Calvert County—
Thomas B. Turner, Pr. Frederick
Nathaniel W. Brome, Lusby.
Malcolm Graham, Sunderland.

Caroline County—
Hon. Thomas A. Smith, Ridgely.
Emory S. Turpin, Greensboro.
Albert W. Sisk, Preston.

Carroll County—
Hon. Benj. F. Crouse, Westminster.
T. Herbert Shriver, Union Mills.
Johnzie E. Beasman, Sykesville.

Cecil County—
J. M. Tucker, Elkton.
Reuben E. Jamar, Elkton.
Alex Peoples, Perryville.

Charles County—
P. Ernest Sasscer, La Plata.
P. Reed Wills, Bel Alton.
C. Grantley Edelin, Bryantown.

Dorchester County—
Hon. Wm. F. Applegarth, Golden Hill.
John W. T. Webb, Vienna.
Wm. E. Johnson, East New Market.

Frederick County—
Dr. Jesse W. Downey, New Market.
J. Roger McSherry, Frederick.
Charles N. Hargett, Frederick.

Garrett County—
Dr. E. H. Bartlett, Oakland.
N. C. Browning, Sang Run.
J. C. Brydon, Bloomington.

Harford County—
Hon. Thos. H. Robinson, Belair.
Edward H. Hall, Emmorton.
Hollins Courtney, Jr., Havre de Grace.

Howard County—
Joshua N. Warfield, Florence.
Frank Parlett, Ellicott City.
Martin P. Burke, Ellicott City.

Kent County—
Wm. W. Beck, Chestertown.
J. Thomas Pennington, Galena.
John H. O. Stokes, Coleman's.

Montgomery County—
Hon. Hattersley W. Talbott, Rockville.
Chas. H. Griffith, Griffith.
Henry C. Fields, Rockville.

Prince George County—
Aquila T. Robinson, Brandywine.
Fillmore Beall, Beltsville.
George S. Dove, Forestville.

Queen Anne County—
John E. George, Sudlersville.
Jas. E. Kirwan, Chester.
George A. Dever, Hope.

Somerset County—
S. Frank Dashiell, Dame's Quarter.
J. B. Nelson, Crisfield.
Louis M. Milbourn, Kingston.

St. Mary's County—
J. Frank Smith, Scotland.
Geo. W. Maddox, Maddox.
B. Harris Camalier, Leonardtown.

Talbot County—
Chas. B. Lloyd, Trappe.
Samuel A. Harper, St. Michael's.
Geo. W. Wilson, Easton.

Washington County—
John B. Sweeney, Hagerstown.
Dr. J. H. Wade, Boonsboro.
Hon. B. Abner Betts, Chewsville.
W. A. Carr, Smithburg.
Benjamin Mitchell, Hancock.

Wicomico County—
Hon. Elihu E. Jackson, Salisbury.
Wm. L. Laws, Wango.
James T. Truitt, Salisbury.

Worcester County—
Col. John P. Moore, Snow Hill.
Dr. John W. Pitts, Berlin.
Dr. Corbin F. Hargis, Pocomoke City.

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF MARYLAND.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, 1902.

Chairman—Phillips Lee Goldsborough.

Secretary—Henry F. New.

Allegany County—
C. H. Holtzman, Cumberland.
J. J. Bell, Lonaconing.
Wm. Pearre, Cumberland.
A. G. Washington, Cumberland.
Daniel Houck, Mt. Savage.
John B. Williams, Frostburg.

Anne Arundel County—
Dr W. G. Tuck, Annapolis.
R. Tilghman Brice, Annapolis.
Bryon Phelps, Odenton.
Benj. Henson, Annapolis.
Edwin Nutwell, Sudley.

Baltimore City—
First Legislative District.
Dr. David W. Jones, N. W. corner O'Donnell and Robinson streets.
Thos. A. Robinson, Court of Common Pleas.
George W. Pfeffer, 132 S. Caroline st.
Chas. L. Ramsay, 743 W. Mulberry street.
Wm. M. Stewart, 520 Aisquith street.
Geo. B. Flynn, 228 E. Baltimore st.
A. A. Moreland, 1617 Ashland ave.
Geo. W. Padgett, 1621 N. Broadway.
Second Legislative District.
Patrick W. Seery, 1912 Oak Hill ave.
Chas. E. West, Court of Common Pleas.
Geo. F. Jones, Courthouse.
Wm. F. Ijams, 326 Falls road.
Wm. M. Byrne, office Register of Wills.
J. Reese Pitcher, West Arlington.
Jno. C. Simmering, 1536 Harlem ave.
Stephen R. Mason, Courthouse.
Third Legislative District.
Rich. J Dyott, 1313 Etting street.
Luther H Ramsay, Record Office, Courthouse
Edw Wolf, 132 W. Pratt street.
David W. Dempsey, Record Office, Courthouse.
Harry L. Ruskell, 1126 Nanticoke st.
J. E. McClellan, Warner and Lee sts.
Chas. H Roberts, 1426 Patapsco st.
J. Webb Thomas, 1211 William st.

Baltimore County—
C. Ross Mace, 19 Daily Record Bldg.
Arthur B Graham, Ellicott City.
C. Ellsworth Upton, Powhatan.
Sam'l DeHoff, Internal Revenue.
Michael J Riley, 3 Dillon st., Canton.
Zebedee Householder, St. Denis.
Thos. V. Richardson, Phoenix.

Calvert County—
Thos. Parran, St Leonard's.
O. D Simmons, Bowen.
J. P. Young, Dunkirk.

Carroll County—
Geo. F. Sharrer, Westminster.
Walter R. Rudy, Mt. Airy.
Wm. Y Frizzell, Bloom.
W. W. Swelgert, York road.
Chas. W. Melville, Haight.

Caroline County—
John A. Sigler, Ridgely.
J. B. Fletcher, Preston.
Thomas B. Green, Denton.

Cecil County—
W. J. Smith, Elkton.
H. H Haines, Rising Sun
Edw. C. Wilson, Elk Neck.
Lewis T. Logan, Rowlandsville.

Charles County—
Sydney E. Mudd, La Plata.
Gonza R. Wade, Malcolm.
Thos. Norman, Grayton.

Dorchester County—
P. L. Goldsborough, Cambridge.
Vice-Ch. Jas. C. Leonard, Cambridge.
Jos. B. Andrews, Hurlock.
F. H. Webb, Vienna
Henry I. Phillips, Fishing Creek
Wm. H. Clash, Cambridge.

Frederick County—
John U. Markell, Frederick
Vice-Ch. Arthur D. Willard, Frederick.
Capt. H. C. Henshaw, Adamstown.
Wm. H. Harry, Frederick.
Albert M. Patterson, Emmitsburg.
Geo. L. Kaufman, Pearl.
J. Roger Motter, Frederick.

Garrett County—
Dr. J. W. Laughlin, Deer Park.
Chas. E. Hilleary, Gormania, W. Va.
Thos. H. Bittinger, Grantsville.

Harford County—
Richard Dallam, Belair.
Carroll Pennington, Jarrettsville.
W. Scott Whiteford, Whiteford.
Jos F. Johnson, Michaelsville.
Clarence C. Pusey, Havre de Grace.

Howard County—
Trueman C. Welling, Clarksville.
Clarence H. Oldfield, Ellicott City.
Richard Rollins, Elkridge.

Kent County—
Bartus Trew, Pomona.
Dan'l Hill, Kennedyville.
John Terrell, Millington.

Montgomery County—
Ashley M. Gould, U. S. District Attorney, Washington, D. C.
Thos. C. Noyes, Star Bldg., Washington, D. C.
J. Fred Browning, Winder Building, Treasury Dept., Washington, D. C.
Uriah Griffith, Laytonsville.
Geo. T. Williams, Clarksburg.

Prince George's County—
James B. Bolt, Upper Marlboro.
Wm. T. S. Rollins, Seat Pleasant.
Clarence Hawkins, T. B.
Sam'l R. Jennings, Collington.
Richard N. Ryon, Upper Marlboro.

Queen Anne's County—
John E. Wilson, Centreville.
David Wallace, Barclay.
Geo. E. Lane, Queenstown.
John P. Forrester, Centreville.

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF MARYLAND—Continued.

Somerset County—
A. Lincoln Dryden, Crisfield.
Wm. F. Lankford, Princess Anne.
Harry B. Phoebus, Orlveo.
Edward N. Wilson, Fairmount.

St. Mary's County—
Enoch B. Abell, Leonardtown.
Alfred Armstrong, St. Inigoes.
A. E. Bowling, Mechanicsville.

Talbot County—
Isaac Barber, Easton.
H. Clay Dodson, St. Michaels.
John T. Trax, Woodland.
C. C. Shorb, McDaniel.

Washington County—
John W. Cable, Customhouse, City.
Chas. W. Adams, Sharpsburg.
Geo. A. Davis, Hagerstown.
Leander H. Kuhn, Hancock.
Harry K. Startsman, Hagerstown.
Dr. W. M. Neiheiser, Keedysville.

Wicomico County—
Wm. H. Jackson, Salisbury.
E. S. Adkins Salisbury.
Capt. E. S. Turner, Nanticoke.
Wm. H. Knowles, Sharptown.

Worcester County—
Adlai P. Barnes, Snow Hill.
Edward S. Furbush, Berlin.
Elijah J. Schoolfield, Pocomoke City.
Geo. R. Marshall, Stockton.

MARYLAND LIBRARY COMMISSIONS.

President—M. Bates Stephens, Baltimore.
Mrs. Anne B. Jeffers, Annapolis.
Mrs. John M. Carter, Mt. Washington.
Secretary—Bernard C. Steiner, Baltimore.
Thomas B. Mackall, Baltimore.
W. Scott Roberts, Centreville.
Mrs. M. A. Newell, Port Deposit.

An Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, Ch. 247, of the Session of 1902, was passed to promote the establishment and efficiency of free public libraries and public school libraries in the State. The Governor was directed to appoint biennially four persons, at least two of whom shall be women, who, with the State Librarian, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Librarian of the Enoch Pratt Free Library, shall constitute a State Library Commission, to serve without pay. The sum of $1,000 a year was appropriated to carry out the plan. In addition to such books as may be bought, the Commission is empowered to use books of the State Library, at Annapolis, for circulation. Any town or village in the State is entitled to the service of a traveling library, upon application to the Commission. The charge for transportation is uniformly 50 cents to any destination. The books are put up in boxes for forwarding. Each outfit comprises 35 books. These are sent to a local librarian in the county town to be distributed. The local librarian is held responsible for the safe return of the literature loaned by the Commission. The libraries are changed periodically, and the circulation kept up throughout the State under rules prepared by the Commission. The system was put into operation towards the close of the year.

The General Assembly of 1902 also passed an Act, Ch. 367, to create and sustain public libraries and reading-rooms by taxation. So many counties were excepted from the provisions of the law that it is left operative only in the following: Allegany, Anne Arundel, Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Montgomery, Talbot and Washington. Even where the law is operative it is optional with the County Commissioners to make the necessary levy. The tax for libraries in the counties is limited to 5 cents on the $100, and for incorporated towns 7 cents on the $100 of property assessed for taxation. The Governor appointed the members of this Commission, as follows:

Names.	Residence.	Term Expires.
Edward W. Mealey	Hagerstown	1907
Thomas J. C. Williams	Baltimore	1907
John G. Mills	Cambridge	1905
Vacancy		1904
Daniel F. McMullen	Frostburg	1903

TUNNEL TEMPERATURES.

Workmen engaged in drilling the Simplon tunnel, in Switzerland, experienced a temperature in the northern end of 122°, but arrangements were made to keep it down to 77°. The highest temperature found in the Gotthard tunnel was 113°.

PROHIBITION PARTY OF MARYLAND.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—John N. Parker. Secretary—Robert Ireland.
Vice-Chairman—Joshua Levering. Treasurer—William Kleinle.

Dr. E. B. Fenby.	M. E. Riddick.	G. E. Swain.
Wm. H. Silk.	James W. Frizzell.	Jas. R. Whitehurst.
W. Frank Tucker.	Harry E. Gilbert.	Geo. A. Horner.
Rev. Oliver Hemstreet.	John H. Grill.	R. Henry Holmes.
M. Wright.	Prof. John G. Robinson.	Dr. A. J. Church.
Dr. F. Groshans.	John Hill.	John W. Stewart.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Oliver W. Stewart, Chairman, Chicago, Ill.
Samuel Dickie, Vice-Chairman, Albion, Mich.
James A. Tate, Secretary, Nashville, Tenn.
Samuel D. Hastings, Treasurer, Green Bay, Wis.
A. A. Stevens, Tyrone, Pa. H. P. Faris, Clinton, Mo.
T. R. Carskadon, Keyser, W. Va.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE FROM MARYLAND.

Joshua Levering, Baltimore City. Levin S. Melson, Bishopville, Md.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, 1902.

Allegany	Robt. W. Little	Cumberland.
Anne Arundel	E. Williamson	South River.
Baltimore	M. Wright	Arlington.
Calvert	J. W. Fowler	Chaneyville.
Caroline	Vacant	
Carroll	Rev. J. A. Weigand	Westminster.
Cecil	Wm. T. Weldon	Colora.
Charles	J. E. Wetherald	La Plata.
Dorchester	Luke K. Hackett	Finchville.
Frederick	Frank B. Sappington	Frederick.
Garrett	G. H. Pritchard	Oakland.
Harford	Eugene Tucker	Forest Hill.
Howard	Geo. R. Leach	Lisbon.
Kent	E. W. Spear	Millington.
Montgomery	C. C. Lawson	Lewisdale.
Prince George's	A. S. Davis	Laurel.
Queen Anne's	Jas. T. Anthony	Chestertown.
St. Mary's	Dr. G. Weems Petherbridge	Charlotte Hall.
Somerset	Daniel W. Miles	Upper Fairmount.
Talbot	Vacant	
Washington	Vacant	
Wicomico	John H. Dulany	Fruitland.
Worcester	Lawrence Hastings	Snow Hill.
Baltimore City	Dr. E. B. Fenby	First Leg. District.
Baltimore City	M. E. Reddick	Second. Leg. District.
Baltimore City	G. E. Swain	Third Leg. District.

POLICE CENSUS OF VOTERS IN BALTIMORE.

Enumeration September 13, 1902.

	White.	Col'd.	Total.		White.	Col'd.	Total
Ward 1....	4,950	65	5,015	Ward 14....	4,315	1,467	5,782
Ward 2....	4,538	176	4,714	Ward 15....	4,752	1,172	5,924
Ward 3....	4,108	534	4,642	Ward 16....	5,341	1,052	6,393
Ward 4....	4,872	1,295	6,167	Ward 17....	2,872	3,275	6,147
Ward 5....	3,458	1,633	5,091	Ward 18....	4,471	1,226	5,697
Ward 6....	5,079	702	5,781	Ward 19....	5,392	680	6,072
Ward 7....	4,850	661	5,511	Ward 20....	5,187	127	5,314
Ward 8....	6,501	188	6,689	Ward 21....	4,523	776	5,299
Ward 9....	5,071	204	5,275	Ward 22....	3,946	1,766	5,712
Ward 10....	4,869	484	5,353	Ward 23....	4,418	705	5,123
Ward 11....	3,693	1,629	5,322	Ward 24....	5,353	7	5,360
Ward 12....	5,298	926	6,224				
Ward 13....	5,991	93	6,084	Totals....	113,843	20,843	134,691

POLICE DEPARTMENT OF BALTIMORE.

Commissioners.	Politics.	Salary.	Term Began.	Term Ends.
President—George M. Upshur	D.	$2,500	May 7, 1900	May 7, 1904
John T. Morris	D.	2,500	May 7, 1900	May 7, 1904
Treasurer—Edward H. Fowler	R.	2,500	May 7, 1900	May 7, 1904

Secretary—Josiah A. Kinsey, $2,000. Counsel—Alonzo L. Miles, $2,000.
Assistant Secretary—Robert G. Claypoole, $1,200.

Examiners.	Politics.	Salary.	Term Began.	Term Ends.
President—John Hannibal	D.	$1,200	May 7, 1900	May 7, 1904
Joseph Y. Brattan	D.	1,200	May 7, 1900	May 7, 1904
Charles H. Linville	R.	1,200	May 7, 1900	May 7, 1904

Secretary—Henry Fenge, $1,200.

Marshal of Police—Thomas F. Farnan. Deputy Marshal—James Manning.
Captain of Detectives—Aquilla J. Pumphrey.

Districts.	Captains.	Districts.	Captains.
Eastern	Thomas B. McGee.	Western	John J. Fullem.
Northeastern	Chas. W. Gittings.	Northwestern	John A. G. Shultz.
Northern	Bernard J. Ward.	Southern	George G. Henry.
Central	Edward Schleigh.	Southwestern	George League.

Police Surgeons.	Salary.	District.
Dr. John S. Bishop	$1,000	First Police District.
Dr. John T. McCarthy	1,000	Second Police District.
Dr. Pinkney L. Davis	1,000	Third Police District.

The pay in the different grades of the service is as follows:

Three commissioners, yearly, each	$2,500	Sixteen turnkeys	$18
One secretary	2,000	Eight station-house clerks	18
One assistant to the secretary	1,200	One superintendent of matrons	15
One marshal	2,500	Sixteen matrons	12
One deputy marshal	2,000	Nine hostlers	10.50
One clerk to marshal	1,300	Two engineers patrol boat	18
Three police physicians, each	1,000	Two firemen patrol boat	15
Nine captains, weekly, each	30	Two janitresses, each, per month	28
Nineteen lieutenants	25	Six janitresses	25
Twenty-five detectives	23	Two janitresses at headquarters, per month, each	25
Sixteen round sergeants	23		
One hundred and ten squad sergeants	20		
Seven hundred patrolmen	18		
Fifty probationary patrolmen	12		

Two substitute matrons, per diem rate same as regular matrons.

Total police force and employes, 1,003.

POLICE APPOINTING POWER.

The General Assembly of Maryland in 1900 changed the method of appointing the three police commissioners for Baltimore City, which was, up to that time, made by the Legislature, for terms of six years, and vested the appointing power in the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The term of each commissioner was fixed at two years, beginning on the first Monday of May, 1900. The law requires that two of the commissioners shall always be adherents of the two leading political parties of the State—one from each of those parties. No restriction of this kind applies to the third member of the board. The oath of office requires that political considerations shall not influence the commissioners in appointing, promoting, reducing in rank or discharging any member of the police or detective force.

Three police examiners, also appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, for two-year terms, were authorized, the selections to be made as in the case of the commissioners, one from each of the two leading parties in the State and one without such restriction. The examiners were required to make rules for carrying the law into effect. Their duties are to ascertain the qualifications, by competitive examination, of every candidate for appointment to or promotion in the police force, except the marshal of police, captain of detectives, counsel of the board and police surgeons They are required to make up graded lists of the candidates examined by them. These lists are reported to the commissioners, who may accept or reject any or all the nominees, from time to time, but all appointments must be made from graded lists. The examinations must be open, public and practical competitive examinations. Church and party ties are not to be regarded in the selections, "so that the police department may be entirely out of the field of political and religious differences, controversies and influences." The oath of office of the examiners is to the same effect, in this particular, as that for the commissioners.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION IN MARYLAND.

ALLEGANY.
Asahel Willison, Pres.
Lewis J. Ort. David Walker.
Clerk—C. E. Hambright.

ANNE ARUNDEL.
Wm. A. Shipley, Pres.
Robert Moss. Robert L. Werntz.
Clerk—John DeP. Douw.

HARFORD.
William J. Forsythe, Pres.
Aaron F. Stifler. Millard F. Wright.
Clerk—E. A. McComas.

HOWARD.
Humphrey D. Wolfe, Pres.
Grosvenor Hanson. P. S. W. Smallwood.
Clerk—Bernard H. Wollenhorst.

BALTIMORE CITY PRECINCT REGISTRATION.

FIRST WARD.

	Precincts												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
White	258	302	302	286	273	363	344	295	288	311	351	337	3711
Colored	20	20	1	..	..	..	..	12	1	..	..	..	54
Totals	278	322	303	286	273	364	344	307	289	311	351	337	3765

SECOND WARD.

	Precincts												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
White	362	297	212	285	268	233	238	257	329	283	343	279	3486
Colored	9	65	33	1	1	1	3	..	1	7	13	1	135
Totals	371	362	245	386	269	234	241	257	330	290	356	280	3621

THIRD WARD.

	Precincts												
								8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
White	241	287	189	309	322	262	219	231	332	255	218	252	3117
Colored	65	19	21	8	..	3	9	42	31	93	116	65	472
Totals	306	306	210	317	322	265	228	273	363	348	334	317	3589

FOURTH WARD.

	Precincts																	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	T'ls.
White	212	138	236	197	219	203	170	201	222	287	218	223	159	215	122	245	171	3438
Colored	48	45	80	51	113	152	134	62	66	41	45	63	16	10	12	2	31	971
Totals	260	183	316	248	332	355	304	263	288	328	263	286	175	225	134	247	202	4409

FIFTH WARD.

	Precincts													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Totals.
White	117	153	217	268	149	279	247	169	238	218	262	172	139	2628
Colored	257	110	31	60	61	56	44	125	51	120	60	136	193	1304
Totals	374	263	248	328	210	335	291	294	289	338	322	308	332	3932

SIXTH WARD.

	Precincts												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
White	405	330	327	265	236	247	253	247	335	355	362	571	3933
Colored	56	3	4	83	137	57	144	53	18	33	2	..	590
Totals	461	333	331	348	373	304	397	300	353	388	364	571	4523

SEVENTH WARD.

BALTIMORE CITY PRECINCT REGISTRATION—Continued.

NINTH WARD.

	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Totals.
White	405	257	283	313	383	343	328	368	360	392	433	3865
Colored	4	9	34	10	3	..	11	..	37	2	29	139
Totals	409	266	317	323	386	343	339	368	397	394	462	4004

TENTH WARD.

	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Totals.
White	275	336	340	325	378	241	271	243	303	250	274	336	252	3824
Colored	18	1	1	..	7	17	26	63	102	47	23	4	..	315
Totals	293	337	341	325	385	258	297	306	411	297	297	340	252	4139

ELEVENTH WARD.

	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
White	352	197	239	110	296	310	141	115	196	251	218	333	2758
Colored	30	124	164	230	88	114	149	153	109	44	61	5	1271
Totals	382	321	403	340	384	424	290	268	303	295	279	338	4029

TWELFTH WARD.

	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Totals.
White	354	294	366	282	263	234	300	393	299	267	226	288	290	3856
Colored	108	65	10	24	38	30	43	24	83	69	49	91	112	746
Totals	462	359	376	306	301	264	343	417	382	336	275	329	402	4602

THIRTEENTH WARD.

	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Totals.
White	275	305	341	306	460	303	316	303	395	417	264	310	425	4420
Colored	1	..	1	..	..	15	31	13	4	..	..	..	..	65
Totals	276	305	342	306	460	318	347	316	399	417	264	310	425	4485

FOURTEENTH WARD.

	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Totals.
White	306	435	315	181	119	209	113	153	242	218	307	355	334	3287
Colored	19	15	3	144	224	95	159	140	78	82	53	3	2	1017
Totals	325	450	318	325	343	304	272	293	320	300	360	358	336	4304

FIFTEENTH WARD.

	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Totals.
White	165	510	390	443	235	217	164	156	163	459	479	3381
Colored	7	8	..	67	133	85	146	201	149	18	..	814
Totals	172	518	390	508	368	302	310	357	312	477	479	4195

SIXTEENTH WARD.

	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
White	159	222	794	388	406	328	290	247	346	322	372	273	4147
Colored	217	99	29	30	..	58	84	87	53	27	13	111	808
Totals	376	321	823	418	406	386	374	334	399	349	385	384	4955

BALTIMORE CITY PRECINCT REGISTRATION—Continued.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.

	Precincts															
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	T'ls.
White...	78	200	220	142	198	207	159	105	102	207	37	78	38	27	96	33	1927
Colored..	288	86	30	163	65	20	112	126	209	100	212	136	120	218	172	259	2316
Totals.	366	286	250	305	263	227	271	231	311	307	249	214	158	245	268	292	4243

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

	Precincts													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Totals.
White.....	276	375	260	173	223	315	280	349	242	243	220	183	205	3344
Colored.....	67	17	98	179	72	29	29	14	70	93	82	79	62	891
Totals.....	343	392	358	352	295	344	309	363	312	336	302	262	267	4235

NINETEENTH WARD.

	Precincts														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	Totals.
White...	324	267	161	255	219	302	336	331	332	317	356	358	330	266	4154
Colored..	25	101	100	63	88	93	7	..	..	32	..	22	20	12	563
Totals.	349	368	261	318	307	395	343	331	332	349	356	380	350	278	4717

TWENTIETH WARD.

	Precincts											Totals.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
White.....	436	379	344	286	258	390	370	354	264	290	435	3806
Colored.....	6	36	38	..	..	2	..	3	..	6	15	106
Totals.....	442	415	382	286	258	392	370	357	264	296	450	3912

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

	Precincts												Totals.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
White.....	235	221	321	140	371	317	225	231	145	284	327	321	3138
Colored.....	57	25	2	129	..	25	69	35	211	4	12	31	600
Totals.....	292	246	323	269	371	342	294	266	356	288	339	352	3738

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

	Precincts																
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	T'ls.
White...	154	148	146	176	274	213	193	202	70	187	78	155	186	275	250	110	2817
Colored..	19	56	68	79	72	61	88	65	153	165	210	87	95	8	74	30	1330
Totals.	173	204	214	255	346	274	281	267	223	352	288	242	281	283	324	140	4147

TWENTY-THIRD WARD.

	Precincts													Totals.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
White.....	258	203	83	237	255	335	247	298	254	226	285	366	211	3285
Colored.....	12	144	187	106	97	..	19	..	..	8	..	1	15	589
Totals.....	270	347	270	343	352	335	266	298	254	234	285	367	226	3847

TWENTY-FOURTH WARD.

	Precincts											Totals.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
White.....	316	325	326	323	321	454	399	363	214	269	269	3579
Colored.....	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	5
Totals.....	316	326	327	323	321	454	399	363	214	269	272	3584

MARYLAND COUNTY REGISTRATION, 1902.

ALLEGANY COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col.	Total.
1. Orleans	201	..	201
2. Oldtown	180	..	180
3. Flintstone	219	1	220
4. Cum., Canal....1	388	11	399
Cum., Canal....2	430	6	436
Cum., Canal....3	710	6	716
5. Cum., Will's Ck., 1	452	23	475
Cum., Will's Ck., 2	628	8	636
6. Cum., River.....1	407	57	464
Cum., River.....2	278	78	356
7. Rawlings	167	17	184
8. Westernport 1	259	5	264
Westernport 2	348	19	367
9. Barton	373	2	375
10. Lonaconing 1	300	7	307
Lonaconing 2	274	..	274
11. Frostburg	283	..	283
12. East Frostburg...	474	..	474
13. Mt. Savage.....1	321	..	321
Mt. Savage.....2	281	3	284
14. Cumberland 1	319	20	339
Cumberland 2	172	27	199
15. East Lonaconing, 1	307	..	307
East Lonaconing, 2	373	1	374
16. North Branch....	119	..	119
17. Vale Summit.....	164	..	164
18. Ocean 1	201	..	201
Ocean 2	390	2	392
19. Borden Shaft.....	246	2	248
20. Ellerslie	216	..	216
21. Gross	118	..	118
22. Cum., Union St., 1	127	1	128
Cum., Union St., 2	394	45	439
23. Cum., Deca'r St., 1	165	6	171
Cum., Deca'r St., 2	271	65	336
24. Eckhart	354	..	354
25. Pekin	141	..	141
26. Frostburg 1	391	11	402
Frostburg 2	409	34	443
Totals in 1902...	11850	457	12307
Totals in 1901...	11676	431	12107

CARROLL COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Taneytown	700	14	714
2. Uniontown 1	315	16	331
Uniontown 2	304	1	305
3. Myers	482	..	482
4. Woolery's 1	324	3	327
Woolery's 2	341	10	351
5. Freedom 1	477	96	573
Freedom 2	402	38	440
6. Manchester 1	433	..	433
Manchester 2	473	2	475
7. Westminster....1	338	15	353
Westminster....2	393	36	429
Westminster....3	334	57	391
Westminster....4	483	30	513
8. Hampstead.....	573	..	573
9. Franklin.....	332	20	352
10. Middleburg	287	1	288
11. New Windsor...	445	55	500
12. Union Bridge...	359	39	398
13. Mt. Airy.....	328	63	391
Totals in 1902..	8112	495	8607
Totals in 1901..	8402	503	8905

BALTIMORE COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Catonsville 1	455	163	618
Gray's 2	409	48	457
Dickeyville 3	275	16	291
Pilert's 4	421	104	525
2. Harrisonville ..1	549	93	642
Piel's. 2	524	53	577
3. Mt. Washing'n, 1	207	44	251
Arlington 2	558	72	630
Pikesville 3	357	32	389
Pikesville 4	301	44	345
4. Relsterstown ..1	534	92	626
Glyndon 2	508	82	590
5. White House....	619	12	631
6. Middletown	483	..	483
7. Sampson 1	299	23	322
Wiseburg 2	460	52	512
8. Cockeysville... 1	611	66	677
Timonium 2	507	76	583
Priceville 3	240	88	328
9. Govanstown ...1	530	80	610
Roland Park...2	431	63	494
Towson 3	429	126	555
Towson. 4	367	112	479
Falls Road....5	345	28	373
Lauraville 6	173	15	188
10. Manor 1	227	58	285
Sunnybrook ..2	355	41	396
11. Adys 1	402	64	466
Belair Road..2	327	16	343
Upper Falls...3	376	53	429
12. Canton St....1	462	49	511
Ellicott and Second Sts....2	430	..	430
Foster Ave...3	573	8	581
Third St.....4	732	..	732
Hombergville, 5	306	38	344
212 O'Donnell St..... 6	399	11	410
Lomb'rd & Sixth Sts..... 7	404	6	410
13. Mt. Winans...1	400	143	543
St. Denis.....2	490	66	556
Wash. Road...3	282	24	306
14. Gardenville ..1	413	14	427
Fullerton 2	426	29	455
Orangeville ..3	167	1	168
15. Sparrow's Pt..1	304	9	313
Eastern Ave..2	403	84	487
Wilson's 3	266	102	368
Sparrow's Pt..4	223	296	522
Butschky's ...5	165	371	536
Totals in 1902..	19127	3067	22194
Totals in 1901..	18853	3058	21911

CAROLINE COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Henderson	317	114	431
2. Greensboro	492	123	615
3 Denton 1	261	50	311
Denton 2	309	98	407
4 Preston	451	103	554
5. Federalsburg ...	302	124	426
6. Hillsboro	257	118	375
7. Ridgely	313	156	469
8. American Cor....	337	81	418
Totals in 1902.	3039	967	4006
Totals in 1901.	3056	1005	4061

MARYLAND COUNTY REGISTRATION, 1902—Continued.

CALVERT COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Solomon's 1	237	162	399
St. Leonard's..2	295	334	629
2. Prince Frederick.	433	339	772
3. Lower Marlboro.	403	398	801
Totals in 1902.	1368	1233	2601
Totals in 1901.	1391	1231	2622

CECIL COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Cecilton.....	482	292	774
2. Chesapeake City.	491	141	632
3. Elkton.....1	569	135	704
Elkton.....2	556	29	585
4. Fair Hill.....	488	22	510
5. North East....1	614	74	688
Charlestown...2	241	20	261
6. Rising Sun.....	660	41	701
7. Port Deposit..1	571	176	747
Perryville.....2	421	40	461
8. Oakwood.....	240	70	310
9. Calvert.....	289	28	317
Totals in 1902..	5622	1068	6690
Totals in 1901..	5720	1070	6790

FREDERICK COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Buckeystown, 1	294	80	374
Buckeystown, 2	235	46	281
2. Frederick ...1	264	85	349
Frederick ...2	297	96	393
Frederick ...3	319	9	328
Frederick ...4	284	52	336
Frederick ...5	273	25	298
Frederick ...6	388	121	509
Frederick ...7	290	43	333
Frederick ...8	268	36	304
3. Middletown ..	510	18	528
4. Creagerstown..	267	..	267
5. Emmitsburg, 1	436	20	456
Emmitsburg, 2	343	5	348
6. Catoctin	311	..	311
7. Urbana 1	308	82	390
Urbana 2	121	73	194
8. Liberty	306	55	361
9. New Market, 1	282	72	354
New Market, 2	290	76	366
10. Hauvers	332	..	332
11. Woodsboro ..1	337	1	338
Woodsboro ..2	277	28	305
12. Petersville ..1	225	83	308
Petersville ..2	619	33	652
13. Mt. Pleasant..	377	58	435
14. Jefferson	311	66	377
15. Mechanicst'n..	640	4	644
16. Jackson	354	..	354
17. Johnsville	382	14	396
18. Woodville.....	299	56	355
19. Linganore.....	236	57	293
20. Lewistown ...	308	11	319
21. Tuscarora ...	273	2	275
22 Burkittsville...	275	62	337
23. Ballenger	189	8	197
24. Braddock	149	4	153
Totals in 1902..	11669	1481	13150
Totals in 1901..	11834	1499	13333

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col.	T'l.
1. Harwood 1	276	333	609
Mayo 2	233	196	429
2. Eastport 1	412	267	679
Chesterfield 2	186	190	376
3. Waterford 1	381	279	660
Grange Hall.....2	267	339	606
4. Odenton 1	246	104	350
Turner's 2	443	142	585
5. Brooklyn 1	434	139	573
Harman 2	185	149	334
Curtis Bay.....3	392	33	425
6. Annapolis, Ward 1	489	106	595
Annapolis, Ward 2	475	144	619
Annapolis, Ward 3	221	577	798
8. St. James' Church, 1	319	270	589
Oakland Church..2	282	229	511
Totals in 1902....	5241	3497	8738
Totals in 1901.. .	5282	3431	8713

DORCHESTER COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Fork	376	69	445
2. East New M'ket	432	183	615
3. Vienna	218	139	357
4. Parson's Creek.	158	107	265
5. Lakes	292	137	429
6. Hooper's Island	273	48	321
7. Cambridge ...1	655	63	718
Cambridge ...2	128	540	668
Cambridge ...3	103	91	194
Cambridge ...4	415	146	561
8. Neck	279	72	351
9. Church Creek..	150	151	301
10. Straits 1	383	7	390
Straits 2	62	1	63
Straits 3	95	..	95
11. Drawbridge ...	120	123	243
12. Williamsburg..	122	28	150
13. Bucktown	115	148	263
14. Bucktown	159	158	317
15. Hurlock's	256	117	373
16. Madison	148	105	253
Totals in 1902.	4939	2433	7332
Totals in 1901.	4987	2368	7355

GARRETT COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Altamont. Swanton	312	..	312
2. Selbysville, Friendsville...	469	1	470
3. Grantsville	448	..	448
4. Bloomington....	184	2	186
5. Accident	306	..	306
6. Sang Run.....	223	..	223
7. Oakland	321	8	329
8. Ryan's Glade...	327	..	327
9. Johnson's	155	1	156
10. Deer Park.....	238	8	246
11. Elbow	130	..	130
12. Bittinger	189	..	189
13. Kitzmillerville ..	96	..	96
14. Oakland	561	6	567
Totals in 1902..	3959	26	3985
Totals in 1901..	3995	25	4020

MARYLAND COUNTY REGISTRATION, 1902—Continued.

CHARLES COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. La Plata.....	200	259	459
2. Hill Top.....	177	193	370
3. Cross Roads....	214	232	446
4. Allan's Fresh...	278	258	536
5. Harris' Lot.....	238	312	550
6. White Plains...	263	149	412
7. Pomonkey	136	209	345
8. Bryantown	267	226	493
9. Patuxent City..	122	116	238
Totals in 1902..	1895	1954	3849
Totals in 1901..	1857	1985	3842

HARFORD COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Abingdon 1	453	72	525
Magnolia 2	214	39	253
2. Hall's X Roads, 1	370	80	450
Hopewell 2	447	113	560
Perryman 3	252	238	490
3. Belair 1	578	204	782
Churchville 2	242	89	331
Fallston 3	264	76	340
Harkins 4	280	51	331
4. Jarrettsville....1	575	107	682
Up. Cross Rds., 2	257	32	289
Norrisville 3	233	12	245
5. Dublin 1	535	160	695
Stearns 2	668	17	685
6. Havre de Grace, 1	378	83	461
Havre de Grace, 2	459	82	541
Totals in 1902..	6205	1455	7660
Totals in 1901..	6337	1464	7801

HOWARD COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Elkridge	437	128	565
2. Ellicott City...1	317	77	394
Ellicott City...2	331	138	469
3. West Friendship.	427	116	543
4. Lisbon	604	158	762
5. Clarksville	476	124	600
6. Guilford	672	140	812
Totals in 1902..	3264	881	4145
Totals in 1901..	3211	915	4126

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Laytonsville ..	293	181	474
2. Clarksburg ...	390	82	472
3. Poolesville	314	211	525
4. Rockville 1	365	187	552
Rockville 2	261	96	357
5. Colesville	359	182	541
6. Darnestown ...	282	156	438
7. Bethesda	382	75	457
8. Olney 1	174	127	301
Olney 2	196	208	404
9. Gaithersburg ..	429	195	624
10. Potomac	251	79	330
11. Barnesville ...	341	133	474
12. Damascus	428	55	483
13. Wheaton 1	370	124	494
Wheaton 2	328	61	389
Totals in 1902.	5163	2152	7315
Totals in 1901.	5281	2235	7516

KENT COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Millington 1	297	174	471
Galena 2	304	183	487
2. Kennedyville ..1	190	138	328
Kennedyville ..2	223	165	388
3. Worton	345	203	648
4. Chestertown ..1	244	194	438
Chestertown ..2	217	113	330
5. Rock Hall.....1	448	53	501
Rock Hall.....2	270	109	379
6. Fairlee	235	258	493
7. Pomona	215	170	385
Totals in 1902..	2988	1760	4748
Totals in 1901..	2976	1760	4736

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Vansville	374	151	525
2. Bladensburg ..	321	124	445
3. Marlboro	228	229	457
4. Nottingham ...	215	184	399
5. Piscataway	322	213	535
6. Spalding's	351	115	466
7. Queen Anne...	208	319	527
8. Aquasco	135	142	277
9. Surratts	227	148	375
10. Laurel 1	333	36	369
Laurel 2	218	49	267
11. Brandywine. 158	171	329	
12. Oxon Hill.....	218	144	362
13. Kent	354	139	493
14. Bowie	304	249	553
15. Mellwood	195	185	380
16. Hyattsville ...	408	89	497
Totals in 1902.	4569	2687	7256
Totals in 1901.	4592	2647	7239

QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Sudlersville	478	165	643
2. Church Hill....	446	200	646
3. Centreville.....1	291	205	496
Centreville ...2	348	185	533
4. Kent Island....	443	326	759
5. Queenstown ...1	306	153	459
Winchester ...2	286	104	390
6. Ruthsburg	288	142	430
7. Crumpton	304	133	437
Totals in 1902..	3180	1613	4793
Totals in 1901..	3269	1627	4896

ST. MARY'S COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. St. Inigos.....	214	315	529
2. Valley Lee.....	195	165	360
3. Leonardtown, 1	230	139	369
Leonardtown, 2	204	125	329
4. Chaptico	191	247	438
5. Mechanicsville..	219	220	439
6. Patuxent	366	170	536
7. Milestown	290	229	519
8. Bay.	204	236	440
9. Island	62	19	81
Totals in 1902..	2175	1865	4040
Totals in 1901..	2211	1796	4007

MARYLAND COUNTY REGISTRATION, 1902—Continued.

TALBOT COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Easton 1	241	162	403
Easton 2	247	225	472
Easton 3	348	89	437
Tunis Mills....4	121	120	241
2. St. Michael's..1	322	198	520
Broad Creek...2	200	40	240
Royal Oak.....3	180	188	368
3. Trappe 1	233	89	322
Trappe 2	222	169	391
Oxford 3	298	119	417
4. Chapel 1	255	126	381
Chapel 2	219	121	340
5. Bay Hundred, 1	250	117	367
Tilghman 2	215	4	219
Totals in 1902..	3351	1767	5118
Totals in 1901..	3400	1790	5190

WORCESTER COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Pocomoke	609	282	891
2. Snow Hill.....	556	270	826
3. East Berlin.....	563	273	836
4. Newark	161	88	249
5. St. Martin's....	326	21	347
6. Colbourne	141	46	187
7. Atkinson	302	51	353
8. Stockton	499	213	712
9. West Berlin....	526	115	641
Totals in 1902..	3683	1359	5042
Totals in 1901..	3730	1399	5129

WICOMICO COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Barren Creek..	354	71	425
2. Quantico	284	136	420
3. Tyaskin	254	275	529
4. Pittsburg	582	71	653
5. Parsons	723	143	866
6. Dennis	184	11	195
7. Trappe	315	102	417
8. Nutter's	345	36	381
9. Salisbury	619	181	800
10. Sharptown	212	69	281
11. Delmar	238	18	256
12. Nanticoke	358	276	634
Totals in 1902..	4468	1389	5857
Totals in 1901.	4431	1355	5786

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Princ's Anne, 1	241	162	402
Princ's Anne, 2	271	166	437
2. St. Peter's....	256	111	367
3. Brinkley's	344	273	617
4. Dublin	253	116	369
5. Mt. Vernon....	254	143	397
6. Fairmount	352	191	543
7. Crisfield 1	353	104	457
Crisfield 2	292	92	384
8. Lawson's	366	185	551
9. Tangier	403	156	559
10. Smith's Island.	137	2	139
11. Dames Quarter.	136	110	246
12. Asbury	374	48	422
13. Weston	175	170	345
Totals in 1902.	4207	2029	6236
Totals in 1901.	4280	2118	6398

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Districts.	White.	Col'd.	T'l.
1. Sharpsburg ...	499	26	525
2. Williamsport ..	583	47	630
3. Hagerstown. ..	662	5	667
4. Clear Spring...	408	34	442
5. Hancock	487	44	531
6. Boonsboro	514	4	518
7. Cavetown.	436	..	436
8. Rohrersville. ..	364	5	369
9. Leitersburg ...	289	1	290
10. Funkstown ...	290	7	297
11. Sandy Hook...	333	20	353
12. Tilghmanton ..	312	8	320
13. Conococheague.	260	1	261
14. Ringgold	253	..	253
15. Indian Springs.	340	3	343
16. Beaver Creek..	276	9	285
17. Hagerstown ..1	411	1	412
Hagerstown ..2	337	4	341
18. Chewsville	229	2	231
19. Keedysville ...	262	25	287
20. Downsville	182	6	188
21. Hagerstown ...	486	154	640
22. Hagerstown ..	678	3	681
23. Wilson's	212	7	219
24. Hagerstown ..	516	5	521
25. Hagerstown ..1	357	24	381
Hagerstown ..2	340	2	342
Totals in 1902.	10316	447	10763
Totals in 1901.	10581	539	11120

SUSQUEHANNA ICE BRIDGE

During the exceptionally cold winter of 1852 railroad trains crossed the Susquehanna River between Havre de Grace and Perryville on a track laid on the ice. It was an incident of a winter so unusual for the mild climate of Maryland that it has remained a vivid memory and lively tradition for fifty years. Then the river was not bridged for the railroad and the passengers, cars and freight were carried over in a large ferry-boat. This mode of transit, however, was blocked by the ice, which held firm for six weeks—from January 15, 1852, to February 24. During this whole period the temporary track on the ice was in constant use, with the exception of a day or two, while it was being removed from its first position to one more solid. During these six weeks 1,378 cars were hauled over the track. And that it was felt that the track was perfectly secure is shown by the fact that the United States mail was carried across the river in that way. Other cars were laden with baggage or with merchandise. Nearly all of the cars were eight-wheelers. They were, of course, very much smaller affairs than those in use today.

In all, 10,000 tons were carried across the river on the ice, and of this amount 4,000 tons were merchandise of various kinds.

ELECTIONS IN MARYLAND IN 1903.

A total of 353 elective offices will be filled at the next general election in Maryland, November 3, 1903, as follows:

Three general, viz.: Governor, Attorney-General and Comptroller of the Treasury.

Six circuit judges, viz.: Two of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore City; one in the Third Circuit, Baltimore and Harford Counties; two in the Fourth Circuit of Allegany, Washington and Garrett Counties; one in the Sixth Circuit of Montgomery and Frederick Counties.

Seventy-two judges of the Orphans' Courts, viz.: Three in each of the 23 counties of the State and three in Baltimore City.

Twenty-one clerks of Circuit Courts, viz.: Three in Baltimore City, of the Circuit, Criminal and Common Pleas Courts, and one each in the counties, as follows:

Anne Arundel.	Harford.
Baltimore County.	Howard.
Calvert.	Kent.
Caroline.	Montgomery.
Carroll.	Prince George's.
Cecil.	St. Mary's.
Charles.	Talbot.
Dorchester.	Washington.
Frederick.	Wicomico.

Sixteen registers of wills, viz.: One each, as follows:

Baltimore City.	Kent.
Calvert.	Somerset.
Caroline.	St. Mary's.
Carroll.	Talbot.
Cecil.	Washington.
Charles.	Wicomico.
Dorchester.	Worcester.
Frederick.	

Forty-seven county commissioners, distributed as follows:

Allegany	3	Howard	1
Anne Arundel	7	Kent	3
Baltimore Co	2	Montgomery	2
Calvert	3	Prince George's	1
Caroline	1	Queen Anne's	2
Carroll	1	Somerset	1
Cecil	2	St. Mary's	1
Charles	2	Talbot	1
Dorchester	1	Washington	3
Frederick	2	Wicomico	3
Garrett	1	Worcester	3
Harford	1		

Twenty-four State's attorneys, viz.: One for each county and one for Baltimore City.

Twenty-four sheriffs, viz.: One for each county and one for Baltimore City.

Twenty-four surveyors, viz.: One for each county and one for Baltimore City.

The Legislature to be chosen will elect a State Treasurer and a Senator of the United States.

May Election in Baltimore.

May 5, 1903, the City of Baltimore, at large, will elect the Mayor, president of the Second Branch of the City Council and the City Comptroller; 24 members of the First Branch of the City Council—one from each ward; 4 members of the Second Branch of the City Council—one from each Councilmanic District of six wards.

The newly-elected Council will meet Thursday, May 21, for organization.

APPORTIONMENT OF DELEGATES.

Old Appor't.	Counties and City.	State Census, 1901.	New Appor't.
5	Allegany	53,304	5
4	Anne Arundel	34,791	4
6	Baltimore Co.	88,028	6
2	Calvert	9,963	2
2	Caroline	16,792	2
4	Carroll	33,651	4
3	Cecil	24,450	3
2	Charles	16,602	2
3	Dorchester	28,293	*4
5	Frederick	51,639	5
2	Garrett	17,386	2
4	Harford	28,307	4
2	Howard	16,276	2
2	Kent	17,788	2
3	Montgomery	29,155	*4
3	Pr. George's	28,325	*4
3	Queen Anne's	18,568	3
3	Somerset	25,628	3
2	St. Mary's	16,890	2
3	Talbot	20,314	3
4	Washington	44,491	*5
3	Wicomico	22,908	3
3	Worcester	20,805	3
73	County totals.	664,656	77
18	Baltimore City.	517,035	24
91	State total	1,181,691	101

*Gain 1.

Total increase of Delegates, 10.

Each county has one Senator and Baltimore City four, making the total of Senators 27, instead of 26, as heretofore.

The Legislature of 1904, to be elected in November, 1903, will be on the basis above stated, having 101 Delegates and 27 Senators, Total, 128.

CANDIDATES FOR 58TH CONGRESS IN MARYLAND.

November 4, 1902.

FIRST DISTRICT.

James E. Ellegood, of Wicomico Co., Democratic.
William H. Jackson, of Wicomico Co., Republican.
Robert J. McAllen, of Worcester Co., Prohibition.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Henry N. Hanna, of Belair, Md., Prohibition.
William Tyler Page, of St. Denis, Md., Republican.
Joshua Frederick C. Talbot, of Lutherville, Md., Democratic.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Benjamin F. Lewis, of Baltimore City, Prohibition.
Frank Mareck, of Baltimore City, Socialist.
Lee S. Meyer, of Baltimore City, Democratic.
Frank C. Wachter, of Baltimore City, Republican.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Andrew J. Church, of Baltimore City, Prohibition.
James W. Denny, of Baltimore City, Democratic.
Charles R. Schirm, of Baltimore City, Republican.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

B. Harris Camalier, of Leonardtown, Md., Democratic.
Sydney E. Mudd, of La Plata, Md., Republican.
Samuel R. Neave, of Hughesville, Md., Prohibition.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

James A. Hopkins, of Montgomery County, Prohibition.
Christian F. Kenneweg, of Allegany County, Democratic.
George A. Pearre, of Allegany Co., Republican.

In Baltimore City, ordinances were submitted to popular vote and ratified:

1. Creating a loan of $1,000,000, for enlarging and improving the water service and supply of the city.

2. Authorizing a loan of $1,000,000, to extend conduits for underground electric wires.

In Nutter's and Salisbury Districts of Wicomico County, the question of licensing the sale of intoxicating liquors was submitted, and the majority vote was against license.

Cecil County voted to suppress the sale of liquor and against license.

Calvert County voted for Road Commissioners, and elected three Republicans. The candidates were as follows:

Democrats—James Emory Buckmaster, Thos. H. Jones, John J. Williams.

Republicans—James Broome, William E. Fowler, Reverdy U. King.

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.

By the General Assembly of Maryland, January 14, 1902.

Candidates.	Politics.	Senate.	House.	Total.
Arthur P. Gorman, of Howard County	Dem.	17	51	68
Wm. H. Jackson, of Wicomico County	Rep.	9	43	52

Necessary to a choice—61.

Absent and Not Voting—T. J. Jackson Smoot, Republican, member of the House of Delegates, from Charles County.

LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS OF MARYLAND.

January Session of 1902.

SENATE.

President—John Hubner, Baltimore Co.
Secretary—Alfred S. Ritter, Frederick.
Reading Clerk—Albert J. Almoney, Montgomery.
Journal Clerk—Richard H. Worthington, Baltimore.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Samuel C. Faulkner, Queen Anne's.
Chief Engrossing Clerk—Samuel J. Bell, Carroll.
First Assistant Engrossing Clerk—Herman B Lake, Baltimore.
Stenographer—Miss Katharine McDonnell, Baltimore.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Speaker—Noble L. Mitchell, Harford county.
Chief Clerk—Dr. Benjamin L. Smith, Dorchester county.
Journal Clerk—Frederic Sasscer, Pr. George's county.
Reading Clerk—Walter R. Townsend, Baltimore county.
Chief Engrossing Clerk—Joseph H. Gale, Baltimore City.
Sergeant-at-Arms—I. T. James Brown Somerset county.

MARYLAND VOTE FOR 58th CONGRESS IN 1902.

First District.

Nov. 4, 1902. Counties.	Congress: Ellegood, Dem.	Jackson, Rep.	McAllen, Pro.
Worcester	1731	1673	212
Somerset	1432	2111	230
Wicomico	2120	2544	203
Dorchester	1947	2702	138
Talbot	1751	2142	152
Queen Anne's	1981	1485	135
Caroline	1317	1410	114
Kent	1670	1817	72
Cecil	2230	2084	135
Totals	16179	17968	1391
Scattering			3

Second District.

Nov. 4, 1902. Baltimore City and Counties.	Congress: Talbott, Dem.	Page, Rep.	Hanna, Pro.
Baltimore City—			
Ward 15	1581	1639	65
Ward 16	1979	1949	117
T'ls Balto. City.	3560	3588	182
Counties—			
Harford	2633	2223	207
Carroll	2935	3194	227
Baltimore	7843	6417	391
Totals	16971	15422	1007

Third District.

Nov. 4, 1902. Baltimore City.	Congress: Meyers, Dem.	Wachter, Rep.	Lewis, Pro.	Mareck, Soc.
Ward 1	1390	1663	43	39
Ward 2	1556	1450	38	24
Ward 3	1522	1281	38	60
Ward 4	2014	1293	44	42
Ward 5	1445	1472	47	61
Ward 6	1774	1768	51	48
Ward 7	1666	1691	42	77
Ward 8	1945	2049	59	74
Ward 22	1281	2008	64	59
Ward 18— Precincts: 9, 10, 11, 13	438	539	17	15
Totals	15031	15214	443	499

Fourth District.

Nov. 4, 1902. Baltimore City.	Congress: Denny, Dem.	Schirm, Rep.	Church, Pro.
Ward 9	1830	1326	73
Ward 10	2261	1033	41
Ward 11	1597	1516	46
Ward 12	1909	1680	101
Ward 13	1711	1841	74
Ward 14	1687	1858	38
Ward 17	1082	2198	54
Ward 19	1909	1905	79
Ward 20	1558	1614	91
Ward 18— Precincts: 1, 2, 3, 12	561	548	23
Totals	16105	15519	620

Fifth District.

Nov. 4, 1902. Baltimore City and Counties.	Congress: Camaller, Dem.	Mudd, Rep.	Neave, Pro.
Baltimore City—			
Ward 21	1220	1716	34
Ward 23	1264	1713	42
Ward 24	1425	1171	43
Ward 18— Pr. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	683	679	29
Totals Balto. City.	4592	5279	148
Counties—			
St. Mary's	1344	1707	41
Charles	883	2058	62
Calvert	561	1117	35
Prince George's	1855	2949	76
Anne Arundel	2126	3344	126
Howard	1420	1167	57
Totals	12781	17621	545
Scattering			1

Sixth District.

Nov. 4, 1902. Counties.	Congress: Kenneweg, Dem.	Pearre, Rep.	Hopkins, Pro.
Allegany	3103	4658	209
Garrett	866	1663	72
Washington	3711	4326	194
Frederick	4314	5312	335
Montgomery	2485	2351	163
Totals	14479	18310	1063
Scattering			11

PARTY VOTE, BALTIMORE CITY, FOR 58TH CONGRESS IN 1902.

November 4, 1902.

	Dem.	Rep.	Pro.	Soc.		Dem.	Rep.	Pro.	Soc.
Ward 1...	1390	1663	43	39	Ward 14...	1687	1858	38	..
Ward 2...	1556	1450	38	24	Ward 15...	1581	1639	65	..
Ward 3...	1522	1281	38	60	Ward 16...	1979	1949	117	..
Ward 4...	2014	1293	44	42	Ward 17...	1082	2198	54	..
Ward 5...	1445	1472	47	61	Ward 18...	1682	1766	69	15
Ward 6...	1774	1768	51	48	Ward 19...	1909	1905	79	..
Ward 7...	1666	1691	42	77	Ward 20...	1558	1614	91	..
Ward 8...	1945	2049	59	74	Ward 21...	1220	1716	34	..
Ward 9...	1830	1326	73	..	Ward 22...	1281	2008	64	59
Ward 10...	2261	1033	41	..	Ward 23...	1264	1713	42	..
Ward 11...	1397	1516	46	..	Ward 24...	1425	1171	43	..
Ward 12...	1909	1680	101	..					
Ward 13...	1711	1841	74	..	Totals...	39288	39600	1393	499

PARTY VOTE OF MARYLAND FOR 58TH CONGRESS IN 1902.

November 4, 1902.

Counties and City.	Dem.	Rep.	Pro.	Counties and City.	Dem.	Rep.	Pro.
Allegany	3103	4658	299	Howard	1420	1167	57
Anne Arundel...	2126	3344	126	Kent	1670	1817	72
Baltimore City..	39288	39600	1393	Montgomery	2485	2351	163
Baltimore Co...	7843	6417	391	Prince George's.	1855	2949	76
Calvert	561	1117	35	Queen Anne's...	1981	1485	135
Caroline	1317	1410	114	Somerset	1432	2111	230
Carroll	2935	3194	227	St. Mary's.....	1344	1707	41
Cecil	2230	2084	135	Talbot	1751	2142	152
Charles	883	2058	62	Washington	3711	4326	194
Dorchester	1947	2702	138	Wicomico	2120	2544	203
Frederick	4314	5312	335	Worcester	1731	1673	212
Garrett	866	1663	72				
Harford	2633	2223	207	Totals.....	91546	100054	5069

Socialist vote of Baltimore City, 499; scattering, 15.

VOTE ON LOANS, BALTIMORE CITY.

November 4, 1902.

	Water Loan. For.	Water Loan. Ag'nst.	Conduit Ext. For.	Conduit Ext. Ag'nst		Water Loan. For.	Water Loan. Ag'nst.	Conduit Ext. For.	Conduit Ext. Ag'nst
Ward 1..	1128	458	1133	508	Ward 14..	2000	353	2026	377
Ward 2..	1192	397	1178	407	Ward 15..	1702	362	1741	365
Ward 3..	980	242	977	270	Ward 16..	2143	488	2199	484
Ward 4..	1620	245	1610	272	Ward 17..	1151	357	1215	404
Ward 5..	1099	244	1117	266	Ward 18..	1666	387	1678	394
Ward 6..	1568	537	1541	608	Ward 19..	1911	577	1951	607
Ward 7..	1423	462	1402	524	Ward 20..	1697	432	1585	501
Ward 8..	2267	534	2227	615	Ward 21..	1357	372	1246	386
Ward 9..	1867	485	1808	515	Ward 22..	1250	326	1247	370
Ward 10..	1920	393	1873	428	Ward 23..	1293	418	1200	432
Ward 11..	1765	364	1771	394	Ward 24..	1249	398	1105	388
Ward 12..	2112	456	2089	495					
Ward 13..	2087	459	2048	508	Totals...	38447	9746	37967	10518

VOTE FOR TREASURER OF MARYLAND.

By the General Assembly of Maryland, January 14, 1902.

Candidates.	Politics.	Senate.	House.	Total
Murray Vandiver, of Harford County.....	Dem.	17	52	69
Thomas J. Shryock, of Baltimore City.....	Rep.	9	41	50
*Douglas H. Thomas, of Baltimore City.....	Dem.	..	1	..

Necessary to choice—61.

Absent and Not Voting—T. J. Jackson Smoot, Republican, member of the House of Delegates, from Charles County.

*Complimentary vote of Delegate Isaac Lobe Straus, Democrat, of Baltimore City.

BALTIMORE CITY PRECINCT VOTE FOR 58th CONGRESS IN 1902.

First Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
Benj. F. Lewis, P..	8	3	2	2	2	2	7	5	1	3	5	3	43
Frank Mareck, S..	2	5	4	4	2	..	1	5	6	4	6	..	39
Lee S. Meyer, D...	95	122	135	104	66	90	126	142	122	113	141	134	1390
F. C. Wachter, R..124	144	120	127	159	201	150	103	116	142	151	126		1663

Second Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
Benj. F. Lewis, P..	4	6	5	2	2	2	2	2	..	3	4	6	38
Frank Mareck, S..	1	1	4	..	1	1	1	3	2	3	4	3	24
Lee S. Meyer, D..197	160	103	168	106	96	122	109	118	122	142	113		1556
F. C. Wachter, R..117	129	86	171	126	108	70	102	144	123	157	117		1450

Third Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
Benj. F. Lewis, P..	3	3	3	3	2	1	3	6	4	1	4	5	38
Frank Mareck, S..	4	8	2	13	9	3	1	2	4	6	3	5	60
Lee S. Meyer, D..119	137	100	177	157	114	138	100	144	97	115	124		1522
F. C. Wachter, R..135	111	66	68	85	86	50	110	138	174	147	111		1281

Fourth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	T'ls.
Benj. F. Lewis, P.	1	3	5	3	5	6	7	4	1	1	3	1	1	1	..	1	1	44
Frank Mareck, S.	1	..	1	2	4	..	1	..	1	10	5	7	1	1	2	4	2	42
Lee S. Meyer, D. 131	99	146	123	133	88	90	125	137	182	127	147	96	102	55	129	104		2014
F. C. Wachter, R. 66	53	86	66	119	125	134	92	83	87	80	68	43	34	42	51	64		1293

Fifth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	T'ls.
B. F. Lewis, P..	5	4	3	..	4	2	3	5	2	6	4	5	4	47
Frank Mareck, S.	4	3	7	1	2	3	7	8	8	8	4	3	3	61
Lee S. Meyer, D. 54	88	119	138	94	162	128	120	148	97	121	103	73		1445
F. C. Wachter, R. 201	112	74	129	51	83	82	88	73	137	140	123	178		1472

Sixth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
Benj. F. Lewis, P..	2	3	1	8	5	3	5	2	6	6	5	5	51
Frank Mareck, S..	9	2	5	2	3	3	3	7	4	2	2	6	48
Lee S. Meyer, D..174	152	153	123	112	122	130	99	165	164	161	219		1774
F. C. Wachter, R..204	133	123	148	127	121	145	139	132	125	123	248		1768

Seventh Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	T'ls.
B. F. Lewis, P..	5	3	1	4	1	4	3	6	5	4	1	3	2	42
Frank Mareck, S.	10	10	11	9	6	3	5	5	1	2	4	1	10	77
Lee S. Meyer, D.	112	126	136	109	137	122	128	70	149	105	176	83	213	1666
F. C. Wachter, R.	141	123	163	117	93	96	124	140	162	104	128	115	185	1691

Eighth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	T'ls.
B. F. Lewis, P.	2	2	5	5	9	4	2	10	7	3	3	4	3	59
Frank Mareck, S.	2	22	6	5	4	1	1	3	10	7	2	3	8	74
Lee S. Meyer, D.	94	165	134	143	179	154	135	140	118	144	139	186	214	1945
F. C. Wachter, R.	87	128	172	226	181	171	134	105	121	173	114	204	233	2049

BALTIMORE CITY PRECINCT VOTE, 58th CONGRESS, 1902.—Cont'd.

Ninth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Totals.
Andrew J. Church, P...	6	5	7	7	10	7	7	4	2	5	13	73
James W. Denny, D....	187	120	132	126	198	163	153	185	170	182	214	1830
Charles R. Schirm, R..	123	91	125	119	116	79	118	98	149	142	166	1326

Tenth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	T'ls.
A. J. Church, P.	3	2	6	3	4	3	2	5	3	4	3	2	1	41
J. W. Denny, D.	156	225	218	168	203	155	190	146	133	134	166	219	148	2261
C. R. Schirm, R.	95	47	40	76	100	42	47	91	181	101	79	65	69	1033

Eleventh Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
A. J. Church, P...	1	4	4	10	4	10	6	1	2	1	..	3	46
J. W. Denny, D...	201	115	143	66	159	171	74	89	101	124	137	217	1597
C. R. Schirm, R...	119	129	166	174	126	181	135	113	133	88	94	58	1516

Twelfth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	T'ls.
A. J. Church, P.	9	4	11	3	4	5	14	4	7	6	11	10	13	101
J. W. Denny, D.	190	128	116	145	130	122	154	228	156	145	98	149	148	1909
C. R. Schirm, R.	195	136	144	72	116	102	128	106	141	127	110	127	176	1680

Thirteenth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	T'ls.
A. J. Church, P.	5	12	5	4	7	7	7	2	8	1	3	7	6	74
J. W. Denny, D.	85	84	113	99	222	166	156	126	180	188	60	83	149	1711
C. R. Schirm, R.	123	133	140	123	169	106	123	155	159	177	112	147	174	1841

Fourteenth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	T'ls.
A. J. Church, P.	4	4	5	2	4	5	1	2	1	3	6	1	..	38
J. W. Denny, D.	172	220	133	109	67	104	62	78	129	137	159	167	150	1687
C. R. Schirm, R.	102	176	132	169	218	139	158	143	125	101	135	147	113	1858

Fifteenth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Totals.
Henry M. Hanna, P....	4	8	11	7	..	6	4	2	10	8	5	65
William Tyler Page, R..	64	185	113	169	169	132	159	184	142	164	158	1639
J. Fred'k Talbott, D....	79	244	198	194	103	98	79	79	102	187	218	1581

Sixteenth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
H. M. Hanna, P...	9	6	15	9	10	9	6	8	10	19	7	9	117
Wm. Tyler Page, R.	226	144	283	156	140	143	136	142	153	128	133	165	1949
J. F. Talbott, D...	64	105	379	185	171	158	156	116	171	151	189	134	1979

BALTIMORE CITY PRECINCT VOTE, 58th CONGRESS, 1902.—Cont'd.

Seventeenth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	T'ls.
Andrew J. Church, P.	4	4	6	4	3	4	2	3	3	.	3	6	4	3	5	.	54
James W. Denny, D.	48	109	107	86	104	85	80	63	45	147	28	60	25	21	44	30	1082
Charles R. Schirm, R.	228	135	74	160	121	98	129	114	170	99	161	97	96	166	151	199	2198

Eighteenth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	T'ls.
B. F. Lewis, P.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	4	8	..	2	17
Frank Mareck, S.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	5	2	..	4	15
Lee S. Meyer, D.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	106	119	97	..	116	438
F. C. Wachter, R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	152	145	145	..	97	539
A. J. Church, P.	7	9	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	23
J. W. Denny, D.	137	192	140	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	92	..	561
C. R. Schirm, R.	140	143	152	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	113	..	548
B. H. Camalier, D.	..	..	..	87	108	171	147	170	..	..	..	..	..	683
S. E. Mudd, R.	..	..	..	188	125	112	124	130	..	..	..	..	..	679
S. R. Neave, P.	..	..	..	9	9	4	4	3	..	..	..	..	..	29

Nineteenth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	T'ls.
Church, P.	4	5	4	7	5	7	2	1	10	6	7	9	6	6	79
Denny, D.	157	121	97	128	130	168	170	148	119	133	135	138	142	123	1909
Schirm, R.	128	168	121	123	125	153	131	99	131	151	132	178	160	105	1905

Twentieth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Totals.
Andrew J. Church, P.	13	19	17	5	2	7	2	8	4	6	8	91
James W. Denny, D.	219	195	141	131	114	129	122	105	100	117	185	1558
Charles R. Schirm, R.	146	145	152	112	91	172	200	164	116	130	186	1614

Twenty-First Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Totals.
B. H. Camalier, D.	109	107	129	60	116	136	75	101	59	99	117	112	1220
S. E. Mudd, R.	112	76	112	149	173	141	151	103	232	151	144	172	1716
S. R. Neave, P.	4	4	4	5	..	1	1	..	3	2	5	5	34

Twenty-Second Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	T'ls.
Benj. F. Lewis, P.	4	2	3	2	3	3	8	2	2	5	6	4	3	13	2	2	64
Frank Mareck, S.	1	3	2	5	5	6	2	2	6	6	6	6	3	2	3	1	59
Lee S. Meyer, D.	78	73	73	86	91	69	66	74	33	110	51	92	72	94	133	86	1281
F. C. Wachter, R.	59	86	97	115	199	168	168	151	136	150	168	99	150	118	107	37	2008

Twenty-Third Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	T'ls.
Camalier, D.	96	90	41	112	134	122	105	105	78	86	91	109	95	1264
S. E. Mudd, R.	129	192	185	158	135	136	78	130	98	96	124	168	84	1713
S. R. Neave, P.	2	6	2	5	3	5	1	6	2	1	3	3	3	42

Twenty-Fourth Ward.

Nov. 4, 1902. Candidates.	Precincts 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Totals.
B. Harris Camalier, D.	114	140	110	131	145	191	158	134	96	105	101	1425
Sydney E. Mudd, R.	116	106	136	115	80	120	119	139	52	90	98	1171
Samuel R. Neave, P.	3	3	6	1	4	8	7	3	2	1	5	43

MARYLAND COUNTY PRECINCT VOTE FOR 58th CONGRESS IN 1902.

Allegany County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Kenneweg, Dem.	Pearre, Rep.	Hopkins, Pro.
1. Orleans	18	69	2
2. Oldtown	30	71	1
3. Flintstone	60	58	3
4. Cumberland ...1	110	128	12
Cumberland ...2	67	160	5
Cumberland ...3	130	215	8
5. Cumberland ...1	135	197	10
Cumberland ...2	225	182	5
6. Cumberland ...1	178	166	4
Cumberland ...2	108	126	7
7. Rawlings	51	77	4
8. Luke ...1	80	51	8
Westernport ..2	93	83	48
9. Barton	69	187	7
10. Lonaconing ...1	49	171	15
Lonaconing ...2	40	134	6
11. Frostburg	66	115	7
12. Frostburg	92	207	12
13. Mt. Savage ...1	101	74	5
Mt. Savage ...2	64	91	5
14. Cumberland ...1	108	142	7
Cumberland ...2	55	101	3
15. Lonaconing ...1	70	177	8
Lonaconing ...2	94	171	17
16. North Branch	33	39	3
17. Vale Summit	46	56	2
18. Ocean ...1	48	81	2
Midland ...2	147	127	7
19. Borden Shaft	35	108	8
20. Ellerslie	52	73	2
21. Gross	44	39	3
22. Cumberland ...1	53	41	4
Cumberland ...2	112	143	6
23. Cumberland ...1	50	78	3
Cumberland ...2	77	150	2
24. Eckhart	114	107	20
25. Pekin	36	66	8
26. Frostburg ...1	64	209	11
Frostburg ...2	99	188	11
Totals	3103	4658	299

Caroline County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Ellegood, Dem.	Jackson, Rep.	McAllen, Pro.
1. Henderson	152	143	15
2. Greensboro	228	185	24
3. Denton ...1	118	105	8
Denton ...2	153	159	13
4. Preston	170	180	18
5. Federalsburg	80	194	9
6. Hillsboro	154	129	11
7. Ridgely	161	168	13
8. American Corners	101	147	3
Totals	1317	1410	114

Anne Arundel County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Camaller, Dem.	Mudd, Rep.	Neave, Pro.
1. Harwood ...1	165	251	16
Mayo ...2	95	158	16
2. Eastport ...1	96	302	19
Chesterfield ...2	82	174	7
3. Watersford ...1	132	236	3
Grange Hall...2	102	246	6
4. Odenton ...1	92	91	2
Turner's ...2	168	138	7
5. Brooklyn ...1	161	149	10
Harmon's ...2	101	142	11
Curtis Bay...3	96	78	..
6. Annapolis—			
Ward 1	179	203	9
Ward 2	202	266	5
Ward 3	144	510	5
8. St. James ...1	191	215	8
Oakland ...2	120	185	2
Totals	2126	3344	126

Howard County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Camaller, Dem.	Mudd, Rep.	Neave, Pro.
1. Elkridge	176	167	4
2. Ellicott City...1	154	105	7
Ellicott City...2	151	141	4
3. West Friendship.	174	160	3
4. Lisbon	287	245	20
5. Clarksville	234	158	5
6. Guilford	244	191	14
Totals	1420	1167	57

Kent County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Ellegood, Dem.	Jackson, Rep.	McAllen, Pro.
1. Millington ...1	165	165	10
Galena ...2	167	129	9
2. Kennedyville ...1	116	129	6
Kennedyville ...2	150	185	10
3. Worton	197	205	6
4. Chestertown ...1	182	176	2
Chestertown ...2	132	130	8
5. Rock Hall...1	182	159	3
Rock Hall...2	129	152	6
6 Fairlee	145	198	8
7. Pomona	105	193	4
Totals	1670	1817	72

MARYLAND COUNTY PRECINCT VOTE, 58th CONGRESS, 1902—Cont'd.

Baltimore County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Talbott, Dem.	Page, Rep.	Hanna, Pro.
First District.....1	225	210	16
First District.....2	112	173	10
First District.....3	115	130	5
First District.....4	206	150	7
Second District...1	238	152	10
Second District...2	170	153	2
Third District.....1	94	77	1
Third District.....2	254	174	21
Third District.....3	197	48	7
Third District.....4	131	59	3
Fourth District....1	220	150	22
Fourth District....2	195	167	13
Fifth District.....	291	177	9
Sixth District.....	191	154	7
Seventh District...1	120	87	8
Seventh District...2	171	194	5
Eighth District....1	282	180	16
Eighth District....2	309	113	2
Eighth District....3	133	114	5
Ninth District.....1	226	155	18
Ninth District.....2	146	162	9
Ninth District.....3	205	162	12
Ninth District.....4	166	148	6
Ninth District.....5	131	79	11
Ninth District.....6	61	33	3

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Talbott, Dem.	Page, Rep.	Hanna, Pro.
Tenth District....1	96	118	5
Tenth District....2	122	119	12
Eleventh District..1	196	149	5
Eleventh District..2	116	65	8
Eleventh District..3	161	79	8
Twelfth District...1	107	176	8
Twelfth District...2	139	132	2
Twelfth District...3	253	91	4
Twelfth District...4	186	216	8
Twelfth District...5	110	60	12
Twelfth District...6	116	96	5
Twelfth District...7	144	123	7
Thirteenth Dist....1	224	199	8
Thirteenth Dist....2	210	177	2
Thirteenth Dist....3	126	84	2
Fourteenth Dist...1	167	69	9
Fourteenth Dist...2	135	117	7
Fourteenth Dist...3	59	43	4
Fifteenth Dist.....1	88	136	19
Fifteenth Dist.....2	246	104	3
Fifteenth Dist.....3	105	118	5
Fifteenth Dist.....4	71	241	8
Fifteenth Dist.....5	77	304	12
Totals.....	7843	6417	391

Cecil County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress			License	
	Ellegood, Dem.	Jackson, Rep.	McAllen, Pro.	For.	Ag'nst.
1. Cecilton.....	292	223	15	191	224
2. Chesapeake City.....	235	195	20	284	166
3. Elkton.....1	268	231	8	286	206
Elkton.....2	198	164	10	184	181
4. Fair Hill.....	214	88	7	174	125
5. North East.....1	121	295	10	160	255
Charlestown.....2	60	82	3	64	75
6. Rising Sun.....	239	201	26	165	300
7. Port Deposit.....1	248	276	11	273	221
Perryville.....2	156	110	8	110	150
8. Oakwood.....	102	106	6	147	78
9. Calvert.....	97	113	11	56	175
Totals.....	2230	2084	135	2094	2156

Calvert County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Camalier, Dem.	Mudd, Rep.	Neave, Pro.
1. Solomon's.....1	76	144	11
St. Leonard's.....2	96	321	8
2. Prince Frederick.....	183	316	4
3. Lower Marlboro.....	206	336	12
Totals.....	561	1117	35

ROAD COMMISSIONERS.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Democrats			Republicans		
	Buckmaster.	Jones.	Williams.	Broome.	Fowler.	King.
1. Solomon's.....1	81	78	79	145	145	147
St. Leonard's.....2	92	86	90	321	312	316
2. Prince Frederick.....	192	174	173	306	304	312
3. Lower Marlboro.....	206	210	200	325	337	333
Totals.....	571	548	542	1097	1098	1108

MARYLAND COUNTY PRECINCT VOTE, 58th CONGRESS, 1902—Cont'd.

Frederick County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Kenneweg, Dem.	Pearre, Rep.	Hopkins, Pro.
1. Buckeystown ..1	164	116	10
Buckeystown ..2	109	108	5
2. Frederick 1	98	138	8
Frederick 2	133	158	5
Frederick 3	127	119	6
Frederick 4	126	139	2
Frederick 5	132	107	5
Frederick 6	177	174	12
Frederick 7	124	154	2
Frederick 8	102	136	3
3. Middletown	110	309	15
4. Creagerstown ..	64	111	12
5. Emmitsburg ..1	208	154	9
Emmitsburg ..2	109	134	7
6. Catoctin	130	91	1
7. Urbana 1	153	136	11
Urbana 2	50	85	4
8. Liberty	141	156	10
9. New Market...1	111	161	3
New Market...2	128	147	6
10. Hauvers	130	90	3
11. Woodsboro 1	106	134	19
Woodsboro 2	108	105	20
12. Petersville 1	87	146	1
Petersville 2	175	220	12
13. Mt. Pleasant....	142	152	17
14. Jefferson	135	173	7
15. Mechanicstown..	129	341	15
16. Jackson	128	140	7
17. Johnsville	131	140	12
18. Woodville	62	138	23
19. Linganore	77	136	11
20. Lewistown	103	140	12
21. Tuscarora	92	93	15
22. Burkettsville ..	60	214	15
23. Ballenger	89	60	10
24. Braddock's	64	57	..
Totals.....	4314	5312	335

St. Mary's County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Camaller, Dem.	Mudd, Rep.	Neave, Pro.
1. St. Inigo's.....	96	174	5
2. Valley Lee.....	148	161	2
3. Leonardtown ...1	172	151	..
Leonardtown ...2	148	98	3
4. Chaptico	179	224	4
5. Mechanicsville ..	126	231	4
6. Patuxent	171	202	10
7. Milestown	174	231	8
8. Bay	115	214	4
9. Island	15	21	1
Totals.....	1344	1707	41

Garrett County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Kenneweg, Dem.	Pearre, Rep.	Hopkins, Pro.
1. Swanton	86	124	11
2. Friendsville	80	185	11
3. Grantsville	118	169	10
4. Bloomington ...	35	68	5
5. Accident	101	131	1
6. Sang Run.....	28	135	8
7. Oakland	91	139	6
8. Ryan's Glade...	60	128	3
9. Johnson's	44	51	..
10. Deer Park.....	40	109	..
11. Elbow	24	61	..
12. Bittinger	26	84	3
13. Blaine	11	67	8
14. Oakland	122	212	6
Totals.....	866	1663	72

Harford County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Talbott, Dem.	Page, Rep.	Hanna, Pro.
1. Abingdon 1	168	109	13
Magnolia 2	99	55	1
2. Aberdeen 1	173	116	9
Hopewell 2	196	174	42
Perryman 3	129	193	8
3. Belair 1	315	245	18
Churchville 2	96	122	19
Fallston 3	112	105	10
Harkins 4	98	108	12
4. Jarrettsville ...1	276	156	22
Upper X Roads, 2	116	56	3
Norrisville 3	112	85	10
5. Dublin 1	233	207	14
Stearns 2	224	219	11
6. Havre de Grace, 1	136	155	8
Havre de Grace, 2	150	118	7
Totals.....	2633	2223	207

Worcester County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Ellegood, Dem.	Jackson, Rep.	McAllen, Pro.
1. Pocomoke	388	284	32
2. Snow Hill.....	257	294	72
3. East Berlin.....	293	245	17
4. Newark	78	103	11
5. St. Martin's.....	108	116	8
6. Colbourne	76	71	4
7. Atkinson	103	141	20
8. Stockton	193	246	38
9. West Berlin.....	235	173	10
Totals.....	1731	1673	212

MARYLAND COUNTY PRECINCT VOTE, 58th CONGRESS, 1902—Cont'd.

Charles County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress— Camalier, Dem.	Mudd, Rep.	Neave, Pro.
1. La Plata	100	283	10
2. Hill Top	78	205	3
3. Cross Roads	80	206	9
4. Allen's Fresh	129	265	3
5. Harris Lot	102	290	9
6. White Plains	120	184	6
7. Pomonkey	74	230	3
8. Bryantown	148	268	10
9. Patuxent City	52	127	9
Totals	883	2058	62

Montgomery County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress— Kenneweg, Dem.	Pearre, Rep.	Hopkins, Pro.
1. Laytonsville	181	179	6
2. Clarksburg	183	159	12
3. Poolesville	218	176	3
4. Rockville 1	178	154	10
Rockville 2	146	90	11
5. Colesville	155	188	24
6. Darnestown	194	115	12
7. Bethesda	140	79	5
8. Olney 1	83	138	5
Olney 2	85	204	2
9. Gaithersburg	212	205	8
10. Potomac	95	72	8
11. Barnesville	208	138	7
12. Damascus	148	151	35
13. Wheaton 1	136	190	11
Wheaton 2	123	113	4
Totals	2485	2351	163

Somerset County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress— Ellegood, Dem.	Jackson, Rep.	McAllen, Pro.
1. Princess Anne, 1	132	140	2
Princess Anne, 2	173	152	5
2. St. Peter's	38	96	42
3. Brinkley's	167	233	5
4. Dublin	141	129	25
5. Mt. Vernon	67	159	21
6. Fairmount	101	193	53
7. Crisfield 1	133	180	5
Crisfield 2	71	139	4
8. Lawson's	45	104	9
9. Tangier	110	130	27
10. Smith's Island	10	18	2
11. Dames Quarter	53	99	5
12. Asbury	85	183	19
13. Westover	106	156	6
Totals	1432	2111	230

Prince George's County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress— Camalier, Dem.	Mudd, Rep.	Neave, Pro.
1. Vansville	157	188	3
2. Bladensburg	146	168	2
3. Marlboro	97	208	8
4. Nottingham	92	193	5
5. Piscataway	117	168	3
6. Spalding's	139	139	1
7. Queen Anne	106	273	7
8. Aquasco	85	145	5
9. Surratt's	95	157	1
10. Laurel 1	106	118	9
Laurel 2	66	126	6
11. Brandywine	97	168	8
12. Oxon Hill	93	135	3
13. Kent	124	167	2
14. Bowie	82	261	6
15. Mellwood	86	172	2
16. Hyattsville	167	166	5
Totals	1855	2949	76

Queen Anne's County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress— Ellegood, Dem.	Jackson, Rep.	McAllen, Pro.
1. Sudlersville	313	178	19
2. Church Hill	293	161	15
3. Centreville 1	198	181	11
Centreville 2	201	169	23
4. Kent Island	260	266	15
5. Queenstown 1	207	136	14
Winchester 2	125	118	10
6. Ruthsburg	200	144	21
7. Crumpton	184	132	7
Totals	1981	1485	135

Talbot County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress— Ellegood, Dem.	Jackson, Rep.	McAllen, Pro.
1. Easton 1	118	158	14
Easton 2	127	230	14
Easton 3	217	137	16
Tunis Mills 4	95	117	6
2. St. Michaels 1	140	312	10
Broad Creek 2	107	57	22
Royal Oak 3	101	210	5
3. Trappe 1	119	124	12
Trappe 2	152	163	12
Oxford 3	113	164	11
4. Chapel 1	141	140	5
Chapel 2	117	151	6
5. Bay Hundred 1	132	133	3
Tilghman 2	72	46	16
Totals	1751	2142	152

MARYLAND COUNTY PRECINCT VOTE, 58th CONGRESS, 1902—Cont'd.

Carroll County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Talbott, Dem.	Page, Rep.	Hanna, Pro.
1. Taneytown	169	358	17
2. Uniontown 1	87	160	12
Uniontown 2	96	119	6
3. Myers'	246	100	4
4. Woolery's 1	102	62	36
Woolery's 2	106	94	17
5. Freedom 1	207	202	12
Freedom 2	111	201	11
6. Manchester ...1	259	72	2
6. Manchester ...2	261	97	4
7. Westminster ..1	142	129	5
Westminster ..2	113	191	10
Westminster ..3	121	166	5
Westminster ..4	138	228	17
8. Hampstead	236	179	13
9. Franklin	91	165	9
10. Middleburg	60	129	11
11. New Windsor...	167	199	4
12. Union Bridge...	93	207	12
13. Mt. Airy.....	130	136	20
Totals.....	2935	3194	227

Wicomico County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Ellegood, Dem.	Jackson, Rep.	McAllen, Pro.
1. Barren Creek...	180	173	9
2. Quantico	184	191	8
3. Tyaskin	139	254	15
4. Pittsburg	191	309	33
5. Parson's	389	300	26
6. Dennis	91	82	3
7. Trappe	125	189	19
8. Nutter's	140	174	13
9. Salisbury	335	345	25
10. Sharptown	93	131	9
11. Delmar	123	63	9
12. Nanticoke	130	333	34
Totals.....	2120	2544	203

LOCAL OPTION VOTE.

Districts.	License For.	License Against.
8. Nutter's	81	218
9. Salisbury	307	359

Majority against liquor license in Eighth District..... 137
Majority against liquor license in Ninth District..... 52

Dorchester County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Ellegood, Dem.	Jackson, Rep.	McAllen, Pro.
1. Fork	131	151	21
2. E. New Market..	218	186	20
3. Vienna	138	178	9
4. Parson's Creek..	66	122	6
5. Lakes	95	130	3
6. Hooper's Island.	51	81	2
7. Cambridge 1	255	178	9
Cambridge 2	51	361	4
Cambridge 3	67	81	1
Cambridge 4	190	191	2
8. Neck	64	105	1
9. Church Creek...	88	147	1
10. Straits 1	61	58	4
Straits 2	9	34	..
Straits 3	17	17	3
11. Drawbridge	66	112	1
12. Williamsburg ..	61	51	9
13. Bucktown	59	113	5
14. Linkwood	104	143	5
15. Hurlock	97	148	26
16. Madison	59	115	10
Totals.....	1947	2702	138

Washington County.

Nov. 4, 1902. Districts.	Congress		
	Kenneweg, Dem.	Pearre, Rep.	Hopkins, Pro.
1. Sharpsburg	119	274	3
2. Williamsport ...	254	243	10
3. West Hagerstown	271	256	11
4. Clearspring	173	180	5
5. Hancock	155	199	11
6. Boonsboro	205	218	14
7. Cavetown	191	141	8
8. Rohrersville	90	193	15
9. Leitersburg	90	138	5
10. Funkstown	130	95	6
11. Sandy Hook....	103	143	8
12. Tilghmanton ...	125	116	2
13. Conococheague..	80	87	2
14. Ringgold	47	135	2
15. Indian Springs..	116	123	5
16. Beaver Creek...	102	98	12
17. Hagerstown ...1	146	194	5
Hagerstown ...2	134	111	8
18. Chewsville	91	89	10
19. Keedysville	65	194	5
20. Downsville	81	57	3
21. N. Hagerstown..	170	282	15
22. E. Hagerstown..	287	211	10
23. Wilson's	84	88	2
24. S.W. Hagerstown	170	178	6
25. Hagerstown ...1	100	188	4
Hagerstown ...2	132	95	7
Totals.....	3711	4326	194
Silas M. Crabill, Socialist....			11

LEGISLATIVE REPRESENTATION IN MARYLAND.

By the State Census of 1901, and under the provisions of an amendment to the State Constitution, ratified by popular vote, November 5, 1901, the membership of the House of Delegates was increased to 101, and the Senators to 27—making the total of the General Assembly 128.

Previously the membership stood: House of Delegates, 91; Senate, 26; total, 117.

By the State Census of 1901, the following counties gained each one member of the House of Delegates, viz.: Kent, Montgomery, Washington and Prince George's, or four in all.

By the Constitutional Amendment of 1901, the City of Baltimore was created into four Legislative Districts, with six Delegates and one Senator to each, making 24 Delegates and 4 Senators, instead of three Legislative Districts, 18 Delegates and 3 Senators, as before. The representative gain of the city was, therefore, six members of the House of Delegates and one Senator.

MARYLAND HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

The apportionment for the House of Delegates of 1904, to be elected in November, 1903, is as follows:

Allegany	5	Calvert	2	Harford	4
Anne Arundel	4	Caroline	2	Howard	2
Baltimore City:		Carroll	4	Kent	2
1st Leg. Dist.	6	Cecil	3	Montgomery	4
2d Leg. Dist.	6	Charles	2	Prince George's	4
3d Leg. Dist.	6	Dorchester	4	Queen Anne's	3
4th Leg. Dist.	6	Frederick	5	Somerset	3
Baltimore Co.	6	Garrett	2		

St. Mary's	2	
Talbot	3	
Washington	3	
Wicomico	3	
Worcester	3	
Total	101	

LEGISLATIVE AND COUNCILMANIC DISTRICTS.

The Legislative and Councilmanic Districts of Baltimore City are composed of the same territory and as the wards were renumbered by Act of 1901, Ch. 8.

Dist. 1.	Dist. 2.	Dist. 3.	Dist. 4.
Ward.....1	Ward.....7	Ward.....10	Ward.....17
Ward.....2	Ward.....8	Ward.....11	Ward.....18
Ward.....3	Ward.....9	Ward.....14	Ward.....21
Ward.....4	Ward.....12	Ward.....16	Ward.....22
Ward.....5	Ward.....13	Ward.....19	Ward.....23
Ward.....6	Ward.....15	Ward.....20	Ward.....24

MARYLAND SENATE.

In November, 1903, Senators will be elected for four years in Baltimore City and counties, as follows:

Anne Arundel.	Carroll.	Kent.	Washington.
Baltimore County.	Frederick.	Queen Anne's.	Wicomico.
Calvert.	Howard.	Somerset.	

SENATORS ELECTED NOVEMBER 5, 1901.

Counties and City.		Names.	Years.	P. O. Address.
Allegany	D.	David J. Lewis	4	Cumberland.
*Baltimore City, Dist. 2	R.	Lewis Putzel	4	Law Building.
Caroline	R.	Harry A. Roe	4	Denton.
Cecil	R.	Henry M. McCullough	4	Elkton.
Charles	R.	George T. C. Gray	4	Nanjemoy.
Dorchester	D.	William F. Applegarth.	4	Golden Hill.
Garrett	R.	Robert A. Ravenscroft	4	Accident.
Harford	D.	Thomas H. Robinson	4	Belair.
Montgomery	D.	Spencer C. Jones	4	Rockville.
Prince George's	D.	Joseph S. Wilson	4	Upper Marlboro.
St. Mary's	D.	James J. Greenwell	4	Beauvue.
Talbot	R.	Robert B. Dixon	4	Easton.
Worcester	D.	John P. Moore	4	Snow Hill.

By the Constitution of the State of Maryland, Article 3, Section 5, it is made the duty of the Governor, "immediately after the taking and publishing of the next national census, or after any State enumeration of population," to arrange the representatives in the House of Delegates, as follows:

Every county having 18,000 population or less, 2 Delegates.

Every county having over 18,000 and less than 28,000, 3 Delegates.

28,000 and less than 40,000, 4 Del.

40,000 and less than 55,000, 5 Del.

55,000 and upwards, 6 Delegates.

Each of the four legislative districts of Baltimore, one Senator and as many Delegates as the largest county. No county can have more than six Delegates.

*Baltimore City having been redistricted, it will have to be decided whether the Senator from the old Second Legislative District was legislated out of office or not. Upon this depends the question whether the city will elect three or four Senators in November, 1903.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH OF MARYLAND.

Office: 10 South Street, Baltimore.

Name.	Term Exp.
President—Dr. William H. Welch, Baltimore	1904
Mr. J. B. Noel Wyatt, Baltimore	1904
Dr. James Bosley, Health Commissioner Balto. City, ex-officio.	
Dr. John Morris, Baltimore	1904
Dr. Howard Bratton, Elkton	1904
Hon. Isidor Rayner, Att'y-Gen. of Maryland, Balto., ex-officio.	
Secretary and Executive Officer—Dr. John S. Fulton, Balto.	

Chemist—Dr. W. B. D. Pennlman.
Bacteriologist—Dr. William R. Stokes.
Medical Assistant—Dr. M. C. Robins.
Inspector—C. N. Mitten.
Clerk—M. L. Rullman.
Laboratory Assistant—Dr. C. W. G. Rohrer.
Clerk of Vital Statistics—W. F. Holland.

COUNTY HEALTH OFFICERS.

Allegany—Dr. J. M. Spear, Cumberland.
Anne Arundel—Dr. H. R. Walton, Annapolis.
Baltimore County—
First District—Dr. Charles L. Mattfeldt, Catonsville.
Second District—Dr. John E. Bolte, Tyler.
Third District—Dr. Henry A. Naylor, Pikesville.
Fourth District—Dr. Harry M. Slade, Reisterstown.
Fifth District—Dr. J. H. Drach, Butler.
Sixth District—Dr. Jos. S. Baldwin, Eklo.
Seventh District—Dr. Thomas Baldwin, Gemmill.
Eighth District—Dr. T. Ross Payne, Corbett.
Ninth District—Dr. Frank R. Rich, Towson.
Tenth District—Dr. Thos. H. Emory, Hess, Harford Co.
Eleventh District—Dr. James. F. H. Gorsuch, Fork.
Twelfth District—Dr. J. C. Schofield, Highlandtown.
Thirteenth District—Dr. Frank H. Ruhl, Lansdowne.
Fourteenth District—Dr. George S. Everhart, Hamilton Station.
Fifteenth District—Dr. John W. Harrison, Middle River.
Calvert—Dr. A. J. Williams, Barstow.
Carolline—Dr. Enoch George, Denton.
Carroll—Dr. Charles R. Foutz, Westminster.
Cecil—Dr. Howard Bratton, Elkton.
Charles—Dr. C. L. Cecil, Newport.
Dorchester—Dr. Guy Steele, Cambridge.
Frederick—Dr. S. T. Haffner, Frederick City.
Garrett—Dr. W. H. Ravenscroft, Oakland.
Harford—Dr. F. P. Smithson, Forest Hill.
Kent—Dr. James W. Urie, Still Pond.
Howard—Dr. T. B. Owings, Ellicott City.
Montgomery—Dr. E. E. Stonestreet, Rockville.
Prince George's—Dr. L. A. Griffith, Upper Marlboro.
Queen Anne's—Dr. Charles Cockey, Queenstown.
Somerset—Dr. T. Jacob Smith, Princess Anne.
St. Mary's—Dr. Thomas Lynch, Leonardtown.
Talbot—Dr. E. R. Trippe, Easton.
Washington—Dr. C. R. Scheller, Hagerstown.
Wicomico—Dr. Charles R. Truitt, Salisbury.
Worcester—Dr. C. P. Jones, Snow Hill.

TOWN HEALTH OFFICERS.

Aberdeen—Dr. J. H. Kennedy.
Annapolis—Dr. John Ridout.
Brunswick—Dr. A. G. Horine.
Cumberland—Dr. J. M. Spear.
Frederick—Dr. S. F. Thomas.
Frostburg—Dr. W. O. McLane.
Havre de Grace—Dr. J. Lee Hopkins.
Kensington—Dr. William L. Lewis.
Olney—Dr. Charles Farquhar.
Lonaconing—Dr. Joseph O. Bullock.
Laurel—Dr. T. Watts Byerly.
Takoma Park—L. M. Mooers, registrar.

The State Board of Health has general supervision of sanitary matters in the State. It has the power of investigation into all causes of disease, and under certain conditions can make rules which, for the time being, have the force of law. The right to local self-government in sanitary matters is fully provided for in the public health laws, and the local unit is the county.

The county commissioners of the several counties are local boards of health, and are required to appoint a health officer, who must be a physician, and within his jurisdiction operates the laws upon vital statistics, nuisances, and infectious diseases. The county health officer has recourse for advice and assistance to the State Board of Health and to the chemical and bacteriological laboratories maintained by the State Board of Health. The State Board of Health cannot exercise any authority against the will of the local

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH OF MARYLAND—Continued.

board of health except in regard to matters affecting more than one local sanitary jurisdiction, or upon proof that the safety of the locality is imperiled by neglect or incompetence of the local board.

County health officers are local registrars of vital statistics and must execute the provisions of the law which forbids the burial of a human body before a proper certificate of death has been filed and a permit to bury has been granted. For public convenience there are sub-registrars in each election district, whose duty is to receive certificates and issue permits. Wherever a physician was in attendance, the cause of death must be certified by the physician. Penalties are provided for neglect on the part of either physician or undertaker.

Physicians and midwives are required also to report births occurring under their care.

The certificates of birth and death thus coming into the hands of the local registrar are returned each month to the State Board of Health.

Physicians are required to notify the local health officer of each case of infectious disease coming under observation. The local health officer must in turn notify the school boards and must become responsible for restrictive measures, including isolation, disinfection, quarantine, vaccination, &c.

Practicing physicians throughout the State have recourse to the bacteriological laboratory of the State Board of Health for aid in the diagnosis of certain infectious diseases, as typhoid fever, tuberculosis, diphtheria and malaria. For this purpose, mailing stations are established at convenient points, enabling physicians to transmit their specimens with speed and safety.

The State Board of Health has also power to inspect all articles of food and drink, to prevent the sale of unsound or diseased meats, to expose fraudulent or adulterated food materials, and to punish wilful violations of the food laws.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, BALTIMORE.

Office.	Name.	Salary.
Com. of Health..	Dr. Jas. Bosley.	$3,500
Ass't Com.....	Dr. C. H. Jones.	2,000
Secretary.....	J. W. M. Kiger.	1,500
Ass't Secretary..	A. D. Thompson	1,000
Permit Clerk....	H. C. Andrews.	1,000
Reg.'s Clerk.....	J. H. Uhlenburg	900
Nuisance Clerk..	F. X. Jenkins..	900
Index Clerk.....	G.C.Wedderburn	900
Index Clerk.....	C. A. Wall, Jr.	900
Chemist.....	G. W. Lehmann.	1,500
Bacteriologist...	Dr.W. R. Stokes.	1,500
Laboratory Clk..	J. A. Campbell.	900
Food Inspector..	Chas. A. Lerian.	900
Food Inspector .	Chas. A. Knell.	900
Food Inspector..	H. G. Wilson..	900
Food Inspector..	W. B. Roth....	900
Food Inspector..	C. M. Brodwater	900
Disinfector.....	Thos. E. Morse.	800

Office.	Name.	Salary.
Disinfector.....	Geo. W. Phillips	$800
Maker Disinfect.	W. E. Woodall.	800
Com.'s Clerk....	Eleaz Goldberg.	800
Dairy Inspector.	Geo. F. Schultz.	900
Med. Examiner..	Dr. N. G. Keirle.	1,500
Ass't Exam'r....	Dr. B. P. Muse.	500
Bakery Inspct...	H. J. Hahn....	900
Plumb'g Insp....	Jos. C. Mitchell.	1,200
Drain Inspect...	Francis Ebberts.	900
Morgue Supt....	Pat'k R. Glynn.	900
Driver.....	Aug. Ritmiller..	800
Driver.....	H. M. North...	800
Throat Inspect..	Dr. A. W. Smith.	720
Labor'ty Ass't...	Jno. B. Weilage	180
Labor'ty Ass't...	Grover C.Benser	192
Labor'ty Ass't...	R. de M. Taveau.	300
Ass't Plmb. Insp.	C H. Inderrirden	900
Ass't Plmb. Insp.	Geo. R. Minnick.	900

VACCINE PHYSICIANS.

Ward. Name.	Ward. Name.	Ward. Name.
1. J. W Wilteaus.	9. H. Young Westbrook.	17. H. D. Lewis.
2. Christian M. Schulte.	10. John F Hempel.	18. Robert A. Warner.
3. John A. Schutte.	11. Claude Van Bibber	19. Marshall G. Smith.
4. Thomas Sudler.	12. Thos. L. Richardson.	20. Henry J Hahn.
5. Francis A. Sauer.	13 Dennard S Williams	21. A. D Driscoll.
6. Arthur C. Hearn.	14. Arthur G Barrett.	22 Albert T Chambers.
7. Alex. S. Gage.	15. James L Ridgely	23 H Lee Franks.
8 J. William France.	16 Michael K Warner	24 Leonard J Turlington.

The vaccine physicians are health wardens, and the salary is $900 a year.

QUARANTINE OFFICERS.

Assistant Commissioner Health Dr. Sydney O. Heiskell.....	$3,000
Assistant Quarantine Physician, Dr. Thaddeus W. Clark.....	1,800
Chas Chambers, capt. tug Hygeia.	780
James C. Evans, mate Hygeia...	600
John Crawford, engineer Hygeia.	720
Jno. Kellner, ass't eng'r Hygeia..	600
Thos. Gilden, fireman Hygeia.....	$600
Bernard McMahon, ass't. fireman..	600
Geo. M. Streeper, messenger.....	600
John L. Matthu, gardener.....	600
Frank Hamill, nurse.....	600
John Sloan, laborer.....	60
Annie Agan, cook.....	240
Annie Spencer, laundress.....	180

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF MARYLAND.

	Term Ends.
ALLEGANY.	
R. John B. Gunning,	1903
R. Enoch H. B. Prichard,	1903
R. J. Augustus Hendrickson,	1903
R. William George,	1905
D. Christian F. Kenneweg,	1905
Clerk—John N. Frantz.	
ANNE ARUNDEL.	
D. John H. Wayson,	1903
D. Julian M. Beard,	1903
D. Joseph T. Brenan,	1903
D. Adam A. Shipley,	1903
D. Basil S. Cromwell,	1903
D. Samuel Brooke,	1903
D. William H. Hall,	1903
BALTIMORE COUNTY.	
D. Charles H. Knox,	1903
D. John V Slade,	1905
D. George W. Yellott,	1903
CALVERT.	
R. Edward J. Sollers,	1903
R. John F. Hutchins,	1903
R. Philip H. Jones,	1903
CAROLINE.	
R. Daniel J. Zacharias, Sr.,	1903
D. James B. Wright,	1905
D. Wesley Jarrell,	1907
CARROLL.	
D. Daniel S. Diehl,	1903
D. Jacob N. Dehoff,	1905
D. Daniel J. Hesson,	1907
CECIL.	
D. William W. McGuigan,	1903
R. James C. Crothers,	1903
D. William B. Davis,	1905
CHARLES.	
R. Harry R. Bowling,	1907
R. Thomas H. Ching,	1903
R. Thomas Norman,	1903
R. James I. Naylor,	1905
R. Benjamin F. Dement,	1905
DORCHESTER.	
D. George W. Woolford,	1905
D. John W. T. Webb,	1903
D. W. Richard Thomas,	1907
FREDERICK.	
D. James O. Harne,	1903
D. George A. T. Snouffer,	1903
R. Wm H. Blentlinger,	1905
R Lewis H. Bowlus,	1905
R. John H. Etzler,	1905
GARRETT.	
R. Peter J. Stephens,	1903
R. Taylor Friend,	1905
R. Jacob Stump,	1905
HARFORD.	
D. Joseph E. Spencer,	1903
D. B. Frank Hanway,	1905
D. George Archer,	1907
HOWARD.	
D. Benjamin Hess,	1903
D. Thomas O'Neill,	1905
D. Jacob J. Werner,	1907
KENT.	
R. Daniel Hill,	1903
R. Lewis P. Atwell,	1903
R. George M. Haddaway,	1903
R. Perry B. Rasin,	1905
D. Lewis C. Ayres,	1905
MONTGOMERY.	
D. Lawrence A. White,	1903
D. John Walter Carroll,	1903
D. Wm. H. Griffith,	1905
D. Philip B. Souder,	1905
D. Stephen B. Lyddane,	1905
PRINCE GEORGE'S.	
R. George W. Rawlings,	1903
R. Richard W. Beall,	1905
R. Wallace R. Pyles,	1905
D. John Miller,	1907
D. R. Lee Manning,	1907
QUEEN ANNE'S.	
D. George A. Dever,	1903
D. J. Louis Rhodes,	1905
D. J. Frank Temple,	1903
SOMERSET.	
R. George A. Somers,	1903
D. L. Wesley Beauchamp,	1905
D. James H. Cullen,	1907
ST. MARY'S.	
R. Dominic S. Bowles,	1903
D. John G. H. Lilburn,	1905
D. James H. Bailey,	1907
TALBOT.	
D. Frank M. Willis,	1903
D. James H. Caulk,	1905
D. J. Percy McKnett,	1907
WASHINGTON.	
R. Abram E. Albert,	1903
R. Isaac Ankeney,	1903
D. Joseph Ernst,	1903
R. Samuel S. Stouffer,	1905
R. Joseph M. Newcomer,	1905
WICOMICO.	
D. Elijah J. Adkins,	1903
D. Levin B. Wertherly,	1903
D. S. Green Truitt,	1903
D. John W. Jones,	1905
D. James A. Waller,	1905
WORCESTER.	
D. J. Elton Boston,	1903
D. John L. Paradee,	1903
D. Samuel E. Shockley,	1903
D. Edwin H. Taylor,	1905
D. John L. Robins,	1905

CLERKS OF COURTS IN MARYLAND—Six Years.

		Term Ends			Term Ends
Appeals Court,	Thomas Parran,	1907	Dorchester,	Charles Lake,	1903
Allegany,	John W. Young,	1907	Frederick,	DouglassH.Hargett,	1903
Anne Arundel,	George Wells,	1903	Garrett,	Edward Z. Tower,	1905
Balto. city—Superior,	Robt. Ogle,	1907	Harford,	Wm. S. Forwood, Jr.,	1903
Circuit,	Barreda Turner,	1903	Howard,	John H. Owings,	1903
Circuit No. 2,	Thos. A. Robinson,	1907	Kent,	James T. Dixon,	1903
Criminal,	Henry J. Broening,	1903	Montgomery,	Thomas Dawson,	1903
Com. Pleas,	Jas. H. Livingston,	1903	Pr. George's,	James B. Belt,	1903
City,	Henry A. Shultz,	1905	Queen Anne's,	John E. George,	1905
Baltimore,	N.BosleyMerryman,	1903	Somerset,	OliverT.Beauchamp,	1907
Calvert,	George W. Dowell,	1903	St. Mary's,	Enoch B. Abell,	1903
Caroline,	Charles W. Hobbs,	1903	Talbot,	Fran'sG.Wrightson,	1903
Carroll,	Jas. H. Billingslea,	1903	Washington,	George B. Oswald,	1903
Cecil,	John G. Williams,	1903	Wicomico,	James T. Truitt,	1903
Charles,	Ben. G. Stonestreet,	1903	Worcester,	Francis H. Purnell,	1907

REGISTERS OF WILLS—Six Years.

		Term Ends			Term Ends
Allegany,	John B. Shannon,	1905	Harford,	Hugh T. Bay,	1907
Anne Arundel,	Luther A. Palmer,	1905	Howard,	Wm. H. Marlow,	1905
Baltimore city,	Stephen R. Mason,	1903	Kent,	Clarence S. Hurlock,	1903
Baltimore,	Harrison Rider,	1905	Montgomery,	Henry C. Allnut,	1903
Calvert,	Joseph J. Bafford,	1903	Pr. George's,	Wiliam R. Smith,	1907
Caroline,	Robert J. Jump,	1903	Queen Anne's,	Robert W. Thomas,	1907
Carroll,	Joseph D. Brooks,	1903	Somerset,	Wm. F. Lankford,	1903
Cecil,	Reuben E. Jamar,	1903	St. Mary's,	Phllip T. Buckler,	1903
Charles,	Cataldus H. Posey,	1903	Talbot,	Chas. R. Wooters,	1903
Dorchester,	John W. Fletcher,	1903	Washington,	Thos. E. Hilliard,	1903
Frederick,	Charles E. Saylor,	1903	Wicomico,	Levin J. Gale,	1903
Garrett,	Edwin E Friend,	1907	Worcester,	Edward P. Davis,	1903

STATE'S ATTORNEYS—Four Years from 1899.

Allegany,	John G. Wilson.	Harford,	James W. McNabb.
Anne Arundel,	Daniel R. Randall.	Howard,	Martin F. Burke.
Baltimore city,	Robt. M. McLane, Jr.	Kent,	John D. Urie.
Baltimore,	John Grason.	Montgomery,	Hy. Maurice Talbott.
Calvert,	J. Frank Parran.	Pr. George's,	William M. Lewin.
Caroline,	Albert G. Towers.	Queen Anne's,	J. Frank Harper.
Carroll,	Edward O. Weant.	Somerset,	Henry J. Waters.
Cecil,	William S. Evans.	St. Mary's,	B. Harris Camalier.
Charles,	L. Allison Wilmer.	Talbot,	Clayland Mullikin.
Dorchester,	E. C. Harrington.	Washington,	Thos. A. Poffenberger.
Frederick,	G. H. Worthington.	Wicomico,	Joseph L. Bailey.
Garrett,	Frederick A. Thayer.	Worcester,	Robley D. Jones.

SHERIFFS—Two Years from 1901.

Allegany,	Fuller Barnard.	Harford,	Frederick W. Reasin.
Anne Arundel,	George T. Beasley.	Howard,	James L. Hobbs.
Baltimore city,	George Warfield.	Kent,	Thomas J. Fletcher.
Baltimore,	William J. Oeligrath.	Montgomery,	John W. Collier.
Calvert,	William A. Fowler.	Pr. George's,	Benjamin N. Hardisty.
Caroline,	Isaac L. Dukes.	Queen Anne's,	William S. Delahay.
Carroll,	Francis A. Crawford.	Somerset,	Lewis W. Pusey.
Cecil,	William T. McAllister.	St. Mary's,	Francis X. Thompson.
Charles,	Joseph H. Howard.	Talbot,	Alexander C. Mortimer.
Dorchester,	John W. Mills.	Washington,	Samuel P. Angle.
Frederick,	Harvey R. Lease.	Wicomico,	George W. Fooks.
Garrett,	William A. Maffett.	Worcester,	William Whaley.

SURVEYORS—Two Years from 1901.

Allegany,	William Harvey.	Harford,	William T. Clark.
Anne Arundel,	Louis Green.	Howard,	John T. R. R. Carroll.
Baltimore city,	Frank H. Sloan.	Kent,	D. W. Crosby.
Baltimore,	Charles B. McClean.	Montgomery,	Charles J. Maddox.
Calvert,	Thomas R. Grover.	Pr. George's,	Roderick M. McGregor.
Caroline,	Charles C. Deen.	Queen Anne's,	Harry R. Graham.
Carroll,	M. Theodore Yeiser.	Somerset,	Frederick J. Johnson.
Cecil,	Alfred B. McVey.	St. Mary's,	George B. Dent.
Charles,	James A. Franklin.	Talbot,	John H. Craig.
Dorchester,	William Hurlock.	Washington,	Elmer E. Piper.
Frederick,	Rufus A. Rager.	Wicomico,	Peter S. Shockley.
Garrett,	Franklin P. Green.	Worcester,	William U. Schoolfield.

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENTS.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, ANNAPOLIS.

Office.	Residence.	Term Exp.
John Walter Smith, Governor	Worcester County	1904
Isidor Rayner, Attorney-General	Baltimore City	Dec. 23, 1903
Wilfred Bateman, Secretary of State	Talbot County	1904
Samuel King Dennis, Governor's Sec'y.	Worcester County.	
Carl Hardy, Executive Clerk	Anne Arundel County.	
Mary M. Brattep, Stenographer	Worcester County.	
Samuel W. Brooks, Messenger	Apne Arundel County.	
Chas. H. Haslup, Supt. Public Bldgs.	Howard County.	

COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY, ANNAPOLIS.

Joshua W. Hering, Comptroller	Carroll County	1904
Benjamin F. Crouse, Chief Clerk	Carroll County.	
Harry J. Hopkins, Clerk	Talbot County.	
S. Frank Miles, Clerk	Somerset County.	
Benjamin P. Butler, Clerk	Baltimore County.	
Jeannette B. Dryden, Stenographer	Worcester County.	

STATE TREASURY, ANNAPOLIS.

Murray Vandiver, Treasurer	Harford County	1904
John Z. Bayless, Chief Clerk	Harford County.	

TAX COMMISSIONER, ANNAPOLIS.

Buchanan Schley, Commissioner	Washington County	1908
Somerset R. Waters, Chief Clerk	Carroll County.	

LAND OFFICE, ANNAPOLIS.

E. Stanley Toadvine, Commissioner	Wicomico County	1904
George H. Shafer, Chief Clerk	Annapolis.	

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER, BALTIMORE.

Lloyd Wilkinson, Commissioner	Baltimore County	1904
George W. Truitt, Chief Deputy	Roland Park.	

UNIFORM LAWS COMMISSION.

George R. Gaither	Baltimore City	1904
Milton G. Urner	Frederick City	1904
Stevenson A. Williams	Belair	1904

LIQUOR LICENSE BOARD.

Max Ways	Baltimore City	1904
Campbell W. Pinkney	Baltimore City	1904
William H. Jones	Baltimore City	1904

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, ANNAPOLIS.

John S. Saunders, Adjutant-General	Baltimore	1904
William S. McMasters, Clerk	Somerset County.	

FIRE MARSHAL, BALTIMORE.

Robert M. Price, Marshal	Queen Anne's County	1904
Charles V. Wantz, Clerk	Carroll County.	

BUREAU INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS, BALTIMORE.

Thomas A. Smith, Chief	Caroline County	1904
Jacob G. Schonfarber, Clerk	Baltimore.	

STATE LIBRARY, ANNAPOLIS.

Anne B. Jeffers, Librarian	Annapolis	1904
Louis H. Dielman, Assistant	Carroll County.	

BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION, BALTIMORE.

Charles N. Hargett, President	Frederick County	1904
Hattersley W. Talbott, Superintend't.	Montgomery County	1904
John W. Kerr, Commissioner	Caroline County	1904
Herman Badenhoop, Secretary	Baltimore	1904

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

John Walter Smith, Governor.	Murray Vandiver, Treasurer.
Joshua W. Hering, Comptroller.	Wilfred Bateman, Secretary of Board.

FISH COMMISSIONERS.

Clarence L. Vincent	Snow Hill	1904
Jesse W. Downing	Frederick County	1904

INSPECTOR OF MINES.

James P. Carroll	Allegany County	1904

GAME WARDEN.

John W. Avirett	Cumberland	1904

TOBACCO INSPECTORS.

J. Frank Smith, Chief	St. Mary's County	1904
Nathaniel Broome, Deputy Inspector	Calvert County	1904
Isaac S. Nutwell, Deputy Inspector	Anne Arundel County	1904
Wm. D. Bowie, Deputy Inspector	Prince George's County	1904

STATE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

George R. Ash	Elkton.

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENTS—Continued.

STATE BANK EXAMINER.

Office.	Residence.	Term Exp.
J. Dukes Downes	Denton	1904

LIVE-STOCK SANITARY BOARD.

President—Elisha F. Parks	Baltimore City	1904
Frank H. Mackie	Cecil County	1904
Secretary—W. H. D. Warfield	Carroll County	1904

VETERINARY MEDICAL BOARD.

Frank H. Mackie	Cecil County	1904
R. V. Smith	Frederick County	1904
Harry A. Meisner	Baltimore City	1904
William H. Martenet	Baltimore City	1904
Harry A. Meisner, Chief Veterin'y Ins.	Baltimore City	1904

DENTAL EXAMINERS.

Edward Nelson	Frederick County	1906
P. E. Sasscer	Charles County	1906
H. A. Wilson	Baltimore City	1908
William T. Kelly	Talbot County	1908
Frederick F. Drew	Baltimore City	1904
Alexander McCurdy	Baltimore County	1904

PENITENTIARY DIRECTORS.

Edwin Warfield	Baltimore City	1906
Lloyd L. Jackson	Baltimore City	1906
Andrew D. Jones	Baltimore City	1908
Frank A. Furst	Baltimore City	1908
James Lee	Harford County	1904
Francis E. Waters, President	Baltimore City	1904
John F. Weyler, Warden.		

MANAGERS HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

The Board of Managers of the House of Correction consists of the Governor, Comptroller, Attorney-General and Treasurer of the State, together with nine persons appointed by the Governor, three biennially, for the term of six years from the first day of May. The appointed members are as follows:

Richard D. Hynson	Kent County	1906
John O. Stearns	Harford County	1906
Charles A. Wells	Prince George's County	1906
Samuel J. Twilley	Worcester County	1908
Richard T. Richardson	Baltimore City	1908
Frank I. Duncan	Baltimore County	1908
Edward Y. Goldsborough	Frederick County	1904
L. Marshall Haines	Cecil County	1904
Alexander R. Hagner	Washington County	1904

MANAGERS HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

No. 1, Spring Grove, Catonsville.

William H. Gorman	Baltimore County	1906
Charles G. W. McGill	Baltimore City	1906
Lawrason Riggs	Baltimore City	1904
John S. Gibbs	Baltimore County	1908
Arthur D. Foster	Baltimore City	1908
Charles Goldsborough	Baltimore City	1908
Robert Taylor	Baltimore City	1906
Francis White	Baltimore City	1904
Wesley M. Oler	Baltimore City	1904
Dr. J. Percy Wade, Superintendent	Baltimore City	1906

No. 2, Springfield, Sykesville.

John H. Hubner	Baltimore County	1906
John O. Wadlow	Carroll County	1906
Johnzie E. Beasman	Baltimore City	1908
Edward Lloyd	Talbot County	1908
William H. Forsythe	Howard County	1904
Richard F. Gundry	Baltimore County	1904

Dr. J. Clement Clark, Superintendent.

LUNACY COMMISSION.

Dr. J. Edmondson Atkinson	Baltimore City	1904
John Morris	Baltimore City	1905
Charles W. Wainright	Carroll County	1906
Thomas S. Latimer	Baltimore City	1903
Dr. George J. Preston, Secretary	Baltimore City.	

JUDGES OF MARYLAND.

COURT OF APPEALS.

JUDGES OF MARYLAND—Continued.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

Rank.	Name.	Elected or Appointed.	Ended.
Chief	George Brent	November 5, 1867	1881
Associate	Daniel R. Magruder	November 5, 1867	1881
Chief	Daniel R. Magruder	*February 10, 1881	1881
Associate	Robert Ford	November 5, 1867	1882
Associate	Richard B. B. Chew	*February 10, 1881	1881
Chief	Frederick Stone	November 8, 1881	1890
Associate	John B. Brooke	November 8, 1881	1896
Associate	J. Parran Crane	November 7, 1882 November 2, 1897	....
Chief	John P. Briscoe	*February 10, 1890 November 3, 1891	....
Associate	George C. Merrick	*December 11, 1896 November 2, 1897	....

*Date of Executive appointment.

JUDGES OF BALTIMORE CITY.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Rank.	Name.	Elected or Appointed.	Ended.
Chief	James Lawrence Bartol	1. October 23, 1867 2. October 26, 1881	1883
Associate	Wm. Shepard Bryan	November 6, 1883	1898
Associate	Sam'l Davies Schmucker	*November 8, 1898 November 7, 1899	....

SUPREME BENCH.

Chief	T. Parkin Scott	October 23, 1867	1873
Associate	George W. Dobbin	October 23, 1867	1882
Associate	Henry F. Garey	October 23, 1867	1882
Associate	Campbell W. Pinkney	October 23, 1867	1882
Associate	Robert Gilmor, Jr.	October 23, 1867	1882
Chief	George William Brown	October 22, 1873	1888
Associate	William A. Fisher	November 7, 1882	1887
Associate	William A. Stewart	November 7, 1882	1892
Associate	Charles E. Phelps	November 7, 1882 November 2, 1897	....
Associate	Edward Duffy	November 7, 1882	1892
Associate	John Upshur Dennis	*January 4, 1887 November 8, 1887 *November 8, 1902	....
Associate	Daniel Giraud Wright	November 6, 1888	....
Chief	Henry David Harlan	*October 22, 1888 November 5, 1889	....
Associate	Pere L. Wickes	*July 6, 1892 November 7, 1893	....
Associate	Albert Ritchie	*Sept'mb'r 24, 1892 November 7, 1893	....
Associate	John J. Dobler	November 6, 1894	....
Associate	Henry Stockbridge, Jr.	November 3, 1896	....
Associate	George M. Sharp	November 2, 1897	....

*Date of Executive appointment.

JUDICIAL CIRCUITS OF MARYLAND.

I.
Worcester County.
Somerset County.

III.
Baltimore County.
Harford County.

VI.
Montgomery County.
Frederick County.

IV.

VII

THE JUDICIARY SYSTEM.

The judges of the courts in Maryland, except the Orphans' Court, are elected for 15 years. They are required to be not less than 30 years of age at the time of election, and are re-eligible until the age of 70 years, but not thereafter, though the Legislature, by joint resolution, may enable any judge already in office to fill out an unexpired term beyond the limit. The counties are grouped into seven circuits, and the City of Baltimore is designated as the eighth circuit. A chief judge and two associate judges are provided for each circuit in the counties. The chief judges of the county circuits and a judge specially elected in Baltimore City constitute the Court of Appeals. The Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, designates the member of the Court of Appeals who shall be the chief or presiding judge of that tribunal. A court is required to be held in each county of the State, to be styled the Circuit Court for the county in which it may be held. No two of the associate judges shall reside in the same county. Baltimore City, the eighth Judicial Circuit, is provided with a Supreme Bench—a chief and eight associate judges, in addition to one associate judge of the Court of Appeals. The total number of judges is 31.

The salaries of judges are as follows: Court of Appeals, $4,500; Associate of the Circuit Courts, $3,600; Supreme Bench, Baltimore City, $5,000, of which $4,500 is paid by the State and $500 by the City of Baltimore.

COURT FOR JUVENILES.

The General Assembly of 1902 passed an Act, Ch. 611, for the appointment by the Governor of an additional Justice of the Peace in Baltimore City, to be known as "The Magistrate for Juvenile Causes," who shall be a member of the bar of the city, and be paid $2,100 a year by the city. To this magistrate is committed "all cases of trial or commitment for trial, or of commitment to any reformatory or other institution of all minors under 16 years of age, in all cases where jurisdiction thereof is given by law to any justice of the peace in Baltimore City." In commitments to reformatory institutions the wishes of parents and guardians are to have due consideration.

Probation officers, persons of either sex, appointed by the Supreme Bench of Baltimore City, and serving without pay, are charged with the duty of investigating cases of crime or incorrigible and vicious conduct. The probation officer is required to be present at the hearing of the case, to represent the interests of the child; to furnish the court with such information and assistance as may be required, and in the discretion of the court, to have control and custody of the child before and after trial. The court, either before trial, with the consent of the child or its parents or guardian, or after conviction, may, in its discretion, suspend further proceedings during the good behavior of the child, and place it in the care of any of the probation officers for such time and upon such conditions as may seem proper. The probation officer may bring such child before the court at any time during the period for which it was committed to his care.

May 31, 1902, Governor Smith appointed Mr. Charles W. Heuisler, of the Bar of Baltimore City, as the additional Justice of the Peace for the Court of Juveniles, and the provisions of the Act were carried into effect.

WOMEN LAWYERS AND NOTARIES PUBLIC.

The Maryland Legislature of 1902 passed an act enabling women to practice law in the courts of the State. The Act, Ch. 399, is worded as follows: "Women shall be permitted to practice law in this State upon the same terms, conditions and requirements and to the same extent as men. No discrimination shall be made on account of race, creed, complexion or previous condition of servitude."

Under this law Miss Etta H. Maddox of Baltimore, on July 9, 1902, was the first woman to pass the State Board of Law Examiners and be admitted to the bar. She was graduated from the Baltimore Law School in 1901, but was not eligible for admission to the bar until the passage of the Act of 1902.

By act of Assembly of 1902, ch. 112, the number of women notaries public in Baltimore city was limited to six, and one only to each of the 23 counties, except Washington county, where no restriction was imposed. The same Legislature also passed an Act. Ch. 96, "To make valid the acts of women notaries public if any such acts should have been done by men."

THE PERRINE COMET.

A comet, discovered at Lick Observatory, September 1, 1902, by Prof. C. D. Perrine, was visible to the naked eye October 3. On the evening of October 6 it was about 3 degrees north of Alpha Cyzni, and was then bright. It continued to move rapidly southwest, overtaking the sun early in November.

ORPHANS' COURT JUDGES—MARYLAND.

Four Years from 1899.

ALLEGANY.
J. N. M. Brandler. Martin V. Rice. Robert Tennent.

ANNE ARUNDEL.
Alfred Ijams. Henry Woodward. Charles H. Russell.

BALTIMORE CITY.
George Savage. Myer J. Block. William J. O'Brien.

BALTIMORE COUNTY.
Melchor Hoshall. Albert F. Brunier. Lewis W. Held.

CALVERT.
George P. Ross. J. Wilson Ireland. Aug. E. Birckhead.

CAROLINE.
John A. Sigler. Jesse T. Dennis. Thomas L. Day.

CARROLL.
Wm. Y. Frizzell. Jacob Rinehart. L. Calvin Jordan.

CECIL.
Merritt S. McNamee. S. Kennard Blake. Charles E. Beatty.

CHARLES.
Addison Marbury. Marcena C. Gray. James R. Carlin.

DORCHESTER.
J. Hooper Bosley. Edward P. Smith. Thomas B. Hackett.

FREDERICK.
Gowen B. Philpot. R. M. Neighbours. Russell E. Lighter.

GARRETT.
Daniel Wilson. Elias Merrill. Edward H. Bartlett.

HARFORD.
James M. Caln. E. Carvil Tolley. John McDoon.

HOWARD.
William T. Day. Pulaski Dorsey. Henry Mollman.

KENT.
Thomas A. Jacobs. Thos. A. Hudson. Franklin H. Harper.

MONTGOMERY.
Samuel D. Waters. George W. Meem. Wm. T. Wheeler.

PRINCE GEORGE'S.
Fielder C. Duvall. Wm. M. Gallahan. Lemuel L. Dale.

QUEEN ANNE'S.
Charles R. Walls. Alfred Tucker, Sr. James B. Bright.

SOMERSET.
Joseph R. Reading. Edward L. Dryden. Warren C. Gunby.

ST. MARY'S.
Joseph H. Key. Wm. S. Coppage. James T. Harrison.

TALBOT.
William H. Seth. Elijah W. West. Frank D. Harrison.

WASHINGTON.
Elias Cost. Aaron D. Sager. Wm. L. Hammond.

WICOMICO.
George W. Cathell. Wm. J. Jackson. John L. Powell.

WORCESTER.
Zadok P. Henry. Alfred Child. Ara P. Bowen.

ORPHANS' COURT DAYS.

Allegany—Every Tuesday and Friday.
Anne Arundel—Every Tuesday.
Baltimore City—Daily, except Sundays.
Baltimore County—Every Tuesday and Wednesday.
Calvert—Second and fourth Tuesdays each month.
Caroline—Second Tuesday in December, February, April, June, August and October.
Carroll—Every Monday and Tuesday.
Cecil—Second Tuesday in every month.
Charles—First and third Tuesdays each month.
Dorchester—Every Tuesday.
Frederick—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week, and daily during sittings of court.
Garrett—Second and fourth Tuesdays each month
Howard—First and third Tuesdays each month.
Harford—First Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of each month.
Kent—Every Tuesday.
Montgomery—Every Tuesday.
Prince George's—Third Tuesday each month.
Queen Anne's—Every Tuesday.
Somerset—Always second Tuesday in February, April, June, August, October and December; also, every other Tuesday.
St. Mary's—Second and fourth Tuesdays each month.
Talbot—Every Tuesday, except election day; then the following Wednesday.
Washington—Tuesday, Friday, each week.
Wicomico—Second, fourth Tuesdays each month.
Worcester—Second, fourth Tuesdays each month.

STATE AID AND CHARITIES.

Commissioners Appointed by the Governor May 5, Under Act of 1900, Chapter 679, to Serve for Two Years.

Office: Room 304, Maryland Telephone Building, Corner Lexington and Courtland Streets, Baltimore City.

Pres.—Ferdin'd C. Latrobe, Baltimore.
John Lee Carroll, Howard County.
James Bond, Baltimore.
Samuel Rosenthal, Jr., Baltimore.
Secretary—Jas. R. Brewer, Baltimore.
One vacancy.

It is required by the Act of 1900, creating the commission, that all contemplated applications for State aid shall be made to the board, not less than six months before the regular session of the Legislature. This must be done by all State, county, city or private incorporations, including medical, educational, reformatory, penal, military and charitable institutions or organizations.

The applications must be in writing, setting forth the amount to be applied for. The commission is required to consider whether the public interests are to be benefited by extending the aid asked, and to inquire into various details of the management, etc., of the officers of the institution to be benefited, and report to the Legislature, with recommendations in each case.

Within ten days after the Legislature meets the Board shall report the names of all institutions and organizations to which, in the judgment of the Board, the aid of the State should be extended, and to what extent. They will also report those, in their judgment, not entitled to receive aid, and the reasons therefor.

The sum of $5,000 was appropriated for the first two years to cover all the expenses of the commission, including the salary of the clerk, $1,200; office rent, $600, and a total of $500 in the year traveling expenses of the commission, including visits to institutions, etc. The Legislature of 1902 continued the commission, and appropriated $2,000 per annum for 1903 and 1904. The commissioners serve without pay.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS OF MARYLAND.

President—Dr. Eugene McE. Van Ness, 1515 Park Avenue, Baltimore.
Secretary and Treasurer—Dr. J. McP. Scott, Hagerstown.

Dr. W. W. Wiley, Cumberland.
Dr. Franklin Buchanan Smith, Fred'k.
Dr. C. F. Davidson, Easton.
Dr. B. W. Goldsborough, Cambridge.
Dr. Edwin J. Dirickson, Berlin.
Dr. H. B. Thomas, 1007 Cathedral St., Baltimore.

COUNTY TREASURERS OF MARYLAND.

Allegany..... Weyand A. Reinhard.	Kent.....Jesse R. Copper.
Anne Arundel... Joshua S. Linthicum.	Montgomery.... Robert G. Hilton.
Baltimore..... Willie B. Cochran.	Prince George's..Richard N. Ryon.
Calvert.....John Sedwick.	Queen Anne's....Albert Story.
Caroline.....Charles H. Whitby.	Somerset..... Charles W. Long.
Carroll.....John E. Massenhimer.	St. Mary's..... John M. Dent.
Cecil.....William H. Hohn.	Talbot..... Joseph B. Harrington.
Charles..... Samuel C. Padgett.	Washington.....George W. Hager.
Dorchester.....F. C. Hopkins.	Wicomico.....Henry L. Todd.
Frederick.....Charles C. Biser.	Worcester..... J. Edward White.
Garrett..... James W. White.	ASSISTANT TREASURERS.
Harford.....John Finney Wells.	Cecil.....Robert H. Logan.
Howard.....James T. Clark.	Queen Anne's... Joseph M. Parvis.

CORONERS BALTIMORE CITY.

Eastern—Dr. William T. Riley.
Western—Dr. John G. Wiltshire.
Northeastern—Dr. John H. Scally.
Northwestern—Dr. Silas Baldwin.
Southern—Dr. Otto M. Reinhardt.
Central—Dr. Patrick Martin.
Southwestern—Dr. C. Frank Jones.
Northern—Dr. William W. Requardt.
At Large—Dr. Jose L. Hirsch.
Appointed by the Governor for two years.

POLICE JUSTICES OF BALTIMORE.

Eastern—Wm. J. Garland.
Northeastern—James W. Lewis.
Northern—J. McHenry White.
Central—James A. Fechtig, Jr.
Western—Daniel J. Loden.
Northwestern—Adolph Sauber.
Southern—William J. Robertson.
Southwestern—John T. Ross.
Additional—Neilson Poe, Jr.

FUNDED DEBT OF MARYLAND.

Statement to September 30, 1902.

Character of Loans.	Matures.	Amount.
3 per cent. Exchange Loan of 1889	1903	$7,400 00
3.50 per cent. Penitentiary Loan of 1897	1911	500,000 00
3.50 per cent. Insane Asylum Loan of 1897	1911	100,000 00
3 per cent. Consolidated Loan of 1899	1914	5,401,926 13
3 per cent. State Bldg. and Improvement Loan of 1900	1915	500,000 00
3 per cent. State Loan of 1902	1917	400,000 00
Total Funded Debt		$6,909,326 13

As an offset to this debt, the State holds the following bonds and stocks, on which interest or dividends have been promptly paid:

Stock of the Annapolis Water Company	$30,000 00	
Stock of Farmers' National Bank of Annapolis	46,470 00	
Stock in Baltimore and Frederickt'n Turnpike Co.	1,000 00	
Stock of the Washington Branch, B. & O.	550,000 00	
Bonds of the Northern Central Ry.—Mortgage	1,500,000 00	
Stock, bonds and cash to credit of sinking funds	1,974,587 00	
		4,112,057 00
Net Debt of the State		$2,797,269 13

MARYLAND PROPERTY VALUES

Assessment for State Taxes in 1901-1902.

Counties and City.	Values 1901.	Levy 1901.	Values 1902.	Levy 1902.
Allegany	$16,930,557	$28,781 95	$17,260,488	$29,342 81
Anne Arundel	11,919,428	20,263 02	11,802,166	20,063 68
Baltimore City	365,866,694	621,973 38	383,410,323	651,797 55
Baltimore County	72,671,863	123,542 17	75,523,886	128,390 60
Calvert	2,287,295	3,888 40	2,287,626	3,888 96
Caroline	4,700,116	7,990 20	4,778,054	8,422 70
Carroll	16,194,617	27,530 85	16,357,572	27,807 88
Cecil	11,574,015	19,675 82	11,629,706	19,770 50
Charles	3,476,269	5,909 66	3,484,239	5,923 20
Dorchester	6,668,559	11,336 55	6,792,088	11,546 55
Frederick	19,866,738	33,773 46	19,900,554	33,830 94
Garrett	6,947,206	11,810 25	6,995,043	11,891 57
Harford	12,280,093	20,876 15	13,121,085	22,305 84
Howard	8,681,608	14,758 73	8,681,608	14,758 73
Kent	7,444,878	12,656 29	7,486,877	12,727 69
Montgomery	12,167,550	20,684 84	12,315,495	20,936 34
Prince George's	11,404,772	19,388 11	11,498,131	19,546 82
Queen Anne's	8,328,506	14,158 46	8,405,041	14,288 57
St. Mary's	3,114,081	5,293 94	3,172,224	5,392 78
Somerset	4,316,018	7,337 23	4,403,942	7,486 70
Talbot	8,271,509	14,061 57	8,358,676	14,209 75
Washington	18,839,015	32,026 33	19,252,335	32,728 96
Wicomico	4,790,296	8,143 50	4,923,602	8,370 12
Worcester	5,070,725	8,620 23	5,017,042	8,528 96
Totals	$643,812,408	$1,094,481 09	$666,857,803	$1,133,658 20

RECAPITULATION.

Amount of levy for—	
Public School Tax, at 10½ cents on each $100	$700,200 68
Outstanding Debt, at 2⅞ cents on each $100	191,721 60
Free School Books, at 1¾ cents on each $100	116,700 11
State Loan of 1902, at ¾ of one cent on each $100	50,014 32
Penitentiary Loan, at ½ of one cent on each $100	33,342 89
State Bldg. and Imp. Loan, at ½ of one cent on each $100	33,342 89
Insane Asylum Loan, at ⅛ of one cent on each $100	8,335 71
Total	$1,133,658 20

Total State Tax, 17 cents on each $100.

DEBT OF BALTIMORE CITY—JANUARY 1, 1902.

The Various Loans and Rates of Interest on City Securities.

Loan.	Rate.	Date of Maturity.	Amount.
Consolidated	3 ½ per cent.	At pleas. after July 1, 1930.	$5,000,000 00
Water	5 per cent.	At pleas. after July 1, 1916.	5,000,000 00
Water	4 per cent.	At pleas. after Nov. 1, 1926.	1,000,000 00
Funding.	5 per cent.	At pleas. after July 1, 1916.	1,000,000 00
Water	4 per cent.	At pleas. after Nov. 1, 1922.	500,000 00
Harford Run Improv.	4 per cent.	At pleas. after Jan. 1, 1920.	250,000 00
Paving	4 per cent.	At pleas. after Nov. 1, 1920.	500,000 00
Western Maryland R. R.	3 ½ per cent.	January 1, 1952	1,000,000 00
McDonough Extension	5 per cent.	September 1, 1916	280,000 00
Harford Run Sewer	4 per cent.	November 3, 1904	350,000 00
Patterson Park	4 per cent.	October 1, 1920	200,000 00
Conduit	3 ½ per cent.	January 1, 1922	960,000 00
Western Maryland R. R.	4 per cent.	July 1, 1925	684,000 00
Western Maryland R. R.	3 ¼ per cent.	January 1, 1927	1,704,000 00
Internal Improvement	3 ½ per cent.	July 1, 1928	4,850,000 00
Funding	3 ½ per cent.	July 1, 1936	1,453,300 00
Public Improvement	3 ½ per cent.	January 1, 1940	6,000,000 00
Four-Million Loan	3 ½ per cent.	March 1, 1945	3,892,500 00
Refunding	3 ½ per cent.	January 1, 1940	4,300,000 00
Western Maryland R. R.	3 ½ per cent.	March 1, 1950	875,000 00
Overdue stock		No interest allowed	16,382 95
Total funded debt			$39,815,182 95

DEBT SUMMARY.

The following is a summary of the debt of the City of Baltimore, the sinking fund and the productive assets of its treasury:

Total funded debt		$39,815,182 95
Value of sinking funds (par value)	$18,000,000	
Water works, cost	12,500,000	
		30,500,000 00
Balance of debt over available interest-bearing assets		$9,315,182 95

During 1902 the funded debt was decreased $349,500 by the redemption of $499,500 City Hall and Western Maryland Railroad Loans, due in 1902, and Jones' Falls and City Hall Loans, due in 1900, less the issue of $100,000 Conduit 3½ per cent. 1922 Loan, and $50,000 Four-Million 3½ per cent. 1945 Loan.

TAX RATES IN MARYLAND.

On Each $100 of Property Assessed for Taxation.

Counties and City.	1902.	1901.
Allegany	$1.10	$1.00
*Anne Arundel, corp.	1.15	1.01
Baltimore City	1.95	1.81½
Baltimore County	.78	.85
Calvert	.94	.99
Caroline	.95	.95
Cecil	.90	.75
†Carroll	.45	.45
Charles	1.02	.99
Dorchester	.99	.99
Frederick	.87	.82
Garrett	.99	.72
Harford	.85	.91
Howard	$ .75	$ .75
Kent	.95	.91
Montgomery	.86	.86
Prince George's	.98	.91
Queen Anne's	.90	.83
Somerset	1.14	1.04
St. Mary's	.86	.73
Talbot	.88	.88
Washington	.67½	.65
Wicomico	.78	.78¼
Worcester	1.00	.92
State tax	.17	.17

*ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY.

Road Tax, 1902, on each $100 of assessed property.

Dist. 1	$ .23	County tax	$ .76
Dist. 2	.55	School tax	.25
Dist. 3	.58	State tax	.17
Dist. 4	.40	Corp. tax	1.15
Dist. 5	.31	Stock & bond tax, county.	.30
Dist. 6	.02	Annapolis—	
Dist. 8	.52	City of Annapolis	.15

†CARROLL COUNTY.

Road Tax, 1902—additional on each $100 of assessed property.

Dist. 1	$ .15	Dist. 8	$ .16
Dist. 2	.10	Dist. 9	.15
Dist. 3	.09	Dist. 10	.09
Dist. 4	.15	Dist. 11	.08
Dist. 5	.17	Dist. 12	.12
Dist. 6	.12	Dist. 13	.13
Dist. 7	.08		

BALTIMORE'S EXECUTIVE OFFICERS.

Mayor—Thomas G. Hayes.....$6,000
Mayor's Sec'y—J. H. Morgan Payne..... 2,300
Mayor's Clerk—Walter M. Jordan 1,200
Mayor's Det.—G. H. Zimmerman 900
City Comptroller—Jas. H. Smith. 2,300
City Register—Geo. N. Numsen.. 3,300
Dep. Register—J. Sewell Thomas. 2,300
City Col'r—Jas. P. Gorter, fees and 2,000
Deputy Col'r—Ed. A. Hartman.. 2,300
City Engineer—Benj. T. Fendall. 4,000
Collector of Water Rents and Licenses—Carlton Shafer.... 2,300
Ins. of Bldgs—Ed. D. Preston... 3,000
Commissioner of Street Cleaning —Paul Iglehart..... 2,500
General Superintendent of Lamps and Lighting—Robt. J. McCuen 2,000
City Surveyor—Frank H. Sloan. Fees.
Superintendent of Public Buildings—Frederick T. Hellman.. 1,500
Public Printer—The John D. Lucas Printing Co.
City Librarian—Sam'l H. Randall 1,500
City Sol'r—Wm. Pinkney Whyte. 4,000
First Assistant—Olin Bryan.... 3,000
Second Assist.—Jas. W. McElroy. 2,500
Third Assist.—Chas. W. Field... 1,800
Appeal Tax Court:
President—Conway W. Sams.. 2,000
Solomon H. Freeburger..... 2,000
Oscar Leser..... 2,000
Commis'ners for Opening Streets:
President—Francis E. Bond.. 1,800
Harry Yewell..... 1,800
Arthur R. MacLellan..... 1,800

FIRE COMMISSIONERS.

President—A. Roszel Cathcart... 1,000
John H. Sirich..... 1,000
Edward M. Parrish..... 1,000
Chief Engineer—Geo. W. Horton.
Examining Board of Fire Department: A. Roszel Cathcart, President; Geo. W. Horton, W. Burns Trundle.

ELECTRICAL COMMISSION.

President—A. Roszel Cathcart; Mayor Thomas G. Hayes, City Register Geo. N. Numsen.
Chief Engineer—Charles E. Phelps, Jr., $4,000.

TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY COMMISSION.

Mayor Thomas G. Hayes, City Register George N. Numsen, City Comptroller James H. Smith.
Chief Engineer—Joseph W. Shirley, $1,500.

HARBOR BOARD.

President—N. H. Hutton; John K. Ober, George R. Willis, Clarence Shriver, Albert Frank Gilbert.
Harbor Engineer—N. H. Hutton, $4,000.

WATER BOARD.

President—Alfred M. Quick; James T. Miller, M. H. Carter, M. D., Albert C. Tolson, William W. Varney.
Water Eng'r—Alfred M. Quick, $4,000.

BOARD OF ESTIMATES.

President—Henry Williams; Thos. G. Hayes, William Pinkney Whyte, Jas. H. Smith, Benjamin T. Fendall.

BOARD OF AWARDS.

Thomas G. Hayes, Jas. H. Smith, Geo. N. Numsen, William Pinkney Whyte, Henry Williams.

COMMISSIONERS OF FINANCE.

President—David Ambach; Miles White, Jr., Thomas G. Hayes, James H. Smith, George N. Numsen.

PARK COMMISSIONERS.

President—Thomas R. Clendinen; Edward J. Gallagher, John P. Galvin, Edward D. Booz, Brent Waters.

FREE PUBLIC BATH COMMISSION.

Eugene Levering, W. H. Morriss, Dr. Mary Sherwood, George W. Corner, Jr., Dr. Joseph E. Gichner, Dr. John S. Fulton, Morris A. Soper.

SUPERVISORS OF CITY CHARITIES.

President—Jeffrey R. Brackett; James R. Wheeler, John Black, John M. Glenn, Elisha H. Perkins, Charles D. Fenhagen, Dr. Mactier Warfield, Henry Steffens, Mrs. John J. Abell.

VISITORS TO THE JAIL.

President—Richard B. Tippett; George W. Mowen, James L. Kernan, Thos. F. McNulty, Diedrick Holljes, Dr. Thomas Opie, Daniel B. Chambers, William Falt, Charles J. Tracy.
Warden—James T. Doyle, $2,000.
Physician—George L. Wilkins, $1,500.

LIGHTING COMMISSION.

Benjamin T. Fendall, Edwin G. Baetjer, Charles E. Phelps, Jr.

ART COMMISSION.

Mendes Cohen, Henry Walters, J. B. Noel Wyatt, J. Evans Sperry, B. N. Baker, Thomas R. Clendinen, Ferdinand C. Latrobe.
City Statistician—James R. Horner.

MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENT LEAGUE.

Organized January 9, 1902.

President—James H. Smith, of the Citizens' Association of North Baltimore.
First Vice-Presidents—Dr. R. H. P. Ellis, of the Mount Royal Improvement Association; George B. Skinner, of the South Baltimore Improvement Association; W. Graham Bishop, of the Mount Royal Improvement Association.
Secretary—Allan Cleaveland, of the Peabody Heights Improvement Association.
Treasurer—Dr. John G. Beck, of the Northeast Baltimore Improvement Association.

CITY COUNCIL OF BALTIMORE CITY.

1901—1902—1903.

FIRST BRANCH.

President—Albert M. Sproesser, Room 303 Union Trust Bldg., Charles and Fayette Streets.
Chief Clerk—Fuller Waters, 1614 Hollins Street.
Reading Clerk—Wm. Houghey, 1724 North Fulton Avenue.
Committee Clerk—Sterling P. Pace, 15 East Henrietta Street.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Charles Kleinjohn, 538 Central Avenue.
Doorkeepers—George L. Gemundt, 889 West Lombard Street.
James F. McDermott, 635 Mosher Street.
Page—John A. Keith, 808 Columbia Avenue.
Public Printer—The John D. Lucas Printing Company, 210 Water Street.

Wards.	Members.	Politics.	Residence.
Ward 1	Alfred M. Touchton	R.	221 South Chester street.
Ward 2	John A. Janetzke	R.	1739 Bank street.
Ward 3	Martin Stuckert	R.	37 South Caroline street.
Ward 4	Louis D. Greene	D.	212 North Paca street.
Ward 5	Lewis H. Miller	R.	534 North Gay street.
Ward 6	Robert McClintock	R.	25 North Chester street.
Ward 7	George Gebelein	R.	828 North Chester street.
Ward 8	William H. Parker	R.	1219 North Broadway.
Ward 9	Samuel Regester	D.	1144 East North avenue.
Ward 10	Terrence McMahon	D.	1126 Homewood avenue.
Ward 11	George S. Brown	D.	24 West Biddle street.
Ward 12	W. Starr Gephart	D.	35 East North avenue.
Ward 13	E. Clay Timanus	R.	731 Roland avenue.
Ward 14	Samuel Affelder	R.	2007 Madison avenue.
Ward 15	Henry A. Ulrich	R.	1804 North Fulton avenue.
Ward 16	Thomas S. Bell	R.	1411 West Lafayette avenue.
Ward 17	Hiram Watty, col	R.	521 West Lanvale street.
Ward 18	B. Frank Kelley	R.	135 South Poppleton street.
Ward 19	James H. Marine	R.	1614 West Fayette street.
Ward 20	Joseph Hart	R.	1901 West Fayette street.
Ward 21	William Kalb	R.	1131 Columbia avenue.
Ward 22	Albert M. Sproesser	R.	831 William street.
Ward 23	Charles H. Heintzeman	R.	922 South Charles street.
Ward 24	Henry J. C. Hoffman	D.	420 East Randall street.

Republicans, 18; Democrats, 6.

SECOND BRANCH.

President—Henry Williams (D., 2 years), Pier 8, Light St. Wharf.
Chief Clerk—John E. Hussey, 429 East Twentieth Street.
Reading Clerk—Charles C. Rhodes, Fidelity Building.
Committee Clerk—J. E. Muse, 855 Columbia Avenue.
Doorkeeper—Frank E. Schraeder, 406 Maryland Telephone Bldg.
Page—W. A. Forwood, 1228 North Gay Street.
Public Printer—The John D. Lucas Printing Co., 210 Water St.

Districts.	Members.	Politics	Terms.	Residence.
First	Louis A. Dieter	D.	2 years.	Hotel Rennert.
	Wm. A. Eisenbrandt	R.	4 years.	2322 East Baltimore street.
Second	James B. Guyton	D.	2 years.	York rd. and new Bound'y av.
	William C. Smith	R.	4 years.	606 Reservoir street.
Third	Richard M. Venable	D.	2 years.	930 North Calvert street.
	William D. Platt	R.	4 years.	1109 North Charles street.
Fourth	Harry F. Lindeman	D.	2 years.	1100 Hanover street.
	George W. Howser	R.	4 years.	748 Columbia avenue.

Democrats, 5, including president-at-large; Republican, 4.

Mr. Skipwith Wilmer, who was elected President of the Second Branch of the City Council May 2, 1899, by the voters of the city at large for the term of four years, resigned the office May 16, 1901, on account of failing health, and died July 12, 1901. The Second Branch, immediately on the resignation of Mr. Wilmer, elected Henry Williams President for the unexpired term.

In the same way, the members of the First Branch, under the provisions of the City Charter, on October 6, 1902, elected Joseph Hart, to fill the vacancy from the Twentieth Ward, occasioned by the death of Mr. Henry Hoffmeister, who died October 3, 1902.

MAYORS OF BALTIMORE.

1797—James Calhoun.
1804—Thorowgood Smith.
1808—Edward Johnson.
1816—George Stiles.
1819—Edward Johnson.
1820—John Montgomery.
1823—Edward Johnson.
1826—Jacob Small.
1831—William Stewart.
1832—Jesse Hunt.
1835—Samuel Smith.
1837—Samuel Smith.
1838—Shepperd C. Leakin.
1840—Samuel Brady.
1842—Solomon Hillen, Jr.
1843—James O. Law.
1844—Jacob G. Davies.
1848—Elijah Stansbury.
1850—J. Hanson T. Jerome.
1852—J. Smith Hollins.
1854—Samuel Hinks.
1856—Thomas Swann.
1860—Geo. Wm. Brown.
1861—John Lee Chapman.
1862—John Lee Chapman.
1867—Robert T. Banks.
1871—Joshua Vansant.
1875—Ferdin'd C. Latrobe.
1877—George P. Kane.
1878—Ferdin'd C. Latrobe.
1879—Ferdin'd C. Latrobe.
1881—Wm. Pinkney Whyte.
1883—Ferdin'd C. Latrobe.
1885—James Hodges.
1887—Ferdin'd C. Latrobe.
1889—Robert C. Davidson.
1891—Ferdin'd C. Latrobe.
1893—Ferdin'd C. Latrobe.
1895—Alcaeus Hooper.
1897—William T. Malster.
1899—Thomas G. Hayes.

FOREIGN CONSULS AT BALTIMORE.

Argentina—Harvey Coale, room 811 Merchants' Bank Building, South and Water streets.

Austro-Hungaria—Charles A. Martin, 105 East German street.

Brazil—Antonio C. deMagalhas, room 219A Equitable Building, Calvert and Fayette streets.

Belgium—Arnold Kummer, 23 South street.

Chili—Richard James Leupold, room 1003 Union Trust Building, Fayette and Charles streets.

Colombia—F. W. Feldner, room 504 Fidelity Building, Charles and Lexington streets.

Costa Rica—William A. Riordan, Donnell Building, Gay and Lombard streets.

Cuba—No Consul; ships' manifests and bills of health are certified at the Custom House.

Denmark—Morris Whitridge, 215 South street.

France—Leonce Rabillon, room 224 Equitable Building, Calvert and Fayette streets.

German Empire—George A. Von Lingen, 5 South Gay street.

Great Britain—Consul, Gilbert Fraser; vice-consul, A. G. Coates, second floor, 6 South Gay street.

Greece—Chester B. Turnbull, room 407 Maryland Trust Building, Calvert and German streets.

Guatamala—C. Morton Stewart, Jr., Donnell Building, Gay and Lombard streets.

Haiti—William A. Riordan, Donnell Building, Gay and Lombard streets.

Honduras—C. Morton Stewart, Jr., Donnell Building, Gay and Lombard sts.

Italy—Prospero Schiaffino, room 8 National Marine Bank Building, Gay and Water streets.

Liberia—W. E. Hoffman, room 411 Fidelity Building, Charles and Lexington streets.

Mexico—Jose V. Dosal, room 29 Firemen's Building, South and Water streets.

Netherlands (Holland)—Claas Vocke, 218 South Charles street.

Nicaragua—C. Morton Stewart, Jr., Donnell Building, Gay and Lombard streets.

Paraguay—William H. Love, Board of Trade rooms, Rialto Building, Holliday and Water streets.

Peru—Edward P. Hill, room 828 Equitable Building, Calvert and Fayette streets.

Portugal—Frank Frick, Jr., room 40, Chamber of Commerce.

Russia—Charles Nitze, room 707 Continental Building, Baltimore and Calvert streets.

Salvador—C. Morton Stewart, Jr. Donnell Building, Gay and Lombard streets.

Sweden and Norway—Herman Rauschenberg, rooms 37 and 39, Chamber of Commerce.

Spain—Prospero Schiaffino, room 8 National Marine Bank Building, Gay and Water streets.

Santo Domingo—William A. Riordan Donnell Building, Gay and Lombard streets.

Uruguay—Prudencio de Murguiondo Consul-General to the United States Philippine Islands and Cuba, 309 East North avenue; consul, Leonce Rabillon room 224 Equitable Building, Calvert and Fayette streets.

Venezuela—James V. Wagner, National Marine Bank, Gay and Water st

CHESAPEAKE BAY TELEPHONE CABLE.

THE BALTIMORE SUN received, August 5, 1902, from its Centreville correspondent, the first telephone message by cable from Love Point, Queen Anne's County, to Sandy Point, Anne Arundel County. The cable crosses the Chesapeake Bay at its narrowest point: gives Baltimore communication wi the entire Eastern Shore below Ce County.

POPULATION AND REPRESENTATION IN MARYLAND.

CENSUS OF POPULATION AND REPRESENTATION IN THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Old Appor't.	Counties.	Federal Census, 1900.		Revised Federal Census, 1900.		State Census, 1901.	
5	Allegany	53,694	5	53,694	5	53,304	5
4	Anne Arundel	40,018	*5	39,620	4	34,791	4
6	Baltimore County	90,755	6	90,755	6	88,028	6
2	Calvert	10,223	2	10,223	2	9,963	2
2	Caroline	16,248	2	16,248	2	16,792	2
4	Carroll	33,860	4	33,860	4	33,651	4
3	Cecil	24,662	3	24,662	3	24,450	3
2	Charles	18,316	*3	17,662	2	16,602	2
3	Dorchester	27,962	3	27,962	3	28,293	*4
5	Frederick	51,920	5	51,920	5	51,639	5
2	Garrett	17,701	2	17,701	2	17,386	2
4	Harford	28,269	4	28,269	4	28,307	4
2	Howard	16,715	2	16,715	2	16,276	2
2	Kent	18,786	*3	18,786	*3	17,788	2
3	Montgomery	30,451	*4	30,451	*4	29,155	*4
3	Prince George's	29,898	*4	29,898	*4	28,325	*4
3	Queen Anne's	18,364	3	18,364	3	18,568	3
3	Somerset	25,923	3	25,923	3	25,628	3
2	St. Mary's	18,136	*3	17,182	2	16,890	2
3	Talbot	20,342	3	20,342	3	20,314	3
4	Washington	45,133	*5	45,133	*5	44,491	*5
3	Wicomico	22,852	3	22,852	3	22,908	3
3	Worcester	20,865	3	20,865	3	20,805	3
73	County totals	681,093	80	679,087	77	664,656	77
18	Baltimore City	508,957	18	508,957	18	517,035	18
91	State total	1,190,050	98	1,188,044	95	1,181,691	95

*Gain 1.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS OF MARYLAND.

Apportionment as made by the Act of 1902 of the General Assembly, Ch. 136.

I.—Worcester.
Somerset.
Wicomico.
Dorchester.
Talbot.
Queen Anne's.
Caroline.
Kent.
Cecil.

II.—Harford
Carroll.
Baltimore Co.
Baltimore City:
Ward 15.
Ward 16.

III.—Baltimore City:
Ward 1.
Ward 2.
Ward 3.
Ward 4.
Ward 5.
Ward 6.
Ward 7.
Ward 8.
Ward 22.
Ward 18—Precincts: 9, 10, 11, 13.

IV.—Baltimore City:
Ward 9.
Ward 10.
Ward 11.
Ward 12.
Ward 13.
Ward 14.
Ward 17.
Ward 19.
Ward 20.
Ward 18—Precincts: 1, 2, 3, 12.

V.—St. Mary's.
Charles.
Calvert.
Prince George's.
Anne Arundel.
Howard.
Baltimore City:
Ward 21.
Ward 23.
Ward 24.
Ward 18—Precincts: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.

VI.—Allegany.
Garrett.
Washington
Frederick.
Montgomery.

The wards of Baltimore City are as numbered by Acts of 1901, Chapter 8.

DUCKING POLICE.

Harford County—William H. Fletcher, Aberdeen; Hugh J. Murray, Havre de Grace.

Cecil County—C. Mallory Toy, Jos. Clay for Elk River; John Fulley.

ALTITUDES IN MARYLAND.

Elevations of Points in Maryland, Grouped by Counties.

Compiled by the Maryland Geological Survey from Best Available Data.

Allegany County. Localities.	Elevation in Feet.
Cumberland (Court House)	688
Dan's Rock	2898
Frostburg	1929
Mt. Savage	1198
Westernport	1000
Piney Grove	937
Flintstone	828
Oldtown	564
Anne Arundel County.	
Annapolis (Executive Mansion, street)	40
Marriott Hill	240
Davidsonville	185
Owensville	182
Odenton	160
Jewell	160
Friendship	150
Glenburnie	55
Baltimore City.	
City Hall	20
High Service Reservoir	350
Druid Hill Park (Mansion House)	320
Johns Hopkins University site (Carroll Mansion)	245
Hotel Altamont (street)	170
Mt. Royal Reservoir	155
Patterson Park Observatory (base)	125
Johns Hopkins Hospital	105
Washington Monument (base)	100
Carroll Park (Mansion House)	95
Fort McHenry	30
Baltimore County.	
Towson (Court House)	465
Reisterstown	735
St. Thomas' Church	650
Pikesville	516
Catonsville	510
Chattolanee Hotel	510
Long Green	500
Fork	420
Parkton	420
Cockeysville	280
Lake Roland	225
Lochraven	170
Relay Viaduct	71
Bradshaw	40
North Point	20
Calvert County.	
Prince Frederick	150
Mt. Harmony	181
Port Republic	160
Bowens	160
Parran	136
Chesapeake Beach	20
Lower Marlboro	20
Caroline County.	
Denton	42
Marydell	63
Federalsburg (1½ miles N. E. of)	42
Greensboro	41

Carroll County. Localities.	Elevation in Feet.
Westminster	774
Manchester (½ mile S. of)	1107
Hampstead	913
Bachman's Valley	860
Sykesville	600
Finksburg	545
Taneytown	490
Cecil County.	
Elkton	29
Rock Spring (½ mile S. of)	540
Woodlawn	465
Calvert	441
Rising Sun	387
Gray's Hill (near Elkton)	268
Cecilton	80
Chesapeake	17
Port Deposit (Postoffice)	16
Charles County.	
La Plata	190
Hughesville	193
Patuxent	184
Chapel Point	150
Indian Head	100
Port Tobacco	50
Dorchester County.	
Cambridge	20
Vienna	14
Church Creek	5
Drawbridge	4
Frederick County.	
Frederick	300
Maryland Heights	1300
Sugar Loaf Mountain	1250
Point of Rocks (3 miles N. of)	1200
Thurmont	515
Sharpsburg	400
Monocacy Bridge (W. M. R. R.)	329
Point of Rocks	229
Garrett County.	
Oakland	2461
Backbone Mt. (1 mile N E of Potomac stone)	3700
Table Rock (1 mile S W. of)	3500
Table Rock	3073
Altamont	2632
Accident	2395
Deer Park Hotel	2480
Mountain Lake Park	2450
Grantsville	2351
Friendsville	1501
Bloomington	1000
Harford County.	
Belair	396
Madonna	748
Pylesville	358
Darlington	333
Aberdeen	79
Perryman	60
Havre de Grace	35

ALTITUDES IN MARYLAND—Continued.

Howard County. Localities.	Elevation in Feet.
Ellicott City (Court House)	233
Clarksville	488
West Friendship	476
Marriottsville	300
Woodstock	258
Savage	220
Kent County.	
Chestertown	22
Blacks (½ mile east)	80
Stillpond	70
Massey	64
Sassafras	34
Millington	27
Edesville	24
Georgetown	5
Montgomery County.	
Rockville	450
Poplar Springs	800
Clarksburg	800
Gaithersburg	500
Dickerson	350
Cabin John Bridge	100
Prince George's County.	
Upper Marlboro	39
Brandywine	233
Accokeek	200
Aquasco	158
Laurel	150
Bowie	149
Fort Washington	120
Beltsville	110
Hyattsville	40
Queen Anne	28
Pope's Creek	20
Queen Anne's County.	
Centreville	59
Sudlersville	65
Church Hill	60
Queen Anne	35
Kent Island	20
Crumpton	20
Queenstown	18
Somerset County.	
Princess Anne	18
Eden	30
Wellington	27
Costen	21
Peninsula Junction	14
Kingston	8

St. Mary's County. Localities.	Elevation in Feet.
Leonardtown	100
Newmarket	172
Mechanicsville	165
Jarboesville	110
Park Hall	100
Morganza	71
Ridge	42
Valley Lee	40
Chaptico	20
Talbot County.	
Easton	30
Wye Mills (¼ mile S. of)	60
Trappe	55
Oxford	11
St. Michaels	10
Washington County.	
Hagerstown (Court House)	552
Mt. Quirauk	2400
High Rock	2000
Blue Ridge Summit (Penn.)	1411
Blue Mountain House	1200
National Turnpike (top of Sideling Hill)	1593
Round Top	1388
Fort Frederick	470
Hancock	488
Wicomico County.	
Salisbury	23
Parsonsburg	80
Pittsville	60
Delman	57
Mardela Springs	27
Sharptown	26
Quantico	20
Allen	11
Whitehaven	5
Worcester County.	
Snow Hill	21
Longridge	51
Berlin	45
Stockton	33
Whiteburg	30
Bishopville	23
Greenbackville	10
Pocomoke	8

WEDDING ANNIVERSARIES.

1st year	Cotton.
2nd year	Paper.
3rd year	Leather.
5th year	Wooden.
7th year	Woolen.
10th year	Tin.
12th year	Silk and Linen.
15th year	Crystal.
20th year	China.
25th year	Silver.
30th year	Pearl.
40th year	Ruby.
50th year	Golden
75th year	Diamond

MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD.

Commander-in-Chief—Governor John Walter Smith.

The organized militia force of the State of Maryland shall be known as the "Maryland National Guard," organized into one brigade.

The brigade shall consist of not more than 40 companies, infantry, cavalry, artillery and signal corps, the whole to comprise in the aggregate not more than 2,500 enlisted men.

There shall be a Naval Brigade, to consist of not more than 324 enlisted men.

The infantry is organized as follows: First Regiment, Fourth Regiment, Fifth Regiment; separate company, colored; Cavalry, Troop A; Signal Corps.

Authority is given for one artillery company, but it has not been organized.

The infantry regiments shall consist of 12 companies, each with from 40 to 60 men. The cavalry company shall consist of not less than 40 men nor more than 100 men. The Signal Corps shall consist of one first-lieutenant, one second-lieutenant, one first-sergeant, three sergeants, four corporals and twenty privates.

Authority also given for a Hospital Corps, not to exceed 150 enlisted men, which is now in process of organization.

The Naval Brigade shall be organized into two battalions, each battalion to be in three divisions, each division to have not less than 36 petty officers and men as a minimum and 54 petty officers and men as a maximum. (Acts 1900, Ch. 657.)

GOVERNOR'S STAFF.

Adjutant-General—
John S. Saunders, Baltimore.
Quartermaster-General—
Charles A. Chipley, Easton.
Judge-Advocate-General—
Francis E. Waters, Baltimore.
Inspector-General—
L. Victor Baughman, Frederick.
Chief of Ordnance—
Murray Vandiver, Havre de Grace.
Surgeon-General—
John B. Schwatka, Baltimore.

Colonels—
Charles Goldsborough, Baltimore.
George M. Upshur, Baltimore.
John Waters, Pikesville.
Arthur P. Gorman, Jr., Laurel.
Israel Rosenfeld, Baltimore.
Robert Taylor, Catonsville.
Albert W. Sisk, Preston.
W. Laird Henry, Cambridge.
John P. Moore, Snow Hill.
Arthur Douglas Foster, Baltimore.

FIRST BRIGADE, M. N. G.

Brig.-Gen. Lawrason Riggs, command'g.
Col. Allan McLane, Adjutant-General.
Col. Chas. F. Macklin, Inspector-Gen.
Col. John M. T. Finney, Chief Surgeon.
Major Chas. R. Spence, Chief Quar'm'r.
Major Frank W. Coale, Chief Commis'y.
Major Sam'l J. Fort, Chief of Ordnance.
Major C. V. Starkloff, Chief Paymaster.
Judge-Advocate—Vacant.
First-Lieut. Edmund L. Woodside, aide-de-camp.
First-Lieut. William B. Cockey, aide-de-camp.

FIRST REGIMENT INFANTRY, M. N. G.

Col. Charles A. Little, commanding.
Lieut.-Col. Charles B. McClean.
Major William G. Purnell.
Major James C. Porter.
Major William A. Wright.

FOURTH REGIMENT INFANTRY, M. N. G.

Col. Willard Howard, commanding.
Lieut.-Col. J. Frank Supplee.
Major Andrew W. Feuss.
Major—Vacant.
Major—Vacant.

FIFTH REGIMENT INFANTRY, M. N. G.

Col. Frank Markoe, commanding.
Lieut.-Col. R. Dorsey Coale.
Major Henry M. Warfield.
Major Louis M. Rawlins.
Major C. Baker Clotworthy.

TROOP A, M. N. G.

Capt. Joseph W. Shirley, commanding.

FIRST SEPARATE COMPANY (COLORED).

Capt. William R. Spencer, commanding.

NAVAL BRIGADE.

Commander—Edwin Geer.
Lieut.-Commander—Henry F. Harrison.

FIFTH REGIMENT ARMORY.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Governor John Walter Smith.
Comptroller Joshua W. Hering,
Treasurer Murray Vandiver.
Attorney-General Isidor Rayner.
Adjutant-General John S. Saunders.
Colonel Frank Markoe, Fifth Regiment.
Major Henry M. Warfield, Fifth Reg't.
Major Louis E. Rawlins, Fifth Reg't.
Major C. Baker Clotworthy, Fifth Reg.
John S. Wirt, Elkton.
John B. Ramsay, Baltimore.
William T. Dixon, Baltimore.

SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE.

Colonel Frank Markoe.
Major Henry M. Warfield.
John S. Wirt.

The armory was expected to be ready for occupancy by the middle of February, 1903. The building, which is of a military style of architecture exteriorly, occupies the larger part of a block fronting on Hoffman street, opposite Bolton street. The front is 30 feet high, and, owing to the sloping of the ground, the rear wall is 53 feet high. An arched roof over the structure rises to a height of 104 feet, and is supported on trusses, which leave everything clear below. The arch of the roof is a magnificent span of over 200 feet. The main drill room is 200 feet wide by 300 feet long, with a floor space of 6,000 square feet and seating capacity for 16,000 persons. Provision has been made in the plans for galleries to seat 4,000 more, but this is left for future consideration. The arch of the roof rises in the center to a height of 85 feet above the floor of the drill hall. There are officers' rooms, assembly rooms, reception rooms, lockers, gymnasium, and everything necessary for a well-equipped armory.

The Legislature appropriated in all $420,000, of which $125,000 was spent for the lot. This left $295,000 to erect the building, but individuals connected with the project had to raise $5,000 more to finish the edifice as designed, the next General Assembly being relied upon to reimburse the contributors. All bids were in excess of the sum available, and some details had to be left out until more funds can be procured from the State.

CHARLESTON EXHIBIT IN BALTIMORE.

The industrial-geological display, which won the highest distinction for Maryland at the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian Exposition, has been re-established in Baltimore, and was opened for the benefit of the residents of the State shortly before this book went to press. It will be on view every day, except Sunday, during the present winter and coming spring. All are invited to visit it.

Twice the number of awards voted to any other State for similar exhibits were won by Maryland at the South Carolina Exposition, with her display of mineral resources. This was prepared for the Maryland commissioners by the Maryland Geological Survey under the direction of Dr. William Bullock Clark, State geologist. Many Marylanders who visited Charleston suggested that, in view of the instructive and stimulating character of the exhibit, it ought to be displayed where more of the people of the State might see it. The Johns Hopkins University has supplied the place, and the exhibit is now installed for the public on the first floor of the university building, at 532 North Howard street, the headquarters of the Maryland Geological Survey.

The Charleston awards gave the exhibit twelve gold medals of the first class, eight silver medals, four bronze medals and five honorable mentions. The first honors were thus distributed:

To the Maryland Geological Survey, for its scientific collection, illustrative of the State's geology; another to the Survey for its maps, reports, models and transparencies; another for its systematic collection of the mineral-industrial resources of the State, as there shown; to the Washington Hydraulic Press Brick Company; to the Mount Savage Enameled Brick Works; to the Baltimore Brick Company; to the Baltimore Retort and Fire Brick Company; to the Beaver Dam Marble Company; to the Maryland Granite Company; to D. F. Haynes & Sons, and to the Seneca Stone Company.

The display is reproduced on North Howard street in all its essential features. The coals, the many important clays, the slates, the building and decorative stones, including characteristic sandstones, serpentines, marbles, granites, gneisses and other rocks, may all be seen in the rough and prepared conditions, many of the decorative stones being highly polished. The clays, for instance, are shown in all their relations, from the original masses to the brick, fire-brick, terra cotta and fine potteries, into which they are worked. Many ores are shown, as well as flints, marls, soil types, etc. The systematic geological collection occupies the corridor of the building, and completely represents the very wide range of formations for which Maryland is notable.

Dr. Clark estimates the value of the mineral production, illustrated by the display, at almost $10,000,000 each year. The exhibit will probably be made a nucleus for the development of an even better one for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

COURT TERMS—MARYLAND.

Court of Appeals, Annapolis.

Clerk—Thomas Parran.
Reporter—William T. Brantly.
Terms—2d Monday in January and 1st Monday in April and October.

First Circuit.

Counties—Worcester, Somerset, Dorchester, Wicomico

Terms.—Snow Hill—Jury, 3d Monday in May and 4th Monday in October; non-jury, 3d Monday in January and July.

Princess Anne—Jury, 2d Monday in April and October; non-jury, 2d Monday in January and July.

Cambridge—Jury, 4th Monday in April, 2d Monday in November; non-jury, 4th Monday in January and July.

Salisbury—Jury, 4th Monday in March and September; non-jury, 1st Monday in January and July.

Second Circuit.

Counties — Caroline, Talbot, Queen Anne's, Kent, Cecil

Terms.—Denton—Jury, 1st Monday in April and October; non-jury, 2d Monday in January, 4th Monday in June.

Easton—Jury, 3d Monday in May and November; non-jury, 1st Monday in February, 4th Monday in July.

Centreville—Jury, 1st Monday in May and November; non-jury, 4th Monday in January and 3d Monday in July

Chestertown—Jury, 3d Monday in April and October; non-jury, 3d Monday in January, 2d Monday in July.

Elkton—Jury, 1st Monday in March, 3d Monday in June, 3d Monday in September, 2d Monday in December.

Third Circuit.

Counties—Baltimore, Harford.

Terms.—Towsontown—Jury, 1st Monday in March, 3d Monday in May, 3d Monday in September, 1st Monday in December.

Belair—Jury, 2d Monday in February, May and November; non-jury, 2d Monday in September

Fourth Circuit.

Counties—Allegany, Washington, Garrett

Terms.—Cumberland—Jury, 1st Monday in January, 2d Monday in April and October; non-jury, 1st Thursday in July.

Hagerstown—Jury, 2d Monday in February and May, 2d Monday in November; non-jury, 1st Monday in August.

Oakland—Jury, 3d Monday in March, 2d Monday in September; non-jury, 1st Monday in July, 2d Monday in December.

Fifth Circuit.

Counties—Carroll, Howard, Anne Arundel.

Terms.—Westminster—Jury, 2d Monday in February, May and November; non-jury, 2d Monday in August.

Ellicott City—Jury, 3d Monday in March and 1st Monday in September; non-jury, 3d Monday in June, 1st Monday in December.

Annapolis—Jury, 3d Monday in April and October; non-jury, 3d Monday in January and July.

Sixth Circuit.

Counties—Montgomery, Frederick.

Terms.—Rockville—Jury, 3d Monday in March and 2d Monday in November; non-jury, 3d Monday in January, 1st Monday in June.

Frederick—Jury, 1st Monday in February, 1st Monday in September and 2d Monday in December; non-jury, 2d Monday in May.

Seventh Circuit.

Counties—Prince George's, Charles, Calvert, St. Mary's.

Terms.—Upper Marlboro'—Jury, 1st Monday in April and October; non-jury, 3d Monday in January and June.

La Plata—Jury, 3d Monday in May and November; non-jury, 3d Monday in July and February.

Prince Frederick—Jury, 1st Monday in May and 2d Monday in November; non-jury, 1st Monday in July and February.

Leonardtown—Jury, 3d Monday in March and September; non-jury, 1st Monday in June and December.

EQUITY TERMS for the several counties of the State—1st Monday of January, March, May, July, September and November.

Eighth Circuit.

BALTIMORE CITY—Circuit Court of Baltimore City and Circuit Court No 2 Terms—2d Monday of January, March, May, July, September and November. Criminal, Superior, Common Pleas and City Courts Terms—2d Monday of January, May and September

HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICAL EXAMINERS OF MARYLAND.

President—Dr. C. F. Goodell, Frederick.
Dr. Thomas E. Sears, 658 West Franklin Street, Baltimore.
Dr. Wm. C. Karsner, Chesapeake City.
Dr. John A. Evans, 22 North Carey St., Baltimore.

Secret'y—Dr. Jos. S. Garrison, Easton.
Dr. R. W Mifflin, 1016 Madison Ave., Baltimore.
Dr. G. H. Wright, Forest Glen.
Dr. Eldridge C. Price, 1012 Madison Avenue, Baltimore.

UNITED STATES COURT TERMS.

U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals.

FOURTH CIRCUIT, comprising Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina. Judges: Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice of the United States; Nathan Goff and Chas. H. Simonton, Circuit Judges.

Court holds three terms a year at Richmond, one the first Tuesday of February, one the first Tuesday of May, and on the first Tuesday of November; and sits at such other places in the circuit and at such times as the court may determine. Henry T. Meloney, Richmond, clerk; Claude M. Dean, deputy clerk.

U.S. Circuit Courts, Fourth Circuit.

Nathan Goff and Charles H. Simonton, judges. Terms and places where the courts are held:

Maryland.—Baltimore—First Monday of April and Nov'r. Jas. W. Chew, clerk.

Virginia. — Eastern District—Richmond, first Monday in April and October; Alexandria, first Monday in January and July; Norfolk, first Monday in May and November. M. F. Pleasants, Richmond, clerk. Western District—Lynchburg, Tuesday after second Monday in March and September. William McCauley, clerk. Abingdon, Tuesday after first Monday in May and October. Isaac C. Fowler, clerk. Harrisonburg, Tuesday after first Monday in June and December. A. K. Fletcher, clerk. Danville, Tuesday after second Monday in April and Nov. Stanley W. Martin, clerk.

West Virginia.—Northern District—Wheeling, first Tuesday of April and third Tuesday of September; Clarksburg, third Tuesday April and first Tuesday October; Martinsburg, third Tuesday of October; Parkersburg, second Tuesday January and second Tuesday in June. L. B. Dellicker, Parkersburg, clerk Circuit Court. Southern District—Charleston, first Tuesday in May and second Tuesday in November; Huntington, first Tuesday of April and third Tuesday of September; Bluefield, first Tuesday of June and first Tuesday of December. Edwin M. Keatley, clerk, Charleston, W. Va.

North Carolina.—Eastern District—Raleigh, fourth Monday in May and first Monday in December. Nathaniel J. Riddick, clerk. Wilmington, first Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October. William H. Shaw, deputy clerk. Western District—Greensboro, first Monday in April and October. Samuel L. Trogdon, clerk. Statesville, third Monday in April and October. Henry C. Cowles, clerk. Asheville, first Monday in May and November, and Charlotte, first Monday June and Dec. Chas. F. McKesson, clerk, Asheville.

South Carolina.—Charleston, first Tuesday in April. Columbia, fourth Tuesday in November. Greenville, third Tuesday in April and October. James E. Hagood, Charleston, clerk.

U. S. District Courts, Fourth Circuit.

Maryland.—Thomas J. Morris, judge. Terms—Baltimore, first Tuesday in March, June, September and December. James W. Chew, clerk.

Virginia.—Eastern District—Edmund Waddill, Jr., Richmond, judge. Terms—Richmond, first Monday in April and October. Joseph P. Brady, deputy clerk. Alexandria, first Monday in January and July. John S. Fowler, deputy clerk. Norfolk, first Monday in May and November. Geo. E. Bowden, clerk. Western District—Henry C. McDowell, Big Stone Gap, judge. Terms—Lynchburg, Tuesday after second Monday in March and September. Wm. McCauley, clerk. Abingdon, Tuesday after first Monday in May and October. Isaac C. Fowler, clerk. Harrisonburg, Tuesday after first Monday in June and December. A. K. Fletcher, clerk. Danville, Tuesday after second Monday in April and November. Stanley W. Martin, clk

West Virginia.—Northern District—John J. Jackson, Parkersburg, judge. Terms—Same as Circuit Court above. Jasper Y. Moore, clerk, Clarksburg. Southern District—B. F. Keller, Bramwell, judge. Terms—Same as Circuit Court above. R. B. Bernheim, clerk, Welch, W. Va.

North Carolina.—Eastern District—Thomas R. Purnell, Raleigh, judge. Terms—Elizabeth City, third Monday in April and October. Wm. C. Brooks, deputy clerk. New Berne, fourth Monday in April and October. George Green, deputy clerk. Wilmington, first Monday after fourth Monday in April and October. Wm. H. Shaw, deputy clerk. Raleigh, fourth Monday in May and first Monday in December. Hiram L. Grant, clerk. Western District—James E. Boyd, Greensboro, judge. Terms—Greensboro, first Monday in April and October. Samuel L. Trogdon, clerk. Statesville, third Monday in April and October. Henry C. Cowles, clerk. Asheville, first Monday in May and November. Charles F. McKesson, clerk, Asheville. Charlotte, first Monday in June and December. Henry C. Cowles, clerk.

South Carolina.—Wm. H. Brawley, Charleston, judge. Terms—Charleston, first Monday in January, May and July. Greenville, first Monday in February and August. Columbia, fourth Monday in November. C. J. C. Hutson, Charleston, clerk.

District Judges.

Maryland—Thomas J. Morris.

Virginia—Edmund Waddill, Jr., and Henry C. McDowell.

West Virginia—John J. Jackson and B. F. Keller.

North Carolina—Thomas R. Purnell and James E. Boyd.

South Carolina—Wm. H. Brawley,

DESTRUCTION OF ST. PIERRE, MARTINIQUE.

Of the many mighty disturbances of the earth's crust by volcanic action and earthquakes, occurring in various quarters of the globe during the year 1902, the eruptions of Mt. Pelee, in the French Island of Martinique, and of Mt. Soufriere, in the British Island of St. Vincent, both in the group of the Lesser Antilles, will long live in history as among the greatest disasters of modern times. The Soufriere volcano, though the first to break out in violent eruption, on May 7, proved far less disastrous in its effects than Pelee, following on May 8, with an outburst which destroyed the City of St. Pierre and 30,000 of the inhabitants of the island. So complete was the catastrophe of St. Pierre that it can be compared only with the similar fate which overwhelmed Pompeii and Herculaneum, in the early years of the Christian era.

In both the West India Islands ample premonitory warnings were given, but they were not heeded. From La Soufriere (sulphur pit) a vast column of dust, cinders, blocks of lava and deadly gases rose up thousands of feet in the air, spreading in all directions. The whole northern part of St. Vincent, which has an area of 132 square miles and 45,000 population, was in violent convulsion. The poisonous gases were wafted, hot and suffocating from the volcano, over many miles of territory, and 500 people were scorched and suffocated to death; many houses were destroyed; hot mud rained down, apparently, from the clouds. The deadly gases blasted vegetation and withered up all living things in range. One-third of the island on the north side was burned. Incandescent sand and red-hot cinders filled the fertile and well-populated valleys.

The position of St. Vincent is 70 miles south of Martinique and the Island of St. Lucia, midway between them, which was not affected But, evidently, a strong sympathy existed between the eruptions on St. Vincent and Martinique; at least there was a near correspondence in the dates.

The residents of Martinique generally considered Pelee an extinct volcano, in spite of the eruption occurring in 1851, and the fact that as late as December, 1901, there were unmistakable signs that the fires were being re-enkindled. About the middle of April, 1902, ashes began to fall in St. Pierre and suffocating gases filled the air at intervals. On May 5 the Guerin sugar factory, on the Riviere Blanche, was overwhelmed by a stream of liquid mud, which rushed down the west slope of the mountain The pretty lake, which occupied the crater of 1851, on the southwest slope of the cone about a mile from the extreme summit and a thousand feet below it, had disappeared. A new crater had formed on its site, spreading destruction on all sides.

Three days later, on May 8, between 7 and 8 o'clock in the morning, the great eruption took place, and devastated the rich and beautiful City of St. Pierre, wiping out the inhabitants and changing a garden spot to a desert. A vast column of steam and gas and ashes rose to a height of four miles above the sea, as measured by the French artillerymen at Fort de France.

Out of a population of 25,000 residents of St. Pierre, very few escaped, and 15,000 perished in the smaller towns and on the plantations. Eighteen ships in the harbor were destroyed. Piles of dead were afterwards found among the ruins by relief parties. Some of the victims had even in death their hands over mouths and nostrils for protection against the poisonous gases, and hundreds fell as they were fleeing to escape destruction.

The eruption rained fire and ashes and suffocating fumes, which were all carried five miles out to sea, so that it was quite as bad to be on the water as on the land, for in addition to the dangers enumerated, there was a great tidal wave, which quickly overwhelmed the shipping Over all a pall of black darkness, which was made more intense by the lightning-like flashes at intervals and the flames of the burning houses of St. Pierre

Only one vessel, the British steamship Roddam, Captain Freeman, escaped, which was due entirely to the dauntless will of the commander, who met the emergency like a hero, carrying the ship through a boiling sea, with the air on fire, to the port of Castries, Island of St. Lucia. His story of the disaster, which deserves a permanent place in literature, is as follows:

"The steamer Roddam, of which I am captain, left St. Lucia at midnight, May 7, and was off St. Pierre, Martinique, at 6 o'clock on the morning of May 8.

"I noticed that the volcano of Mt. Pelee was smoking and crept slowly in toward the bay, finding there, among others, the steamer Roraima, the telegraph repairing steamer Grappler, and some sailing vessels.

"A wall of fire swept over the city and the bay. The Roddam was struck broadside by the burning mass. The shock to the ship was near capsizing her.

"I went to anchorage between 7 and 8 o'clock and had hardly moored when the side of the volcano opened out with a terrible explosion Hearing the awful reports of the explosion and seeing the great wall of flames approaching the steamer, those on deck sought shelter wherever it was possible, jumping into the cabin, the forecastle and even into the hold. I was in the chart room, but

DESTRUCTION OF ST. PIERRE, MARTINIQUE—Continued.

the burning embers were borne by so swift a movement of the air that they were swept in through the door and port holes, suffocating and scorching me badly.

"I was terribly burned about the face and hands, but managed to reach the deck. As soon as it was possible I mustered the few survivors who seemed able to move, ordered them to slip the anchor, leaped for the bridge and ran the engine for full speed astern.

"The second and third engineers and a fireman were on watch below, and so escaped injury. They did their part in the attempt to escape, but the men on deck could not work the steering gear because it was jammed by the débris from the volcano.

"We accordingly went ahead and astern until the gear was free, but in this running backward and forward it was two hours after the first shock before we were clear of the bay.

"One of the most terrifying conditions was that the atmosphere, being charged with ashes, was dark. The sun was completely obscured, the air was only illuminated by the flames from the volcano, and from the burning city and shipping. It seems small to say that the scene was terrifying in the extreme.

"As we backed out we passed close to the Roraima, which was one mass of blaze. The steam was rushing from the engine room and the screams of those on board were distressing to hear. The cries for help were all in vain, for we could do nothing to save the ship.

"On arriving at St. Lucia I mustered the survivors as well as I was able and searched for the dead and injured.

"Some I found in the saloon, where they had vainly sought for safety, but the cabins were full of burning embers that had blown in through the port holes. Through these the fire swept and burned the victims where they lay or stood, leaving circular imprints of scorched and burned flesh. I brought ten on deck who were thus burned. Two of them were dead, the others survived, although in a dreadful state of torture from their burns. Their screams of agony were heartrending.

"Out of a total of 23 on board the Roddam, which includes the captain and the crew, ten are dead and several in the hospital. My first and second mates, my chief engineer and my supercargo were killed.

"The ship was covered from stem to stern with tons of powdered lava, which retained its heat for hours after it had fallen. In many cases it was practically incandescent, and to move about the deck in this burning mass was not only difficult, but perilous.

"Out of 21 black laborers I brought from Grenada to help in stevedoring, 6 only survived. Most of the others threw themselves overboard to escape a dreadful fate, but they met a worse one, for it is an actual fact that the water around the ship was at a boiling heat.

"The escape of my vessel was miraculous. The woodwork of the cabins and bridge and everything inflammable on deck were constantly igniting. It was with great difficulty that we few survivors managed to keep the flames down. My ropes, awning and tarpaulins were completely burned.

"I witnessed the entire destruction of St. Pierre. The flames enveloped the city in every quarter with such rapidity that it was impossible that any person could be saved. As I have said, the day was turned suddenly to night, but I could distinguish by the light of the burning city people distractedly running about on the beach. The burning buildings stood out from the surrounding darkness like black shadows.

"All this time the mountain was roaring and shaking. In the intervals between these terrifying sounds I could hear cries of despair and agony from the thousands who were perishing. These cries added to the terror of the scene, but it is impossible to describe its horror or the dreadful sensations it produced. It was like witnessing the end of the world.

"Let me add, that after the first shock was over the survivors of the crew rendered willing help to navigate the ship to this port. Mr. Plissoneau, our agent at St. Pierre, happening to be on board, was saved, and I really believe that he is the only survivor of St. Pierre's residents. As it is, he is badly burned on the hands and face."

After the eruption of May 8, the volcano quieted down somewhat, but burst forth again at 5.15 o'clock on the morning of May 20. This eruption was more violent than that which destroyed St. Pierre. On this occasion the column of steam, gas and ashes rose to a height of seven miles. Vast quantities of dust and stone were rained on the City of Fort de France, and additional havoc was wrought in St. Pierre. A thick stream of mud buried the ruins of the city, practically obliterating it from the map of the island.

The eruptions of Pelée continued at intervals throughout the months of May, June, July and August, throwing out masses of mud, and completing the ruin of a wide territorial area, including several towns. On August 30 Morne Rouge, the little summer resort perched high up under the crater of the volcano, which, by a miracle, escaped the devastating outbreak of May 8, was destroyed, and 1,600 of its inhabitants lost their lives. In the eruption of May 8, the fiery storm passed over and around Morne Rouge, destroying a few lives, but leaving the majority of the population safe. Père Mary, a French priest, was an inspiration to his flock,

DESTRUCTION OF ST. PIERRE, MARTINIQUE—Continued.

advising and helping them in their hour of danger. Many fled, but later on a number of refugees, feeling assured, went back to their homes.

Père Mary was repeatedly warned that if he remained at Morne Rouge he would be in peril. His reply was always: "While any of my flock remain my place is with them."

When a severe eruption, on May 26, took place he gathered his parishioners about him in the church, where he prayed with them for deliverance. He perished with the rest when the town was finally destroyed.

Morne Rouge had a permanent population of about 2,000, which was increased to 10,000 in the hottest season, when it was a suburban resort for the people of St. Pierre. A number of wealthy St. Pierre families had handsome cottages there.

Le Carbet, a destroyed town, whose ruins were swept off by a tidal wave, was six miles south of Mt. Pelee. It had about 1,500 population. Morne Rouge, though the closest to the mouth of danger, was about the last of the Martinique towns to be overwhelmed. On June 19 Basse Pointe was buried under sixteen feet of mud.

Mr. E. O. Hovey, assistant curator of the American Museum of National History, who visited the ruins of St. Pierre, May 21, said:

"In general the north and south walls of the buildings were better preserved than the east and west walls, the latter usually being razed. The trees, stanchions, monuments and formerly erect objects were bent over or knocked down toward the south. These facts show that the city was destroyed by a tornado-like blast from the mountain; indeed, it looked much like the path of a Western cyclone.

"It was evident that the eruption which wrecked the buildings, suffocated the people, fire then completing the ruin. This accords with the statement that asphyxiation of the inhabitants preceded the burning of the city, the gas being sulphuretted hydrogen, ignited by lightning or the fires in the city. The same tornado drove the ships in the roadstead to the bottom of the sea or burned them before they could escape. This comes nearer to being a sheet of flame than anything heretofore reported from any volcano.

"Mud," which buried the ruins of St. Pierre, he said, "was formed in two ways—by the mixture in the atmosphere of dust and condensed steam, and by cloudbursts on the upper dust-covered slopes of the cone washing down vast quantities of fine light dust."

JULY WIND STORM IN BALTIMORE.

Baltimore was the center of a storm Sunday afternoon, July 20, 1902, which resulted in the death of ten persons and the injury of others. The wind unroofed 200 houses, seriously damaged shipping in the harbor, almost entirely severed telegraphic and telephonic communication with the outside world, destroyed many magnificent trees, seriously interfered with street-car service in places, damaged the city's electric light facilities, caused the death of several horses and other animals by tearing down live wires, and generally wrought more destruction than any storm which has visited the city in years. The loss to property was estimated by Building Inspector at about $250,000.

One of the incidents of the storm was the almost complete destruction of the family of Michael Schouler, 1212 Towson street, by the capsizing of Mr. Schouler's yacht "Olive." His wife and three children were in the cabin of the sloop when it capsized. He alone escaped, being on deck. Those drowned were: Mrs. Michael Schouler, the wife, 32 years old; Charles Schouler, seven years old; Olive Schouler, ten years old, and Harry Schouler, ten months old.

CENTREVILLE, MD. FIRE.

A disastrous fire in Centreville, Queen Anne's County, Md., December 14, 1902, destroyed two bank buildings, sixteen business houses and four residences. Eight other buildings were more or less damaged. The total loss was estimated at $103,700; insurance $76,290. The buildings burned, and their occupants, were as follows:

Queen Anne's National Bank, Centreville National Bank, Sam'l C. Allen, store and dwelling; Edwin Knox, dwelling and shop; Wright & Eddin, furniture; Wm. H. Smith, clothing; Tucker & Holland, druggists; E. M. Forman, druggist; J. S. Morris, dry goods; Alfred Green, merchandise; Dr. James Bordley, office; Joseph G. Dawson, furniture; Shadrack Painter, harness; A. M. Keating, store and dwelling; McConnors & Son, paints; Perkins Building, in which were the stores of C. A. Ringgold, Mrs. Coston, William Hard, E. A. Cann, and offices of Dr. J. M. Corcoran and Dr. G. C. Smith; one store unoccupied; Dr. G. C. Smith, residence; Miss Annie Anthony, dressmaking.

VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS AND EARTHQUAKES IN 1902.

February 10—Earthquake destroyed 4,000 houses and 2,000 lives in Shamaka, Russian Trans-Caucasia.
April 10—News received of volcanic activity at Unalaska, Aleutian Islands.
April 18—Earthquakes in Guatemala and Mexico, killing 1,000 persons, injuring 3,000 others and rendering 50,000 homeless.
May 3—Mount Redoubt, in Alaska, in volcanic action.
May 7—Eruption of Mount Soufriere, St. Vincent, W. I.
May 8—Eruption of Mount Pelee, destroying St. Pierre, Martinique, W. I., and 30,000 persons.
May 12—Mount Colima, near Guadalajara, Mexico, becomes active.
May 13—Severe earthquake in St. Thomas, Danish West Indies.
May 15—Mount Soconusco, Mexico, becomes active, causing many casualties and a few fatalities.
May 18—Earthquakes in the southern part of Portugal.
May 18—Second eruption of La Soufriers, St. Vincent.
May 20—Tidal wave destroys a portion of the village of Le Carbet, Martinique.
May 20—Basse Pointe, Martinique, inundated by mud.
May 21—Earthquake at St. Augustine, Fla.
May 24—Mount Pelee resumes and continues with great force for several days.
May 28—Earth tremor registered at Bayonne, N. J., and at Chattanooga, Tenn.
May 30—Another eruption of La Soufriere, accompanied by a severe earthquake.
June 6—Another violent eruption of Mount Pelee.
June 8—News received of the eruption of Tacana, in Guatemala, accompanied by violent earthquakes. One thousand persons killed.
June 9—Columns of steam rise from Mount Rainier, in Alaska.
June 14—Still another violent eruption of Mount Pelee.
June 15—Strong earthquake shocks in Sicily.
June 19—Mass of slime ejected from Pelee, practically destroying the town of Basse Pointe.
June 20—Disastrous earthquake shocks in Tyrol.
June 21—Volcano of Pichincha, in Ecuador, becomes active.
June 22—Violent earthquake shock at Cassano al Jonio, Calabria, Italy.
June 24—News received of the eruption of the volcano at Kilauea, in Hawaii.
July 1-7—Extensive earthquake disasters in Turkey and 20 towns of Asia Minor.
July 8—Volcanoes of Miravallis and Ricond de la Vieja, in Costa Rica, reported to be in active eruption.
July 9—Severe earthquake shock at Bunder Abbas, Persia.
July 10, 11, 12—Loud detonatoins from Soufriere volcano.
July 11—Fresh eruption from Mount Pelee.
July 12—Violent earthquake shock in Caracas, damaging the towns of Guarenas, Guatire, Valencia and La Guayra, Venezuela.
July 17—Other severe earthquakes at Kingstown, St. Vincent.
July 27—Destructive earthquake shocks in Los Alamos, San Maria and Santa Barbara, California.
August 13 to 15—Island of Torishima, Japan, destroyed and 150 persons killed.
August 15—Mount Pelee begins another eruption.
August 21—Serious earthquake shocks in the Philippines.
August 30—Fresh eruption from La Soufriere.
August 30—Two thousand killed by eruption of Mount Pelee, which destroyed Morne Rouge, Ajoupa Bouillon and other towns of Martinique.
August 30—Earthquake shock at Campano, South America, and along the whole Caribbean shore.
September 2—Heavy earthquake shock in Algiers.
September 8—Earthquake at Pau, France; news received of terrifying shocks in India.
September 25—Earthquake in Russian Turkistan destroyed the town of Aksuksitche and 400 lives.
December 17—The City of Andijan, Turkestan, which had 30,000 inhabitants, was destroyed by an earthquake, and 4,000 persons perished.
December 28—Mount Pelee, Martinique, in eruption again.

A MAGNETIC ISLAND.

Sailors have long told tales of magnetic islands which lure ships on to wreck by affecting their compasses. An island, not far away from civilization, near the coast of Europe, and known for centuries to the geographers, has been discovered to have this quality. This is the Island of Bornholm, which belongs to Denmark, and lies in the Baltic Sea near the shore of Prussia. The power of attraction which comes from the island alters considerably the reading of the compasses on passing ships. It is in effect a vast magnet, whose influence is perceptible for a distance of about ten miles.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

A Record of Sixty Years' Experimentation.

1842—Professor Morse sent signals across the Susquehanna River at Havre de Grace, Md., without metallic connections of any sort by means of wires stretched along the banks.

1859—September—James Lindsay, of Dundee, read a paper before the British Association, stating that if wires were run along the coast of America and Britain and charged by batteries, he could send messages from Britain to America.

1864—December 8—Clerk Maxwell defined at the Royal Society the ether waves to a certain extent, and showed that wireless telegraphy would be possible by means of the electro-magnetic waves, the velocity of which he concluded was the same as that of light, a conclusion which has subsequently been proved correct.

1879—Prof. D. Hughes found that microphone, in connection with the telephone, produced sounds in the latter when the microphone was at a distance of several feet from coils through which a current was passing.

1885—Sir William Preece, of the General Postoffice, London, sent currents between two insulated squares of wire, each side measuring 440 yards, and the squares were a quarter of a mile apart.

1886—Sir William Preece also sent signals between two parallel telegraph wires four and a half miles apart.

1887—Professor Hertz discovered that when a discharge was made from a Leyden jar across an air gap sparks would also pass across a gap in a circle or square of wire held away from the jar. The discovery showed that the ether waves streamed out from the spark gap in every direction.

1889—Sir Oliver Lodge obtained his first successful signalling results carried out with what he termed the syntonic circuits, the coherer principle forming a part of the experiment.

1890—November 24—The first notice of the coherer, invented by Professor Branly, appeared in Comptes Rendus, the coherer consisting of metal filings.

1892—Sir William Preece established regular communication between Flatholm, an island fort in the Bristol Channel, and Lavernock, on the Welsh coast, three and a third miles distant.

1894—Dr. Rathenau and Professor Reubens signalled across the Wannsea at Potsdam, a distance of three miles, using a base line 550 feet long. The message was passed by means of earth currents.

1897—Mr. Marconi sent signals from Lavernock to Flatholm, and introduced the high wire or aerial.

1898—Mr. Marconi's wireless system, having been reported on favorably by Sir William Preece, it was established between the royal yacht Osborne and Osborne House.

1899—Professor Braun took out patents abroad in connection with wireless telegraphy.

1899—Prof. Shunder Bhose read a paper before the British Royal Society, on the action of coherers.

1901—December—"S" signals received by Mr. Marconi at Hospital Point, Newfoundland, from Cornwall.

1902—February—The Philadelphia remained in communication with the Marconi station at Poldhu for a distance of 1,550 miles.

1902—December—Actual wireless telegraphy communication established between Cape Breton, Canada, and Cornwall, England, dispatches being sent by the Governor-General of Canada to King Edward, to the King of Italy and to the London *Times*.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY.

In February, 1902, an extensive tract of land on the northern suburbs of Baltimore was given without conditions: (1) for a site for the Johns Hopkins University; (2) for a public park, contiguous to the university site; (3) for a magnificent boulevard, to connect Roland Park and Druid Hill Park.

In addition to this land, the sum of $1,000,000 was contributed during the year to the endowment fund of the university. The donors of the land were: William Keyser, William Wyman, Samuel Keyser, of New York; Francis M. Jencks, Julian Leroy White, William H. Buckler, A. J. Ulman, David H. Carroll.

President Ira Remsen, on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the university, spoke of the park as "Wyman Park," one of the most picturesque localities, which includes the Valley of Stony Run and "a bluff on which he stood," at the northwestern corner of the property. The laying out of this park and the boulevard or driveway will add greatly to the value of the university property.

TRANS-ATLANTIC WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The first trans-Atlantic message of words by wireless telegraphy was transmitted December 21, 1902, by William Marconi from his station at Glace Bay, Cape Breton, to the station at Poldhu, Cornwall, England. It was a message from Lord Minto, Governor-General of Canada, to King Edward VII. Other messages to England and to Italy were promptly dispatched, leaving no doubt whatever of the entire success of the system, and it was stated that the operators would very soon be able to handle 1,000 words an hour. Preparations were made immediately to commence a regular commercial business.

It was on December 14, 1901, that Signor Marconi received on Signal Hill, Newfoundland, the letter "S" distinctly transmitted in his code by wireless telegraphy from the Poldhu station, Cornwall, England. The year following was occupied by the inventor in perfecting his appliances, with the satisfying result above stated.

Signor Marconi is but 28 years old, an Italian by birth and partly so by parentage. His mother was an English or Irish woman—the accounts differ on this point—but his father was a native of Italy. His birthplace was Bologna Marconi professes to be an "amateur electrician." He had been about four years at work on his particular subject of wireless telegraphy, carrying out many experiments on his family estate at Bologna, before he discovered the important fact that electric waves generated by a sparkling apparatus of the kind used by the German physicist, Heinrich Hertz, would not only carry to long distances, but were unaffected by intervening hills and natural obstacles. With his original apparatus for transmitting and receiving Hertz waves much improved, Marconi went to England in 1896, and succeeded in getting the patronage of the British postal officials, under whose auspices he carried out signalling experiments on Salisbury Plain and at Penarth. Since that time he has gradually improved both his methods and his records, the distance traversed by his etheric signals being increased successively from 14½ miles, between Alum Bay and Bournemouth, to the distance across the Atlantic Ocean.

In 1899 Marconi came to America, arriving about the middle of September. His first practical experiments were in reporting the international yacht races between the Shamrock I. and the Columbia, in October, 1899.

THE SUN, which was the first newspaper in the world to utilize Morse's invention of the magnetic telegraph with wires for the transmission of news, also utilized this first practical test of the Marconi wireless telegraph for the same purpose. The people of Baltimore remember THE SUN'S bulletins of the yacht races, which were far earlier than those from any other source.

The Marconi bulletins were sent from the steamships Ponce and Grand Duchesse to the cable ship Mackay-Bennett, at Sandy Hook, N. J., to a special station at the Highland of Navesink, and thence by wire to New York and Baltimore. The average distance which the messages traversed without wires was twenty miles.

Since that year Marconi has steadily improved his system, and more and more increased its practical field of usefulness, largely in the direction of communication between passing ships at sea and between the shore and incoming and departing vessels. Regular ship reporting stations have been recently established on the Irish coast.

The practical operations of the Marconi instrument for catching or receiving messages are described, as follows:

When the impulse of a single spark comes through the ether down the wire into the coherer, the particles of metal cohere, hence the name; the Morse instrument prints a dot, and the tapper strikes its little hammer against the glass tube. That blow separates the particles of metal and stops the current of the home battery. Each successive impulse through the ether produces the same phenomena of coherence and separation, and the same printing of dot or dash. The impulses through the ether would never be strong enough of themselves to work the printing instrument and the tapper, but they are strong enough to open and close a valve (the metal dust), which lets in or shuts out the stronger current of the home battery.

But for the coherer, induction coils would snap their messages in vain, for none could read them. There are silver plugs in the coherer, so close together that the blade of a knife could scarcely pass between them; yet, in that narrow slit nestle several hundred minute fragments of nickel and silver, the finest dust, siftings through silk, and these enjoy the strange property (as Marconi discovered) of being alternately, good conductors and bad conductors for the Hertzian waves—good conductors when welded together by the passing current into a continuous metal path, bad conductors when they fall apart under a blow from the tapper. One end of the coherer is connected with the aerial wire, the other with the earth, and also with a home battery that works the tapper and the Morse printing instrument.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONING.

One inventor who has realized handsomely by the practical development of a useful idea is Michael Idvorski Pupin, of Columbia University, Brooklyn, N. Y. In December, 1902, he sold the European rights under his patents for improving the methods of long-distance telephoning for $500,000. His invention was first brought into publicity in January, 1901, when he sold the patents governing his American rights to the American Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company for $500,000. For his foreign patents Professor Pupin not only received $500,000, but will also get a substantial royalty. From his invention, therefore, he is put in possession of $1,000,000, with probabilities of a large future income from royalties.

In this country his invention easily makes possible telephonic communication between New York and San Francisco, and has already been installed by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company between New York City and Chicago. Abroad it offers no difficulty in the way of establishing direct telephonic communication between Berlin and London, Berlin and Copenhagen, Paris and St. Petersburg, Berlin and Stockholm. The problem of trans-Atlantic telephony has also become a possibility through this invention by the laying of a new Atlantic cable.

Professor Pupin's invention consists of inserting into telephonic conductors small coils of copper wire wound over a core of fine iron wire. The construction of these coils is simple, but is carried out in accordance with definite mathematical laws, first established by the inventor. Their distance apart is also determined in accordance with the same mathematical laws. Save for the installation of these coils, nothing is altered in the system at present in vogue, so that the invention is immediately applicable to all existing telephone conductors.

The principle of the system is that of providing additional strength to the lagging current, at intervals determined by mathematical formulæ. The electric impulse is transmitted along the wire and every time it begins to lessen in its energy to a perceptible degree it is stimulated by meeting one of the inductance coils, which sends it on with renewed impetus.

SUBMARINE TELEGRAPHY.

In the year 1902 the submarine telegraphs of the world numbered 1,750. Their aggregate length is nearly 200,000 miles; their total cost is estimated at $275,000,000, and the number of messages annually transmitted over them is more than 6,000,000. All the grand divisions of the earth are now connected by their wires.

In the short half century since the practicability of submarine telegraphy was demonstrated, the electric wires have invaded every ocean, except the Pacific. Nearly a score of wires have been laid across the Atlantic, of which no less than thirteen now successfully operate between the United States and Europe, while three others span the comparatively short distance between South American and the African and South European coast lines, and throughout the Indian Ocean lines connect the Far East with Europe and America via the Red Sea, the Mediterranean, the western coast of Europe and the great trans-Atlantic lines. The Mediterranean is crossed and recrossed in its entire length and breadth by numerous cable lines, and the "Mediterranean of America," the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea, is traversed in all directions by lines which bring its islands and colonies into speaking relations with each other and with South America, Central America, the United States, and thence with the whole world.

Along the eastern coast of Asia, cable lines loop from port to port, and island to island, receiving messages overland from Eastern Europe via the Russia-Siberian land lines and forwarding them to Japan, China, Australia, New Zealand, the Straits Settlements, Hong-Kong and the Philippines South America is skirted with cable lines along its entire border, save the extreme south, where they are brought into intercommunication by land lines.

The greatest known depth of the sea is 40,236 feet, or seven and three-fifths miles, found in the South Atlantic about midway betwen the Island of Tristan d'Acunha and the mouth of the Rio de la Plata.

Soundings have been made to the depth of 27,480 feet in the North Atlantic, south of Newfoundland, and about 34,000 feet, or nearly six and a half miles, is reported south of the Bermudas. Even such enormous depths as these need not hinder cable-laying, so far as theory is concerned, but in practice, for reasons of economy, and otherwise, it is found best to take advantage of favoring conditions in the ocean bed.

In past years immense portions of this submerged territory have been plotted and mapped by various governmental and private expeditions, and this knowledge is constantly being added to. It becomes particularly valuable in economic cable-laying.

CABLES OF THE PACIFIC OCEAN.

The last section of the British Imperial Pacific Telegraphic Cable was laid at the Fiji Islands, October 31, 1902. The route of the all-British Pacific cable is from Vancouver, British Columbia, by way of Fanning Island, lying south of Hawaii, to Fiji, and thence to Norfolk Island, with branches from the last-named station to Auckland, New Zealand, and to Brisbane, Australia. The length of the cable over this route would be, allowing 10 per cent. for "slack" actually used, 7,986 nautical miles, as follows: Vancouver to Fanning Island, 3,561 miles; Fanning Island to Fiji, 2,093 miles; Fiji to Norfolk Island, 961 miles; Norfolk Island to Auckland, 537 miles, and Norfolk Island to Brisbane, 834 miles.

The cable cost $9,728,133. Great Britain and Canada agreed to defray five-ninths of the total cost, New Zealand one-eighth, New South Wales, Queensland and Victoria to contribute the remainder.

From Auckland and Brisbane previously completed British cables extend to Hong Kong and Singapore, to Bombay, to Aden, to Suez, to Malta, to Gibraltar, and thence touch Europe throughout its area by connection with the land lines.

An American cable across the Pacific is being laid by the Commercial Pacific Cable Company of the United States. Authority for this was granted by Congress, in 1902. The shore end of the section from San Francisco to Honolulu was landed at San Francisco December 14, 1902. The route, starting from San Francisco, takes in Honolulu, Wake Island, Guam Island and Manila, in the Philippines.

GREAT STEAMSHIPS.

Name of Ship.	Date.	Length over all.	Beam.	Depth.	Draft.	Displacement.	Speed.
		Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet..	Tons.	Knots.
Great Eastern...	1858	692	83	57½	25½	27,000	14.5
Paris	1888	560	63	42	26½	15,000	20.5
Lucania	1893	620	65	43	28	19,000	22.1
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse....	1897	649	66	43	29	20,000	23
Oceanic	1899	704	68	49	32½	28,500	20.7
Deutschland	1900	684	67	44	30	23,200	23.5
Kronprinz Wilhelm	1901	663	64	43	30	21,280	23.53
Celtic	1901	700	75	49	36½	37,700	16
Kaiser Wilhelm II	1902	706½	72	52½	....	26,000	23

September 16, 1902, the North German Lloyd steamship Kronprinz Wilhelm arrived at New York from Bremen, Southampton and Cherbourg, beating all previous westward records. The Kronprinz left Cherbourg at 9.10 P. M. on Wednesday, September 10, and arrived at the Sandy Hook Lightship at 4.07 o'clock on the morning of September 16, making the run of 3,047 miles in five days eleven hours and fifty-seven minutes, at an average speed of 23.09 knots an hour.

The White Star liner Oceanic arrived at New York, September 17, 1902, having made the run from Daunt's Rock Lightvessel to Sandy Hook in five days, sixteen hours and forty minutes.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP RECORD.

Year. Vessel.	D.	H.	M.
1873—Baltic, N. Y. to Liverpool..	7	20	9
1875—C'y of Berlin, N.Y. to Livpl	7	15	48
1876—Germanic, Liverp'l to N.Y.	7	11	34
1877—Britannic, Liverp'l to N.Y.	7	10	53
1879—Arizona, Liverpool to N.Y.	7	9	23
1882—Alaska, Liverpool to N.Y.	6	22	10
1883—Oregon, Liverpool to N.Y.	6	10	10
1884—America, Liverp'l to N.Y.	6	10	31
1885—Etruria, Liverpool to N.Y.	6	5	..
1887—Umbria, Liverpool to N.Y.	6	4	42
1888—Etruria, Liverpool to N.Y.	6	1	55
1888—Etruria, Liverpool to N.Y.	6	1	36
1889—C'y of Paris, Liv'pl to N.Y.	5	23	7
1890—C'y of Paris, Liv'pl to N.Y.	5	19	18
1890—Teutonic, Liverp'l to N.Y.	5	19	5
1891—Majestic, Liverp'l to N.Y.	5	18	8
1891—Teutonic, Liverp'l to N.Y.	5	16	31
1891—Teutonic, N.Y. to Queens'n.	5	21	3
1892—C'y of N.Y., N.Y. to Q'ns'n.	5	19	57
1892—C'y of Paris, Q'ns'n to N.Y.	5	15	58
1892—C'y of Paris, Q'ns'n to N.Y.	5	14	24
1893—Lucania, N.Y. to Queenst'n.	5	13	30
1893—Campania, Q'nst'n to N.Y.	5	13	13
1893—Lucania, Queenst'n to N.Y.	5	12	54
1893—Campania, N.Y. to Q'nston.	5	12	7
1894—Lucania, N. Y. to Queens'n.	5	7	48
1894—Lucania, Q'nstown to N.Y.	5	7	23
1901—Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse (westward trip)	5	16	24
1901—Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse (eastward trip).....	5	10	..
1900—Deutschland (east'd trip).	5	7	38
1901—Deutschland (west'd trip).	5	16	12
1902—Kronprinz Wilhelm (westward).....	5	11	57
1902—Kronprinz Wilhelm (eastward).....	5	11	32

ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR OF 1904.

On December 20, 1901, ground was broken for a World's Fair at St. Louis, in the year 1903, to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the Senate in October, Napoleon I. transferred a territory, which he had acquired in America by secret treaty with Spain, comprising 1,182,000 square

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

The splendid building in Washington City for the Library of Congress was opened to the public in November, 1897. The cost of the structure was $6,347,000, exclusive of the land, which cost $585,000. The building occupies 3¾ acres upon a site 10 acres in extent, at a distance of 1,270 feet east of the Capitol, and is the largest and most magnificent library building in the world. In the decorations, some 40 painters and sulptors are represented — all American citizens. The floor space is 326,195 square feet, or nearly eight acres. The book stacks contain about 45 miles of shelving, affording space for 2,200,000 octavo volumes. Were the long corridors, now used in part for exhibition purposes, completely shelved, the building would accommodate over 4,000,000 such volumes.

For the year 1902-3 Congress appropriated $652,785 for maintenance.

The copyright office is a distinct division of the Library of Congress, and is on the ground floor of the building, south side.

The total number of persons employed in the library service, including copyright office, is 406.

The Library of Congress was established in 1800; destroyed in 1814 by the burning of the Capitol; replenished by the purchase of the library of ex-President Jefferson, 6,760 volumes (cost $23,950); in 1851, 35,000 volumes destroyed by fire; in 1852, partially replenished by an appropriation of $75,000; increased (1) by regular appropriations by Congress; (2) by deposits under the copyright law; (3) by gifts and exchanges; (4) by the exchanges of the Smithsonian Institution the library of which (40,000 volumes was, in 1866, deposited in the Library of Congress. Other special accessions have been: The Peter Force collection (22,529 volumes, 37,000 pamphlets) purchased, 1867, cost $100,000; the Count de Rochambeau collection (manuscript) purchased, 1883, cost $20,000; the Toner collection (24,48 volumes, numerous pamphlets), gift, 1882, of Dr. Joseph M. Toner; the Hubbard collection (engravings), gift in 1898, of Mrs. Gardiner G. Hubbard.

The collection is now the largest of the Western Hemisphere. It comprised June 30, 1902, about 1,114,111 printed books and pamphlets, including the law library of 92,582 volumes, which still remains at the Capitol; 99,532 manuscripts, 64,921 maps and charts, 343,511 pieces of music, and 127,002 photographs, prints, engravings and lithographs. Of the printed books, probably one-sixth are duplicates not in use.

Librarian of Congress—Herbert Putnam.

Register of Copyrights—Thorwald Solberg.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

Sun Building, 1317 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Chairman—Martin A. Knapp, New York.

Judson C. Clements, Georgia. Charles A. Prouty, Vermont.
James D. Yeomans, Iowa. Joseph W. Fifer, Illinois.

Secretary—Edward A. Moseley.

This commission has authority to inquire into the management of the business of all common carriers who are subject to the provisions of the Act of 1887, to regulate commerce. It is empowered to inquire into and report upon the reasonableness of interstate traffic, to decide questions of unjust discrimination and of undue preference, port thereon; and it is required make an annual report, which shall transmitted to Congress. It is empowered in special cases to authorize any such common carrier to charge less for a longer distance than for shorter over the same line, and to prescribe the extent to which the carrier may be relieved from the "long and short haul clause" of said Act

WALTERS' ART COLLECTIONS.

In May, 1902, Mr. Henry Walters, of Baltimore, bought, in Rome, the art collection of Don Marcello Massarenti, said to be valued at $1,000,000. On July 12 a cargo of 275 cases from this collection arrived at New York, upon which the valuation of $450,000 was placed and the duty, something over $90,000. As Mr. Walters already possessed in Baltimore a great collection illustrating the best schools of modern art, and as he had made real estate purchases, leading to the assumption that he was forming plans for the enlargement of his gallery—already the finest private collection in America—the natural inference was drawn that the ultimate destination of these Roman treasures of art was the City of Baltimore, his home.

Mr. Walters acquired by successive purchases all of the property on the west side of Washington Place, from the narrow street which intersects the block down to the corner of Charles and Centre streets. It was then assumed that he intended to erect on the site of the old buildings there standing a modern building for the reception of his collections. This supposition was strengthened by the announcement of his purchase of the Massarenti collection. A part of Mr. Walters' collection, consisting of ceramics and water colors, is housed in his Mount Vernon Place residence, No. 5. The oil paintings are in the fire-proof building which runs at right angles to the house, and in the rear of a dwelling, No. 606 North Charles street, and is connected with the gallery on Mount Vernon Place by means of a bridge.

So far, Mr. Walters has given no hint of his plans regarding the Roman collection, and said nothing in regard to the purchase except admitting that he was negotiating for the collection, which, he says, is made up almost entirely of old works.

STATUES TO CARROLL AND HANSON.

The General Assembly of Maryland, in 1898, appropriated $24,000 to place in the old hall of the House of Representatives in the Capitol at Washington, statues to Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, a Maryland signer of the Declaration of Independence, and John Hanson, of Maryland, President of the Continental Congress from 1781 to 1782.

The work was completed in December, 1902, when the statues were placed in the Hall of Statuary. The figures are of bronze, 10 feet high, standing on pedestals of Tennessee marble five feet high. The commission appointed by the Governor to carry into effect the Act of Assembly were as follows:

STATUARY COMMISSION.

Ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll, Howard County.
Douglas H. Thomas, Baltimore.
Thomas J. Shryock, Baltimore.
Dr. Fabian Franklin, Baltimore.
Richard K. Cross, Baltimore.

The presentation was made December 16, 1902, by letter of Governor John Walter Smith, of Maryland, which was sent to Congress through Senator Louis E. McComas and Representative George A. Pearre. The date of January 31, 1903, was selected as the time when speeches will be delivered in the Senate and House of Representatives. The statues were made by Richard E. Brooks, of Boston, Mass.

CHICAGO CORNER ON CORN, 1902.

In July, 1902, a memorable "corner" on corn was engineered in Chicago by John W. Gates and associates. Under this manipulation the price of corn jumped, July 1, to 78 cents. July 8 it touched 90 cents in Chicago, and the Gates clique were reported to have realized some $4,000,000 on the corner. Men worth in the aggregate $130,000,000 were said to be behind the "corner." Corn was rushed to its high price by the manipulations of the strongest and richest gang of speculators that ever joined hands to bull markets and drive bears to destruction. It was a purely speculative deal. Never before were operations carried on with such security and confidence. Compared with this "deal," that of Joseph Leiter in wheat was retail trade. Twenty million bushels of corn were bought by the ring for delivery to it during the month of July, and in the first ten days of the month only 4,000,000 bushels were turned over, although the shorts were straining every nerve to get corn and save themselves from ruin. On July 12th, 10,000,000 bushels of corn of contract grade had to be brought to Chicago and delivered, or else the penalty had to be paid. The end, however, came sooner than was anticipated. Settlements were reached, July 15, and the corner ended with large profits for Gates and his associates. The July price responded to the settlement by a quick drop of 15¾ cents, from 81 cents to 65¼ cents. Later it recovered a fraction, and closed at 65½ cents, substantially the price of the cash article.

VIRGINIA'S NEW CONSTITUTION.

A new Constitution of the State of Virginia was proclaimed by Governor A. J. Montague, in accordance with the provisions of the instrument itself, as the organic law of the Commonwealth, from and after the hour of noon, July 10, 1902. The same day the Governor commissioned the first woman ever allowed to become a notary public in Virginia.

The Constitution makes decided changes in requirements for the exercise of the privilege of the suffrage, and seeks to control the great business and transportation companies through a State commission of three citizens. This commission is empowered to grant charters to corporations under laws to be enacted by the General Assembly; to discharge all of the duties formerly imposed upon the Commissioner of Railways and the Board of Public Works; the power of supervising, regulating and controlling all the transportation and the transmission companies in all matters relating to the performance of their public functions, and their charges therefor. The commission may prescribe rates, classification of traffic and such rules and regulations as may be "reasonable and just." The power is given the commission to inspect at all times the books and papers of all transportation and transmission companies in Virginia. Appeals are allowed to the Supreme Court of Appeals. All corporations are required to make annual reports to the commission of the status of business or condition of such corporations as the General Assembly may prescribe. The failure to make such reports for two years may operate to forfeit the charter of offending corporations. No transportation company is permitted to receive greater compensation for a shorter than for a longer haul, with some few exceptions. No transportation company is permitted to grant any free transportation to any member of the General Assembly nor to any city, county, or State officer. The article also contains what is known as the employers' liability provision, which was opposed with much energy by Virginia railroads.

The main features of the suffrage plan are substantially as follows: Prior to January 1, 1904, four classes of persons are allowed to register—namely, soldiers who have been engaged in any war in which this country has been engaged; the sons of such persons; persons who have paid to the State, for the year preceding that in which they register, not less than one dollar of tax on property in their own names, and persons who can "understand and give a reasonable explanation of any section of the Constitution" submitted to them by the officers of registration. Persons registered under any one or more of these clauses will constitute what is called the "permanent roll," and will not be required to register again except for the purpose of fixing their residence. After January 1, 1904, new provisions both as to registration and voting come into operation. The "understanding" clause becomes inoperative. There will be only two requirements for registration, namely, the person applying for registration shall have paid all State poll taxes assessed against him in the three years next preceding that in which he registers, and be must, unless physically unable, make out his own written application for registration without assistance.

The Legislature will meet every two years, the sessions to continue for 60 days, instead of 90 days, as heretofore. The Senators are to be elected every two years without any holding over, the same as the Delegates in the Lower House.

A tax is imposed on the gross receipts of railroads. The taxation article also requires that taxation on given subjects shall be uniform. Under the old Constitution it was required that "all taxation should be equal and uniform." The change made allows the Legislature, if it sees fit, to impose a greater rate of taxation upon railroads or any other class than upon real estate, for instance.

The new Constitution abolishes the County Court and institutes in its place the Circuit Court system, and 23 circuits are formed. Now there are but two judicial systems in the State—the Supreme Court of Appeals and the Circuit Courts.

The Governor is given authority to suspend any officers in the State, except the Lieutenant-Governor, for cause and to appoint his successor until the matter against the offending officer shall have been investigated.

The State Board of Education is enlarged. The new offices made elective by the people are the State Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Commissioner of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Commonwealth. These were formerly chosen by the Legislature. Members of the Legislature are debarred from holding office during their term, except by popular vote.

City Councils are not permitted to dispose of any valuable franchise without advertising for bids for the same. This is intended to prevent the giving away of franchises to influential corporations.

VIRGINIA STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor—Andrew J. Montague.
Lieutenant-Governor—Joseph E. Willard.
Attorney-General—William A. Anderson.

Secretary Commonwealth—D. Q. Eggleston.
Superintendent of Public Printing—James H. O'Bannon, Richmond.
Treasurer—A. W. Harman.
Auditor—Morton Marye, Richmond.
Second Auditor—John G. Dew, Richmond.
Supt. Public Instruction—Joseph W. Southall, Amelia.
Commissioner of Agriculture—Geo. W. Koiner.
State Corp. Commissioners—Bev. T. Crump, Henry Fairfax, H. C. Stuart.
Register Land Office—John W. Richardson.
Adjutant-General—William Nalle.
Commissioner of Labor—James B. Doherty.
Supt. Penitentiary—Geo. M. Helms.

SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.

President—Jas. Keith, Richmond.
Resident Judge—Richard H. Cardwell, Hanover.
John A. Buchanan, Abingdon.
George M. Harrison, Staunton
Stafford G. Whittle, Martinsville.
Judges terms began January 1, 1895, for twelve years each.

TERM TIMES AND PLACES.

At Richmond, 5th day of November, 5th day of January and 5th day of March, for 160 days, if necessary. Clerk, Geo. K. Taylor.

At Staunton, on the 10th day of September, for 60 days, if necessary. Clerk, Joseph A. Waddell.

At Wytheville, on the 10th of June, for 60 days, if necessary. Clerk, W. G. G. Lowry. Reporter, Martin P. Burks.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

After March 1, 1903, the Board of Education will consist of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Governor, the Attorney-General, three members to be chosen by the Senate from the faculties of the State institutions for higher and technical education, and one county and one city superintendent of schools, to be selected by the other members of the Board. The Governor is ex-officio President. Frank P. Brent, Secretary to Board.

BOARD OF FISHERIES OF VIRGINIA.

John W. Boudoin, Bloxom Postoffice, Accomack County, Chairman and Chief Inspector; Seth F. Miller, Foster, Mathews County, Secretary and Assistant Inspector; Robert J. Camp, Franklin, Southampton County; George B. Keezell, Keezelltown, Rockingham County; Henry M. Tyler, Richmond. For the term of four years, from March 30, 1902. The office of the Board is at Norfolk, postoffice box 168; Richmond, Postoffice box 863. Edward L. C. Scott, Clerk, Hanover County.

WEST VIRGINIA STATE OFFICIALS.

Governor—Albert B. White, Parkersburg, Wood County.
Auditor—Arnold C. Scherr, Keyser, Mineral County.
Treasurer—Peter Silman, Charleston, Kanawha County.
Attorney-General—Romeo H. Freer, Harrisville, Ritchie County

State Superintendent Free Schools—T. C. Miller, Morgantown, Monongalia County.
Secretary of State—Wm. M. O. Dawson, Kingwood, Preston County.
Adjutant-General—S. B. Baker, Parkersburg.
Private Secretary to Governor—Ed. L. Boggs, Charleston.
State Librarian—S. W. Starke (colored), Charleston, Kanawha County.
Commissioner of Labor Statistics—I. V. Barton, Wheeling, Ohio County.
Chief Mine Inspector—John W. Paul, Davis, Mineral County.
Commissioner of Banking—M. A. Kendall, Parkersburg.
Supreme Court of Appeals—President, Henry Brannon, Weston, Lewis Co.; M. H. Dent, Grafton, Taylor Co.; H. C. McWhorter, Charleston, Kanawha County; George A. Poffenberger, Pt. Pleasant, Mason County; one vacancy. Clerk, Jas. A. Holley, Hamlin, Lincoln County.

SALARIES OF STATE OFFICIALS.

Governor, $2,700 a year, and Executive Mansion.

Secretary of State, $1,000 a year and fees. (Estimated $15,000 a year).

Treasurer, $1,400 a year.

Auditor, $2,000 a year and fees. Estimated $20,000 a year).

Attorney-General, $1,300 a year.

State Superintendent Free Schools, $1,500 a year.

Judges Supreme Court of Appeals, $2,200 a year each, and mileage allowance.

Clerk Supreme Court of Appeals, $1,000 a year and fees.

Judges of Circuit Courts, $1,800 a year each, and mileage allowance.

Adjutant-General, $1,200 a year.

President of Senate and Speaker of House of Delegates, $6 per day during session of Legislature.

VOTE OF DELAWARE, 1902.

Nov. 4, 1902. Counties.	Congress			Treasurer		Auditor	
	Houston, Dem.	Byrne, U. R.	Ball, Rep.	Hossinger, Dem.	Burris, Rep.	Lowe, Dem.	Norman, Rep.
New Castle	8,538	4,456	7,114	8,944	11,166	8,878	11,330
Kent	3,744	3,898	267	3,759	4,153	3,769	4,132
Sussex	4,114	4,644	647	3,949	5,386	3,920	5,197
Totals	16,396	12,998	8,028	16,652	20,705	16,567	20,659

DELAWARE STATE OFFICERS.

Office.	Incumbent.	Politics.	Term Exp.	Salary.
Governor	John Hunn	R.	1905	$2,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Philip L. Cannon	R.	1905	*
Secretary of State	Caleb R. Layton	R.	1905	†1,000
Attorney-General	Herbert H. Ward	R.	1905	2,000
State Treasurer	Martin B. Burris	R.	1905	1,950
State Auditor	Purnell B. Norman, Jr.	R.	1905	1,200
Insurance Commissioner	George W. Marshall	R.	1905	1,400
DELAWARE JUDICIARY.				
Chief Justice	Charles B. Lore	D.	1909	3,800
Associate Justices				
New Castle County	Ignatius C. Grubb	D.	1909	3,600
	W. C. Spruance	R.	1909	3,600
Kent County	James Pennewill	R.	1909	3,600
Sussex County	W. H. Boyce	D.	1909	3,600
Chancellor	John R. Nicholson	D.	1909	3,800
Court Stenographer	Edmond C. Hardesty.			

*Per diem. †And fees.

DELAWARE LEGISLATURE.

Elected November 4, 1902.

The Senate.

NEWCASTLE COUNTY.

Dist.	Postoffice.
1. Geo. W. Sparks, R.	Wilmington
2. F. J. McNulty, D.	Wilmington
3. T. J. Sterling, R.	Henry Clay
4. B. A. Groves, R.	Hokesin
5. Artemus Smith, D.	Wilmington
6. H. C. Ellison, R.	Summit Bridge
7. John A. Latta, D.	Smyrna

KENT COUNTY.

Dist.	Postoffice.
1. Thos. C. Moore, R.	Smyrna
2. J. R. Clements, D.	Clayton
3. J. Frank Allee, R.	Dover
4. G. D. Harrington, D.	Farmington
5. Alban B. Conner, R.	Felton

SUSSEX COUNTY.

Dist.	Postoffice.
1. S. S Pennewill, R.	Bridgeville
2. Isaiah J. Brasure, R.	Angola
3. Thos. O. Moore, R.	Laurel
4. Chas. Wright, D.	Seaford
5. Thos. W. Jefferson, D.	Milton

Senate—Democrats, 7; Republicans, 10.

House of Delegates.

NEWCASTLE COUNTY.

Dist.	Postoffice.
1. H. G. Buckmaster, D.	Wilmington
2. James P. Jones, R.	Wilmington
3. John Bancroft, R.	Wilmington
4. T. M. Monaghan, D.	Wilmington
5. Wm. M. Connelly, D.	Wilmington
6. Abraham L. Tyre, R.	Bellevue
7. Wm. R. Flinn, R.	Newport
8. Wm. M. Eastburn, R.	Kiamansi
9. John W. Morrison, D.	Christiana
10. C. P. Holcomb, D.	Newcastle
11. David C. Rose, D.	Cooches Bridge
12. Wm. A. Price, R.	Delaware City
13. L. V. Asprill, R.	Odessa
14. Edward Hart, D.	Townsend
15. Sam'l C. Derrickson, R.	Smyrna

KENT COUNTY.

Dist.	Postoffice.
1. Harry S. Anthony, R.	Smyrna
2. Chas. H. Pardee, D.	Dover
3. George Cook, D.	Kenton
4. Wm. H. Gehman, R.	Hartley
5. Thos. M. Gooden, D.	Dover
6. S. Carl Hughes, D.	Harrington
7. Thos. E. Warren, R.	Wyoming
8. Jos. Frazier, R.	Frederica
9. J. Wilbur Powell, R.	
10. Lavimus Austin, R.	Milford

SUSSEX COUNTY.

Dist.	Postoffice.
1. Jno. W. Bennett, R.	Milford
2. Oliver A. Newton, R.	Greenwood
3. Frank Allen, D.	Seaford
4. Henry Messick, R.	Seaford
5. Samuel J. Lowe, D.	Laurel
6. R. D. Lingo, Jr., R.	Millsboro
7. John G. Townsend, R.	Frankfort
8. F. W. Lason, R.	Hollyville
9. T. R. Purnell, R.	Georgetown
10. Jos. D. Thomson, D.	Rehoboth

Republicans, 21; Democrats, 14. On joint ballot—Democrats, 21; Republicans, 31.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE OFFICERS.

Governor—Charles B. Aycock.
Governor's Private Secretary—P. M. Pearsall.
Lieutenant-Governor—Wilfrid D. Turner.
Secretary of State—J. Bryan Grimes.
Auditor—Benjamin F. Dixon.
Treasurer—Benjamin R. Lacy.
Attorney-General—Robert D. Gilmer.
Commissioner of Agriculture—Samuel L. Patterson.

Corporation Commissioners—Franklin McNeill, chairman; Samuel L. Rogers, E. C. Beddingfield.
Insurance Commissioner—James R. Young.
Superintendent Public Instruction—J. Y. Joyner.
Commissioner of Labor—H. B. Varner.
Adjutant-General—B. S. Royster.
State Librarian—M. O. Sherrill.
Governor's Council—Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer and Superintendent of Public Instruction.
State Board of Education—Composed of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Attorney-General.
Supreme Court—Chief Justice, Walter Clark; Associate Justices, Robert M. Douglas, Walter A. Montgomery, Henry G. Connor, Platt D. Walker. Clerk, Thomas S. Kenan. Raleigh. Court meets at Raleigh on the first Monday in February and the fourth Monday in August in each year.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA OFFICERS.

Commissioners—Henry B. F. MacFarland, Henry L. West.

Engineer Commissioner—Major John Biddle.
Assistants to Engineer Commissioner—Capt. H. C. Newcomer, Capt. Chester Harding.
Secretary—William Tindall.
Assessor—Hopewell H. Darneille.
Assistant Assessors—S. T. Kalbfus, Wm. D. Montague, T. Fred. Alvey.
Attorney—A. B. Duvall.
Auditor—J. T. Petty.
Excise Board—Mathew Trimble, Sam'l T. G. Morsell, E. W. W. Griffin.
Clerk—Roger Williams.
Education Board—President, Henry V. Boynton, vice-president, George H. Harries; J. Holdsworth Gordon, Richard Kingsman, Mrs. H. Litchfield West, James F. Bundy, Mrs. John R. Francis.
Secretary—Walter F. Roderick.
Collector of Taxes—E. G. Davis.
Deputy Collector—C. W. Collins.
Coroner—Dr. Ramsay Nevitt.
Computing Engineer—C. B. Hunt.
Electrical Engineer—W. C. Allen.
Engineer of Bridges—W. J. Douglas.
Engineer Street Extension—William P. Richards.
Harbor Master—J. R. Sutton.
Inspector Bldgs—Snowden Ashford.
Inspector of Boilers—E. F. Vermillion.
Inspector of Gas and Meters—S. Calvert Ford.
Special Assessment Clerk—John W. Daniel.
Supt. Plumbing—O. L. Ingalls.
Supt. Sewers—David E. McComb.
Supt. Streets—H. N. Moss.
Supt. Water Dept.—W. A. McFarland.
Surveyor—Henry B. Looker.
Veterinary Surgeon—C. B. Robinson.
Water Register—George T. Green.
Health Officer—Wm. C. Woodward.
Food Inspectors—W. H. H. Hoover, J. R. Mothershead, Thos. Cavanaugh.
Police Court Judges—Charles F. Scott, I. G. Kimball.
Supt. Police—Richard Sylvester.
Fire Marshal—Sidney Bieber.
Chief Engineer Fire Department—Robert W. Dutton.
Postmaster—John A. Merritt.
Assistant Postmaster—Madison Davis.

Court of Appeals, District of Columbia.

Chief Justice—Richard H. Alvey.
Clerk—Robert Willet.
Associate Justices—Martin F. Morris, Seth Shepard.

Supreme Court, District of Columbia.

Chief Justice—Edward F. Bingham.
Associate Justices—Alexander B. Hagner, Thomas H. Anderson, Harry M. Clabaugh, Job Barnard, Ashley M. Gould.
Clerk—John R. Young.
U. S. Marshal—Aulic Palmer.
Dep. U. S. Marshal—Wm. B. Robinson.
U. S. Attorney—Morgan H. Beach.
Assistants—Hugh T. Taggart, Thomas C. Taylor, Peyton Gordon, Alexander R. Mulloway.
Reg'r of Wills—Louis Addison Dent.
Assist. Reg'r of Wills—Jno. R. Rouzer.
Recorder Deeds—John C. Dancy.
Deputy Recorder of Deeds—George F. Schayer.

GOVERNORS OF STATES.

States.	Capitals.	Governors.	Politics.	Term.	Term Ends.	Salary.
Alabama	Montgomery	W. D. Jelks	D.	2	Dec. 1, 1904	$3,000
Arkansas	Little Rock	Jefferson Davis	D.	2	Jan., 1905	3,000
California	Sacramento	G. C. Pardee	R.	4	Jan., 1907	6,000
Colorado	Denver	J. H. Peabody	R.	2	Jan., 1905	5,000
Connecticut	Hartford	A. Chamberlain	R.	2	Jan., 1905	4,000
Delaware	Dover	John Hunn	R.	4	Jan., 1905	2,500
Florida	Tallahassee	W. S. Jennings	D.	4	Jan., 1905	3,500
Georgia	Atlanta	J. M. Terrell	D.	2	Nov. 1, 1904	2,000
Idaho	Boise City	J. T. Morrison	R.	2	Jan., 1905	3,000
Illinois	Springfield	Rich'd Yates	R.	4	Jan., 1905	6,000

DIPLOMATIC CORPS—FOREIGN.

Countries.	Ambassadors.	Presented.	Office Addresses.
Germany	Herr Von Holleben	Nov. 29, 1897	1435 Massachusetts av
Russia	Comte Cassini	June 23, 1898	1829 I street.
Mexico	Don Manuel de Azpiroz	Mar. 30, 1899	1415 I street.
Italy	Sig. Edmondo Mayor des Planches	Nov. 19, 1901	1400 N. Hampshire av.
Great Britain	Sir Michael H. Herbert	Oct. 13, 1902	1300 Connecticut av.
France	M. Pierre de Margerie	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	1640 R. Island av.
Austria-Hungary	L. Hengelmuller von Hengervar	Dec. 27, 1902	1304 18th street.
	Ministers.		
Sweden-Norway	Mr. A. Grip	June 1, 1889	2109 S. street.
Guatemala	Don Antonio L. Arriaga	June 8, 1893	1414 21st street.
Denmark	Mr. Constantine Brun	Oct. 21, 1895	1521 20th street.
Ecuador	Don Luis Felipe Carbo	Jan. 15, 1896	The Arlington.
Haiti	Mr. J. N. Leger	Oct. 14, 1896	Absent.
Brazil	Mr. J. F. de Assis Brasil	June 6, 1898	1411 Hopkins street.
Costa Rica	Don Joaquin B. Calvo	Jan. 5, 1899	1329 18th street.
Nicaragua	Senor Don Luis F. Corea	Sept. 11, 1899	1704 Q street.
Netherlands	Baron W. A. F. Gevers	Mar. 12, 1900	1612 20th street.
Japan	Mr. Gogoro Takahira	Aug. 3, 1900	1310 N street.
Peru	Manuel A. Calderon	Aug. 18, 1900	1701 Massachusetts av
Bolivia	Don F. E. Guachalla	Oct. 22, 1900	The Portner.
Persia	Gen. Isaac Khan	Dec. 11, 1900	1743 18th street.
Korea	Mr. Minhui Cho	June 4, 1901	1500 13th street.
Argentine Repub.	Senor Martin G. Meron	Oct. 8, 1901	1527 N. Hampshire av.
Belgium	Baron Ludovic Mohcheur	Nov. 7, 1901	1719 H street.
Siam	Phya Akharaj Varadhara	Dec. 13, 1901	The Arlington.
Chile	Senor Don Joaquin Walker-Martinez	Mar. 4, 1902	1800 N street.
Colombia	Senor Don Jose Vicente Concha	Mar. 17, 1902	Absent.
	Dr. Thos. Herran	Ch'rg d'Affaires Ad interim.	1315 N street.
Portugal	Visconde de Alte	May 1, 1902	1909 N street.
Cuba	Senor Don Gonzalo de Quesada	June 16, 1902	1006 16th street.
Spain	Senor Don Emilio de Ojeda	Oct. 23, 1902	1785 Massachusetts av
Salvador	Senor Don Rafael S. Lopez	Nov. 29, 1902	The Arlington.
Turkey	Chekib Bey		1337 22nd street.
Venezuela	Senor Don Augusto F. Pulido	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	The Cochran.
Uruguay	Senor Dr. Luis Alberto de Herrera	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	The Normandie.
Switzerland	Mr. Chas. L. E. Lardy	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	2013 Hillyer Place.
China	Mr. Shen Tung	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	1764 Q street.
Dominican Repub.	Senor Don Feo. Leonte Vasquez	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	Absent.

It was announced, August 22, 1902, that M. Jean A. A. J. Jusserand had been transferred from Copenhagen to be Ambassador of France at Washington.

Lain Chen Tung was appointed Minister of China, vice Wu Ting Fang, recalled.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE OFFICERS.

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

Accredited to	Ambassadors.	Residence.	From	Commission.	Pay.
France	Horace Porter	Paris	N. Y.	Mar. 19, 1897	$17,500
Germany	Charlemagne Tower.	Berlin	Penna.	Sept. 26, 1902	17,500
Great Britain	Jos. H. Choate	London	N. Y.	Jan. 19, 1899	17,500
Italy	Geo. V. L. Meyer	Rome	Mass	Dec. 14, 1900	12,000
Mexico	Powell Clayton	Mexico	Ark.	Dec. 8, 1898	17,500
Russia	Robt. S. McCormick.	St. Petersburg.	Illin's.	Sept. 26, 1902	17,500
	Ministers.				
Argentine Rep.	Wm. P. Lord	Buenos Ayres	Ore.	Oct. 16, 1899	10,000
Austria-Hun	Bellamy Storer	Vienna	Ohio.	Sept. 26, 1902	12,000
Belgium	Lawrence Townsend.	Brussels	Penn.	April 12, 1899	10,000
Bolivia	Wm. B. Sorsby	La Paz	Miss.	July 11, 1902	7,500
Brazil	David E. Thompson.	Rio de Janeiro.	Neb.	Sept. 26, 1902	12,000
Chile	Henry L. Wilson	Santiago	Wash.	June 9, 1897	10,000
China	Edwin H. Conger	Pekin	Iowa.	Jan. 19, 1898	12,000
Colombia	Chas. Burdett Hart.	Bogota	W. Va.	May 27, 1897	10,000
Costa Rica	Wm. L. Merry	San José	Cal.	July 17, 1897	10,000
Cuba	Herbert G. Squiers.	Habana	N. Y.	May 20, 1902	12,000
Denmark	Laurits S. Swenson.	Copenhagen	Minn.	Oct. 4, 1897	7,500
Dominican Rep.	Wm. F. Powell	Port-au-Prince.	N. J.	June 17, 1897	7,500
Ecuador	Archibald J. Sampson.	Quito	Ariz.	Sept. 18, 1897	7,500
Greece	John B. Jackson	Athens	N. J.	Oct. 13, 1902	6,500
Guatemala	W. Godfrey Hunter.	Guatemala	Ky.	Nov. 8, 1897	10,000
Haiti	Wm. F. Powell	Port-au-Prince.	N. J.	June 17, 1897	7,500
Honduras	W. Godfrey Hunter.	Guatemala	Ky.	Nov. 8, 1897	10,000
Japan	Lloyd C. Griscom	Tokyo (Yedo)	Penn.	Dec., 1902	12,000
Korea	Horace N. Allen	Seoul	Ohio.	June 21, 1901	7,500
Liberia	J. R. A. Crossland.	Monrovia	Mo.	Jan. 16, 1902	4,000
Netherlands	Stanford Newel	The Hague	Minn.	May 11, 1897	10,000
Nicaragua	Wm. L. Merry	San José	Cal.	July 17, 1897	10,000
Paraguay	Wm. R. Finch	Montevideo	Wis.	Oct. 2, 1897	7,500
Persia	Richmond Pearson.	Teheran	N. C.	Dec., 1902	5,000
Peru	Irving B. Dudley	Lima	Cal.	June 28, 1897	10,000
Portugal	Francis B. Loomis.	Lisbon	Ohio.	June 17, 1901	7,500
Roumania	John B. Jackson	Athens	N. J.	Oct. 13, 1902	6,500
Salvador	Wm. L. Merry	San José	Cal.	July 17, 1897	10,000
Servia	John B. Jackson	Athens	N. J.	Oct. 13, 1902	6,500
Siam	Hamilton King	Bangkok	Mich.	Jan 14, 1898	7,500
Spain	Arthur S. Hardy	Madrid	N. H.	Sept. 26, 1902	12,000
Sweden-Norw'y.	Wm W Thomas, Jr	Stockholm	Me.	Dec. 18, 1897	7,500
Switzerland	Chas P. Bryan	Berne	Illin's.	Sept. 26, 1902	7,500
Turkey	Jno. G. A. Leishman.	Constantinople.	Penn.	Dec. 20, 1900	10,000
Uruguay	Wm. R. Finch	Montevideo	Wis.	Oct. 2, 1897	7,500
Venezuela	Herbert W. Bowen	Caracas	N. Y.	June 17, 1901	10,000
Bulgaria	Chas. M. Dickinson.	Constantinople.	N. Y.	April 24, 1901	5,000
Egypt	John G Long	Cairo	Fla.	Oct. 30, 1899	5,000

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

President	Theodore Roosevelt	New. York.
Secretary of State	John Hay	Dist. Columbia.
Secretary of the Treasury	Leslie M. Shaw	Iowa.
Secretary of War	Elihu Root	New York.
Secretary of the Navy	William H. Moody	Massachusetts.
Secretary of the Interior	Ethan A. Hitchcock	Missouri.
Postmaster-General	Henry C. Payne	Wisconsin.
Attorney-General	Philander C. Knox	Pennsylvania.
Secretary of Agriculture	James Wilson	Iowa.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Name.	Rank.	State.	Age.	App'd.
Melville Weston Fuller	Chief Justice	Illinois	69	1888
John Marshall Harlan	Associate Justice	Kentucky	70	1877
Oliver Wendall Holmes	Associate Justice	Massachusetts	62	1902
David Josiah Brewer	Associate Justice	Kansas	65	1889
Henry Billings Brown	Associate Justice	Michigan	66	1890
George Shiras, Jr.	Associate Justice	Pennsylvania	70	1892
Edward D. White	Associate Justice	Louisiana	57	1894
Rufus W. Peckham	Associate Justice	New York	64	1895
Joseph McKenna	Associate Justice	California	59	1897

Clerk—James H. McKenney. Marshal—J. M. Wright.
Deputy Clerk—Charles H. Beall. Reporter—Charles Henry Butler.

ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Lieutenant-General—Nelson A. Miles, June 6, 1900.

MAJOR-GENERALS.

Samuel B. M. Young	Feb. 2, 1901	Robert P. Hughes	April 1, 1902
Adna R. Chaffee	Feb. 4, 1901	John C. Bates	July 15, 1902
Arthur MacArthur	Feb. 5, 1901	George W. Davis	July 21, 1902

BRIGADIER-GENERALS.

James F. Wade	May 26, 1897	Frank D. Baldwin	June 9, 1902
Samuel S. Sumner	Feb. 4, 1901	Theodore J. Wint	June 9, 1902
Leonard Wood	Feb. 4, 1901	Jesse M. Lee	June 17, 1902
George M. Randall	Feb. 6, 1901	William H. Carter	July 15, 1902
William A. Kobbé	Feb. 6, 1901	Tasker H. Bliss	July 21, 1902
Frederick D. Grant	Feb. 18, 1901	Joseph P. Sanger	July 23, 1902
J. Franklin Bell	Feb. 19, 1901	Charles C. Hood	Oct. 18, 1902
Frederick Funston	April 1, 1901		

Adjutant-General—H. C. Corbin.
Inspector-General—J. C. Breckinridge.
Judge-Advocate-General—G. A. Davis.
Quartermaster-General—N. L. Ludington.
Commissary-General—John F. Weston.
Surgeon-General—R. M. O'Reilly.
Paymaster-General—Alfred E. Bates.
Chief of Engineers—Geo. L. Gillespie.
Chief of Ordnance—William Crozier.
Chief Signal Officer—A. W. Greely.
Chief of Pension office—F. C. Ainsworth.

COLONELS OF CAVALRY.

1. Almond B. Wells.
2. Eli L. Huggins.
3. Albert E. Woodson.
4. C. C. C. Carr.
5. A. G. Hennissee.
6. Allen Smith.
7. T. A. Baldwin.
8. Louis H. Rucker.
9. Edward S. Godfrey.
10. J. A. Augur.
11. Francis Moore.
12. W. C. Forbush.
13. E. M. Hayes.
14. Thomas C. Lebo.
15. Wm. M. Wallace.

COLONELS OF INFANTRY.

1. W. T. Duggan.
2. Cyrus S. Roberts.
3. John H. Page
4. J. C. Chane.
5. Charles L. Davis.
6. Charles W. Miner.
7. Charles A. Coolidge.
8. William E. Dougherty.
9. Charles F. Robe.
10. C. H. Noble.
11. D. J. Cragie.
12. John W. Bubb.
13. Alfred C. Markley.
14. Stephen P. Jocelyn.
15. H. C. Ward.
16. B. D. Price.
17. G. A. Goodale.
18. James M. J. Sanno.
19. Edmund Rice.
20. William S. McCasley.
21. Jacob Kline.
22. James Miller.
23. J. Milton Thompson.
24. L. A. Matile.
25. A. H. Bowman.
26. Constant Williams.
27. T. F. Forbes.
28. M. C. Foote.
29. C. G. Penney.
30. N. P. Rodgers.

PAY OF UNITED STATES OFFICERS.

Civil.	Yearly.
President United States	$50,000
Vice-President	8,000
Cabinet officers	8,000
Senators	5,000
Representatives	5,000
Chief Justice United States	10,500
Asso. Justices Supreme Court	10,000
Army, Active.	
Lieutenant-General	11,000
Major-General	7,500
Brigadier-General	5,500
Colonel	3,500
Lieutenant-Colonel	3,000
Major	2,500
Captain, mounted	2,000
Captain, not mounted	1,800

Army, Active.	Yearly.
Regimental Adjutant (captains, mounted)	$2,000
Regimental Quartermaster (captains, mounted)	2,000
Regimental Commissary (captains, mounted)	2,000
Battalion and Squadron Adjutant, engineers, cavalry and infantry	1,800
Battalion and Squadron Quartermaster and Commissary	1,600
First Lieutenant, mounted	1,600
First Lieutenant, not mounted	1,500
Second Lieutenant, mounted	1,500
Second Lieutenant, not mounted	1,400
Chaplain	1,800

PAY OF UNITED STATES OFFICERS—Continued.

Navy and Marine Corps, Active.	On sea duty or shore duty beyond sea.	On shore.
Admiral	$15,000	$13,500
Rear-Admirals—		
First nine	7,500	6,375
Second nine	5,500	4,675
Chiefs of Bureaus and Brigadier-General Commandant of Marine Corps	....	5,500
Captains, Navy	3,500	2,975
Judge-Advocate-General and Colonels, Marine Corps, line and staff	3,500	3,500
Commanders, Navy	3,000	2,550
Lieutenant-Colonels, Marine Corps, line and staff	3,000	3,000
Lieutenant-Commanders, Navy	2,500	2,125
Majors, Marine Corps, line and staff	2,500	2,500
Lieutenants, Navy	1,800	1,530
Captains, Marine Corps—		
Line	1,800	1,800
Staff	2,000	2,000
Lieutenants (junior grade), Navy	1,500	1,275
First Lieutenants and Leader of Band, Marine Corps	1,500	1,500
Ensigns, Navy	1,400	1,190
Second Lieutenants, Marine Corps, Chief Boatswain, Chief Gunners, Chief Carpenters and Chief Sailmakers	1,400	1,400

NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Admiral—George Dewey, Washington, D. C.

REAR-ADMIRALS.

George C. Remey.	George W. Sumner.	John J. Read.	Philip H. Cooper.
John C. Watson.	Albert S. Barker.	Henry C. Taylor.	Arent S. Crowinshield.
Silas Casey.	Charles S. Cotton.	Mortimer L. Johnson.	Joseph B. Coghlan.
Francis J. Higginson.	Robley D. Evans.	Frank Wildes.	James H. Sands.
Frederick Rodgers.	Silas W. Terry.	Henry Glass.	Yates Stirling.
Louis Kempff.	Merrill Miller.	Charles E. Clark.	William C. Wise.

Rear-Admiral H. C. Taylor, Chief Bureau of Navigation.
Rear-Admiral R. B. Bradford, Equipment.
Rear-Admiral M. T. Endicott, Yards and Docks.
Rear-Admiral Chas. O'Neil, Ordnance.
Rear-Admiral Presley M. Rixey, Medicine and Surgery.
Rear-Admiral G. W. Melville, Steam Engineering.
Rear-Admiral A. S. Kenny, Supplies and Accounts
Rear-Admiral Francis T. Bowles, Construction and Repair.
Captain C. R. Train, President Board of Inspection and Survey.
Rear-Admiral G. C. Remey, Chairman Lighthouse Board, Treasury Department, Washington.
Capt. W. H. Brownson, Superintendent Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Capt. Samuel C. Lemly, Judge-Advocate-General.
Major-Gen. Charles Heywood, Commandant Marine Corps.
Col. George C. Reid, Adjutant and Inspector.
Major C. H. Lauchheimer, Assistant Adjutant and Inspector.
Col. F. L. Denny, Quartermaster.
Major T. C. Prince, Assistant Quartermaster.
Major C. L. McCawley, Assistant Quartermaster.
Capt. C. S. Radford, Assistant Quartermaster.
Capt. W. B. Lemly, Assistant Quartermaster
Capt. Edwin A. Jonas, Assistant Quartermaster.
Col. G. C. Goodloe, Paymaster.
Major George Richards, Assistant Paymaster.

SPEED OF BATTLESHIPS.

UNITED STATES BATTLESHIP RECORDS.

Ships.	Speed	Horse-power.
Alabama	17 103	11.366
Illinois	17 449	12.898
Indiana	15 547	9.738
Iowa	17 087	12.105
Kearsarge	16.816	11.954
Kentucky	16 897	12.318
Massachusetts	16 21	10.415
Oregon	16.79	11.111
Wisconsin	17.174	12.609
Maine	18.3	16,000

THE TWO MAINES.
(The first destroyed in Havana harbor, in 1898; the second, built in 1902.)

	New.	Old.
Tonnage	12.300	6.682
Length	388 ft.	318 ft.
Breadth	72 ft	57 ft.
Draft	23 ft 10¼ in.	21 ft. 6 in.
Speed	18 knots.	17.45 knots.
No of guns	44	29
Largest "	12-inch	10-inch
Horse power.	16,000	9,293
Armor	7½ to 11 in.	3 to 8 in.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.

Senate.

President pro tem. of the Senate—William P. Frye, of Maine.
Secretary of the Senate—Charles G. Bennett.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Daniel M. Ransdell.

States.	Senators.	Residence.	Politics.	Term Expires.
Alabama	John T. Morgan	Selma	D.	1907
	Edmund W. Pettus	Selma	D.	1903
Arkansas	James H. Berry	Bentonville	D.	1907
	James K. Jones	Washington	D.	1903
California	George C. Perkins	Oakland	R.	1903
	Thomas R. Bard	Hueneme	R.	1905
Colorado	Henry M. Teller	Central City	R.	1903
	Thomas M. Patterson	Denver	D.	1907
Connecticut	Joseph R. Hawley	Hartford	R.	1905
	Orville H. Platt	Meriden	R.	1903
Delaware	Vacancy.			
	Vacancy.			
Florida	James P. Taliaferro	Jacksonville	D.	1905
	Stephen R. Mallory	Pensacola	D.	1903
Georgia	Augustus O. Bacon	Macon	D.	1907
	Alexander S. Clay	Marietta	D.	1903
Idaho	Fred. T. Dubois	Blackfoot	D.	1907
	Henry Heitfeld	Lewiston	D.	1903
Illinois	William E. Mason	Chicago	R.	1903
	Shelby M. Cullom	Springfield	R.	1907
Indiana	Charles W. Fairbanks	Indianapolis	R.	1903
	Albert J. Beveridge	Indianapolis	R.	1905
Iowa	William B. Allison	Dubuque	R.	1909
	Jonathan P. Dolliver	Fort Dodge	R.	1907
Kansas	William A. Harris	Linwood	P.	1903
	Joseph R. Burton	Abilene	R.	1907
Kentucky	William J. Deboe	Marion	R.	1903
	J. C. S. Blackburn	Versailles	D.	1907
Louisiana	Samuel D. McEnery	New Orleans	D.	1903
	Murphy J. Foster	Franklin	D.	1907
Maine	Eugene Hale	Ellsworth	R.	1905
	William P. Frye	Lewiston	R.	1907
Maryland	Louis E. McComas	Williamsport	R.	1905
	George L. Wellington	Cumberland	R.	1903
Massachusetts	George F. Hoar	Worcester	R.	1907
	Henry Cabot Lodge	Nahant	R.	1905
Michigan	Julius C. Burrows	Kalamazoo	R.	1905
	Russell A. Alger	Detroit	R.	....
Minnesota	Knute Nelson	Alexandria	R.	1907
	Moses E. Clapp	St. Paul	R.	1905
Mississippi	Hernando D. Money	Carrollton	D.	1905
	Anselm J. McLaurin	Brandon	D.	1907
Missouri	Francis M. Cockrell	Warrensburg	D.	1905
	George G. Vest	Kansas City	D.	1903

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

Senate.

States.	Senators.	Residence.	Politics.	Term Expires.
Montana	William A. Clarke	Butte	D.	1907
	Paris Gibson	Great Falls	D.	1905
Nebraska	Charles H. Dietrich	Hastings	R.	1905
	Joseph H. Millard	Omaha	R.	1907
Nevada	John P. Jones	Gold Hill	R.	1903
	William M. Stewart	Carson City	R.	1905
New Hampshire	Henry E. Burnham	Manchester	R.	1907
	Jacob H. Gallinger	Concord	R.	1903
New Jersey	John F. Dryden	Newark	R.	1907
	John Kean	Elizabeth	R.	1905
New York	Thomas C. Platt	Owego	R.	1903
	Chauncey M. Depew	New York City	R.	1905
North Carolina	Furnifold McL. Simmons	Raleigh	D.	1907
	Jeter C. Pritchard	Marshall	R.	1903
North Dakota	Henry C. Hansbrough	Devil's Lake	R.	1903
	Porter J. McCumber	Wahpeton	R.	1905
Ohio	Marcus A. Hanna	Cleveland	R.	1905
	Joseph B. Foraker	Cincinnati	R.	1909
Oregon	John H. Mitchell	Portland	R.	1907
	Joseph Simon	Portland	R.	1903
Pennsylvania	Boies Penrose	Philadelphia	R.	1903
	Matthew S. Quay	Beaver	R.	1905
Rhode Island	Nelson W. Aldrich	Providence	R.	1905
	George P. Wetmore	Newport	R.	1907
South Carolina	Benjamin R. Tillman	Trenton	D.	1907
	John L. McLaurin	Bennettsville	D.	1903
South Dakota	Robert J. Gamble	Yankton	R.	1907
	Alfred B. Kittredge	Sioux Falls	R.	....
Tennessee	Edward W. Carmack	Memphis	D.	1907
	William B. Bate	Nashville	D.	1905
Texas	Joseph W. Bailey	Gainesville	D.	1907
	Charles A. Culberson	Dallas	D.	1905
Utah	Joseph L. Rawlins	Salt Lake City	D.	1903
	Thomas Kearns	Salt Lake City	R.	1905
Vermont	William P. Dillingham	Waterbury	R.	1903
	Redfield Proctor	Proctor	R.	1905
Virginia	John W. Daniel	Lynchburg	D.	1905
	Thomas S. Martin	Scottsville	D.	1907
Washington	George Turner	Spokane	P.	1903
	Addison G. Foster	Tacoma	R.	1905
West Virginia	Nathan B. Scott	Wheeling	R.	1905
	Stephen B. Elkins	Elkins	R.	1907
Wisconsin	John C. Spooner	Madison	R.	1903
	Joseph V. Quarles	Milwaukee	R.	1905
Wyoming	Francis E. Warren	Cheyenne	R.	1907
	Clarence D. Clark	Evanston	R.	1905

Republicans, 55; Democrats, 30; Populists, 2; Vacant, 3.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.

House of Representatives.

Speaker—David B. Henderson Iowa. Clerk—Alexander McDowell, Pennsylvania.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Henry Casson, Wisconsin.
Doorkeeper—W. J. Glenn, New York.
Postmaster—Joseph C. McElroy, Ohio.
Chaplain—Rev. Henry N. Couden, Michigan.

ALABAMA.

Democrats.

1. George W. Taylor, Demopolis.
2. A. A. Wiley, Montgomery.
3. Henry D. Clayton, Eufaula.
4. Sidney J. Bowie, Talladega.
5. Charles W. Thompson, Tuskegee.
6. John H. Bankhead, Fayette.
7. John L. Burnett, Gadsden.
8. William Richardson, Huntsville.
9. Oscar W. Underwood, Birmingham.

ARKANSAS.

Democrats.

1. Philip D. McCulloch, Marianna.
2. John S Little, Greenwood.
3. Thomas C McRae, Prescott.
4. Charles C Reid, Morrilton.
5. Hugh A Dinsmore, Fayetteville.
6. Stephen Brundidge, Jr., Searcy.

CALIFORNIA.

Republicans.

1. Frank L. Coombs, Napa.
2. Samuel D Woods, Stockton.
3. Victor H. Metcalf, Oakland.
4. Julius Kahn, San Francisco.
5. Eugene F Loud, San Francisco.
6. James McLachlan, Passadena.
7. James C. Needham, Modesto.

COLORADO.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

1. John F, Shafroth, Denver.
2. John C. Bell, Montrose.

CONNECTICUT.

Republicans.

1. E. Stevens Henry, Rockville.
2. Nehemiah D. Sperry, New Haven.
3. Frank B. Brandagee, New London.
4. Ebenezer J. Hill, Norwalk.

DELAWARE.

Republican.

1. L. Heisler Ball, Faulkland.

FLORIDA.

Democrats.

1. Stephen M. Sparkman, Tampa.
2. Robert W. Davis, Palatka.

GEORGIA.

Democrats.

1. Rufus E. Lester, Savannah.
2. James M. Griggs, Dawson.
3. Elijah B. Lewis, Montezuma.
4. William C. Adamson, Carrollton.
5. Leonidas F. Livingston, Kings.
6. Charles L Bartlett, Macon.
7. John W Maddox, Rome.
8. William M Howard, Lexington.
9. Farish Carter Tate, Jasper
10. William H Fleming, Augusta.
11. William G. Brantley, Brunswick.

IDAHO.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

1. Thomas L. Glenn, Montpelier.

ILLINOIS.

Republicans.

1. James R. Mann, Chicago.
6. Henry S. Boutell, Chicago.
7. George E. Foss, Chicago.
8. Albert J Hopkins, Aurora.
9. Robert R. Hitt, Mount Morris.
10. George W. Prince, Galesburg.
11. Walter Reeves, Streator.
12. Joseph G Cannon, Danville.
13. Vespasian Warner, Clinton.
14. Joseph V. Graff, Pekin.
22. George W. Smith, Murphysboro.

Democrats.

2. John J. Feeley, Chicago.
3. George P. Foster, Chicago.
4. James McAndrews, Chicago.
5. William F Mahoney, Chicago.
15. J. Ross Mickey, Macomb.
16. Thomas J. Selby, Hardin.
17. Ben. F. Caldwell, Chatham.
18. Thomas M. Jett, Hillsboro.
19. Joseph B. Crowley, Robinson.
20. James R. Williams, Carmi.
21. Frederick J. Kern, Belleville.

INDIANA.

Republicans.

4. James A. Hemenway, Booneville.
5. Elias S. Holliday, Brazil.
6. James E. Watson, Rushville.
7. Jesse Overstreet, Indianapolis.
8. George W. Cromer, Muncie.
9. Charles B. Landis, Delphi.
10. Edgar D. Crumpacker, Valparaiso.
11. George W. Steele, Marion.
13. Abraham L. Brick, South Bend.

Democrats.

2. Robert W Miers, Bloomington.
3. William T Zenor, Corydon.
4. Francis M. Griffith, Vevay.
12. James M. Robinson, Fort Wayne.

IOWA.

Republicans.

1. Thomas Hedge, Burlington.
2. John N. W. Rumple, Marengo.
3. David B. Henderson, Dubuque.
4. Gilbert N. Haugen, Northwood.
5. Robert G. Cousins, Tipton.
6. John F. Lacey, Oskaloosa.
7. John A. T. Hull, Des Moines.
8. William P. Hepburn, Clarinda.
9. Walter I. Smith, Council Bluffs.
10. James P. Connor, Denison.
11. Lot Thomas, Storm Lake.

KANSAS.

Republicans.

Charles F. Scott, Iola.

1. Charles Curtis, Topeka.
2. Justin D. Bowersock, Lawrence.
4. James M. Miller, Council Grove.
5. William A. Calderhead, Marysville.
6. William A. Reeder, Logan.
7. Chester I. Long, Medicine Lodge.

Democrat.

3. Alfred M Jackson, Winfield.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

KENTUCKY.

Republicans.

5. Henry S. Irwin, Louisville.
11. Vincent Boreing, London.

Democrats.

1. Charles D. Wheeler, Paducah.
2. Henry D. Allen, Morganfield.
3. John S. Rhea, Russellville.
4. David H. Smith, Hodgensville.
6. D. Linn Gooch, Covington.
7. South Trimble, Frankfort.
8. George G. Gilbert, Shelbyville.
9. James N. Kehoe, Maysville.
10. John B. White, Irvine.

LOUISIANA.

Democrats.

1. Adolph Meyer, New Orleans.
2. Robert C. Davey, New Orleans.
3. Robert F. Broussard, New Iberia.
4. Phanor Brazeale, Natchitoches.
5. Jos. E. Ransdell, Lake Providence.
6. Sam'l M. Robertson, Baton Rouge.

MAINE.

Republicans.

1. Amos L. Allen, Alfred.
2. Charles E. Littlefield, Rockland.
3. Edwin C. Burleigh, Augusta.
4. L. Llewellyn Powers, Houlton.

MARYLAND.

Republicans.

1. William H. Jackson, Salisbury.
2. Albert A. Blakeney, Franklinville.
3. Frank C. Wachter, Baltimore.
4. Charles R. Schirm, Baltimore.
5. Sydney E. Mudd, La Plata.
6. George A. Pearre, Cumberland.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Republicans.

1. George P. Lawrence, North Adams.
2. Frederick H. Gillett, Springfield.
4. Charles Q. Tirrell, Natick.
5. William S. Knox, Lawrence.
6. Augustus Gardner, Hamilton.
7. Ernest W. Roberts, Chelsea.
8. Samuel W. McCall, Winchester.
11. Samuel L. Powers, Newton.
12. William C. Lovering, Taunton.
13. William S. Green, Fall River.

Democrats.

3. John R. Thayer, Worcester.
9. Joseph A. Conry, Boston.
10. Henry F. Naphen, Boston.

MICHIGAN.

Republicans.

1. John B. Corliss, Detroit.
2. Henry C. Smith, Adrian.
3. Washington Gardner, Albion.
4. Edward L. Hamilton, Niles.
5. Wm. Alden Smith, Grand Rapids.
6. Samuel W. Smith, Pontiac.
7. Edgar Weeks, Mount Clemens.
8. Joseph W. Fordney, Saginaw.
9. Roswell P. Bishop, Ludington.
10. Henry H. Aplin, West Bay City.
11. Archibald B. Darragh, St. Louis.
12. Carlos D. Shelden, Houghton.

MINNESOTA.

Republicans.

1. James A. Tawney, Winona.
2. James T. McCleary, Mankato.
3. Joel P. Heatwole, Northfield.
4. Fred. C. Stevens, St. Paul.
5. Loren Fletcher, Minneapolis.
6. Page Morris, Duluth.
7. Frank M. Eddy, Glenwood.

MISSISSIPPI.

Democrats.

1. Ezekiel S. Candler, Jr., Corinth.
2. Thomas Spight, Ripley.
3. Patrick Henry, Vicksburg.
4. Andrew J. Fox, Westpoint.
5. John S. Williams, Yazoo.
6. Frank A. McLain, Gloster.
7. Charles E. Hooker, Jackson.

MISSOURI.

Republicans.

10. Richard Bartholdt, St. Louis.
11. Charles F. Joy, St. Louis.

Democrats.

1. James T. Lloyd, Shelbyville.
2. William W. Rucker, Keytesville.
3. John Dougherty, Liberty.
4. Charles F. Cochran, St. Joseph.
5. William S. Cowherd, Kansas City.
6. David A. DeArmond, Butler.
7. James Cooney, Marshall.
8. Dorsey W. Shackleford, Jefferson C'y.
9. Champ Clark, Bowling Green.
12. James J. Butler, St. Louis.
13. Edward Robb, Perryville.
14. Wil'rd D. Vandiver, Cape Girardeau.
15. Mæcenas E. Benton, Neosho.

MONTANA.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

Caldwell Edwards, Bozeman.

NEBRASKA.

Republicans.

1. Elmer J. Burkett, Lincoln.
2. David H. Mercer, Omaha.

Democrat.

3. John S. Robinson, Madison.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

4. William L. Stark, Aurora.
5. Ashton C. Shallenberger, Alma.
6. William Neville, North Platte.

NEVADA.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

Francis G. Newlands, Reno.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Republicans.

1. Cyrus A. Sulloway, Manchester.
2. Frank D. Currier, Canaan.

NEW JERSEY.

Republicans.

1. Henry C. Loudenslager, Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner, Atlantic City.
3. Benj. F. Howell, New Brunswick.
5. James F. Stewart, Paterson.
6. Richard Wayne Parker, Newark.
8. Charles N. Fowler, Elizabeth.

Democrats.

4. Joshua S. Salmon, Boonton.
7. Allan L. McDermott, Jersey City.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

NEW YORK.

Republicans.

1. Frederick Storm, Bayside, L. I.
3. Henry Bristow, Brooklyn.
4. Henry A. Hanbury, Brooklyn.
7. Montague Lessler, New York.
14. W. H. Douglas, New York.
17. Arthur S. Tompkins, Nyack.
18. John H. Ketcham, Dover Plains.
19. William H. Draper, Lansingburg.
20. George N. Southwick, Albany.
21. John K. Stewart, Amsterdam.
22. Lucius N. Littauer, New York.
23. Louis W. Emerson, Warrensburg.
24. Charles L. Knapp, Lowville.
25. James S. Sherman, Utaca.
26. John W. Dwight, Dryden.
27. Michael E. Driscoll, Syracuse.
28. Sereno E. Payne, Auburn.
29. Charles W. Gillett, Addison.
30. James W. Wadsworth, Geneseo.
31. James Brick Perkins, Rochester.
33. De Alva S. Alexander, Buffalo.
34. Edward V. Vreeland, Salamanca.

Democrats.

2. John J. Fitzgerald, Brooklyn.
5. Frank E. Wilson, Brooklyn.
6. George H. Lindsay, Brooklyn.
8. Thomas J. Creamer, New York.
9. Henry M. Goldfogle, New York.
10. Edward Swann, New York.
11. William Sulzer, New York.
12. George B. McClellan, New York.
13. Oliver H. P. Belmont, New York.
15. Jacob Ruppert, Jr., New York.
16. Cornelius A. Pugsley, Peekskill.
32. William H. Ryan, Buffalo.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Republicans.

8 Spencer Blackburn, Winston.
9. James M. Moody, Waynesville.

Democrats.

1. John H. Small, Washington.
2. Claude Kitchin, Scotland Neck.
3. Charles R. Thomas, Newbern.
4. Edward W. Pou, Smithfield.
5. William W. Kitchin, Roxboro.
6. John D. Bellamy, Wilmington.
7. Theodore F. Kluttz, Salisbury.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Republican.

Thomas F. Marshall, Oakes.

OHIO.

Republicans.

1. William B. Shattuc, Cincinnati.
2. Jacob H. Bromwell, Cincinnati.
3. Robert N. Nevines, Dayton.
6. Charles Q. Hildebrand, Wilmington.
7. Thomas B. Kyle, Troy.
8. William R. Warnock, Urbana.
9. James H. Southard, Toledo.
10. Stephen Morgan, Oak Hill.
11. Charles H. Grosvenor, Athens.
12. Emmet Tompkins, Columbus.
14. William W. Skiles, Shelby.
15. Henry C. Van Voorhis, Zanesville.
16. Joseph J. Gill, Steubenville.
18. Robert W. Tayler, Lisbon.
19. Charles Dick, Akron.
20. Jacob A. Beidler, Cleveland.
21. Theo. E. Burton, Cleveland.

Democrats.

4. Robert B. Gordon, St. Mary's.
5. John S. Snook, Paulding.
13. James A. Norton, Tiffin.
17. John W. Cassingham, Coshocton.

OREGON.

Republicans.

1. Thomas H. Tongue, Hillsboro.
2. Malcolm A. Moody, The Dalles.

PENNSYLVANIA.

At Large—Republicans.

Galusha A. Grow, Glenwood.
Robt. H. Foederer, Jr., Philadelphia.

Republicans.

1. Henry H. Bingham, Philadelphia.
2. Robert Adams, Jr., Philadelphia.
3. Henry Burke, Philadelphia.
4. James R. Young, Philadelphia.
5. Edward deV. Morrell, Philadelphia.
6. Thomas S. Butler, West Chester.
7. Irving P. Wanger, Norristown.
10. H. Bird Cassell, Marietta.
11. William Connell, Scranton.
12. Henry W. Palmer, Wilkesbarre.
13. George R. Patterson, Ashland.
14. Marlin E. Olmstead, Harrisburg.
15. Chas. Fred Wright, Susquehanna.
16. Elias Deemer, Williamsport.
18. Thaddeus M. Mahon, Chambersb'g.
19. Robert J. Lewis, York.
20. Alvin Evans, Ebensburg.
21. Summers M. Jack, Indiana.
22. John Dalzell, Pittsburg.
23. William H. Graham, Allegany.
24. Ernest F. Acheson, Washington.
25. Joseph B. Showalter, Chicora.
26. Arthur L. Bates, Meadville.
27. Joseph C. Sibley, Franklin.

Democrats.

8. Howard Mutchler., Easton.
9. Henry D. Green, Reading.
17. Alexander Billmeyer, Wash't'nville.
28. Vacant.

RHODE ISLAND.

Republicans.

1. Melville Bull, Middletown.
2. Adin B. Capron, Smithfield.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Democrats.

1. William Elliott, Beaufort.
2. W. Jasper Talbert, Parksville.
3. Asbury C. Latimer, Belton.
4. Joseph T. Johnson, Spartanburg.
5. David E. Finley, Yorkville.
6. Robert B. Scarborough, Conway.
7. A. F. Lever, Wallaceville.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—Republicans.

E. W. Martin, Deadwood
Charles H. Burke, Pierre.

TENNESSEE.

Republicans.

1. Walter P. Brownlow, Jonesboro.
2. Henry R. Gibson, Knoxville.

Democrats.

3. John A. Moon, Chatanooga.
4. Charles E. Snodgrass, Crossville.
5. Jas. D. Richardson, Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines, Nashville.
7. Lemuel P. Padgett, Columbia.
8. Thetus W. Sims, Linden.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

9. Rice A. Pierce, Union City.
10. Malcolm R. Patterson, Memphis.

TEXAS.

Democrats.

1. Thomas H. Ball, Huntsville.
2. Sam B. Cooper, Beaumont.
3. Gordon Russell, Tyler.
4. Norris Sheppard, Texarkana.
5. Choice B. Randell, Sherman.
6. Dudley G. Wooten, Dallas.
7. Robert L. Henry, Waco.
8. Sam'l W. T. Lanham, Weatherford.
9. Albert S. Burleson, Austin.
10. George F. Burgess, Gonzales.
11. Rudolph Kleberg, Cuero.
12. James L. Slayden, San Antonio.
13. John H. Stephens, Vernon.

UTAH.

Republican.

George Sutherland, Salt Lake City.

VERMONT.

Republicans.

1. David J. Foster, Burlington.
2. Kittridge Hoskins, Brattleboro.

VIRGINIA.

Democrats.

1. William A. Jones, Warsaw.
2. Henry L. Maynard, Portsmouth.
3. John Lamb, Richmond.
4. Francis R. Lassiter, Petersburg.
5. Claude A. Swanson, Chatham.
6. Carter Glass, Lynchburg.
7. James Hay, Madison.
8. John F. Rixey, Brandy.
9. William F. Rhea, Bristol.
10. Henry D. Flood, W. Appomattox.

WASHINGTON.

Republicans—At Large.

Wesley L. Jones, Yakima.
Francis W. Cushman, Tacoma.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Republicans.

1. Blackburn B. Dovener, Wheeling.
2. Alston G. Dayton, Philippi.
3. Joseph Holt Gaines, Charleston.
4. James A. Hughes, Huntington.

WISCONSIN.

Republicans.

1. Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
2. Herman B. Dahle, Mount Horeb.
3. Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
4. Theobold Otjen, Milwaukee.
5. Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
6. James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
7. John J. Esch, La Crosse.
8. Edward S. Minor, Stourgeon Bay.
9. Webster E. Brown, Rhinelander.
10. John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

WYOMING.

Republican.

Frank W. Mondell, Newcastle.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans..	199	Vacancy.....	1
Democrats....	149		
All others....	8	Total.....	357

Territorial Delegates.

ARIZONA.

Democrat.

Mark A. Smith, Tucson.

NEW MEXICO.

Republican.

B. S. Bodey, Albuquerque.

OKLAHOMA.

Republican.

Dennis T. Flynn, Guthrie.

HAWAII.

Robert W. Wilcox, Honolulu.

BASIS OF REPRESENTATION.

The basis and ratio for apportioning Representatives in Congress are founded on the population of the States, exclusive of the Territories.

From 1790 to 1850 the apportionment of Representatives in Congress was made by Congress, as at present. The law for taking the census in 1850 was intended to be permanent. Congress made a rule of apportionment, fixed the number of members of the House at 233, and directed the Secretary of the Interior thereafter to make the apportionment to each State. The apportionment under the census of 1860 was made under this law, but Congress on March 4, 1862, fixed the total number of members, and the Secretary of the Interior apportioned the new quotas to the States. The apportionments under the census of 1870 and subsequently were made by Congress, so that the Act of 1850 delegating that power to the Secretary of the Interior has been repealed by implication.

The Act making the apportionment of Representatives in Congress, approved January 16, 1901, provides that after March 3, 1903, the House of Representatives of the United States shall be composed of 386 members.

It is also provided that whenever a new State is admitted to the Union, the Representative or Representatives assigned to it shall be in addition to the number of 386.

Each member of the House shall represent a district, composed of contiguous territory. But additional Representatives under this apportionment shall be elected by the State at large until the Legislature shall redistrict the State.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

NEVADA.

At Large—Democrat.
C. D. Van Duzer, Tonopah.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Republicans.
1. Cyrus A. Sulloway, Manchester.
2. Frank D. Currier, Canaan.

NEW JERSEY.

Republicans.
1. Henry C. Loudenslager, Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner, Atlantic City.
3. Benj. F. Howell, New Brunswick.
4. William M. Lanning, Trenton.
5. Charles N. Fowler, Elizabeth.
7. R. Wayne Parker, Newark.
8. William H. Wiley, East Orange.

Democrats.
6. William Hughes, Paterson.
9. Allan Benny, Jersey City.
10. Allan L. McDermott, Jersey City.

NEW YORK.

Republicans.
3. Charles T. Dunwell, Brooklyn.
15. William H. Douglas, New York.
19. Norton P. Otis, Yonkers.
20. Thomas W. Bradley, Walden.
21. John H. Ketcham, Dover Plains.
22. William H. Draper, Lansingburg.
23. Geo. N. Southwick, Albany.
24. George J. Smith, Kingston.
25. Lucius N. Littauer, Gloversville.
26. W. H. Flack, Malone.
27. James S. Sherman, Utica.
28. Charles L. Knapp, Loweville.
29. Michael E. Driscoll, Syracuse.
30. John W. Dwight, Dryden.
31. Sereno E. Payne, Auburn.
32. James B. Perkins, Rochester.
33. Charles W. Gillet, Addison.
34. James W. Wadsworth, Geneseo.
36. De Alva S. Alexander, Buffalo.
37. Edward B. Vreeland, Salamanca.

Democrats.
1. Townsend Scudder, Brooklyn.
2. George H. Lindsay, Brooklyn.
4. Frank E. Wilson, Brooklyn.
5. E. M. Bassett, Brooklyn.
6. Robert H. Baker, Brooklyn.
7. John J. Fitzgerald, New York.
8. T. D. Sullivan, New York.
9. Henry M. Goldfogle, New York.
10. William Sulzer, New York.
11. William R. Hearst, New York.
12. George B. McClellan, New York.
13. F. B. Harrison, New York.
14. Ira E. Rider, New York.
16. Jacob Ruppert, New York.
17. F. E. Schober, New York.
18. Joseph A. Goulden, New York.
35. William H. Ryan, Buffalo.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Democrats.
1. John H. Small, Washington.
2. Claude Kitchin, Scotland Neck.
3. Charles R. Thomas, Newbern.
4. Edward W Pou, Smithfield.
5. William W. Kitchin, Roxboro.
6. G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
7. Robert N. Page, Aberdeen.
8. Theodore F. Kluttz, Salisbury.
9. E. Y. Webb, Shelby.
10. J. M. Gudger, Jr., Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA.

At Large—Republicans.
Thomas F. Marshall, Oakes.
B. F. Spalding, Fargo.

OHIO.

Republicans.
1. Nicholas Longworth, Cincinnati.
2. H. P. Goebel, Cincinnati.
3. Robert M. Nevin, Dayton.
6. Charles Q. Hildebrant, Wilmington.
7. Thomas B. Kyle, Troy.
8. William R. Warnock, Urbana.
9. James H. Southard, Toledo.
10. Stephen Morgan, Oak Hill.
11. Charles H. Grosvenor, Athens.
13. A. H. Jackson, Fremont.
14. William W. Skiles, Shelby.
15. Henry C. Van Voorhis, Zanesville.
16. Joseph J. Gill, Steubenville.
18. James Kennedy, Youngstown.
19. Charles Dick, Akron.
20. Jacob A. Beidler, Willoughby.
21. Theodore E. Burton, Cleveland.

Democrats.
4. H. C. Garber, Greenville.
5. John S. Snook, Paulding.
12. De Witt C. Badger, Columbus.
17. John W. Cassingham, Coshocton.

OREGON.

Republicans.
1. Thomas H. Tongue, Hillsboro.
2. J. N. Williamson, Pineville.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Republicans.
1. Henry H. Bingham, Philadelphia.
2. Robert Adams, Jr., Philadelphia.
3. Henry Burk, Philadelphia.
4. Robert H. Foerderer, Philadelphia.
5. Edw. DeV. Morrell, Philadelphia.
6. George D. McCreary, Philadelphia.
7. Thomas S. Butler, West Chester.
8. Irving P. Wanger, Norristown.
9. H. Burd Cassel, Marietta.
11. Henry W. Palmer, Wilkesbarre.
12. George R. Patterson, Ashland.
14. Charles F. Wright, Susquehanna.
15. Elias Deemer, Williamsport.
17. Thad. M. Mahon, Chambersburg.
18. Marlin E. Olmsted, Harrisburg.
19. Alvin Evans, Ebensburg.
20. Daniel F. Lafean, York.
21. S. R. Dresser, Bradford.
22. George F. Huff, Greensburg.
23. Allen F. Cooper, Uniontown.
24. Ernest F. Acheson, Washington.
25. Arthur L. Bates, Meadville.
27. W. O. Smith Punxsutawney.
28. Joseph C. Sibley, Franklin.
29. G. Shiras, III., Allegany.
30. John Dalzell, Pittsburg.
31. H. Kirke Porter, Pittsburg.
32. James W. Brown, Pittsburg.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

Democrats.

10. George Howell, Scranton.
13. Marcus C. L. Kline, Allentown.
16. Charles H. Dickerman, Milton.
26. J. H. Shull, Stroudsburg.

RHODE ISLAND.

Republican.

2. Adin B. Capron, Smithfield.

Democrat.

1. D. L. D. Granger, Providence.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Democrats.

1. George S. Legare, Charleston.
2. George W. Croft, Aiken.
3. Wyatt Aiken, Abbeville.
4. Joseph T. Johnson, Spartanburg.
5. David E. Finley, Yorkville.
6. Robert B. Scarborough, Conway.
7. A. F. Lever, Wallaceville.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—Republicans.

Charles H. Burke, Pierre.
Eben W. Martin, Deadwood.

TENNESSEE.

Republicans.

1. Walter P. Brownlow, Jonesboro.
2. Henry R. Gibson, Knoxville.

Democrats.

3. John A. Moon, Chatanooga.
4. M. T. Fitzpatrick, Nashville.
5. Jas. D. Richardson, Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines, Nashville.
7. Lemuel P. Padgett, Columbia.
8. Thetus W. Sims, Linden.
9. Rice A. Pierce, Union City.
10. Malcolm R. Patterson, Memphis.

TEXAS.

Democrats.

1. Morris Sheppard, Texarkana.
2. Sam B. Cooper, Beaumount.
3. J. G. Russell, Tyler.
4. Choice B. Randell, Sherman.
5. J. A. Beall, Waxahachie.
6. Scott Field, Calvert.
7. A. W. Gregg, Palestine.
8. Thomas H. Ball, Huntsville.
9. George F. Burgess, Gonzales.
10. Albert S. Burleson, Austin.
11. Robert L. Henry, Waco.
12. O. W. Gillesnie, Fort Worth.
13. John H. Stephens, Vernon.
14. James L. Slayden, San Antonio.
15. John N. Garner, Uvalde.
16. W. R. Smith, Colorado.

UTAH.

At Large—Republican.

Joseph Howell, Wellsville.

VERMONT.

Republicans.

1. David J. Foster, Burlington.
2. Kittredge Haskins, Brattleboro.

VIRGINIA.

Republican.

9. Campbell Slemp, Big Stone Gap.

Democrats.

1. William A. Jones, Warsaw.
2. Henry L. Maynard, Portsmouth.
3. John Lamb, Richmond.
4. R. G. Southall, Amelia.
5. Claude A. Swanson, Chatham.
6. Carter Glass, Lynchburg.
7. James Hay, Madison.
8. John F. Rixey, Brandy.
10. Henry D. Flood, W. Appommattox.

WASHINGTON.

At Large—Republicans.

Wesley L. Jones, Yakima.
Francis W. Cushman, Tacoma.
William E. Humphrey, Seattle.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Republicans.

1. Blackburn B. Dovener, Wheeling.
2. Alston G. Dayton, Philippi.
3. Joseph Holt Gaines, Charleston.
4. Harry C. Woodyard, Spencer.
5. James A. Hughes, Huntington.

WISCONSIN.

Republicans.

1. Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
2. H. C. Adams, Madison.
3. Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
4. Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
5. William H. Stafford, Milwaukee.
7. John J. Esch, LaCrosse.
8. James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
9. Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
10. Webster E. Brown, Rhinelander.
11. John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

Democrat.

6. C. H. Weisse, Sheboygan Falls.

WYOMING.

At Large—Republican.

Frank W. Mondell, Newcastle.

RECAPITULATION.

Reublicans	208
Democrats	178
Whole	386

Territorial Delegates.

ARIZONA.

Democrat.

J. F. Wilson, Prescott.

NEW MEXICO.

Republican.

Bernard S. Rodey, Albuquerque.

OKLAHOMA.

Republican.

Bird S. Maguire, Guthrie.

HAWAII.

Republican.

Jonah Kalaulauoale, Honolulu.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Prof. Woodrow Wilson, in his "History of the American People," says: "President Monroe took an early opportunity to domesticate, as it were, the very foreign policy of the government by confining its issues to the Americas. European statesmen were putting their houses in order after the convulsions of the Napoleonic wars, establishing once more the balance of power and the rights of shaken dynasties. They drew their States together, under the leadership of Austria, and her consummate Metternich, to crush every rising, silence every demand for liberal reform, and make good the jeopardized absolutism of their kings throughout the length and breadth of Europe.

"Their reactionary purpose having been accomplished with some touch of thoroughness on the Continent itself, Spain prayed them to assist her to win the revolted colonies of South America back to her crown, and they seemed about to accede to her prayer. Mr. Canning, England's watchful Minister, saw at once the peril there would be in that to England's trade in the south. He proposed, therefore, to Mr. Rush, the American Minister in London, that the United States should join with England in protesting against the attempt of any outside power to restore Spain's authority in America. Mr. Adams, the Secretary of State, did not relish the suggestion, though he approved the object. Mr. Monroe accepted his view in the matter. In his annual message of December, 1823, he told Congress and the world what attitude he meant to take toward any attempt on the part of European powers 'to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere.'

"What had made the matter seem the more exigent and important was the unpleasant fact that Russia was gaining a foothold in North America itself. Russian fur traders were pushing and extending their trade not only in Alaska, but also along the coasts to the southward and nearer to Oregon. The Czar claimed all of the coast waters of the region as his own. Mr. Adams had feared that should the European coalition, of which the Czar was so influential a member, interfere in the affairs of Spain at the south, Russia might take the Spanish Province of California as compensation for her trouble and shut the doors of the Pacific once for all against the expanding Union. Mr. Monroe, therefore, spoke very plainly upon that point also in his message. These decisive words proved sufficient. Whatever may have been Russia's plans, she did not care to force them now, and in the closing months of Mr. Monroe's administration she agreed to a treaty in which it was stipulated that the fisheries and the navigation of the Pacific were to be open to both parties, and that the line 54° 40 north latitude should divide their future settlements."

The Monroe doctrine is stated in precise terms in the following extracts from President Monroe's message to Congress on December 2, 1823:

"In the wars of the European powers in matters relating to themselves we have never taken any part, nor does it comport with our policy to do so. It is only when our rights are invaded or seriously menaced that we resent injuries or make preparations for our defense. With the movements in this hemisphere we are of necessity more immediately connected, and by causes which must be obvious to all enlightened and impartial observers.

"This political system of the allied powers is essentially different in this respect from that of America. This difference proceeds from that which exists in their respective governments. And to the defense of our own, which has been achieved by the loss of so much blood and treasure, and matured by the wisdom of our most enlightened citizens, and under which we have enjoyed unexampled felicity, this whole nation is devoted.

"We owe it, therefore, to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power we have not interfered, and shall not interfere. But with the governments who have declared their independence and maintained it, and whose independence we have on great consideration and on just principles acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them, or controlling in any other manner their destiny, by any European power in any other light than as the manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States.

"The American continents, by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European powers.

"It is impossible that the allied powers should extend their political system to any portion of either continent without endangering our peace and happiness; nor can anyone believe that our southern brethren, if left to themselves, would adopt it of their own accord. It is equally impossible, therefore, that we should behold such interposition in any form with indifference."

FEDERAL OFFICES AT BALTIMORE.

CUSTOM HOUSE.

Collector ..... William F. Stone.
Special Deputy Collector..... Dr. Nelson A. Ryon.
Deputy Collector..... Col. Charles W. Raphun.
Secretary to Collector..... Benjamin L. Henderson.
Clerk ..... Mrs. E. J. May.
Auditor ..... Charles F. Hanna.
Cashier ..... Charles S. Montell.
Chief Entry Clerk..... Thomas J. Talbott.
Chief Marine Clerk..... Charles A. Thalheimer.
Chief Warehouse Clerk..... T. Sewell Plummer.
Chief Liquidating Clerk..... William S. Potter.
Chief Statistical Clerk..... R. J. B. Boggs.
Records Keeper..... Andrew Banks.
Storekeeper, Public Store..... William J. Blair.
Assistant Custodian..... Edwin T. Daneker.
Surveyor ..... Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft.
Deputy Surveyor..... David E. Dick.
United States Weigher..... T. M. Lanahan.
Appraisers ..... Jas. H. Butler and C. Ross Mace.
Assistant Appraiser..... James Campbell.
Naval Officer..... William T Malster.
Deputy Naval Officer..... John W. Cable.
Special Agent, Treasury Department..Leslie Cullom.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINERS.

Chairman—Wm. J. Blair. Secretary—Charles S. Burns.
James H. Butler, T. Sewell Plummer, L. M. Zimmerman.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.

Assistant Treasurer..... A. Lincoln Dryden.
Cashier ..... L. H. Nice.
National Bank Examiner..... John U. Markell.

PENSION EXAMINERS.

Major Edward Howard. Albert H. Davis.

POSTOFFICE.

Postmaster—S. Davies Warfield. | Assistant Postmaster—Edw. W. Baker.
Secretary—Ernest Green. | Cashier—George L. S. Kimberly.

Superintendents.

Mailing Division—Frank M. Smith. | Money Order Division—Geo. L. Horn.
City Division—George W. Wright. | Stamp Division—Samuel B. Cator.
Carriers—Sam'l F. Tapman. | General Delivery—Sydney Adams.
Registry Division—Jas. A. Saulsbury.

Civil Service Board.

Chairman—George L. S. Kimberly. Secretary—Louis M. Rawlins.
Henry F. Dorton. | Charles A. Rotan.
James T. O'Neill. | Josias Carroll, Jr.
William E. Davis.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Collector—Phillips Lee Goldsborough. Deputy Collector—George E. Sharrer.

UNITED STATES COURT OFFICIALS.

Marshal—John F. Langhammer. | Clerk of the United States Court—Jas. W. Chew.
Chief Deputy—William Coath. | Assistant Clerk—Arthur L. Spamer.
District Attorney—John C. Rose.
Assist. Dist. Attorney—Morris A. Soper.

STEAMBOAT INSPECTORS.

Charles W. Wright. Edwin F. White.

TO FIND ANY PERSON'S AGE.

Tell him or her, as the case may be, to put down the number of the month in which he was born, then to multiply it by two, then to add five, then to multiply it by 50, then to add her age, then to subtract 365, then to add 115, then to tell the amount she has left. The two figures to the right will denote the person's age, and the remainder, the month of birth. For example, the total amount is 822: the person is 22 years old and was born in the eighth month (August).

POPE LEO XIII.

On February 20, 1902, Pope Leo XIII—Giacchino Pecci—began the 25th year of his pontificate. The essential dates in his career may be summarized as follows:

Born at Carpineto, then in the States of the Church, March 2, 1810.

Ordained priest December 31, 1837.

Sent as nuncio to Belgium 1843; consecrated as Archbishop of Damietta, February 19 of the same year.

Nominated Bishop of Perugia January 19, 1846.

Created a cardinal by Pius IX December 19, 1853.

Appointed cardinal camerlengo (Chamberlain) September, 1877.

Became Pope February 20, 1878.

Crowned March 3, 1878.

Celebrated the golden jubilee of his priesthood, 1887.

Episcopal jubilee celebrated February 19, 1893.

Ninety-second birthday March 2, 1902.

APOSTOLIC DELEGATES.

Apostolic Delegate to the United States—Archbishop Diomede Falconio, O. S. F.

Residence, 201 I street N. W., Washington, D. C.

Archbishop Falconio is the first American citizen to become Apostolic Delegate at Washington. His two predecessors were Cardinal Satolli and Cardinal Martinelli. The new Apostolic Delegate was born in 1842 and is a member of the Franciscan Order. He came to this country in 1865 and was ordained a priest at Buffalo, N. Y., the following year. Two years later he became president of St. Bonaventure's College. He became a citizen of the United States and voted at the Presidential election in 1872. He was made a bishop in 1892, and in the same year was elevated to the Archbishopric of Acrenza and Mareta. He was Papal Delegate to Canada and was transferred thence to Washington.

The Delegate is clothed with powers from Rome to settle ecclesiastical questions arising in the Church in the United States. As Apostolic Delegate he has the supreme power in church government of the delegating Pontiff.

Auditor of the delegation at Washington—Dr. Francis Marchetti.
Dr. F. Z. Rooker, secretary.

Apostolic Delegate in the Philippines—Archbishop Augusto Guidi.

Apostolic Delegate to Cuba and Porto Rico—Archbishop Placidus L. Chapelle.

Porto Rico—James H. Blenck, Bishop.

Santiago, Cuba—Francis de Paula Barnada, Archbishop.

Prefect Apos., Alaska—John R. Rene, S. J.

CATHOLIC PRELATES.

Hierarchy of the Roman Catholic Church in the United States.

Province of Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md.—James Gibbons, Cardinal and Archbishop.
Charleston, S. C.—H. P. Northrop.
Richmond, Va.—A. Van de Vyver.
Savannah, Ga—Benjamin J. Keiley.
St. Augustine, Fla.—William J. Kenny.
Wheeling, W. Va.—P. J. Donahue.
Wilmington, Del.—John J. Monaghan.
Vicariate Apostolic, N. C.—Leo Haid, O. S. B.

Province of Boston.

Boston, Mass.—John J. Williams, Archbishop; John Brady, Auxiliary Bishop.
Burlington, Vt.—John Michaud, Bishop.
Manchester, N. H.—D. M. Bradley.
Hartford, Conn.—Michael Tierney.
Portland, Me.—William H. O'Connell.
Providence, R. I.—Matthew Harkins.
Springfield, Mass.—Thomas D. Beaven.

Province of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo.—John J. Kain, Archbishop.
Leavenworth, Kan.—Louis M. Fink, O. S. B.
Concordia, Kan.—John F. Cunningham.
Wichita, Kan.—J. J. Hennessy.
Kansas City, Mo.—John J. Hogan; John J. Glennon, Coadjutor Bishop.
St. Joseph, Mo.—Maurice F. Burke.

Province of Dubuque.

Dubuque, Iowa.—John J. Keane, Archbishop.
Cheyenne, Wyo.—James J. Keane.
Davenport, Iowa.—Henry Cosgrove.
Lincoln, Neb.—Thomas Bonacum.
Omaha, Neb.—Richard Scannell.
Sioux City, Ia.—Philip J. Garrigan.

Province of Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Ohio—W. H. Elder, Archbishop.
Cleveland, O.—Ignatius F. Horstmann.
Columbus, O.—Henry Moeller.
Covington, Ky.—C. P. Maes.
Detroit, Mich.—John S. Foley.
Fort Wayne, Ind.—H. Alerding.
Louisville, Ky.—Wm. G. McCloskey.
Vincennes, Ind.—F. S. Chatard; Denis O'Donoghue, Auxiliary Bishop.
Grand Rapids, Mich.—H. J. Richter.
Nashville, Tenn.—Thomas S. Byrne.

Province of Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis.—F. X. Katzer, Archbishop.
Green Bay, Wis.—Sebastian G. Messmer.
La Crosse, Wis.—James Schwebach.
Marquette and Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. Frederick W. Fis.

CATHOLIC PRELATES—Continued.

Province of Chicago.

Chicago, Ill.—James E. Quigley, Archbishop; Peter J. Muldoon and Alex. J. McGavick, Auxiliary Bishops.
Peoria, Ill.—John L. Spaulding; P. J. O'Reilly, Auxiliary Bishop.
Alton, Ill.—James Ryan.
Bellville, Ill.—John Janssen.

Province of St. Paul.

St. Paul, Minn.—John Ireland, Archbishop.
Duluth, Minn.—J. McGolrick.
St. Cloud, Minn.—James Trobec.
Winona, N. D.—J. B. Cotter.
Fargo, N. D.—John Shanley.
Sioux Falls, S. D.—Thomas O'Gorman.
Lead City, S. D.—John N. Stariha.

Province of New Orleans.

New Orleans, La.—Placidus L. Chapelle, Archbishop; G. A. Rouxel, Auxiliary Bishop.
Galveston, Texas—N. A. Gallagher.
Little Rock, Ark.—Edward Fitzgerald.
Mobile, Ala.—Edward P. Allen.
Natchez, Miss.—Thomas Heslin.
Natchitoches, La.—A. Durier.
San Antonio, Texas—J. A. Forest.
Dallas, Texas—Ed. J. Dunne.
Vic. Apos., Brownsville, Texas—Peter Verdaguer.
Vic. Apos., Ind. Ty.—Theo. Meerschaert.

Province of Oregon.

Oregon—Alexander Christie, Archbishop.
Nesqually, W. T.—Ed. O'Dea.
Helena, Mont.—J. B. Brondel.
Boise, Idaho—A. J. Glorieux.
Vancouver's Island—Bertrand Orth.

Province of New York.

New York—John M. Farley, Archbishop.
Albany, N. Y.—Thomas M. A. Burke.
Brooklyn, N. Y.—Charles E. McDonnell.
Buffalo, N. Y.—Vacancy.
Newark, N. J.—John J. O'Connor.
Ogdensburg, N. Y.—Henry Gabriels.
Syracuse, N. Y.—P. A. Ludden.
Rochester, N. Y.—B. J. McQuaid.
Trenton, N. J.—James A. McFaul.

Province of Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa.—P. J. Ryan, Archbishop; Edmond F. Prendergast, Auxiliary Bishop.
Pittsburg and Allegheny, Pa.—R. Phelan; J. F. Regis Canovin, Coadjutor Bishop.
Erie, Pa.—John E. Fitzmaurice.
Harrisburg, Pa.—John W. Shanahan.
Scranton, Pa.—M. J. Hoban.
Altoona, Pa.—Eugene E. Garvey.

Province of San Francisco.

San Francisco, Cal.—Patrick W. Riordan, Archbishop; George Montgomery, coadjutor, with right of succession.
Sacramento, Cal.—Thomas Grace.
Salt Lake, Utah—Laur. Scanlan.

Province of Santa Fe.

Santa Fe, N. M.—Peter Bourgade, Archbishop; J. B. Pitaval, Auxiliary Bishop.
Tucson, Arizona—Henry Granjon.
Denver, Col.—Nicholas C. Matz.

Titular Bishops.

Titular Bishop of Samos—Thomas J. Conaty.
Titular Bishop of Echinos—A. A. Curtis.

BAPTIST DENOMINATION.

The Southern Baptist Convention will meet at Savannah, Ga., May 8, 1903. Hon. James P. Eagle, of Arkansas, is President; Rev. Lansing Burrows, Nashville, Tenn., and Rev. Oliver F. Gregory, Montgomery, Ala., Secretaries.

The Maryland Baptist Union Association, Hon. Joshua Levering, President, and Revs. W. H. Baylor and Thos. A. Johnson, Secretaries, will meet at Fulton Avenue Baptist Church, in Baltimore, Tuesday, October 27, 1903. The officers of the Executive Board of this Association are: J. Harry Tyler, President; W. H. Baylor, Secretary, and George Miller, Treasurer.

The Eastern District Association, Rev. D. M. Lennox, Moderator, and John A. Sims, Clerk, will meet at Cambridge, June 24, 1903.

The Middle District Association, D. G. Stevens, Moderator, and Rev. J. A. Jones, Clerk, will meet at Hereford, Md., September 16, 1903.

The Western District Association, Charles M. Ness, Moderator, and A. J. Harley, Clerk, will meet at Laurel, Md., June 5, 1903.

The Maryland Baptist Young People's Union will meet at Fulton Avenue Baptist Church, Baltimore, Monday, October 26, 1903. George Miller is President, and Horace E. Gambrill is Secretary.

Woman's Home Mission Society of Maryland will meet at Fulton Avenue Church, Baltimore, Tuesday, October 27, 1903. Miss Annie W. Armstrong, President; Mrs. Ada E. Tucker, Secretary.

The Woman's Foreign Mission Society of Maryland will meet at Fulton Avenue Church, Baltimore, Wednesday, October 28, 1903. Mrs. J. H. Eager, President; Miss Clara Woolford, Secretary.

Woman's State Mission Society of Maryland will meet at Fulton Avenue Church, Baltimore, Thursday, October 29, 1903. Mrs. George H. Eyster, President; Mrs. J. M. Keeler, Secretary.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Bishops.	Elected.	Class.	Residence.
Thomas Bowman....	1872	....Supt., Retired.....	East Orange, N. J.
Randolph S. Foster..	1872	....Supt., Retired.....	Roxbury, Mass.
Stephen M. Merrill..	1872	....Superintendent....	57 Wash'ng st., Chicago, Ill.
Edw. G. Andrews....	1872	....Superintendent....	150 5th ave., New York C'y.
Henry W. Warren...	1880	....Superintendent....	University Park, Col.
Cyrus D. Foss.....	1880	....Superintendent....	Philadelphia, Pa.
John F. Hurst.....	1880	....Superintendent....	Washington, D. C.
John M. Walden....	1884	....Superintendent....	220 W. 4th st., Cinc'nati, O.
Willard F. Mallalieu.	1884	....Superintendent....	Boston, Mass.
Charles H. Fowler...	1884	....Superintendent....	455 Frank'n av., Buf'lo, N. Y.
John H. Vincent....	1888	....Superintendent....	Zurich, Switzerland.
Jas. N. FitzGerald...	1888	....Superintendent....	St. Louis, Mo.
Isaac W. Joyce.....	1888	....Superintendent....	Minneapolis, Minn.
Daniel A. Goodsell...	1888	....Superintendent....	Chattanooga, Tenn.
Chas. C. McCabe....	1896	....Superintendent....	Topeka, Kans.
Earl Cranston.....	1896	....Superintendent....	Portland, Oregon.
Jas. M. Thoburn....	1888	....Missionary.....	Bombay, India.
Jos. C. Hartzell.....	1896	....Missionary.....	Vivi, Congo.
David H. Moore.....	1900	....Superintendent....	Shanghai, China.
Jno. Wm. Hamilton..	1900	....Superintendent....	San Francisco, Cal.
Frank Wesley Warne.	1900	....Missionary.....	Calcutta, India.

The next General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will meet in 1904.

Annual Conferences in 1903.

Conference.	Place.	Time.	Bishop.
Baltimore	Baltimore	April 1	FitzGerald.
Washington	Staunton, Va.	April 9	FitzGerald.
Wilmington	Easton, Md.	Mar. 18	Cranston.
Virginia	Eagles Rest, Va.	Mar. 25	Warren.
Delaware	Pocomoke City, Md.	Mar. 25	Fowler.
New York		April 1	McCabe.
New York, East		April 1	Goodsell.
Philadelphia		Mar. 18	Mallalieu.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SOUTH.

BISHOPS AND THEIR RESIDENCES.

1870—John C. Keener, New Orleans.
1882—Alpheus W. Wilson, Baltimore.
1882—John C. Granberry, Ashland, Va.
1882—Robt. K. Hargrove, Nashville, Tenn.
1886—Wm. W. Duncan, Spartanburg, South Carolina.
1886—Chas. B. Galloway, Jackson, Miss.
1886—Eugene R. Hendrix, Kansas City, Missouri.
1886—Joseph S. Key, Sherman, Tex.
1890—Oscar P. Fitzgerald, Nashville, Tennessee.
1898—Warren A. Candler, Atlanta, Ga.
1898—Henry C. Morrison, Louisv'e, Ky.
1902—A. Coke Smith, Charlotte, N. C.
1902—Embrey E. Hoss, Dallas, Tex.

The date of the next quadrennial General Conference of the M. E. Church, South, is the first Thursday in May, 1906. The entertainment committee will name the place in 1903. Louisville, Birmingham, Nashville and New Orleans have extended invitations.

At the General Conference, held in May, 1902, in Dallas, Texas, the order of Deaconesses of the M. E. Church, South, was created by a vote of 130 to 38.

It was decided to pay the bishops annual salaries of $3,600; superannuated bishops, $2,000, and widows of bishops, $1,000.

The Baltimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will meet March 25, at Fredericksburg, Virginia.

The Virginia Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will meet in November, 1903.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The seventeenth General Council of the Reformed Episcopal Church will be held in the Church of the Epiphany, Cleveland, O., on Wednesday, June 10, 1903.

BISHOPS AND THEIR RESIDENCES.

1873—Charles E. Cheny, Chicago.
1876—Edward Cridge, Victoria, British Columbia.
1876—Samuel F. Fallows, Chicago.
1879—P. F. Stevens, Charleston, S. C.
1880—Edw. Wilson, Meteuchen, N. J.
1902—W. T. Sabine, New York.

METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH.

The General Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church will meet at Montgomery, Ala., on the third Friday in May, 1904.

Presid't—Rev. D. S. Stephens, D. D.
Secret'y—Rev. H. L. Elderdice, D. D.

The Maryland Annual Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church will meet April 1, 1903, in Pocomoke City, Maryland.

President—Rev. Dr. Frank T. Little, Baltimore.

Secretary—W. S. Phillips.

STATISTICS.

Membership	23,458	Junior membership	2,767
Sunday-schools	266	Number of churches	286
Officers and teachers	3,586	Parsonages	94
Scholars	25,327	Value of church property	$1,122,650
Endeavor Societies	122	Value of parsonages	173,000
Endeavor membership	4,395	Debt on churches and parsonages	578,390
Junior Endeavor Societies	57		

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Northern.

The next meeting of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America (Northern) will be held in Los Angeles, Cal., May 21, 1903.

Moderator—Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke.

Stated Clerk—Rev. Dr. W. H. Roberts, 1319 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

The Committee on Revision, appointed by the General Assemoly of 1901, reported, in 1902, a "Brief statement of the Reformed Faith," which was adopted and ordered to be printed. Overtures for the revision of the Confession of Faith were sent down to the Presbyteries for consideration and adoption, requiring two-thirds of all the Presbyteries to assent. These overtures suggest two new chapters, with several changes.

The Synod of Baltimore, covering the States of Delaware, Maryland and the District of Columbia, with a part of Virginia, as far as Manassas Junction, will meet in the Church of the Covenant, Washington, D. C., Monday, October 12, 1903.

Moderator—Rev. Dr. Samuel J. W. Reigart, Salisbury, Md.

Stated Clerk—Rev. Dr. N. H. Miller, Washington, D. C.

The stated meetings of the Presbytery of Baltimore (Northern) begin on the third Monday in April, the second Tuesday of June, the first Monday of October and the second Tuesday of December of each year. Stated clerk, Rev. Henry Branch, D. D., Ellicott City, Md.

Southern.

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States (Southern) will be held in the Presbyterian Church, Lexington, Va., May 21, 1903. Stated clerk, Rev. William A. Alexander, D. D., Clarksville, Tennessee; permanent clerk, Rev. Robert P. Farris, D. D., St. Louis.

The Synod of Virginia, of which the Presbytery of Maryland is a part, and which embraces all the Southern Presbyterian Churches in Virginia, West Virginia, District of Columbia and Maryland, will meet in the Presbyterian Church, Abingdon, Va., October 20, 1903. Stated clerk, Rev. James P. Smith, D. D., Richmond, Va.

UNITED BRETHREN IN CHRIST.

The next General Conference will meet in the City of Topeka, Kansas, in May, 1905.

BISHOPS.

Nicholas Castle, Eugene, Oregon.
Job S. Mills, Annville, Pa.
Ezekiel B. Kephart, Dayton, Ohio.

Radical Branch

The next General Conference of the Church will be held at Gaines, Mich., in May, 1905.

BISHOPS.

Milton Wright, Dayton, Ohio.
Horace T. Barnaby, Grand Rapids, Michigan.
Halleck Floyd, Dublin, Indiana.
Henry L. Barkley, Woodburn, Oregon.

REFORMED CHURCH.

The fourteenth tri-ennial session of the General Synod of the Reformed Church in the United States was held in the First Reformed Church, Baltimore, May 20, 1902.

President—Rev. Dr. John H. Prugh, Pittsburg.

Vice-Presidents—Rev. H. C. Nott, Milwaukee, Wis.

Elder F. T. Hobson, Collegeville, Pa.

Corresponding Secretary—Rev. F. L. Kerr, Meadville, Pa.

Reading Clerk—Rev. C. B. Heller, Everett, Pa.

Stated Clerk—Rev. J. P. Stein, Reading, Pa.

The fifteenth tri-ennial session of the Reformed Church in the United States will be held at Allentown, Pa., in May, 1905.

The first General Synod of the Reformed Church met in Pittsburg, Pa., in 1863. Then the ministers numbered 450, congregations 1,069, membership 150,000, Sunday schools 900, Sunday school membership 17,000; expenditures for benevolences, yearly, $19,000.

In 1902 there were 1,200 ministers, 1,700 congregations, membership 400,000; Sunday schools 1,500, Sunday school membership 200,000; yearly benevolences $250,000, yearly cost of church maintenance in the United States $1,000,000.

The Synod of the Potomac, which includes the English congregations in Southern Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina and the District of Columbia, will meet in the Reformed Church, in Salisbury, N. C., October 21, 1903.

LUTHERAN CHURCH.

The General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church will meet in Baltimore, June 3, 1903, at the First Lutheran Church.

The President of the Synod is Rev. Dr. William S. Freas, of Baltimore; Secretary, Rev. William E. Fisher, of Shamokin, Pa.; Treasurer, Mr. Louis Manss, No. 23 West Pearl street, Cincinnati, O.

The Evangelical Lutheran Synod of Maryland will meet in Baltimore, October 22, 1903.

President—Rev. Dr. S. W. Owen, Hagerstown, Md.

Treasurer—Cornelius Eckhardt, Washington, D. C.

Secretary—Rev. Stanley Billheimer, Washington, D. C.

Delegates to General Synod.

CLERICAL.	LAY.
Rev. C. S. Albert, Philadelphia.	George Warfield, Baltimore.
Rev. W. H. Dunbar, Baltimore.	John L. Bikle, Hagerstown.
Rev. S. W. Owen, Hagerstown.	M. P. Moller, Hagerstown.
Rev. L. M. Zimmerman, Baltimore.	Cornelius Eckhardt, Washington.
Rev. W. E. Parson, Washington.	C. F. Rowe, Emmitsburg.
Rev. Ezra K. Bell, Baltimore.	E. J. Lawyer, Westminster.
Rev. Chas. Rinewald, Emmitsburg.	J. C. Parker, Washington.
Rev. David B. Floyd, Funkstown.	H. C. Hines, Baltimore.
Rev. M. Valentine, Gettysburg.	George Ryneal, Martinsburg.

The Concordia District of the Evangelical Lutheran Joint Synod of Ohio and other States consists of 55 congregations and 22 missions, 33 pastors, 4,500 communicants, and embraces Maryland, Delaware, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee.

The twenty-second Annual Convention will be held in St. Peter's Church, Fayette street and Rogers avenue, the third week in September, 1903. The President of the Synod is Rev. E. L. S. Tressel, of Baltimore; the Secretary, Rev. F. S. Lehman, of Sweet Air, Md.; the Treasurer, Mr. L. C. Huffman, Hickory, N. C.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCHES.

The six Congregational Churches in Maryland are connected with the Washington Conference of Congregational Churches. This Conference embraces Northern Virginia, District of Columbia, Maryland and Southern Pennsylvania—sixteen churches in all, with a membership of 3,455.

Rev. Oliver Huckel, No. 1515 Linden avenue, Baltimore, is Moderator, and Mr. Norman A. Little, Washington, D. C., is Secretary of the Conference. It meet semi-annually on the third Tuesday of May and November.

The National Council of Congregational Churches meets every three years: its next session is in 1904. Rev. A. H. Bradford, D. D., Montclair, N. J., is Moderator of the National Council,

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

Baltimore Yearly Meeting, Park avenue and Laurens street, last Monday in October. Officers:

Clerk—Edward Stabler, Jr., No. 6 South street, Baltimore.

Assistant Clerk—Elizabeth M. Koser, Biglerville, Pa.

Reading Clerk—Rebecca J. Broomell, No. 2128 Bolton street, Baltimore.

Treasurer—Elisha H. Walker, Fidelity Building, Baltimore.

Yearly Meetings in the Meeting-House, corner of Eutaw and Monument streets, on Friday after the first Monday in November.

Presiding Officer—Prof. Allen C. Thomas.

Assistant Clerk—Francis A. White.

Treasurer—Richard J. White.

AFRICAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

BISHOPS.

1880—Henry M. Turner, 30 Young st., Atlanta, Ga.

1888—Wesley J. Gaines, 360 Houston street, Atlanta, Ga.

1888—Benj. T. Tanner, 2708 Diamond street, Philadelphia, Pa.

1888—Abram Grant, Indianapolis, Ind.

1888—Benj. W. Arnett, Wilberforce, O.

1892—Benjamin F. Lee, Wilberforce, O.

1892—Moses B. Salter, 30 Vanderhorst street, Charleston, S. C.

1892—James A. Handy, 1341 North Carey street, Baltimore, Md.

1896—William B. Derrick, Bishop of Court 27, State st., Flushing, New York.

1900—Evans Tyree, Nashville, Tenn.

1900—Charles S. Smith, Detroit, Mich.

1900—C. T. Shaffer, 532 Washington avenue, Kansas City.

1900—L. J. Coppin, Bethel Institute, 110 Hanover st., Cape Town, South Africa.

The next General Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Church will be held in May, 1904, at Chicago, Illinois.

POULTRY TERMS.

Chick—A newly hatched fowl.

Chicken—A term indefinitely applied to any age under one year.

Clutch—A term applied to a setting of eggs when being incubated by a fowl.

Crest—The feathers forming a top-knot on fowls.

Cockerel—A male fowl under one year.

Cock—A male fowl over one year.

Pullet—A female fowl under one year.

Hen—A female over one year.

Dubbing—Cutting off the comb wattles and ear-lobes, as is done especially with games.

Ear-lobes—The featherless folds of skin just below the ears, called by some deaf-ears. They vary in color according to breeds, being bright red, yellow or white, and on the Japan silky fowl, a bluish purple.

Gills—Same as wattles.

Hackle—The neck plumage of both sexes.

Pea Comb—A triple comb formed with three rows of rounding top serrations, the centre row being the highest.

Single Comb—An upright comb, with serrations varying in depth and size. Five or six serrations is the number called for by the "American Standard of Perfection."

Rose Comb—A low thick comb freely corrugated, or covered with small rounding points, broad and quite square in front, and uniformly tapering to the base, where it should end in a well defined spike or tip. In some breeds this tip is required to slightly turn up, and in others to follow the contour of the head.

Sickles—The upper two long curved feathers in the tail of the male bird.

Squirrel-tailed—Tails carried towards the head beyond a perpendicular line.

Stag—A term used in speaking of a cockerel, chiefly employed by game fanciers.

Strain—A race of fowls carefully bred by one breeder, who has succeeded in developing individual characteristics peculiar to the breed.

Surface-color—The plumage or feathers as seen while they are in their natural position.

Under-color—The color that shows when the feathers are disturbed or lifted from their natural position.

Vulture-hock—Stiff projecting feathers from the hock-joint.

Hock—The joint between the thigh and shank (leg).

There are 116 varieties of pure-bred poultry recognized by the American Standard Perfection, divided as follows:

Gallinaceous—	
American	13
Asiatic	7
Mediterranean	10
Polish	8
Hamburg	7
French	3
English	3
Games	16
Game Bantams	15
Bantams	8
Miscellaneous	3
Turkeys	8
Aquatic—	
Ducks	10
Geese	7

RISINGS AND SETTINGS OF STARS.

In the table of the Risings and Settings of Stars, on page 153, the first column gives the astronomical names of the brighter stars and the common name where it is generally used. The second column gives the approximate magnitude of the stars, a first magnitude star being the brightest.

The third column gives the zenith distance of the star when on the meridian, preceded by "N." or "S.," showing whether the star is north or south of the point overhead (the zenith) at the time. From this data, together with the times the star crosses the meridian (souths) any of the stars given in the table can be readily identified. Remembering that only the most conspicuous stars are given and that it is 90° from the zenith to the horizon.

The fourth column gives the hour angle of the star when on the horizon. If this value be subtracted from or added to the time of meridian passage of the star at any date, the time the star rises or sets will be given.

The fifth column gives the date which each star rises one hour before the sun in the morning, and the sixth column the date at which the star rises at midnight (true solar or apparent midnight, not 12 P. M. standard time).

The seventh column gives the date at which the star crosses the meridian (souths) at midnight (true solar or apparent midnight). In the case of the circumpolar stars (stars which are never below the horizon at Baltimore) the date of meridian passage is given, both when the star crosses south of the pole and when north of the pole, or as it is called, the upper or lower transit. In the table the midnight meridian passage south of the pole is given in heavy and north of the pole (lower transit) in light type. In the monthly tables the former is represented by the letter S and the latter by N.

The eighth column gives the date at which the star sets one hour after the sun in the evening. From the fifth and eighth columns we can tell when the star can be seen during the night hours and between what dates it is above the horizon only during daylight hours, and, consequently, invisible to the unassisted eye. As an example, we find from the table that Antares rises one hour before the sun December 17th, is visible during the morning hours only until the following March 19th, when it rises at midnight, the following May 29th it crosses the meridian at midnight and sets one hour after the sun on November 5th, thus remaining visible during some of the night hours from December 17th to the next November 5th, and is invisible during the night from November 5th to December 17th, thus for about a month and a half being above the horizon only during daylight hours. On the other hand the table shows that Capella is visible throughout a considerable part of the night during the whole year, being visible in the eastern sky before sunrise May 12th, appears above the eastern horizon at midnight July 8th, crosses the meridian at midnight December 10th and does not set before twilight in the evening until the following July, and then only remains below the horizon for four hours. The circumpolar stars are never below the horizon at Baltimore.

In the monthly tables the aim has been to give the meridian passage of the brighter stars frequently, between twilight and midnight, as the data can be used in obtaining accurate time where other means are not at hand.

The circumpolar stars are of value in obtaining a true north and south line, and for obtaining the variation of the compass (its deviation from the true north). This is particularly true of Polaris and β Ursae Minoris. Their meridian passage, both upper and lower transits, are, therefore, of importance, consequently, such data has been given one or more times for each month.

As the meridian passage, or the rising or setting of a star, will each succeeding night be 3 minutes and 56 seconds earlier, the data given can be utilized for other dates than that given In 15 days the event will occupy 58 minutes and 59 seconds earlier, and in 30 days 1 hour 57 minutes and 57 seconds earlier. The same method will be applicable within limits of several days for the more slowly moving planets and will hold approximately for a few days for Mars and Venus.

By the aid of the data given a meridian line can easily be set up, with vertical wires or strings at the ends of the line (made vertical by a plumbline) and by just a few observations adjusted accurately enough to obtain surprisingly accurate time either by observations of stars or the sun. In the former case the wires can be illuminated by a lantern so that they may be seen, and geting the eye in line with the two wires the time can be noted at which the star crosses the line. With the sun a shade of colored or smoked glass should be used. It must be remembered that all data given for the sun and moon refers to the centres of their discs.

By stretching a horizontal wire across from the top of one vertical wire to the other observations can be made upon stars near the zenith. The adjustment of the meridian line should be made by Polaris if possible, as an error of even a few minutes in the watch or clock used will make little difference in the adjustment of the wires, and when the are approximately adjusted fairly accurate time may be secured.

RISINGS AND SETTINGS OF STARS.

CIRCUMPOLAR STARS.	Magnitude.	Zenith Distance on Meridian.	Hour Angle on Horizon.	Rising one hour before ☉	Rising at Midnight.	Meridian Passage at Midnight.	Sets 1 hour after ☉
β Cassiopeiae	2	N. 19°-18′ / N. 82°- 6′	.....	.....	.....	Sept. 24 / Mar. 21	
α Cassiopeiae	2	N. 16°-42′ / N. 84°-43′	.....	.....	.....	Oct. 2 / Mar. 30	
α Ursae Minoris (Polaris)	2	N. 49°-29′ / N. 51°-55′	.....	.....	.....	Oct. 15 / Apr. 12	
α Ursae Majoris	2	N. 23°-59′ / N. 78°-25′	.....	.....	.....	March 3 / Sept. 5	
γ Ursae Majoris	2	N. 14°-57′ / N. 86°-27′	.....	.....	.....	March 17 / Sept. 19	
β Ursae Minoris	2	N. 35°-16′ / N. 66°- 9′	.....	.....	.....	May 5 / Nov. 7	
ZENITH STARS.							
α Andromedae	2	S. 10°-45′	7h.50m.	Mar. 3	May 27	Sept. 24	Mar. 30
β Andromedae	2	S. 4°-12′	8h.25m.	Mar. 13	June 2	Oct. 10	Apr 19
γ Andromedae	2	N. 2°-33′	9h.15m.	Mar. 15	June 3	Oct. 25	June 4
β Persei (Algol)	2	N. 1°-17′	9h. 4m.	Mar. 21	June 21	Nov. 10	June 16
α Persie	2	N. 10°-13′	11h 15m	Feb. 26	May 24	Nov. 14	June 22
α Aurgae (Capella)	1	N. 6°-36′	9h.59m.	May. 12	July 8	Dec 10	July 1
β Tauri	2	S. 10°-46′	7h.50m.	June 21	Aug. 13	Dec. 13	June 3
α Geminorium (Castor)	2	S. 7°-11′	8h. 8m.	July 16	Sept. 12	Jan. 10	July 9
β Geminorium (Pollux)	1	S. 11°- 2′	7h.48m.	July 22	Sept. 21	Jan. 13	July 7
α Lyrae (Vega)	1	S. 0°-36′	8h.49m.	Nov. 19	Feb. 12	June 29	Feb. 5
α Cygni	1	N. 5°-38′	9h.48m.	Dec. 8	Mar. 2	July 30	Mar. 13
EQUATORIAL AND SOUTHERN STARS.							
γ Pegasi (Algenib)	3	S. 24°-40′	6h.54m.	Mar. 27	June 10	Sept. 15	Mar. 20
β Ceti	2	S. 57°-50′	5h. 0m	May 20	July 15	Oct. 3	Mar. 4
β Arietis	3	S. 28°-58′	7h.14m.	Apr. 30	June 30	Oct. 22	Apr. 14
α Arietis	2	S. 16°-18′	7h.25m.	May 1	June 30	Oct. 26	May 14
η Tauri (Alcione-Pleides)	3	S. 15°-30′	7h.28m.	June 1	July 24	Nov. 20	May 9
α Tauri (Aldebaran)	1	S. 22°-59′	6h 59m.	June 21	Aug. 13	Dec. 1	May 13
β Orionis (Rigel)	1	S. 47°-37′	5h.36m.	July 19	Sept. 16	Dec. 10	May 5
α Orionis (Betelgeuse)	1	S. 31°-54′	6h.28m.	July 16	Sept. 12	Dec. 19	May 23
α Canis Majoris (Sirius)	1	S. 55°-53′	5h. 7m.	Aug. 13	Oct. 19	Dec. 31	May 17
α Canis Minoris (Procyon)	1	S. 33°-49′	6h.21m.	Aug. 8	Oct. 13	Jan. 12	June 14
α Hydrae	2	S. 47°-32′	5h.31m.	Sept. 10	Nov. 22	Feb. 7	June 28
α Leonis (Regulus)	1	S. 26°-51′	6h.45m.	Sept. 3	Nov. 14	Feb. 17	July 31
α Virginis (Spica)	1	S. 49°-56′	5h.28m.	Oct. 29	Jan. 16	Apr. 11	Sept. 15
α Bootis (Arcturus)	1	S. 19°-36′	7h.12m.	Oct. 18	Jan. 4	Apr. 25	Nov. 15
α Scorpii (Antares)	1	S. 65°-31′	4h.29m.	Dec. 17	Mar. 19	May 29	Nov. 5
α Aquilae (Altair)	1	S. 30°-41′	6h.31m.	Jan. 4	Apr. 10	July 17	Jan. 23
α Piscis Australis (Fomalhaut)	1	S. 69°-27′	4h.11m.	May 1	June 31	Sept. 4	Feb. 1
α Pegasi (Markab)	2	S. 24°-37′	6h.53m.	Feb. 28	May 25	Sept. 6	Mar. 8

For full explanation of this table of the Risings and the Settings of Stars, and its practical uses, see page 152.

FOOTBALL RECORD, 1902.

YALE—TWELVE GAMES.

Opponents, Place and Date.	Score.
Trinity, New Haven, Sept. 27.	40— 0
Tufts, New Haven, Oct. 1.....	34— 6
Amherst, New Haven, Oct. 4..	23— 0
Wesleyan, New Haven, Oct. 8.	35— 0
Brown, Providence, Oct. 11...	10— 0
Vermont, New Haven, Oct. 15.	32— 0
Pa. State, New Haven, Oct. 18.	11— 0
Syracuse, New Haven, Oct. 25.	24— 0
Mil'y Cadets, West Pt., Nov. 1.	6— 6
Bucknell, New Haven, Nov. 8.	36— 5
Prince'n, Prince'n, N. J., Nov. 15	12— 5
Harvard, New Haven, Nov. 22.	23— 0
Totals.....	286—22

CORNELL—ELEVEN GAMES.

Colgate, Itha'a, Sept. 27.....	5— 0
Rochester, Ithaca, Oct. 1.....	31— 0
Union, Ithaca, Oct. 4.....	43— 0
Hobart, Ithaca, Oct. 8.....	56— 0
Williams, Ithaca, Oct. 11.....	37— 6
Carlisle Indians, Ithaca, Oct. 18	6—10
Oberlin, Itha'a, Oct. 25.....	57— 0
Princeton, Princeton, Nov. 1..	0—10
Wash'n & Jeff'n, Ithaca, Nov. 8	50— 0
Lafayette, Itha'a, Nov. 15....	28— 0
Pennsylvania, Phila., Nov. 27.	11—12
Totals.....	324—38

PENNSYLVANIA—FOURTEEN GAMES.

Bloomsburg Normal, Bl'g, Sept. 23.....	16— 0
Lehigh, Philadelphia, Sept. 27.	12— 0
Franklin and Marshall, Phila., Oct. 1.....	16— 0
Penna. State College, Phila., Oct. 4.....	17— 0
Haverford, Phila., Oct. 8.....	18— 5
Swarthmore, Phila., Oct. 11...	11— 6
Gettysburg, Phila., Oct. 15....	36— 0
Brown, Philadelphia, Oct. 18..	6—15
Annapolis, Annapolis, Oct. 22.	6—10
Bucknell, Phila., Oct. 25.....	6— 5
Columbia, Philadelphia, Nov. 1	17— 0
Harvard, Cambridge, Nov. 8...	0—11
Indians, Philadelphia, Nov. 15.	0— 5
Cornell, Philadelphia, Nov. 27.	12—11
Totals.....	173—68

LAFAYETTE—ELEVEN GAMES.

Gallaudet, Easton, Sept. 27...	23— 0
Susquehanna, Easton, Oct. 4..	53— 0
Gettysburg, Easton, Oct. 8....	14— 0
Wash. & Jeff., Pittsb'g, Oct. 14.	12— 0
Manhattan C., Easton, Oct. 18.	38— 5
Georgetown, Wash'n, Oct. 25..	23— 0
Brown, Easton, Nov. 1.....	6— 5
Annapolis, Annapolis, Nov. 8..	11—12
Cornell, Ithaca, Nov. 15.....	0—28
Lehigh, Easton, Nov. 22.....	0— 6
Dickinson, Easton, Nov. 27...	23— 0
Totals.....	203—56

HARVARD—TWELVE GAMES.

Opponents, Place and Date.	Score.
Williams, Cambridge, Sept. 27.	11— 0
Bowdoin, Cambridge, Oct. 1...	17— 6
Bates, Cambridge, Oct. 4.....	23— 0
Amherst, Cambridge, Oct. 8...	6— 0
Maine, Cambridge, Oct. 11....	22— 0
Wesleyan, Cambridge, Oct. 15.	35— 5
Mil'y Cadets, West Pt., Oct. 18.	14— 6
Brown, Cambridge, Oct. 25....	6— 0
Carlisle Indians, Cambridge, Nov. 1.....	23— 0
Penna., Cambridge, Nov. 8....	11— 0
Dartmouth, Cambridge, Nov. 15	16— 8
Yale, New Haven, Nov. 22....	0—23
Totals.....	184—46

CARLISLE INDIANS—ELEVEN GAMES.

Lebanon Valley, Carlisle, Sept. 20.....	48— 0
Gettysburg, Carlisle, Sept. 27..	25— 0
Bucknell, Williamsport, Oct. 11	0—16
Bloomsburg, Carlisle, Oct. 15..	50— 0
Cornell, Ithaca, Oct. 18.....	10— 6
Phila. Medico-Chi., Carlisle, Oct. 25.....	63— 0
Harvard, Cambridge, Nov. 1..	0—23
Susquehanna, Carlisle, Nov. 8.	24— 0
Penna., Phila., Nov. 15.....	5— 0
University of Va., Norfolk, Nov. 22.....	5— 6
Georgetown, Wash., Nov. 27...	21— 0
Totals.....	251—51

COLUMBIA—THIRTEEN GAMES.

Maine School, N. Y., Sept. 27.	20— 0
Rutgers, N. Brunswick, Oct. 4	43— 0
Fordham, N. Y., Oct. 8.....	45— 0
Buffalo, New York, Oct. 11..	5— 0
Swarthmore, N. Y., Oct. 15..	24— 0
Hamilton, N. York, Oct. 18..	35— 0
Colleg Scrub, N. Y., Oct. 22.	27— 0
Prince'n, Prince'n, N.J., Oct. 25	0— 21
Pennsylvania, Phila., Nov. 1.	0— 17
Brown, New York, Nov. 8....	0— 28
Amherst, Yale, Nov. 15.....	0— 29
Annapolis, Annapolis, Nov. 19	5— 0
Syracuse, New York, Nov. 27.	6— 6
Totals.....	210—101

LEHIGH—ELEVEN GAMES.

Pennsylvania, Phila., Sept. 27.	0—1
Princeton, Princeton, Oct. 4....	0—2
Rutgers, S. Bethlehem, Oct. 11.	34—
Annapolis, Annapolis, Oct. 18.	5—
N. Y. University, South Bethlehem, Oct. 25.....	46—
Union Schen'tady, N. Y., Nov. 1	41—
Haverford, Haverford, Nov. 5.	39—
Univ. of Va., Wash., Nov. 8...	34—
Dickinson, S. Bethl'm, Nov. 15	0—
Lafayette, Easton, Nov. 22....	6—
Swarthmore, South Bethlehem, Nov. 27.....	41—
Totals.....	246—

WALTERS' ART COLLECTIONS.

In May, 1902, Mr. Henry Walters, of Baltimore, bought, in Rome, the art collection of Don Marcello Massarenti, said to be valued at $1,000,000. On July 12 a cargo of 275 cases from this collection arrived at New York, upon which the valuation of $450,000 was placed and the duty, something over $90,000. As Mr. Walters already possessed in Baltimore a great collection illustrating the best schools of modern art, and as he had made real estate purchases, leading to the assumption that he was forming plans for the enlargement of his gallery—already the finest private collection in America—the natural inference was drawn that the ultimate destination of these Roman treasures of art was the City of Baltimore, his home.

Mr. Walters acquired by successive purchases all of the property on the west side of Washington Place, from the narrow street which intersects the block down to the corner of Charles and Centre streets. It was then assumed that he intended to erect on the site of the old buildings there standing a modern building for the reception of his collections. This supposition was strengthened by the announcement of his purchase of the Massarenti collection. A part of Mr. Walters' collection, consisting of ceramics and water colors, is housed in his Mount Vernon Place residence, No. 5. The oil paintings are in the fire-proof building which runs at right angles to the house, and in the rear of a dwelling, No. 606 North Charles street, and is connected with the gallery on Mount Vernon Place by means of a bridge.

So far, Mr. Walters has given no hint of his plans regarding the Roman collection, and said nothing in regard to the purchase except admitting that he was negotiating for the collection, which, he says, is made up almost entirely of old works.

STATUES TO CARROLL AND HANSON.

The General Assembly of Maryland, in 1898, appropriated $24,000 to place in the old hall of the House of Representatives in the Capitol at Washington, statues to Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, a Maryland signer of the Declaration of Independence, and John Hanson, of Maryland, President of the Continental Congress from 1781 to 1782.

The work was completed in December, 1902, when the statues were placed in the Hall of Statuary. The figures are of bronze, 10 feet high, standing on pedestals of Tennessee marble five feet high. The commission appointed by the Governor to carry into effect the Act of Assembly were as follows:

STATUARY COMMISSION.

Ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll, Howard County.
Douglas H. Thomas, Baltimore.
Thomas J. Shryock, Baltimore.
Dr. Fabian Franklin, Baltimore.
Richard K. Cross, Baltimore.

The presentation was made December 16, 1902, by letter of Governor John Walter Smith, of Maryland, which was sent to Congress through Senator Louis E. McComas and Representative George A. Pearre. The date of January 31, 1903, was selected as the time when speeches will be delivered in the Senate and House of Representatives. The statues were made by Richard E. Brooks, of Boston, Mass.

CHICAGO CORNER ON CORN, 1902.

In July, 1902, a memorable "corner" on corn was engineered in Chicago by John W. Gates and associates. Under this manipulation the price of corn jumped, July 1, to 78 cents. July 8 it touched 90 cents in Chicago, and the Gates clique were reported to have realized some $4,000,000 on the corner. Men worth in the aggregate $130,000,000 were said to be behind the "corner." Corn was rushed to its high price by the manipulations of the strongest and richest gang of speculators that ever joined hands to bull markets and drive bears to destruction. It was a purely speculative deal. Never before were operations carried on with such security and confidence. Compared with this "deal," that of Joseph Leiter in wheat was retail trade. Twenty million bushels of corn were bought by the ring for delivery to it during the month of July, and in the first ten days of the month only 4,000,000 bushels were turned over, although the shorts were straining every nerve to get corn and save themselves from ruin. On July 12th, 10,000,000 bushels of corn of contract grade had to be brought to Chicago and delivered, or else the penalty had to be paid. The end, however, came sooner than was anticipated. Settlements were reached, July 15, and the corner ended with large profits for Gates and his associates. The July price responded to the settlement by a quick drop of 15¾ cents, from 81 cents to 65¼ cents. Later it recovered a fraction, and closed at 65½ cents, substantially the price of the cash article.

VIRGINIA'S NEW CONSTITUTION.

A new Constitution of the State of Virginia was proclaimed by Governor A. J. Montague, in accordance with the provisions of the instrument itself, as the organic law of the Commonwealth, from and after the hour of noon, July 10, 1902. The same day the Governor commissioned the first woman ever allowed to become a notary public in Virginia.

The Constitution makes decided changes in requirements for the exercise of the privilege of the suffrage, and seeks to control the great business and transportation companies through a State commission of three citizens. This commission is empowered to grant charters to corporations under laws to be enacted by the General Assembly; to discharge all of the duties formerly imposed upon the Commissioner of Railways and the Board of Public Works; the power of supervising, regulating and controlling all the transportation and the transmission companies in all matters relating to the performance of their public functions, and their charges therefor. The commission may prescribe rates, classification of traffic and such rules and regulations as may be "reasonable and just." The power is given the commission to inspect at all times the books and papers of all transportation and transmission companies in Virginia. Appeals are allowed to the Supreme Court of Appeals. All corporations are required to make annual reports to the commission of the status of business or condition of such corporations as the General Assembly may prescribe. The failure to make such reports for two years may operate to forfeit the charter of offending corporations. No transportation company is permitted to receive greater compensation for a shorter than for a longer haul, with some few exceptions. No transportation company is permitted to grant any free transportation to any member of the General Assembly nor to any city, county or State officer. The article also contains what is known as the employers' liability provision, which was opposed with much energy by Virginia railroads.

The main features of the suffrage plan are substantially as follows: Prior to January 1, 1904, four classes of persons are allowed to register—namely, soldiers who have been engaged in any war in which this country has been engaged; the sons of such persons; persons who have paid to the State, for the year preceding that in which they register, not less than one dollar of tax on property in their own names, and persons who can "understand and give a reasonable explanation of any section of the Constitution" submitted to them by the officers of registration. Persons registered under any one or more of these clauses will constitute what is called the "permanent roll," and will not be required to register again except for the purpose of fixing their residence. After January 1, 1904, new provisions both as to registration and voting come into operation. The "understanding" clause becomes inoperative. There will be only two requirements for registration, namely, the person applying for registration shall have paid all State poll taxes assessed against him in the three years next preceding that in which he registers, and he must, unless physically unable, make out his own written application for registration without assistance.

The Legislature will meet every two years, the sessions to continue for 60 days, instead of 90 days, as heretofore. The Senators are to be elected every two years without any holding over, the same as the Delegates in the Lower House.

A tax is imposed on the gross receipts of railroads. The taxation article also requires that taxation on given subjects shall be uniform. Under the old Constitution it was required that "all taxation should be equal and uniform." The change made allows the Legislature, if it sees fit, to impose a greater rate of taxation upon railroads or any other class than upon real estate, for instance.

The new Constitution abolishes the County Court and institutes in its place the Circuit Court system, and 23 circuits are formed. Now there are but two judicial systems in the State—the Supreme Court of Appeals and the Circuit Courts.

The Governor is given authority to suspend any officers in the State, except the Lieutenant-Governor, for cause and to appoint his successor until the matter against the offending officer shall have been investigated.

The State Board of Education is enlarged. The new offices made elective by the people are the State Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Commissioner of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Commonwealth. These were formerly chosen by the Legislature. Members of the Legislature are debarred from holding office during their term, except by popular vote.

City Councils are not permitted to dispose of any valuable franchise without advertising for bids for the same. This is intended to prevent the giving away of franchises to influential corporations.

VIRGINIA STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor—Andrew J. Montague.
Lieutenant-Governor—Joseph E. Willard.
Attorney-General—William A. Anderson.

Secretary Commonwealth—D. Q. Eggleston.
Superintendent of Public Printing—James H. O'Bannon, Richmond.
Treasurer—A. W. Harman.
Auditor—Morton Marye, Richmond.
Second Auditor—John G. Dew, Richmond.
Supt. Public Instruction—Joseph W. Southall, Amelia.
Commissioner of Agriculture—Geo. W. Koiner.
State Corp. Commissioners—Bev. T. Crump, Henry Fairfax, H. C. Stuart.
Register Land Office—John W. Richardson.
Adjutant-General—William Nalle.
Commissioner of Labor—James B. Doherty.
Supt. Penitentiary—Geo. M. Helms.

SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.

President—Jas. Keith, Richmond.
Resident Judge—Richard H. Cardwell, Hanover.
John A. Buchanan, Abingdon.
George M. Harrison, Staunton.
Stafford G. Whittle, Martinsville.
Judges terms began January 1, 1895, for twelve years each.

TERM TIMES AND PLACES.

At Richmond, 5th day of November, 5th day of January and 5th day of March, for 160 days, if necessary. Clerk, Geo. K. Taylor.

At Staunton, on the 10th day of September, for 60 days, if necessary. Clerk, Joseph A. Waddell.

At Wytheville, on the 10th of June, for 60 days, if necessary. Clerk, W. G. G. Lowry. Reporter, Martin P. Burks.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

After March 1, 1903, the Board of Education will consist of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Governor, the Attorney-General, three members to be chosen by the Senate from the faculties of the State institutions for higher and technical education, and one county and one city superintendent of schools, to be selected by the other members of the Board. The Governor is ex-officio President. Frank P. Brent, Secretary to Board.

BOARD OF FISHERIES OF VIRGINIA.

John W. Boudoin, Bloxom Postoffice, Accomack County, Chairman and Chief Inspector; Seth F. Miller, Foster, Mathews County, Secretary and Assistant Inspector; Robert J. Camp, Franklin, Southampton County; George B. Keezell, Keezelltown, Rockingham County; Henry M. Tyler, Richmond. For the term of four years, from March 30, 1902. The office of the Board is at Norfolk, postoffice box 168; Richmond, Postoffice box 863. Edward L. C. Scott, Clerk, Hanover County.

WEST VIRGINIA STATE OFFICIALS.

Governor—Albert B. White, Parkersburg, Wood County.
Auditor—Arnold C. Scherr, Keyser, Mineral County.
Treasurer—Peter Silman, Charleston, Kanawha County.
Attorney-General—Romeo H. Freer, Harrisville, Ritchie County

State Superintendent Free Schools—T. C. Miller, Morgantown, Monongalia County.
Secretary of State—Wm. M. O. Dawson, Kingwood, Preston County.
Adjutant-General—S. B. Baker, Parkersburg.
Private Secretary to Governor—Ed. L. Boggs, Charleston.
State Librarian—S. W. Starke (colored), Charleston, Kanawha County.
Commissioner of Labor Statistics—I. V. Barton, Wheeling, Ohio County.
Chief Mine Inspector—John W. Paul, Davis, Mineral County.
Commissioner of Banking—M. A. Kendall, Parkersburg.
Supreme Court of Appeals—President. Henry Brannon, Weston, Lewis Co.; M. H. Dent, Grafton, Taylor Co.; H. C. McWhorter, Charleston, Kanawha County; George A. Poffenberger, Pt. Pleasant, Mason County; one vacancy. Clerk, Jas. A. Holley, Hamlin, Lincoln County.

SALARIES OF STATE OFFICIALS.

Governor, $2,700 a year, and Executive Mansion.

Secretary of State, $1,000 a year and fees. (Estimated $15,000 a year).

Treasurer, $1,400 a year.

Auditor, $2,000 a year and fees. Estimated $20,000 a year).

Attorney-General, $1,300 a year.

State Superintendent Free Schools, $1,500 a year.

Judges Supreme Court of Appeals, $2,200 a year each, and mileage allowance.

Clerk Supreme Court of Appeals, $1,000 a year and fees.

Judges of Circuit Courts, $1,800 a year each, and mileage allowance.

Adjutant-General, $1,200 a year.

President of Senate and Speaker of House of Delegates, $6 per day during session of Legislature.

VOTE OF DELAWARE, 1902.

Nov. 4, 1902. Counties.	Congress— Houston, Dem.	Byrne, U. R.	Ball, Rep.	Treasurer— Hossinger, Dem.	Burris, Rep.	Auditor— Lowe, Dem.	Norman Rep.
New Castle....	8,538	4,456	7,114	8,944	11,166	8,878	11,330
Kent	3,744	3,898	267	3,759	4,153	3,769	4,13[illegible]
Sussex	4,114	4,644	647	3,949	5,386	3,920	5,19[illegible]
Totals.....	16,396	12,998	8,028	16,652	20,705	16,567	20,65[illegible]

DELAWARE STATE OFFICERS.

Office.	Incumbent.	Politics.	Term Exp.	Salary
Governor	John Hunn	R.	1905	$2,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Philip L. Cannon	R.	1905	*
Secretary of State	Caleb R. Layton	R.	1905	†1,000
Attorney-General	Herbert H. Ward	R.	1905	2,000
State Treasurer	Martin B. Burris	R.	1905	1,950
State Auditor	Purnell B. Norman, Jr.	R.	1905	1,200
Insurance Commissioner	George W. Marshall	R.	1905	1,400
	DELAWARE JUDICIARY.			
Chief Justice	Charles B. Lore	D.	1909	3,800
	Associate Justices.			
New Castle County	Ignatius C. Grubb	D.	1909	3,600
	W. C. Spruance	R.	1909	3,600
Kent County	James Pennewill	R.	1909	3,600
Sussex County	W. H. Boyce	D.	1909	3,600
Chancellor	John R. Nicholson	D.	1909	3,800
Court Stenographer	Edmond C. Hardesty.			

*Per diem. †And fees.

DELAWARE LEGISLATURE.

Elected November 4, 1902.

The Senate.

NEWCASTLE COUNTY.

Dist.	Postoffice.
1. Geo. W. Sparks, R.	Wilmington
2. F. J. McNulty, D.	Wilmington
3. T. J. Sterling, R.	Henry Clay
4. B. A. Groves, R.	Hokesin
5. Artemus Smith, D.	Wilmington
6. H. C. Ellison, R.	Summit Bridge
7. John A. Latta, D.	Smyrna

KENT COUNTY.

1. Thos. C. Moore, R.	Smyrna
2. J. R. Clements, D.	Clayton
3. J. Frank Allee, R.	Dover
4. G. D. Harrington, D.	Farmington
5. Alban B. Conner, R.	Felton

SUSSEX COUNTY.

1. S. S Pennewill, R.	Bridgeville
2. Isaiah J. Brasure, R.	Angola
3. Thos. O. Moore, R.	Laurel
4. Chas. Wright, D.	Seaford
5. Thos. W. Jefferson, D.	Milton

Senate—Democrats, 7; Republicans, 10.

House of Delegates.

NEWCASTLE COUNTY.

Dist.	Postoffice.
1. H. G. Buckmaster, D.	Wilmington
2. James P. Jones, R.	Wilmington
3. John Bancroft, R.	Wilmington
4. T. M. Monaghan, D.	Wilmington
5. Wm. M. Connelly, D.	Wilmington
6. Abraham L. Tyre, R.	Bellevue
7. Wm. R. Flinn, R.	Newport
8. Wm. M. Eastburn, R.	Kiamansi
9. John W. Morrison, D.	Christiana
10. C. P. Holcomb, D.	Newcastle
11. David C. Rose, D.	Cooches Bridge
12. Wm. A. Price, R.	Delaware City
13. L. V. Asprill, R.	Odessa
14. Edward Hart, D.	Townsend
15. Sam'l C. Derrickson, R.	Smyrna

KENT COUNTY.

1. Harry S. Anthony, R.	Smyrna
2. Chas. H. Pardee, D.	Dover
3. George Cook, D.	Kenton
4. Wm. H. Gehman, R.	Hartly
5. Thos. M. Gooden, D.	Dover
6. S. Carl Hughes, D.	Harrington
7. Thos. E. Warren, R.	Wyoming
8. Jos. Frazier, R.	Frederica
9. J. Wilbur Powell, R.	
10. Lavimus Austin, R.	Milford

SUSSEX COUNTY.

1. Jno. W. Bennett, R.	Milford
2. Oliver A. Newton, R.	Greenwood
3. Frank Allen, D.	Seaford
4. Henry Messick, R.	Seaford
5. Samuel J. Lowe, D.	Laurel
6. R. D. Lingo, Jr., R.	Millsboro
7. John G. Townsend, R.	Frankford
8. F. W. Lason, R.	Hollyvood
9. T. R. Purnell, R.	Georgetown
10. Jos. D. Thomson, D.	Rehoboth

Republicans, 21; Democrats, 14. On joint ballot—Democrats, 21; Republicans, [illegible]

NORTH CAROLINA STATE OFFICERS.

Governor—Charles B. Aycock.
Governor's Private Secretary—P. M. Pearsall.
Lieutenant-Governor—Wilfrid D. Turner.
Secretary of State—J. Bryan Grimes.
Auditor—Benjamin F. Dixon.
Treasurer—Benjamin R. Lacy.
Attorney-General—Robert D. Gilmer.
Commissioner of Agriculture—Samuel L. Patterson.

Corporation Commissioners — Franklin McNeill, chairman; Samuel L. Rogers, E. C. Beddingfield.
Insurance Commissioner — James R. Young.
Superintendent Public Instruction—J. Y. Joyner.
Commissioner of Labor—H. B. Varner.
Adjutant-General—B. S. Royster.
State Librarian—M. O. Sherrill.
Governor's Council—Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer and Superintendent of Public Instruction.
State Board of Education—Composed of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Attorney-General.
Supreme Court—Chief Justice, Walter Clark; Associate Justices, Robert M. Douglas, Walter A. Montgomery, Henry G. Connor, Platt D. Walker. Clerk, Thomas S. Kenan, Raleigh. Court meets at Raleigh on the first Monday in February and the fourth Monday in August in each year.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA OFFICERS.

Commissioners—Henry B. F. MacFarland, Henry L. West.

Engineer Commissioner — Major John Biddle.
Assistants to Engineer Commissioner—Capt. H. C. Newcomer, Capt. Chester Harding.
Secretary—William Tindall.
Assessor—Hopewell H. Darneille.
Assistant Assessors—S. T. Kalbfus, Wm. D. Montague, T. Fred. Alvey.
Attorney—A. B. Duvall.
Auditor—J. T. Petty.
Excise Board—Mathew Trimble, Sam'l T. G. Morsell, E. W. W. Griffin.
Clerk—Roger Williams.
Education Board—President, Henry V. Boynton, vice-president, George H. Harries; J. Holdsworth Gordon, Richard Kingsman, Mrs. H. Litchfield West, James F. Bundy, Mrs. John R. Francis.
Secretary—Walter F. Roderick.
Collector of Taxes—E. G. Davis.
Deputy Collector—C. W. Collins.
Coroner—Dr. Ramsay Nevitt.
Computing Engineer—C. B. Hunt.
Electrical Engineer—W. C. Allen.
Engineer of Bridges—W. J. Douglas.
Engineer Street Extension—William P. Richards.
Harbor Master—J. R. Sutton.
Inspector Bldgs—Snowden Ashford.
Inspector of Boilers—E. F. Vermillion.
Inspector of Gas and Meters—S. Calvert Ford.
Special Assessment Clerk—John W. Daniel.
Supt. Plumbing—O. L. Ingalls.
Supt. Sewers—David E. McComb.
Supt. Streets—H. N. Moss.
Supt. Water Dept.—W. A. McFarland.
Surveyor—Henry B. Looker.
Veterinary Surgeon—C. B. Robinson.
Water Register—George T. Green.
Health Officer—Wm. C. Woodward.
Food Inspectors—W. H. H. Hoover, J. R. Mothershead, Thos. Cavanaugh.
Police Court Judges—Charles F. Scott, I. G. Kimball.
Supt. Police—Richard Sylvester.
Fire Marshal—Sidney Bieber.
Chief Engineer Fire Department—Robert W. Dutton.
Postmaster—John A. Merritt.
Assistant Postmaster—Madison Davis.

Court of Appeals, District of Columbia.

Chief Justice—Richard H. Alvey.
Clerk—Robert Willet.
Associate Justices—Martin F. Morris, Seth Shepard.

Supreme Court, District of Columbia.

Chief Justice—Edward F. Bingham.
Associate Justices—Alexander B. Hagner, Thomas H. Anderson, Harry M. Clabaugh, Job Barnard, Ashley M. Gould.
Clerk—John R. Young.
U. S. Marshal—Aulic Palmer.
Dep. U. S. Marshal—Wm. B. Robinson.
U. S. Attorney—Morgan H. Beach.
Assistants—Hugh T. Taggart, Thomas C. Taylor, Peyton Gordon, Alexander R. Mulloway.
Reg'r of Wills—Louis Addison Dent.
Assist. Reg'r of Wills—Jno. R. Rouzer.
Recorder Deeds—John C. Dancy.
Deputy Recorder of Deeds—George F. Schayer.

GOVERNORS OF STATES.

States.	Capitals.	Governors.	Politics.	Term.	Term Ends.	Salary.
Alabama	Montgomery.	W. D. Jelks	D.	2	Dec. 1, 1904	$3,000
Arkansas	Little Rock	Jefferson Davis	D.	2	Jan., 1905	3,000
California	Sacramento	G. C. Pardee	R.	4	Jan., 1907	6,000
Colorado	Denver	J. H. Peabody	R.	2	Jan., 1905	5,000
Connecticut	Hartford	A. Chamberlain	R.	2	Jan., 1905	4,000
Delaware	Dover	John Hunn	R.	4	Jan., 1905	2,500
Florida	Tallahassee	W. S. Jennings	D.	4	Jan., 1905	3,500
Georgia	Atlanta	J. M. Terrell	D.	2	Nov. 1, 1904	2,000
Idaho	Boise City	J. T. Morrison	R.	2	Jan., 1905	3,000
Illinois	Springfield	Rich'd Yates	R.	4	Jan., 1905	6,000
Indiana	Indianapolis.	W. T. Durbin	R.	4	Jan., 1905	5,000
Iowa	Des Moines	A. B. Cummins	R.	2	Jan., 1904	3,000

DIPLOMATIC CORPS—FOREIGN.

Countries.	Ambassadors.	Presented.	Office Addresses.
Germany	Herr Von Holleben	Nov. 29, 1897	1435 Massachusetts av
Russia	Comte Cassini	June 23, 1898	1829 I street.
Mexico	Don Manuel de Azpiroz	Mar. 30, 1899	1415 I street.
Italy	Sig. Edmondo Mayor des Planches	Nov. 19, 1901	1400 N. Hampshire av.
Great Britain	Sir Michael H. Herbert	Oct. 13, 1902	1300 Connecticut av.
France	M. Pierre de Margerie	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	1640 R. Island av.
Austria-Hungary	L. Hengelmuller von Hengervar	Dec. 27, 1902	1304 18th street.
	Ministers.		
Sweden-Norway	Mr. A. Grip	June 1, 1889	2109 S. street.
Guatemala	Don Antonio L. Arriaga	June 8, 1893	1414 21st street.
Denmark	Mr. Constantine Brun	Oct. 21, 1895	1521 20th street.
Ecuador	Don Luis Felipe Carbo	Jan. 15, 1896	The Arlington.
Haiti	Mr. J. N. Leger	Oct. 14, 1896	Absent.
Brazil	Mr. J. F. de Assis Brasil	June 6, 1898	1411 Hopkins street.
Costa Rica	Don Joaquin B. Calvo	Jan. 5, 1899	1329 18th street.
Nicaragua	Senor Don Luis F. Corea	Sept. 11, 1899	1704 Q street.
Netherlands	Baron W. A. F. Gevers	Mar. 12, 1900	1612 20th street.
Japan	Mr. Gogoro Takahira	Aug. 3, 1900	1310 N street.
Peru	Manuel A. Calderon	Aug. 18, 1900	1701 Massachusetts av
Bolivia	Don F. E. Guachalla	Oct. 22, 1900	The Portner.
Persia	Gen. Isaac Khan	Dec. 11, 1900	1743 18th street.
Korea	Mr. Minhui Cho	June 4, 1901	1500 13th street.
Argentine Repub.	Senor Martin G. Meron	Oct. 8, 1901	1527 N. Hampshire av.
Belgium	Baron Ludovic Mohcheur	Nov. 7, 1901	1719 H street.
Siam	Phya Akharaj Varadhara	Dec. 13, 1901	The Arlington.
Chile	Senor Don Joaquin-Walker-Martinez	Mar. 4, 1902	1800 N street.
Colombia	Senor Don Jose Vicente Concha	Mar. 17, 1902	Absent.
	Dr. Thos. Herran	Ch'rg d'Affaires Ad interim	1315 N street.
Portugal	Visconde de Alte	May 1, 1902	1909 N street.
Cuba	Senor Don Gonzalo de Quesada	June 16, 1902	1006 16th street.
Spain	Senor Don Emilio de Ojeda	Oct. 23, 1902	1785 Massachusetts av
Salvador	Senor Don Rafael S. Lopez	Nov. 29, 1902	The Arlington.
Turkey	Chekib Bey		1337 22nd street.
Venezuela	Senor Don Augusto F. Pulido	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	The Cochran.
Uruguay	Senor Dr. Luis Alberto de Herrera	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	The Normandie.
Switzerland	Mr. Chas. L. E. Lardy	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	2013 Hillyer Place.
China	Mr. Shen Tung	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	1764 Q street.
Dominican Repub.	Senor Don Feo. Leonte Vasquez	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	Absent.

It was announced, August 22, 1902, that M. Jean A. A. J. Jusserand had been transferred from Copenhagen to be Ambassador of France at Washington.

Lain Chen Tung was appointed Minister of China, vice Wu Ting Fang, recalled.

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

Accredited to	Ambassadors.	Residence.	From	Commission.	Pay.
France	Horace Porter	Paris	N. Y.	Mar. 19, 1897	$17,500
Germany	Charlemagne Tower.	Berlin	Penna.	Sept. 26, 1902	17,500
Great Britain	Jos. H. Choate	London	N. Y.	Jan. 19, 1899	17,500
Italy	Geo. V. L. Meyer	Rome	Mass.	Dec. 14, 1900	12,000
Mexico	Powell Clayton	Mexico	Ark.	Dec. 8, 1898	17,500
Russia	Robt. S. McCormick.	St. Petersburg.	Illin's.	Sept. 26, 1902	17,500
	Ministers.				
Argentine Rep.	Wm. P. Lord	Buenos Ayres.	Ore.	Oct. 16, 1899	10,000
Austria-Hun.	Bellamy Storer	Vienna	Ohio.	Sept. 26, 1902	12,000
Belgium	Lawrence Townsend.	Brussels	Penn	April 12, 1899	10,000
Bolivia	Wm. B. Sorsby	La Paz	Miss.	July 11, 1902	7,500
Brazil	David E. Thompson.	Rio de Janeiro.	Neb.	Sept. 26, 1902	12,000
Chile	Henry L. Wilson	Santiago	Wash.	June 9, 1897	10,000
China	Edwin H. Conger	Pekin	Iowa.	Jan. 19, 1898	12,000
Colombia	Chas. Burdett Hart.	Bogota	W. Va.	May 27, 1897	10,000
Costa Rica	Wm. L. Merry	San José	Cal.	July 17, 1897	10,000
Cuba	Herbert G. Squiers.	Habana	N. Y.	May 20, 1902	12,000
Denmark	Laurits S. Swenson.	Copenhagen	Minn.	Oct. 4, 1897	7,500
Dominican Rep.	Wm. F. Powell	Port-au-Prince.	N. J.	June 17, 1897	7,500
Ecuador	Archibald J. Sampson.	Quito	Ariz.	Sept. 18, 1897	7,500
Greece	John B. Jackson	Athens	N. J.	Oct. 13, 1902	6,500
Guatemala	W. Godfrey Hunter.	Guatemala	Ky.	Nov. 8, 1897	10,000
Haiti	Wm. F. Powell	Port-au-Prince	N. J.	June 17, 1897	7,500
Honduras	W. Godfrey Hunter.	Guatemala	Ky.	Nov. 8, 1897	10,000
Japan	Lloyd C. Griscom	Tokyo (Yedo)	Penn.	Dec., 1902	12,000
Korea	Horace N. Allen.	Seoul	Ohio.	June 21, 1901	7,500
Liberia	J. R. A. Crossland.	Monrovia	Mo.	Jan. 16, 1902	4,000
Netherlands	Stanford Newel	The Hague	Minn.	May 11, 1897	10,000
Nicaragua	Wm. L. Merry	San José	Cal.	July 17, 1897	10,000
Paraguay	Wm. R. Finch	Montevideo	Wis.	Oct. 2, 1897	7,500
Persia	Richmond Pearson.	Teheran	N. C.	Dec., 1902	5,000
Peru	Irving B. Dudley	Lima	Cal.	June 28, 1897	10,000
Portugal	Francis B. Loomis.	Lisbon	Ohio.	June 17, 1901	7,500
Roumania	John B. Jackson	Athens	N. J.	Oct. 13, 1902	6,500
Salvador	Wm. L. Merry	San José	Cal.	July 17, 1897	10,000
Servia	John B. Jackson.	Athens	N. J.	Oct. 13, 1902	6,500
Siam	Hamilton King	Bangkok	Mich.	Jan. 14, 1898	7,500
Spain	Arthur S. Hardy.	Madrid	N. H.	Sept. 26, 1902	12,000
Sweden-Norw'y.	Wm W Thomas, Jr	Stockholm	Me.	Dec. 18, 1897	7,500
Switzerland	Chas P. Bryan	Berne	Illin's.	Sept. 26, 1902	7,500
Turkey	Jno. G. A. Leishman.	Constantinople	Penn.	Dec. 20, 1900	10,000
Uruguay	Wm. R. Finch	Montevideo	Wis.	Oct. 2, 1897	7,500
Venezuela	Herbert W. Bowen.	Caracas	N. Y.	June 17, 1901	10,000
Bulgaria	Chas M. Dickinson.	Constantinople.	N. Y.	April 24, 1901	5,000
Egypt	John G. Long	Cairo	Fla.	Oct. 30, 1899	5,000

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

President	Theodore Roosevelt	New. York.
Secretary of State	John Hay	Dist. Columbia.
Secretary of the Treasury	Leslie M. Shaw	Iowa.
Secretary of War	Elihu Root	New York.
Secretary of the Navy	William H. Moody	Massachusetts.
Secretary of the Interior	Ethan A. Hitchcock	Missouri.
Postmaster-General	Henry C. Payne	Wisconsin.
Attorney-General	Philander C. Knox	Pennsylvania.
Secretary of Agriculture	James Wilson	Iowa.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Name.	Rank.	State.	Age.	App'd.
Melville Weston Fuller	Chief Justice	Illinois	69	1888
John Marshall Harlan	Associate Justice	Kentucky	70	1877
Oliver Wendall Holmes	Associate Justice	Massachusetts	62	1902
David Josiah Brewer	Associate Justice	Kansas	65	1889
Henry Billings Brown	Associate Justice	Michigan	66	1890
George Shiras, Jr.	Associate Justice	Pennsylvania	70	1892
Edward D. White	Associate Justice	Louisiana	57	1894
Rufus W. Peckham	Associate Justice	New York	64	1895
Joseph McKenna	Associate Justice	California	59	1897

Clerk—James H. McKenney. Marshal—J. M. Wright.
Deputy Clerk—Charles H. Beall. Reporter—Charles Henry Butler.

ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Lieutenant-General—Nelson A. Miles, June 6, 1900.

MAJOR-GENERALS.

Samuel B. M. Young	Feb. 2, 1901	Robert P. Hughes	April 1, 1902
Adna R. Chaffee	Feb. 4, 1901	John C. Bates	July 15, 1902
Arthur MacArthur	Feb. 5, 1901	George W. Davis	July 21, 1902

BRIGADIER-GENERALS.

James F. Wade	May 26, 1897	Frank D. Baldwin	June 9, 1902
Samuel S. Sumner	Feb. 4, 1901	Theodore J. Wint	June 9, 1902
Leonard Wood	Feb. 4, 1901	Jesse M. Lee	June 17, 1902
George M. Randall	Feb. 6, 1901	William H. Carter	July 15, 1902
William A. Kobbé	Feb. 6, 1901	Tasker H. Bliss	July 21, 1902
Frederick D. Grant	Feb. 18, 1901	Joseph P. Sanger	July 23, 1902
J. Franklin Bell	Feb. 19, 1901	Charles C. Hood	Oct. 18, 1902
Frederick Funston	April 1, 1901		

Adjutant-General—H. C. Corbin.
Inspector-General—J. C. Breckinridge.
Judge-Advocate-General—G. A. Davis.
Quartermaster-General—N. L. Ludington.
Commissary-General—John F. Weston.
Surgeon-General—R. M. O'Reilly.
Paymaster-General—Alfred E. Bates.
Chief of Engineers—Geo. L. Gillespie.
Chief of Ordnance—William Crozier.
Chief Signal Officer—A. W. Greely.
Chief of Pension office—F. C. Ainsworth.

COLONELS OF CAVALRY.

1. Almond B. Wells.
2. Eli L. Huggins.
3. Albert E. Woodson.
4. C. C. C. Carr.
5. A. G. Hennissee.
6. Allen Smith.
7. T. A. Baldwin.
8. Louis H. Rucker.
9. Edward S. Godfrey.
10. J. A. Augur.
11. Francis Moore.
12. W. C. Forbush.
13. E. M. Hayes.
14. Thomas C. Lebo.
15. Wm. M. Wallace.

COLONELS OF INFANTRY.

1. W. T. Duggan.
2. Cyrus S. Roberts.
3. John H. Page
4. J. C. Chane.
5. Charles L. Davis.
6. Charles W. Miner.
7. Charles A. Coolidge.
8. William E. Dougherty.
9. Charles F. Robe.
10. C. H. Noble.
11. D. J. Cragie.
12. John W. Bubb.
13. Alfred C. Markley.
14. Stephen P. Jocelyn.
15. H. C. Ward.
16. B. D. Price.
17. G. A. Goodale.
18. James M. J. Sanno.
19. Edmund Rice.
20. William S. McCasley.
21. Jacob Kilne.
22. James Miller.
23. J. Milton Thompson.
24. L. A. Matile.
25. A. H. Bowman.
26. Constant Williams.
27. T. F. Forbes.
28. M. C. Foote.
29. C. G. Penney.
30. N. P. Rodgers.

PAY OF UNITED STATES OFFICERS.

Civil.	Yearly.
President United States	$50,000
Vice-President	8,000
Cabinet officers	8,000
Senators	5,000
Representatives	5,000
Chief Justice United States	10,500
Asso. Justices Supreme Court	10,000
Army, Active.	
Lieutenant-General	11,000
Major-General	7,500
Brigadier-General	5,500
Colonel	3,500
Lieutenant-Colonel	3,000
Major	2,500
Captain, mounted	2,000
Captain, not mounted	1,800

Army, Active.	Yearly.
Regimental Adjutant (captains, mounted)	$2,000
Regimental Quartermaster (captains, mounted)	2,000
Regimental Commissary (captains, mounted)	2,000
Battalion and Squadron Adjutant, engineers, cavalry and infantry	1,800
Battalion and Squadron Quartermaster and Commissary	1,600
First Lieutenant, mounted	1,600
First Lieutenant, not mounted	1,500
Second Lieutenant, mounted	1,500
Second Lieutenant, not mounted	1,400
Chaplain	1,800

PAY OF UNITED STATES OFFICERS—Continued.

Navy and Marine Corps, Active.	On sea duty or shore duty beyond sea.	On shore.
Admiral	$16,000	$13,500
Rear-Admirals—		
First nine	7,500	6,375
Second nine	5,500	4,675
Chiefs of Bureaus and Brigadier-General Commandant of Marine Corps	....	5,500
Captains, Navy	3,500	2,975
Judge-Advocate-General and Colonels, Marine Corps, line and staff	3,500	3,500
Commanders, Navy	3,000	2,550
Lieutenant-Colonels, Marine Corps, line and staff	3,000	3,000
Lieutenant-Commanders, Navy	2,500	2,125
Majors, Marine Corps, line and staff	2,500	2,500
Lieutenants, Navy	1,800	1,530
Captains, Marine Corps—		
Line	1,800	1,800
Staff	2,000	2,000
Lieutenants (junior grade), Navy	1,500	1,275
First Lieutenants and Leader of Band, Marine Corps	1,500	1,500
Ensigns, Navy	1,400	1,190
Second Lieutenants, Marine Corps, Chief Boatswain, Chief Gunners, Chief Carpenters and Chief Sailmakers	1,400	1,400

NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Admiral—George Dewey, Washington, D. C.

REAR-ADMIRALS.

George C. Remey.	George W. Sumner.	John J. Read.	Philip H. Cooper.
John C. Watson.	Albert S. Barker.	Henry C. Taylor.	Arent S. Crowinshield.
Silas Casey.	Charles S. Cotton.	Mortimer L. Johnson.	Joseph B. Coghlan.
Francis J. Higginson.	Robley D. Evans.	Frank Wildes.	James H. Sands.
Frederick Rodgers.	Silas W. Terry.	Henry Glass.	Yates Stirling.
Louis Kempff.	Merrill Miller.	Charles E. Clark.	William C. Wise.

Rear-Admiral H. C. Taylor, Chief Bureau of Navigation.
Rear-Admiral R. B. Bradford, Equipment.
Rear-Admiral M. T. Endicott, Yards and Docks.
Rear-Admiral Chas. O'Neil, Ordnance.
Rear-Admiral Presley M. Rixey, Medicine and Surgery.
Rear-Admiral G. W. Melville, Steam Engineering.
Rear-Admiral A. S. Kenny, Supplies and Accounts
Rear-Admiral Francis T. Bowles, Construction and Repair.
Captain C R. Train, President Board of Inspection and Survey.
Rear-Admiral G. C Remey, Chairman Lighthouse Board, Treasury Department, Washington
Capt. W. H. Brownson, Superintendent Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Capt. Samuel C. Lemly, Judge-Advocate-General.
Major-Gen. Charles Heywood, Commandant Marine Corps.
Col. George C. Reid, Adjutant and Inspector
Major C. H. Lauchheimer, Assistant Adjutant and Inspector.
Col F. L Denny, Quartermaster.
Major T. C. Prince, Assistant Quartermaster.
Major C. L. McCawley, Assistant Quartermaster.
Capt C. S. Radford, Assistant Quartermaster.
Capt. W. B. Lemly, Assistant Quartermaster
Capt. Edwin A. Jonas, Assistant Quartermaster.
Col. G. C. Goodloe, Paymaster.
Major George Richards, Assistant Paymaster.

SPEED OF BATTLESHIPS.

UNITED STATES BATTLESHIP RECORDS.

Ships.	Speed	Horse-power.
Alabama	17 103	11,366
Illinois	17 449	12,898
Indiana	15 547	9,738
Iowa	17 087	12,105
Kearsarge	16,816	11,954
Kentucky	16 897	12,318
Massachusetts	16 21	10,415
Oregon	16.79	11,111
Wisconsin	17.174	12,609
Maine	18.3	16,000

THE TWO MAINES.

(The first destroyed in Havana harbor, in 1898; the second, built in 1902.)

	New.	Old.
Tonnage	12,300	6,682
Length	388 ft.	318 ft.
Breadth	72 ft.	57 ft.
Draft	23 ft 10¼ in.	21 ft. 6 in.
Speed	18 knots.	17.45 knots.
No of guns	44	29
Largest "	12-inch	10-inch
Horse power.	16,000	9,293
Armor	7½ to 11 in.	3 to 8 in.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.

Senate.

President pro tem. of the Senate—William P. Frye, of Maine.
Secretary of the Senate—Charles G. Bennett.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Daniel M. Ransdell.

States.	Senators.	Residence.	Politics.	Term Expires.
Alabama	John T. Morgan	Selma	D.	1907
	Edmund W. Pettus	Selma	D.	1903
Arkansas	James H. Berry	Bentonville	D.	1907
	James K. Jones	Washington	D.	1903
California	George C. Perkins	Oakland	R.	1903
	Thomas R. Bard	Hueneme	R.	1905
Colorado	Henry M. Teller	Central City	R.	1903
	Thomas M. Patterson	Denver	D.	1907
Connecticut	Joseph R. Hawley	Hartford	R.	1905
	Orville H. Platt	Meriden	R.	1903
Delaware	Vacancy.			
	Vacancy.			
Florida	James P. Taliaferro	Jacksonville	D.	1905
	Stephen R. Mallory	Pensacola	D.	1903
Georgia	Augustus O. Bacon	Macon	D.	1907
	Alexander S. Clay	Marietta	D.	1903
Idaho	Fred. T. Dubois	Blackfoot	D.	1907
	Henry Heitfeld	Lewiston	D.	1903
Illinois	William E. Mason	Chicago	R.	1903
	Shelby M. Cullom	Springfield	R.	1907
Indiana	Charles W. Fairbanks	Indianapolis	R.	1903
	Albert J. Beveridge	Indianapolis	R.	1905
Iowa	William B. Allison	Dubuque	R.	1909
	Jonathan P. Dolliver	Fort Dodge	R.	1907
Kansas	William A. Harris	Linwood	P.	1903
	Joseph R. Burton	Abilene	R.	1907
Kentucky	William J. Deboe	Marion	R.	1903
	J. C. S. Blackburn	Versailles	D.	1907
Louisiana	Samuel D. McEnery	New Orleans	D.	1903
	Murphy J. Foster	Franklin	D.	1907
Maine	Eugene Hale	Ellsworth	R.	1905
	William P. Frye	Lewiston	R.	1907
Maryland	Louis E. McComas	Williamsport	R.	1905
	George L. Wellington	Cumberland	R.	1903
Massachusetts	George F. Hoar	Worcester	R.	1907
	Henry Cabot Lodge	Nahant	R.	1905
Michigan	Julius C. Burrows	Kalamazoo	R.	1905
	Russell A. Alger	Detroit	R.	....
Minnesota	Knute Nelson	Alexandria	R.	1907
	Moses E. Clapp	St. Paul	R.	1905
Mississippi	Hernando D. Money	Carrollton	D.	1905
	Anselm J. McLaurin	Brandon	D.	1907
Missouri	Francis M. Cockrell	Warrensburg	D.	1905
	George G. Vest	Kansas City	D.	1903

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

Senate.

States.	Senators.	Residence.	Politics.	Term Expires.
Montana	William A. Clarke	Butte	D.	1907
	Paris Gibson	Great Falls	D.	1905
Nebraska	Charles H. Dietrich	Hastings	R.	1905
	Joseph H. Millard	Omaha	R.	1907
Nevada	John P. Jones	Gold Hill	R.	1903
	William M. Stewart	Carson City	R.	1905
New Hampshire	Henry E. Burnham	Manchester	R.	1907
	Jacob H. Gallinger	Concord	R.	1903
New Jersey	John F. Dryden	Newark	R.	1907
	John Kean	Elizabeth	R.	1905
New York	Thomas C. Platt	Owego	R.	1903
	Chauncey M. Depew	New York City	R.	1905
North Carolina	Furnifold McL. Simmons	Raleigh	D.	1907
	Jeter C. Pritchard	Marshall	R.	1903
North Dakota	Henry C. Hansbrough	Devil's Lake	R.	1903
	Porter J. McCumber	Wahpeton	R.	1905
Ohio	Marcus A. Hanna	Cleveland	R.	1905
	Joseph B. Foraker	Cincinnati	R.	1909
Oregon	John H. Mitchell	Portland	R.	1907
	Joseph Simon	Portland	R.	1903
Pennsylvania	Boies Penrose	Philadelphia	R.	1903
	Matthew S. Quay	Beaver	R.	1905
Rhode Island	Nelson W. Aldrich	Providence	R.	1905
	George P. Wetmore	Newport	R.	1907
South Carolina	Benjamin R. Tillman	Trenton	D.	1907
	John L. McLaurin	Bennettsville	D.	1903
South Dakota	Robert J. Gamble	Yankton	R.	1907
	Alfred B. Kittredge	Sioux Falls	R.	....
Tennessee	Edward W. Carmack	Memphis	D.	1907
	William B. Bate	Nashville	D.	1905
Texas	Joseph W. Bailey	Gainesville	D.	1907
	Charles A. Culberson	Dallas	D.	1905
Utah	Joseph L. Rawlins	Salt Lake City	D.	1903
	Thomas Kearns	Salt Lake City	R.	1905
Vermont	William P. Dillingham	Waterbury	R.	1903
	Redfield Proctor	Proctor	R.	1905
Virginia	John W. Daniel	Lynchburg	D.	1905
	Thomas S. Martin	Scottsville	D.	1907
Washington	George Turner	Spokane	P.	1903
	Addison G. Foster	Tacoma	R.	1905
West Virginia	Nathan B. Scott	Wheeling	R.	1905
	Stephen B. Elkins	Elkins	R.	1907
Wisconsin	John C. Spooner	Madison	R.	1903
	Joseph V. Quarles	Milwaukee	R.	1905
Wyoming	Francis E. Warren	Cheyenne	R.	1907
	Clarence D. Clark	Evanston	R.	1905

Republicans, 55; Democrats, 30; Populists, 2; Vacant, 3.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.

House of Representatives.

Speaker—David B. Henderson Iowa. Clerk—Alexander McDowell, Pennsylvania.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Henry Casson, Wisconsin.
Doorkeeper—W. J. Glenn, New York.
Postmaster—Joseph C. McElroy, Ohio.
Chaplain—Rev. Henry N. Couden, Michigan.

ALABAMA.
Democrats.
1. George W. Taylor, Demopolis.
2. A. A. Wiley, Montgomery.
3. Henry D. Clayton, Eufaula.
4. Sidney J. Bowie, Talladega.
5. Charles W. Thompson, Tuskegee.
6. John H. Bankhead, Fayette.
7. John L. Burnett, Gadsden.
8. William Richardson, Huntsville.
9. Oscar W. Underwood, Birmingham.

ARKANSAS.
Democrats.
1. Philip D. McCulloch, Marianna.
2. John S Little, Greenwood.
3. Thomas C McRae, Prescott.
4. Charles C Reid, Morrillton.
5. Hugh A. Dinsmore, Fayetteville.
6. Stephen Brundidge, Jr., Searcy.

CALIFORNIA.
Republicans.
1. Frank L. Coombs, Napa.
2. Samuel D Woods, Stockton.
3. Victor H. Metcalf, Oakland.
4. Julius Kahn, San Francisco.
5. Eugene F Loud, San Francisco.
6. James McLachlan, Passadena.
7. James C. Needham, Modesto.

COLORADO.
Fusion, Populist, Silver.
1. John F. Shafroth, Denver.
2. John C. Bell, Montrose.

CONNECTICUT.
Republicans
1. E. Stevens Henry, Rockville.
2. Nehemiah D. Sperry, New Haven.
3. Frank B. Brandagee, New London.
4. Ebenezer J. Hill, Norwalk.

DELAWARE.
Republican.
1. L. Heisler Ball, Faulkland.

FLORIDA.
Democrats
1. Stephen M. Sparkman, Tampa.
2. Robert W. Davis, Palatka.

GEORGIA.
Democrats.
1. Rufus E. Lester, Savannah.
2. James M. Griggs, Dawson.
3. Elijah B. Lewis, Montezuma.
4. William C. Adamson, Carrollton.
5. Leonidas F. Livingston, Kings.
6. Charles L Bartlett, Macon.
7. John W. Maddox, Rome.
8. William M. Howard, Lexington.
9. Farish Carter Tate, Jasper.
10. William H Fleming, Augusta.
11. William G. Brantley, Brunswick.

IDAHO.
Fusion, Populist, Silver.
1. Thomas L. Glenn, Montpelier.

ILLINOIS.
Republicans.
1. James R. Mann, Chicago.
6. Henry S. Boutell, Chicago.
7. George E. Foss, Chicago.
8 Albert J Hopkins, Aurora.
9. Robert R. Hitt, Mount Morris.
10. George W. Prince, Galesburg.
11. Walter Reeves, Streator.
12. Joseph G Cannon, Danville.
13. Vespasian Warner, Clinton.
14. Joseph V. Graff, Pekin.
22. George W. Smith, Murphysboro.

Democrats.
2. John J. Feeley, Chicago.
3 George P. Foster, Chicago.
4. James McAndrews, Chicago.
5. William F Mahoney, Chicago.
15. J. Ross Mickey, Macomb.
16. Thomas J. Selby, Hardin.
17. Ben. F. Caldwell, Chatham.
18. Thomas M. Jett, Hillsboro.
19. Joseph B. Crowley, Robinson.
20. James R. Williams, Carmi.
21. Frederick J. Kern, Belleville.

INDIANA.
Republicans.
4. James A. Hemenway, Booneville.
5. Elias S. Holliday, Brazil.
6. James E. Watson, Rushville.
7. Jesse Overstreet, Indianapolis.
8. George W. Cromer, Muncie.
9. Charles B. Landis, Delphi.
10. Edgar D. Crumpacker, Valparaiso.
11. George W. Steele, Marion.
13. Abraham L. Brick, South Bend.

Democrats.
2. Robert W Miers, Bloomington.
3. William T Zenor, Corydon.
4. Francis M. Griffith, Vevay.
12. James M. Robinson, Fort Wayne.

IOWA.
Republicans.
1. Thomas Hedge, Burlington.
2. John N W. Rumple, Marengo.
3. David B. Henderson, Dubuque.
4. Gilbert N. Haugen, Northwood.
5. Robert G. Cousins, Tipton.
6. John F. Lacey, Oskaloosa.
7. John A T. Hull, Des Moines.
8. William P. Hepburn, Clarinda.
9. Walter I. Smith, Council Bluffs.
10. James P. Connor, Denison.
11. Lot Thomas, Storm Lake.

KANSAS.
Republicans.
Charles F. Scott, Iola.
1. Charles Curtis, Topeka.
2. Justin D. Bowersock, Lawrence.
4. James M. Miller, Council Grove.
5. William A. Calderhead, Marysville.
6. William A. Reeder, Logan.
7. Chester I. Long, Medicine Lodge.

Democrat.
3. Alfred M. Jackson, Winfield.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

KENTUCKY.

Republicans.

5. Henry S. Irwin, Louisville.
11. Vincent Boreing, London.

Democrats.

1. Charles D. Wheeler, Paducah.
2. Henry D. Allen, Morganfield.
3. John S. Rhea, Russellville.
4. David H. Smith, Hodgensville.
6. D. Linn Gooch, Covington.
7. South Trimble, Frankfort.
8. George G. Gilbert, Shelbyville.
9. James N. Kehoe, Maysville.
10. John B. White, Irvine.

LOUISIANA.

Democrats.

1. Adolph Meyer, New Orleans.
2. Robert C. Davey, New Orleans.
3. Robert F. Broussard, New Iberia.
4. Phanor Brazeale, Natchitoches.
5. Jos. E. Ransdell, Lake Providence.
6. Sam'l M. Robertson, Baton Rouge.

MAINE.

Republicans.

1. Amos L. Allen, Alfred.
2. Charles E. Littlefield, Rockland.
3. Edwin C. Burleigh, Augusta.
4. L. Llewellyn Powers, Houlton.

MARYLAND.

Republicans.

1. William H. Jackson, Salisbury.
2. Albert A. Blakeney, Franklinville.
3. Frank C. Wachter, Baltimore.
4. Charles R. Schirm, Baltimore.
5. Sydney E. Mudd, La Plata.
6. George A. Pearre, Cumberland.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Republicans.

1. George P. Lawrence, North Adams.
2. Frederick H. Gillett, Springfield.
4. Charles Q. Tirrell, Natick.
5. William S. Knox, Lawrence.
6. Augustus Gardner, Hamilton.
7. Ernest W. Roberts, Chelsea.
8. Samuel W. McCall, Winchester.
11. Samuel L. Powers, Newton.
12. William C. Lovering, Taunton.
13. William S. Green, Fall River.

Democrats.

3. John R. Thayer, Worcester.
9. Joseph A. Conry, Boston.
10. Henry F. Naphen, Boston.

MICHIGAN.

Republicans.

1. John B. Corliss, Detroit.
2. Henry C. Smith, Adrian.
3. Washington Gardner, Albion.
4. Edward L. Hamilton, Niles.
5. Wm. Alden Smith, Grand Rapids.
6. Samuel W. Smith Pontiac.
7. Edgar Weeks, Mount Clemens.
8. Joseph W. Fordney, Saginaw.
9. Roswell P. Bishop, Ludington.
10. Henry H. Aplin, West Bay City.
11. Archibald B. Darragh, St. Louis.
12. Carlos D. Shelden, Houghton.

MINNESOTA.

Republicans.

1. James A. Tawney, Winona.
2. James T. McCleary, Mankato.
3. Joel P. Heatwole, Northfield.
4. Fred. C. Stevens, St. Paul.
5. Loren Fletcher, Minneapolis.
6. Page Morris, Duluth.
7. Frank M. Eddy, Glenwood.

MISSISSIPPI.

Democrats.

1. Ezekiel S. Candler, Jr., Corinth.
2. Thomas Spight, Ripley.
3. Patrick Henry, Vicksburg.
4. Andrew J. Fox, Westpoint.
5. John S. Williams, Yazoo.
6. Frank A. McLain, Gloster.
7. Charles E. Hooker, Jackson.

MISSOURI.

Republicans.

10. Richard Bartholdt, St. Louis.
11. Charles F. Joy, St. Louis.

Democrats.

1. James T. Lloyd, Shelbyville.
2. William W. Rucker, Keytesville.
3. John Dougherty, Liberty.
4. Charles F. Cochran, St. Joseph.
5. William S. Cowherd, Kansas City.
6. David A. DeArmond, Butler.
7. James Cooney, Marshall.
8. Dorsey W. Shackleford, Jefferson C'y.
9. Champ Clark, Bowling Green.
12. James J. Butler, St. Louis.
13. Edward Robb, Perryville.
14. Wil'rd D. Vandiver, Cape Girardeau.
15. Mæcenas E. Benton, Neosho.

MONTANA.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

Caldwell Edwards, Bozeman.

NEBRASKA.

Republicans.

1. Elmer J. Burkett, Lincoln.
2. David H. Mercer, Omaha.

Democrat.

3. John S. Robinson, Madison.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

4. William L. Stark, Aurora.
5. Ashton C. Shallenberger, Alma.
6. William Neville, North Platte.

NEVADA.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

Francis G. Newlands, Reno.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Republicans.

1. Cyrus A. Sulloway, Manchester.
2. Frank D. Currier, Canaan.

NEW JERSEY.

Republicans.

1. Henry C. Loudenslager, Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner, Atlantic City.
3. Benj. F. Howell, New Brunswick.
5. James F. Stewart, Paterson.
6. Richard Wayne Parker, Newark.
8. Charles N. Fowler, Elizabeth.

Democrats.

4. Joshua S. Salmon, Boonton.
7. Allan L. McDermott, Jersey City.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

NEW YORK.

Republicans.

1. Frederick Storm, Bayside, L. I.
3. Henry Bristow, Brooklyn.
4. Henry A. Hanbury, Brooklyn.
7. Montague Lessler, New York.
14. W. H. Douglas, New York.
17. Arthur S. Tompkins, Nyack.
18. John H. Ketcham, Dover Plains.
19. William H. Draper, Lansingburg.
20. George N. Southwick, Albany.
21. John K. Stewart, Amsterdam.
22. Lucius N. Littauer, New York.
23. Louis W. Emerson, Warrensburg.
24. Charles L. Knapp, Lowville.
25. James S. Sherman, Utaca.
26. John W. Dwight, Dryden.
27. Michael E. Driscoll, Syracuse.
28. Sereno E. Payne, Auburn.
29. Charles W. Gillett, Addison.
30. James W. Wadsworth, Genesco.
31. James Brick Perkins, Rochester.
33. De Alva S. Alexander, Buffalo.
34. Edward V. Vreeland, Salamanca.

Democrats.

2. John J. Fitzgerald, Brooklyn.
5. Frank E. Wilson, Brooklyn.
6. George H. Lindsay, Brooklyn.
8. Thomas J. Creamer, New York.
9. Henry M. Goldfogle, New York.
10. Edward Swann, New York.
11. William Sulzer, New York.
12. George B. McClellan, New York.
13. Oliver H. P. Belmont, New York.
15. Jacob Ruppert, Jr., New York.
16. Cornelius A. Pugsley, Peekskill.
32. William H. Ryan, Buffalo.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Republicans.

8 Spencer Blackburn, Winston.
9. James M. Moody, Waynesville.

Democrats.

1. John H. Small, Washington.
2. Claude Kitchin, Scotland Neck.
3. Charles R. Thomas, Newbern.
4. Edward W. Pou, Smithfield.
5. William W. Kitchin, Roxboro.
6. John D. Bellamy, Wilmington.
7. Theodore F. Kluttz, Salisbury.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Republican.

Thomas F. Marshall, Oakes.

OHIO.

Republicans.

1. William B. Shattuc, Cincinnati.
2. Jacob H. Bromwell, Cincinnati.
3. Robert N. Nevines, Dayton.
6. Charles Q. Hildebrand, Wilmington.
7. Thomas B. Kyle, Troy.
8. William R. Warnock, Urbana.
9. James H. Southard, Toledo.
10. Stephen Morgan, Oak Hill.
11. Charles H. Grosvenor, Athens.
12. Emmet Tompkins, Columbus.
14. William W. Skiles, Shelby.
15. Henry C. Van Voorhis, Zanesville.
16. Joseph J. Gill, Steubenville.
18. Robert W. Tayler, Lisbon.
19. Charles Dick, Akron.
20. Jacob A. Beidler, Cleveland.
21. Theo. E. Burton, Cleveland.

Democrats.

4. Robert B. Gordon, St. Mary's.
5. John S. Snook, Paulding.
13. James A. Norton, Tiffin.
17. John W. Cassingham, Coshocton.

OREGON.

Republicans.

1. Thomas H. Tongue, Hillsboro.
2. Malcolm A. Moody, The Dalles.

PENNSYLVANIA.

At Large—Republicans.

Galusha A. Grow, Glenwood.
Robt. H. Foederer, Jr., Philadelphia.

Republicans.

1. Henry H. Bingham, Philadelphia.
2. Robert Adams, Jr., Philadelphia.
3. Henry Burke, Philadelphia.
4. James R. Young, Philadelphia.
5. Edward deV. Morrell, Philadelphia.
6. Thomas S. Butler, West Chester.
7. Irving P. Wanger, Norristown.
10. H. Bird Cassell, Marietta.
11. William Connell, Scranton.
12. Henry W. Palmer, Wilkesbarre.
13. George R. Patterson, Ashland.
14. Marlin E. Olmstead, Harrisburg.
15. Chas. Fred Wright, Susquehanna.
16. Elias Deemer, Williamsport.
18. Thaddeus M Mahon, Chambersb'g.
19. Robert J. Lewis, York.
20. Alvin Evans, Ebensburg.
21. Summers M. Jack, Indiana.
22. John Dalzell, Pittsburg.
23. William H. Graham, Allegany.
24. Ernest F. Acheson, Washington.
25. Joseph B. Showalter, Chicora.
26. Arthur L. Bates, Meadville.
27. Joseph C. Sibley, Franklin.

Democrats.

8. Howard Mutchler., Easton.
9. Henry D. Green, Reading.
17. Alexander Billmeyer, Wash't'nville.
28. Vacant.

RHODE ISLAND.

Republicans.

1. Melville Bull, Middletown.
2. Adin B. Capron, Smithfield.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Democrats.

1. William Elliott, Beaufort
2. W. Jasper Talbert, Parksville.
3. Asbury C. Latimer, Belton.
4. Joseph T. Johnson, Spartanburg.
5. David E. Finley, Yorkville.
6. Robert B. Scarborough, Conway.
7. A. F. Lever, Wallaceville.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—Republicans.

E. W. Martin, Deadwood
Charles H. Burke, Pierre.

TENNESSEE.

Republicans.

1. Walter P. Brownlow, Jonesboro.
2. Henry R. Gibson, Knoxville.

Democrats.

3. John A. Moon, Chatanooga.
4. Charles E. Snodgrass, Crossville.
5. Jas. D. Richardson, Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines, Nashville.
7. Lemuel P. Padgett, Columbia.
8. Thetus W. Sims, Linden.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

9. Rice A. Pierce, Union City.
10. Malcolm R. Patterson, Memphis.

TEXAS.

Democrats.

1. Thomas H. Ball, Huntsville.
2. Sam B. Cooper, Beaumont.
3. Gordon Russell, Tyler.
4. Norris Sheppard, Texarkana.
5. Choice B. Randell, Sherman.
6. Dudley G. Wooten, Dallas.
7. Robert L. Henry, Waco.
8. Sam'l W. T. Lanham, Weatherford.
9. Albert S. Burleson, Austin.
10. George F. Burgess, Gonzales.
11. Rudolph Kleberg, Cuero.
12. James L. Slayden, San Antonio.
13. John H. Stephens, Vernon.

UTAH.

Republican.

George Sutherland, Salt Lake City.

VERMONT.

Republicans.

1. David J. Foster, Burlington.
2. Kittridge Hoskins, Brattleboro.

VIRGINIA.

Democrats.

1. William A. Jones, Warsaw.
2. Henry L. Maynard, Portsmouth.
3. John Lamb, Richmond.
4. Francis R. Lassiter, Petersburg.
5. Claude A. Swanson, Chatham.
6. Carter Glass, Lynchburg.
7. James Hay, Madison.
8. John F. Rixey, Brandy.
9. William F. Rhea, Bristol.
10. Henry D. Flood, W. Appomattox.

WASHINGTON.

Republicans—At Large.

Wesley L. Jones, Yakima.
Francis W. Cushman, Tacoma.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Republicans.

1. Blackburn B. Dovener, Wheeling.
2. Alston G. Dayton, Philippi.
3. Joseph Holt Gaines, Charleston.
4. James A. Hughes, Huntington.

WISCONSIN.

Republicans.

1. Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
2. Herman B. Dahle, Mount Horeb.
3. Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
4. Theobold Otjen, Milwaukee.
5. Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
6. James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
7. John J. Esch, La Crosse.
8. Edward S. Minor, Stourgeon Bay.
9. Webster E. Brown, Rhinelander.
10. John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

WYOMING.

Republican.

Frank W. Mondell, Newcastle.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans..	199	Vacancy.....	1
Democrats....	149		
All others....	8	Total.....	357

Territorial Delegates.

ARIZONA.

Democrat.

Mark A. Smith, Tucson.

NEW MEXICO.

Republican.

B. S. Bodey, Albuquerque.

OKLAHOMA.

Republican.

Dennis T. Flynn, Guthrie.

HAWAII.

Robert W. Wilcox, Honolulu.

BASIS OF REPRESENTATION.

The basis and ratio for apportioning Representatives in Congress are founded on the population of the States, exclusive of the Territories.

From 1790 to 1850 the apportionment of Representatives in Congress was made by Congress, as at present. The law for taking the census in 1850 was intended to be permanent. Congress made a rule of apportionment, fixed the number of members of the House at 233, and directed the Secretary of the Interior thereafter to make the apportionment to each State. The apportionment under the census of 1860 was made under this law, but Congress on March 4, 1862, fixed the total number of members, and the Secretary of the Interior apportioned the new quotas to the States. The apportionments under the census of 1870 and subsequently were made by Congress, so that the Act of 1850 delegating that power to the Secretary of the Interior has been repealed by implication.

The Act making the apportionment of Representatives in Congress, approved January 16, 1901, provides that after March 3, 1903, the House of Representatives of the United States shall be composed of 386 members.

It is also provided that whenever a new State is admitted to the Union, the Representative or Representatives assigned to it shall be in addition to the number of 386.

Each member of the House shall represent a district, composed of contiguous territory. But additional Representatives under this apportionment shall be elected by the State at large until the Legislature shall redistrict the State.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, U. S.

First Regular Session Begins December 7, 1903.

House of Representatives.

ALABAMA.
Democrats.
1. George W. Taylor, Demopolis.
2. A. A. Wiley, Montgomery.
3. Henry D. Clayton, Eufaula.
4. Sidney J. Bowie, Anniston.
5. Charles W. Thompson, Tuskegee.
6. John H. Bankhead, Fayette.
7. John L. Burnett, Gadsden.
8. William Richardson, Huntsville.
9. Oscar W. Underwood, Birmingham.

ARKANSAS.
Democrats.
1. R. Bruce Macon, Helena.

IDAHO.
Republican.
Burton L. French, Moscow.

ILLINOIS.
Republicans.
2. James R. Mann, Chicago.
3. William W. Wilson, Chicago.
6. William Lorimer, Chicago.
7. Philip Knopf, Chicago.
9. Henry S. Boutell, Chicago.
10. George E. Foss, Chicago.
11. H. M. Snapp, Joliet.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

NEVADA.
At Large—Democrat.
C. D. Van Duzer, Tonopah.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Republicans.
1. Cyrus A. Sulloway, Manchester.
2. Frank D. Currier, Canaan.

NEW JERSEY.
Republicans.
1. Henry C. Loudenslager, Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner, Atlantic City.
3. Benj. F. Howell, New Brunswick.
4. William M. Lanning, Trenton.
5. Charles N. Fowler, Elizabeth.
7. R. Wayne Parker, Newark.
8. William H. Wiley, East Orange.
Democrats.
6. William Hughes, Paterson.
9. Allan Benny, Jersey City.
10. Allan L. McDermott, Jersey City.

NEW YORK.
Republicans.
3. Charles T. Dunwell, Brooklyn.
15. William H. Douglas, New York.
19. Norton P. Otis, Yonkers.
20. Thomas W. Bradley, Walden.
21. John H. Ketcham, Dover Plains.
22. William H. Draper, Lansingburg.
23. Geo. N. Southwick, Albany.
24. George J. Smith, Kingston.
25. Lucius N. Littauer, Gloversville.
26. W. H. Flack, Malone.
27. James S. Sherman, Utica.
28. Charles L. Knapp, Loweville.
29. Michael E. Driscoll, Syracuse.
30. John W. Dwight, Dryden.
31. Sereno E. Payne, Auburn.
32. James B. Perkins, Rochester.
33. Charles W. Gillet, Addison.
34. James W. Wadsworth, Geneseo.
36. De Alva S. Alexander, Buffalo.
37. Edward B. Vreeland, Salamanca.
Democrats.
5. William W. Kitchin, Roxboro.
6. G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
7. Robert N. Page, Aberdeen.
8. Theodore F. Kluttz, Salisbury.
9. E. Y. Webb, Shelby.
10. J. M. Gudger, Jr., Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA.
At Large—Republicans.
Thomas F. Marshall, Oakes.
B. F. Spalding, Fargo.

OHIO.
Republicans.
1. Nicholas Longworth, Cincinnati.
2. H. P. Goebel, Cincinnati.
3. Robert M. Nevin, Dayton.
6. Charles Q. Hildebrant, Wilmington.
7. Thomas B. Kyle, Troy.
8. William R. Warnock, Urbana.
9. James H. Southard, Toledo.
10. Stephen Morgan, Oak Hill.
11. Charles H. Grosvenor, Athens.
13. A. H. Jackson, Fremont.
14. William W. Skiles, Shelby.
15. Henry C. Van Voorhis, Zanesville.
16. Joseph J. Gill, Steubenville.
18. James Kennedy, Youngstown.
19. Charles Dick, Akron.
20. Jacob A. Beidler, Willoughby.
21. Theodore E. Burton, Cleveland.
Democrats.
4. H. C. Garber, Greenville.
5. John S. Snook, Paulding.
12. De Witt C. Badger, Columbus.
17. John W. Cassingham, Coshocton.

OREGON.
Republicans.
1. Thomas H. Tongue, Hillsboro.
2. J. N. Williamson, Pineville.

PENNSYLVANIA.
Republicans.
1. Henry H. Bingham, Philadelphia.
2. Robert Adams, Jr., Philadelphia.
3 Henry Burk, Philadelphia.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

Democrats.

10. George Howell, Scranton.
13. Marcus C. L. Kline, Allentown.
16. Charles H. Dickerman, Milton.
26. J. H. Shull, Stroudsburg.

RHODE ISLAND.

Republican.

2. Adin B. Capron, Smithfield.

Democrat.

1. D. L. D. Granger, Providence.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Democrats.

1. George S. Legare, Charleston.
2. George W. Croft, Aiken.
3. Wyatt Aiken, Abbeville.
4. Joseph T. Johnson, Spartanburg.
5. David E. Finley, Yorkville.
6. Robert B. Scarborough, Conway.
7. A. F. Lever, Wallaceville.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—Republicans.

Charles H. Burke, Pierre.
Eben W. Martin, Deadwood.

TENNESSEE.

Republicans.

1. Walter P. Brownlow, Jonesboro.
2. Henry R. Gibson, Knoxville.

Democrats.

3. John A. Moon, Chatanooga.
4. M. T. Fitzpatrick, Nashville.
5. Jas. D. Richardson, Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines, Nashville.
7. Lemuel P. Padgett, Columbia.
8. Thetus W. Sims, Linden.
9. Rice A. Pierce, Union City.
10. Malcolm R. Patterson, Memphis.

TEXAS.

Democrats.

1. Morris Sheppard, Texarkana.
2. Sam B. Cooper, Beaumount.
3. J. G. Russell, Tyler.
4. Choice B. Randell, Sherman.
5. J. A. Beall, Waxahachie.
6. Scott Field, Calvert.
7. A. W. Gregg, Palestine.
8. Thomas H. Ball, Huntsville.
9. George F. Burgess, Gonzales.
10. Albert S. Burleson, Austin.
11. Robert L. Henry, Waco.
12. O. W. Gillesnie, Fort Worth.
13. John H. Stephens, Vernon.
14. James L. Slayden, San Antonio.
15. John N. Garner, Uvalde.
16. W. R. Smith, Colorado.

UTAH.

At Large—Republican.

Joseph Howell, Wellsville.

VERMONT.

Republicans.

1. David J. Foster, Burlington.
2. Kittredge Haskins, Brattleboro.

VIRGINIA.

Republican.

9. Campbell Slemp, Big Stone Gap.

Democrats.

1. William A. Jones, Warsaw.
2. Henry L. Maynard, Portsmouth.
3. John Lamb, Richmond.
4. R. G. Southall, Amelia.
5. Claude A. Swanson, Chatham.
6. Carter Glass, Lynchburg.
7. James Hay, Madison.
8. John F. Rixey, Brandy.
10. Henry D. Flood, W. Appommattox.

WASHINGTON.

At Large—Republicans.

Wesley L. Jones, Yakima.
Francis W. Cushman, Tacoma.
William E. Humphrey, Seattle.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Republicans.

1. Blackburn B. Dovener, Wheeling.
2. Alston G. Dayton, Philippi.
3. Joseph Holt Gaines, Charleston.
4. Harry C. Woodyard, Spencer.
5. James A. Hughes, Huntington.

WISCONSIN.

Republicans.

1. Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
2. H. C. Adams, Madison.
3. Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
4. Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
5. William H. Stafford, Milwaukee.
7. John J. Esch, LaCrosse.
8. James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
9. Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
10. Webster E. Brown, Rhinelander.
11. John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

Democrat.

6. C. H. Weisse, Sheboygan Falls.

WYOMING.

At Large—Republican.

Frank W. Mondell, Newcastle.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans	208
Democrats	178
Whole	386

Territorial Delegates.

ARIZONA.

Democrat.

J. F. Wilson, Prescott.

NEW MEXICO.

Republican.

Bernard S. Rodey, Albuquerque.

OKLAHOMA.

Republican.

Bird S. Maguire, Guthrie.

HAWAII.

Republican.

Jonah Kalaulauoale, Honolulu.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Prof. Woodrow Wilson, in his "History of the American People," says: "President Monroe took an early opportunity to domesticate, as it were, the very foreign policy of the government by confining its issues to the Americas. European statesmen were putting their houses in order after the convulsions of the Napoleonic wars, establishing once more the balance of power and the rights of shaken dynasties. They drew their States together, under the leadership of Austria, and her consummate Metternich, to crush every rising, silence every demand for liberal reform, and make good the jeopardized absolutism of their kings throughout the length and breadth of Europe.

"Their reactionary purpose having been accomplished with some touch of thoroughness on the Continent itself, Spain prayed them to assist her to win the revolted colonies of South America back to her crown, and they seemed about to accede to her prayer. Mr. Canning, England's watchful Minister, saw at once the peril there would be in that to England's trade in the south. He proposed, therefore, to Mr. Rush, the American Minister in London, that the United States should join with England in protesting against the attempt of any outside power to restore Spain's authority in America. Mr. Adams, the Secretary of State, did not relish the suggestion, though he approved the object. Mr. Monroe accepted his view in the matter. In his annual message of December, 1823, he told Congress and the world what attitude he meant to take toward any attempt on the part of European powers 'to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere.'

"What had made the matter seem the more exigent and important was the unpleasant fact that Russia was gaining a foothold in North America itself. Russian fur traders were pushing and extending their trade not only in Alaska, but also along the coasts to the southward and nearer to Oregon. The Czar claimed all of the coast waters of the region as his own. Mr. Adams had feared that should the European coalition, of which the Czar was so influential a member, interfere in the affairs of Spain at the south, Russia might take the Spanish Province of California as compensation for her trouble and shut the doors of the Pacific once for all against the expanding Union. Mr. Monroe, therefore, spoke very plainly upon that point also in his message. These decisive words proved sufficient. Whatever may have been Russia's plans, she did not care to force them now, and in the closing months of Mr. Monroe's administration she agreed to a treaty in which it was stipulated that the fisheries and the navigation of the Pacific were to be open to both parties, and that the line 54° 40 north latitude should divide their future settlements."

The Monroe doctrine is stated in precise terms in the following extracts from President Monroe's message to Congress on December 2, 1823:

"In the wars of the European powers in matters relating to themselves we have never taken any part, nor does it comport with our policy to do so. It is only when our rights are invaded or seriously menaced that we resent injuries or make preparations for our defense. With the movements in this hemisphere we are of necessity more immediately connected, and by causes which must be obvious to all enlightened and impartial observers.

"This political system of the allied powers is essentially different in this respect from that of America. This difference proceeds from that which exists in their respective governments. And to the defense of our own, which has been achieved by the loss of so much blood and treasure, and matured by the wisdom of our most enlightened citizens, and under which we have enjoyed unexampled felicity, this whole nation is devoted.

"We owe it, therefore, to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power we have not interfered, and shall not interfere. But with the governments who have declared their independence and maintained it, and whose independence we have on great consideration and on just principles acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them, or controlling in any other manner their destiny, by any European power in any other light than as the manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States.

"The American continents, by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European powers.

"It is impossible that the allied powers should extend their political system to any portion of either continent without endangering our peace and happiness; nor can anyone believe that our southern brethren, if left to themselves, would adopt it of their own accord. It is equally impossible, therefore, that we should behold such interposition in any form with indifference."

FEDERAL OFFICES AT BALTIMORE.

CUSTOM HOUSE.

Collector ..... William F. Stone.
Special Deputy Collector..... Dr. Nelson A. Ryon.
Deputy Collector..... Col. Charles W. Raphun.
Secretary to Collector..... Benjamin L. Henderson.
Clerk ..... Mrs. E. J. May.
Auditor ..... Charles F. Hanna.
Cashier ..... Charles S. Montell.
Chief Entry Clerk..... Thomas J. Talbott.
Chief Marine Clerk..... Charles A. Thalheimer.
Chief Warehouse Clerk..... T. Sewell Plummer.
Chief Liquidating Clerk..... William S. Potter.
Chief Statistical Clerk..... R. J. B. Boggs.
Records Keeper..... Andrew Banks.
Storekeeper, Public Store..... William J. Blair.
Assistant Custodian..... Edwin T. Daneker.
Surveyor ..... Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft.
Deputy Surveyor..... David E. Dick.
United States Weigher..... T. M. Lanahan.
Appraisers ..... Jas. H. Butler and C. Ross Mace.
Assistant Appraiser..... James Campbell.
Naval Officer..... William T Malster.
Deputy Naval Officer..... John W. Cable.
Special Agent, Treasury Department..Leslie Cullom.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINERS.

Chairman—Wm. J. Blair. Secretary—Charles S. Burns.
James H. Butler, T. Sewell Plummer. L. M. Zimmerman.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.

Assistant Treasurer..... A. Lincoln Dryden.
Cashier ..... L. H. Nice.
National Bank Examiner..... John U. Markell.

PENSION EXAMINERS.

Major Edward Howard. Albert H. Davis.

POSTOFFICE.

Postmaster—S. Davies Warfield. | Assistant Postmaster—Edw. W. Baker.
Secretary—Ernest Green. | Cashier—George L. S. Kimberly.

Superintendents.

Mailing Division—Frank M. Smith. | Money Order Division—Geo. L. Horn.
City Division—George W. Wright. | Stamp Division—Samuel B. Cator.
Carriers—Sam'l F. Tapman. | General Delivery—Sydney Adams.
Registry Division—Jas. A. Saulsbury.

Civil Service Board.

Chairman—George L. S. Kimberly. Secretary—Louis M. Rawlins.
Henry F. Dorton. | Charles A. Rotan.
James T. O'Neill. | Josias Carroll, Jr.
William E. Davis.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Collector—Phillips Lee Goldsborough. Deputy Collector—George E. Sharrer.

UNITED STATES COURT OFFICIALS.

Marshal—John F. Langhammer. | Clerk of the United States Court—Jas. W. Chew.
Chief Deputy—William Coath. | Assistant Clerk—Arthur L. Spamer.
District Attorney—John C. Rose.
Assist. Dist. Attorney—Morris A. Soper.

STEAMBOAT INSPECTORS.

Charles W. Wright. Edwin F. White.

TO FIND ANY PERSON'S AGE.

Tell him or her, as the case may be, to put down the number of the month in which he was born, then to multiply it by two, then to add five, then to multiply it by 50, then to add her age, then to subtract 365, then to add 115, then to tell the amount she has left. | The two figures to the right will denote the person's age, and the remainder, the month of birth. For example, the total amount is 822; the person is 22 years old and was born in the eighth month (August).

POPE LEO XIII.

On February 20, 1902, Pope Leo XIII—Giacchino Pecci—began the 25th year of his pontificate. The essential dates in his career may be summarized as follows:

Born at Carpineto, then in the States of the Church, March 2, 1810.

Ordained priest December 31, 1837.

Sent as nuncio to Belgium 1843; consecrated as Archbishop of Damietta, February 19 of the same year.

Nominated Bishop of Perugia January 19, 1846.

Created a cardinal by Pius IX December 19, 1853.

Appointed cardinal camerlengo (Chamberlain) September, 1877.

Became Pope February 20, 1878.

Crowned March 3, 1878.

Celebrated the golden jubilee of his priesthood, 1887.

Episcopal jubilee celebrated February 19, 1893.

Ninety-second birthday March 2, 1902.

APOSTOLIC DELEGATES.

Apostolic Delegate to the United States—Archbishop Diomede Falconio, O. S. F.

Residence, 201 I street N. W., Washington, D. C.

Archbishop Falconio is the first American citizen to become Apostolic Delegate at Washington. His two predecessors were Cardinal Satolli and Cardinal Martinelli. The new Apostolic Delegate was born in 1842 and is a member of the Franciscan Order. He came to this country in 1865 and was ordained a priest at Buffalo, N. Y., the following year. Two years later he became president of St. Bonaventure's College. He became a citizen of the United States and voted at the Presidential election in 1872. He was made a bishop in 1892, and in the same year was elevated to the Archbishopric of Acrenza and Mareta. He was Papal Delegate to Canada and was transferred thence to Washington.

The Delegate is clothed with powers from Rome to settle ecclesiastical questions arising in the Church in the United States. As Apostolic Delegate he has the supreme power in church government of the delegating Pontiff.

Auditor of the delegation at Washington—Dr. Francis Marchetti.
Dr. F. Z. Rooker, secretary.

Apostolic Delegate in the Philippines—Archbishop Augusto Guidi.

Apostolic Delegate to Cuba and Porto Rico—Archbishop Placidus L. Chapelle.

Porto Rico—James H. Blenck, Bishop

Santiago, Cuba—Francis de Paula Barnada, Archbishop.

Prefect Apos., Alaska—John R. Rene, S. J.

CATHOLIC PRELATES.

Hierarchy of the Roman Catholic Church in the United States.

Province of Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md.—James Gibbons, Cardinal and Archbishop.
Charleston, S. C.—H. P. Northrop.
Richmond, Va.—A. Van de Vyver.
Savannah, Ga—Benjamin J. Keiley.
St. Augustine, Fla.—William J. Kenny.
Wheeling, W. Va.—P. J. Donahue.
Wilmington, Del.—John J. Monaghan.
Vicariate Apostolic, N. C.—Leo Haid, O. S. B.

Province of Boston.

Boston, Mass.—John J. Williams, Archbishop; John Brady, Auxiliary Bishop.
Burlington, Vt.—John Michaud, Bishop.
Manchester, N. H.—D. M. Bradley.
Hartford, Conn.—Michael Tierney.
Portland, Me.—William H. O'Connell.
Providence, R. I.—Matthew Harkins.
Springfield, Mass.—Thomas D. Beaven.

Province of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo.—John J. Kain, Archbishop.
Leavenworth, Kan.—Louis M. Fink, O. S. B.
Concordia, Kan.—John F. Cunningham.
Wichita, Kan.—J. J. Hennessy.
Kansas City, Mo.—John J. Hogan; John J. Glennon, Coadjutor Bishop.
St. Joseph, Mo.—Maurice F. Burke.

Province of Dubuque.

Dubuque, Iowa.—John J. Keane, Archbishop.
Cheyenne, Wyo.—James J. Keane.
Davenport, Iowa.—Henry Cosgrove.
Lincoln, Neb.—Thomas Bonacum.
Omaha, Neb.—Richard Scannell.
Sioux City, Ia.—Philip J. Garrigan.

Province of Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Ohio—W. H. Elder, Archbishop.
Cleveland, O.—Ignatius F. Horstmann.
Columbus, O.—Henry Moeller.
Covington, Ky.—C. P. Maes.
Detroit, Mich.—John S. Foley.
Fort Wayne, Ind.—H. Alerding.
Louisville, Ky.—Wm. G. McCloskey.
Vincennes, Ind.—F. S. Chatard; Denis O'Donoghue, Auxiliary Bishop.
Grand Rapids, Mich.—H. J. Richter.
Nashville, Tenn.—Thomas S. Byrne.

Province of Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis.—F. X. Katzer, Archbishop.
Green Bay, Wis.—Sebastian G. Messmer.
La Crosse, Wis.—James Schwebach.
Marquette and Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. Frederick W. Fis.

CATHOLIC PRELATES—Continued.

Province of Chicago.

Chicago, Ill.—James E. Quigley, Archbishop; Peter J. Muldoon and Alex. J. McGavick, Auxiliary Bishops.
Peoria, Ill.—John L. Spaulding; P. J. O'Reilly, Auxiliary Bishop.
Alton, Ill.—James Ryan.
Bellville, Ill.—John Janssen.

Province of St. Paul.

St. Paul, Minn.—John Ireland, Archbishop.
Duluth, Minn.—J. McGolrick.
St. Cloud, Minn.—James Trobec.
Winona, N. D.—J. B. Cotter.
Fargo, N. D.—John Shanley.
Sioux Falls, S. D.—Thomas O'Gorman.
Lead City, S. D.—John N. Stariha.

Province of New Orleans.

New Orleans, La.—Placidus L. Chapelle, Archbishop; G. A. Rouxel, Auxiliary Bishop.
Galveston, Texas—N. A. Gallagher.
Little Rock, Ark.—Edward Fitzgerald.
Mobile, Ala.—Edward P. Allen.
Natchez, Miss.—Thomas Heslin.
Natchitoches, La.—A. Durier.
San Antonio, Texas—J. A. Forest.
Dallas, Texas—Ed. J. Dunne.
Vic. Apos., Brownsville, Texas—Peter Verdaguer.
Vic. Apos., Ind. Ty.—Theo. Meerschaert.

Province of Oregon.

Oregon—Alexander Christie, Archbishop.
Nesqually, W. T.—Ed. O'Dea.
Helena, Mont.—J. B. Brondel.
Boise, Idaho—A. J. Glorieux.
Vancouver's Island—Bertrand Orth.

Province of New York.

New York—John M. Farley, Archbishop.
Albany, N. Y.—Thomas M. A. Burke.
Brooklyn, N. Y.—Charles E. McDonnell.
Buffalo, N. Y.—Vacancy.
Newark, N. J.—John J. O'Connor.
Ogdensburg, N. Y.—Henry Gabriels.
Syracuse, N. Y.—P. A. Ludden.
Rochester, N. Y.—B. J. McQuaid.
Trenton, N. J.—James A. McFaul.

Province of Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa.—P. J. Ryan, Archbishop; Edmond F. Prendergast, Auxiliary Bishop.
Pittsburg and Allegheny, Pa.—R. Phelan; J. F. Regis Canovin, Coadjutor Bishop.
Erie, Pa.—John E. Fitzmaurice.
Harrisburg, Pa.—John W. Shanahan.
Scranton, Pa.—M. J. Hoban.
Altoona, Pa.—Eugene E. Garvey.

Province of San Francisco.

San Francisco, Cal.—Patrick W. Riordan, Archbishop; George Montgomery, coadjutor, with right of succession.
Sacramento, Cal.—Thomas Grace.
Salt Lake, Utah—Laur. Scanlan.

Province of Santa Fe.

Santa Fe, N. M.—Peter Bourgade, Archbishop; J. B. Pitaval, Auxiliary Bishop.
Tucson, Arizona—Henry Granjon.
Denver, Col.—Nicholas C. Matz.

Titular Bishops.

Titular Bishop of Samos—Thomas J. Conaty.
Titular Bishop of Echinos—A. A. Curtis.

BAPTIST DENOMINATION.

The Southern Baptist Convention will meet at Savannah, Ga., May 8, 1903. Hon. James P. Eagle, of Arkansas, is President; Rev. Lansing Burrows, Nashville, Tenn., and Rev. Oliver F. Gregory, Montgomery, Ala., Secretaries.

The Maryland Baptist Union Association, Hon. Joshua Levering, President, and Revs. W. H. Baylor and Thos. A. Johnson, Secretaries, will meet at Fulton Avenue Baptist Church, in Baltimore, Tuesday, October 27, 1903. The officers of the Executive Board of this Association are: J. Harry Tyler, President; W. H. Baylor, Secretary, and George Miller, Treasurer.

The Eastern District Association, Rev. D. M. Lennox, Moderator, and John A. Sims, Clerk, will meet at Cambridge, June 24, 1903.

The Middle District Association, D. G. Stevens, Moderator, and Rev. J. A. Jones, Clerk, will meet at Hereford, Md., September 16, 1903.

The Western District Association, Charles M. Ness, Moderator, and A. J. Harley, Clerk, will meet at Laurel, Md., June 5, 1903.

The Maryland Baptist Young People's Union will meet at Fulton Avenue Baptist Church, Baltimore, Monday, October 26, 1903. George Miller is President, and Horace E. Gambrill is Secretary.

Woman's Home Mission Society of Maryland will meet at Fulton Avenue Church, Baltimore, Tuesday, October 27, 1903. Miss Annie W. Armstrong, President; Mrs. Ada E. Tucker, Secretary.

The Woman's Foreign Mission Society of Maryland will meet at Fulton Avenue Church, Baltimore, Wednesday, October 28, 1903. Mrs. J. H. Eager, President; Miss Clara Woolford, Secretary.

Woman's State Mission Society of Maryland will meet at Fulton Avenue Church, Baltimore, Thursday, October 29, 1903. Mrs. George H. Eyster, President; Mrs. J. M. Keeler, Secretary.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Bishops.	Elected.	Class.	Residence.
Thomas Bowman....	1872	....Supt., Retired.....	East Orange, N. J.
Randolph S. Foster..	1872	....Supt., Retired.....	Roxbury, Mass.
Stephen M. Merrill..	1872	....Superintendent....	57 Wash'ng st., Chicago, Ill.
Edw. G. Andrews....	1872	....Superintendent....	150 5th ave., New York C'y.
Henry W. Warren...	1880	....Superintendent....	University Park, Col.
Cyrus D. Foss.....	1880	....Superintendent....	Philadelphia, Pa.
John F. Hurst.....	1880	....Superintendent....	Washington, D. C.
John M. Walden....	1884	....Superintendent....	220 W. 4th st., Cinc'nati, O.
Willard F. Mallalieu.	1884	....Superintendent....	Boston, Mass.
Charles H. Fowler...	1884	....Superintendent....	455 Frank'n av., Buf'lo, N. Y.
John H. Vincent....	1888	....Superintendent....	Zurich, Switzerland.
Jas. N. FitzGerald...	1888	....Superintendent....	St. Louis, Mo.
Isaac W. Joyce.....	1888	....Superintendent....	Minneapolis, Minn.
Daniel A. Goodsell...	1888	....Superintendent....	Chattanooga, Tenn.
Chas. C. McCabe....	1896	....Superintendent....	Topeka, Kans.
Earl Cranston.....	1896	....Superintendent....	Portland, Oregon.
Jas. M. Thoburn....	1888	....Missionary.....	Bombay, India.
Jos. C. Hartzell.....	1896	....Missionary.....	Vivi, Congo.
David H. Moore.....	1900	....Superintendent....	Shanghai, China.
Jno. Wm. Hamilton..	1900	....Superintendent....	San Francisco, Cal.
Frank Wesley Warne.	1900	....Missionary.....	Calcutta, India.

The next General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will meet in 1904.

Annual Conferences in 1903.

Conference.	Place.	Time.	Bishop.
Baltimore	Baltimore	April 1	FitzGerald.
Washington	Staunton, Va	April 9	FitzGerald.
Wilmington	Easton, Md	Mar. 18	Cranston.
Virginia	Eagles Rest, Va	Mar. 25	Warren.
Delaware	Pocomoke City, Md	Mar. 25	Fowler.
New York		April 1	McCabe.
New York, East		April 1	Goodsell.
Philadelphia		Mar. 18	Mallalieu.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SOUTH.

BISHOPS AND THEIR RESIDENCES.

1870—John C. Keener, New Orleans.
1882—Alpheus W. Wilson, Baltimore.
1882—John C. Granberry, Ashland, Va.
1882—Robt. K. Hargrove, Nashville, Tenn.
1886—Wm. W. Duncan, Spartanburg, South Carolina.
1886—Chas. B. Galloway, Jackson, Miss.
1886—Eugene R. Hendrix, Kansas City, Missouri.
1886—Joseph S. Key, Sherman, Tex.
1890—Oscar P. Fitzgerald, Nashville, Tennessee.
1898—Warren A. Candler, Atlanta, Ga.
1898—Henry C. Morrison, Louisv'e, Ky.
1902—A. Coke Smith, Charlotte, N. C.
1902—Embrey E. Hoss, Dallas, Tex.

The date of the next quadrennial General Conference of the M. E. Church, South, is the first Thursday in May, 1906. The entertainment committee will name the place in 1903. Louisville, Birmingham, Nashville and New Orleans have extended invitations.

At the General Conference, held in May, 1902, in Dallas, Texas, the order of Deaconesses of the M. E. Church, South, was created by a vote of 130 to 38.

It was decided to pay the bishops annual salaries of $3,600; superannuated bishops, $2,000, and widows of bishops, $1,000.

The Baltimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will meet March 25, at Fredericksburg, Virginia.

The Virginia Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South will meet in November, 1903.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The seventeenth General Council of the Reformed Episcopal Church will be held in the Church of the Epiphany, Cleveland, O., on Wednesday, June 10, 1903.

BISHOPS AND THEIR RESIDENCES.

1873—Charles E. Cheny, Chicago.
1876—Edward Cridge, Victoria, British Columbia.
1878—Samuel F. Fallows, Chicago.
1879—P. F. Stevens, Charleston, S. C.
1880—Edw. Wilson, Meteuchen, N. J.
1902—W. T. Sabine, New York.

WALTERS' ART COLLECTIONS.

In May, 1902, Mr. Henry Walters, of Baltimore, bought, in Rome, the art collection of Don Marcello Massarenti, said to be valued at $1,000,000. On July 12 a cargo of 275 cases from this collection arrived at New York, upon which the valuation of $450,000 was placed and the duty, something over $90,000. As Mr. Walters already possessed in Baltimore a great collection illustrating the best schools of modern art, and as he had made real estate purchases, leading to the assumption that he was forming plans for the enlargement of his gallery—already the finest private collection in America—the natural inference was drawn that the ultimate destination of these Roman treasures of art was the City of Baltimore, his home.

Mr. Walters acquired by successive purchases all of the property on the west side of Washington Place, from the narrow street which intersects the block down to the corner of Charles and Centre streets. It was then assumed that he intended to erect on the site of the old buildings there standing a modern building for the reception of his collections. This supposition was strengthened by the announcement of his purchase of the Massarenti collection. A part of Mr. Walters' collection, consisting of ceramics and water colors, is housed in his Mount Vernon Place residence, No. 5. The oil paintings are in the fire-proof building which runs at right angles to the house, and in the rear of a dwelling, No. 606 North Charles street, and is connected with the gallery on Mount Vernon Place by means of a bridge.

So far, Mr. Walters has given no hint of his plans regarding the Roman collection, and said nothing in regard to the purchase except admitting that he was negotiating for the collection, which, he says, is made up almost entirely of old works.

STATUES TO CARROLL AND HANSON.

The General Assembly of Maryland, in 1898, appropriated $24,000 to place in the old hall of the House of Representatives in the Capitol at Washington, statues to Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, a Maryland signer of the Declaration of Independence, and John Hanson, of Maryland, President of the Continental Congress from 1781 to 1782.

The work was completed in December, 1902, when the statues were placed in the Hall of Statuary. The figures are of bronze, 10 feet high, standing on pedestals of Tennessee marble five feet high. The commission appointed by the Governor to carry into effect the Act of Assembly were as follows:

STATUARY COMMISSION.

Ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll, Howard County.
Douglas H. Thomas, Baltimore.
Thomas J. Shryock, Baltimore.
Dr. Fabian Franklin, Baltimore.
Richard K. Cross, Baltimore.

The presentation was made December 16, 1902, by letter of Governor John Walter Smith, of Maryland, which was sent to Congress through Senator Louis E. McComas and Representative George A. Pearre. The date of January 31, 1903, was selected as the time when speeches will be delivered in the Senate and House of Representatives. The statues were made by Richard E. Brooks, of Boston, Mass.

CHICAGO CORNER ON CORN, 1902.

In July, 1902, a memorable "corner" on corn was engineered in Chicago by John W. Gates and associates. Under this manipulation the price of corn jumped, July 1, to 78 cents. July 8 it touched 90 cents in Chicago, and the Gates clique were reported to have realized some $4,000,000 on the corner. Men worth in the aggregate $130,000,000 were said to be behind the "corner." Corn was rushed to its high price by the manipulations of the strongest and richest gang of speculators that ever joined hands to bull markets and drive bears to destruction. It was a purely speculative deal. Never before were operations carried on with such security and confidence. Compared with this "deal," that of Joseph Leiter in wheat was retail trade. Twenty million bushels of corn were bought by the ring for delivery to it during the month of July, and in the first ten days of the month only 4,000,000 bushels were turned over, although the shorts were straining every nerve to get corn and save themselves from ruin. On July 12th, 10,000,000 bushels of corn of contract grade had to be brought to Chicago and delivered, or else the penalty had to be paid. The end, however, came sooner than was anticipated. Settlements were reached, July 15, and the corner ended with large profits for Gates and his associates. The July price responded to the settlement by a quick drop of 15¾ cents, from 81 cents to 65¼ cents. Later it recovered a fraction, and closed at 65½ cents, substantially the price of the cash article.

VIRGINIA'S NEW CONSTITUTION.

A new Constitution of the State of Virginia was proclaimed by Governor A. J. Montague, in accordance with the provisions of the instrument itself, as the organic law of the Commonwealth, from and after the hour of noon, July 10, 1902. The same day the Governor commissioned the first woman ever allowed to become a notary public in Virginia.

The Constitution makes decided changes in requirements for the exercise of the privilege of the suffrage, and seeks to control the great business and transportation companies through a State commission of three citizens. This commission is empowered to grant charters to corporations under laws to be enacted by the General Assembly; to discharge all of the duties formerly imposed upon the Commissioner of Railways and the Board of Public Works; the power of supervising, regulating and controlling all the transportation and the transmission companies in all matters relating to the performance of their public functions, and their charges therefor. The commission may prescribe rates, classification of traffic and such rules and regulations as may be "reasonable and just." The power is given the commission to inspect at all times the books and papers of all transportation and transmission companies in Virginia. Appeals are allowed to the Supreme Court of Appeals. All corporations are required to make annual reports to the commission of the status of business or condition of such corporations as the General Assembly may prescribe. The failure to make such reports for two years may operate to forfeit the charter of offending corporations. No transportation company is permitted to receive greater compensation for a shorter than for a longer haul, with some few exceptions. No transportation company is permitted to grant any free transportation to any member of the General Assembly nor to any city, county, or State officer. The article also contains what is known as the employers' liability provision, which was opposed with much energy by Virginia railroads.

The main features of the suffrage plan are substantially as follows: Prior to January 1, 1904, four classes of persons are allowed to register—namely, soldiers who have been engaged in any war in which this country has been engaged; the sons of such persons; persons who have paid to the State, for the year preceding that in which they register, not less than one dollar of tax on property in their own names, and persons who can "understand and give a reasonable explanation of any section of the Constitution" submitted to them by the officers of registration. Persons registered under any one or more of these clauses will constitute what is called the "permanent roll," and will not be required to register again except for the purpose of fixing their residence. After January 1, 1904, new provisions both as to registration and voting come into operation. The "understanding" clause becomes inoperative. There will be only two requirements for registration, namely, the person applying for registration shall have paid all State poll taxes assessed against him in the three years next preceding that in which he registers, and he must, unless physically unable, make out his own written application for registration without assistance.

The Legislature will meet every two years, the sessions to continue for 60 days, instead of 90 days, as heretofore. The Senators are to be elected every two years without any holding over, the same as the Delegates in the Lower House.

A tax is imposed on the gross receipts of railroads. The taxation article also requires that taxation on given subjects shall be uniform. Under the old Constitution it was required that "all taxation should be equal and uniform." The change made allows the Legislature, if it sees fit, to impose a greater rate of taxation upon railroads or any other class than upon real estate, for instance.

The new Constitution abolishes the County Court and institutes in its place the Circuit Court system, and 23 circuits are formed. Now there are but two judicial systems in the State—the Supreme Court of Appeals and the Circuit Courts.

The Governor is given authority to suspend any officers in the State, except the Lieutenant-Governor, for cause and to appoint his successor until the matter against the offending officer shall have been investigated.

The State Board of Education is enlarged. The new offices made elective by the people are the State Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Commissioner of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Commonwealth. These were formerly chosen by the Legislature. Members of the Legislature are debarred from holding office during their term, except by popular vote.

City Councils are not permitted to dispose of any valuable franchise without advertising for bids for the same. This is intended to prevent the giving away of franchises to influential corporations.

VIRGINIA STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor—Andrew J. Montague.
Lieutenant-Governor—Joseph E. Willard.
Attorney-General—William A. Anderson.

Secretary Commonwealth—D. Q. Eggleston.
Superintendent of Public Printing—James H. O'Bannon, Richmond.
Treasurer—A. W. Harman.
Auditor—Morton Marye, Richmond.
Second Auditor—John G. Dew, Richmond.
Supt. Public Instruction—Joseph W. Southall, Amelia.
Commissioner of Agriculture—Geo. W. Koiner.
State Corp. Commissioners—Bev. T. Crump, Henry Fairfax, H. C. Stuart.
Register Land Office—John W. Richardson.
Adjutant-General—William Nalle.
Commissioner of Labor—James B. Doherty.
Supt. Penitentiary—Geo. M. Helms.

SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.

President—Jas. Keith, Richmond.
Resident Judge—Richard H. Cardwell, Hanover.
John A. Buchanan, Abingdon.
George M. Harrison, Staunton.
Stafford G. Whittle, Martinsville.
Judges terms began January 1, 1895, for twelve years each.

TERM TIMES AND PLACES.

At Richmond, 5th day of November, 5th day of January and 5th day of March, for 160 days, if necessary. Clerk, Geo. K. Taylor.

At Staunton, on the 10th day of September, for 60 days, if necessary. Clerk, Joseph A. Waddell.

At Wytheville, on the 10th of June, for 60 days, if necessary. Clerk, W. G. G. Lowry. Reporter, Martin P. Burks.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

After March 1, 1903, the Board of Education will consist of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Governor, the Attorney-General, three members to be chosen by the Senate from the faculties of the State institutions for higher and technical education, and one county and one city superintendent of schools, to be selected by the other members of the Board. The Governor is ex-officio President. Frank P. Brent, Secretary to Board.

BOARD OF FISHERIES OF VIRGINIA.

John W. Boudoin, Bloxom Postoffice, Accomack County, Chairman and Chief Inspector; Seth F. Miller, Foster, Mathews County, Secretary and Assistant Inspector; Robert J. Camp, Franklin, Southampton County; George B. Keezell, Keezelltown, Rockingham County; Henry M. Tyler, Richmond. For the term of four years, from March 30, 1902. The office of the Board is at Norfolk, postoffice box 168; Richmond, Postoffice box 863. Edward L. C. Scott, Clerk, Hanover County.

WEST VIRGINIA STATE OFFICIALS.

Governor—Albert B. White, Parkersburg, Wood County.
Auditor—Arnold C. Scherr, Keyser, Mineral County.
Treasurer—Peter Silman, Charleston, Kanawha County.
Attorney-General—Romeo H. Freer, Harrisville, Ritchie County

State Superintendent Free Schools—T. C. Miller, Morgantown, Monongalia County.
Secretary of State—Wm. M. O. Dawson, Kingwood, Preston County.
Adjutant-General—S. B. Baker, Parkersburg.
Private Secretary to Governor—Ed. L. Boggs, Charleston.
State Librarian—S. W. Starke (colored), Charleston, Kanawha County.
Commissioner of Labor Statistics—I. V. Barton, Wheeling, Ohio County.
Chief Mine Inspector—John W. Paul, Davis, Mineral County.
Commissioner of Banking—M. A. Kendall, Parkersburg.
Supreme Court of Appeals—President, Henry Brannon, Weston, Lewis Co.; M. H. Dent, Grafton, Taylor Co.; H. C. McWhorter, Charleston, Kanawha County; George A. Poffenberger, Pt. Pleasant, Mason County; one vacancy. Clerk, Jas. A. Holley, Hamlin, Lincoln County.

SALARIES OF STATE OFFICIALS.

Governor, $2,700 a year, and Executive Mansion.

Secretary of State, $1,000 a year and fees. (Estimated $15,000 a year).

Treasurer, $1,400 a year.

Auditor, $2,000 a year and fees. Estimated $20,000 a year).

Attorney-General, $1,300 a year.

State Superintendent Free Schools, $1,500 a year.

Judges Supreme Court of Appeals, $2,200 a year each, and mileage allowance.

Clerk Supreme Court of Appeals, $1,000 a year and fees.

Judges of Circuit Courts, $1,800 a year each, and mileage allowance.

Adjutant-General, $1,200 a year.

President of Senate and Speaker of House of Delegates, $6 per day during session of Legislature.

VOTE OF DELAWARE, 1902.

Nov. 4, 1902. Counties.	Congress— Houston, Dem.	Byrne, U. R.	Ball, Rep.	Treasurer— Hossinger, Dem.	Burris, Rep.	Auditor— Lowe, Dem.	Norman Rep.
New Castle	8,538	4,456	7,114	8,944	11,166	8,878	11,33(
Kent	3,744	3,898	267	3,759	4,153	3,769	4,13:
Sussex	4,114	4,644	647	3,949	5,386	3,920	5,19'
Totals	16,396	12,998	8,028	16,652	20,705	16,567	20,65

DELAWARE STATE OFFICERS.

Office.	Incumbent.	Politics.	Term Exp.	Salary
Governor	John Hunn	R.	1905	$2,00
Lieutenant-Governor	Philip L. Cannon	R.	1905	*
Secretary of State	Caleb R. Layton	R.	1905	†1,00
Attorney-General	Herbert H. Ward	R.	1905	2,00
State Treasurer	Martin B. Burris	R.	1905	1,95
State Auditor	Purnell B. Norman, Jr.	R.	1905	1,20
Insurance Commissioner	George W. Marshall	R.	1905	1,40
	DELAWARE JUDICIARY.			
Chief Justice	Charles B. Lore	D.	1909	3,80
	Associate Justices.			
New Castle County	Ignatius C. Grubb	D.	1909	3,60
	W. C. Spruance	R.	1909	3,60
Kent County	James Pennewill	R.	1909	3,60
Sussex County	W. H. Boyce	D.	1909	3,60
Chancellor	John R. Nicholson	D.	1909	3,80
Court Stenographer	Edmond C. Hardesty.			

*Per diem. †And fees.

DELAWARE LEGISLATURE.

Elected November 4, 1902.

The Senate.

NEWCASTLE COUNTY.

Dist.	Postoffice.
1. Geo. W. Sparks, R.	Wilmington
2. F. J. McNulty, D.	Wilmington
3. T. J. Sterling, R.	Henry Clay
4. B. A. Groves, R.	Hokesin
5. Artemus Smith, D.	Wilmington
6. H. C. Ellison, R.	Summit Bridge
7. John A. Latta, D.	Smyrna

KENT COUNTY.

1. Thos. C. Moore, R.	Smyrna
2. J. R. Clements, D.	Clayton

KENT COUNTY—Continued.

Dist.	Postoffice
3. J. Frank Allee, R.	Dove
4. G. D. Harrington, D.	Farmingto
5. Alban B. Conner, R.	Felto

SUSSEX COUNTY.

1. S. S Pennewill, R.	Bridgevil
2. Isaiah J. Brasure, R.	Angol
3. Thos. O. Moore, R.	Laur
4. Chas. Wright, D.	Seafo
5. Thos. W. Jefferson, D.	Milto

Senate—Democrats, 7; Republicans, 10.

House of Delegates.

NEWCASTLE COUNTY.

Dist.	Postoffice.
1. H. G. Buckmaster, D.	Wilmington
2. James P. Jones, R.	Wilmington
3. John Bancroft, R.	Wilmington
4 T. M. Monaghan, D.	Wilmington
5. Wm. M. Connelly, D.	Wilmington
6. Abraham L. Tyre, R.	Bellevue
7. Wm. R. Flinn, R.	Newport
8. Wm. M. Eastburn, R.	Kiamansi
9. John W. Morrison, D.	Christiana
10. C. P. Holcomb, D.	Newcastle
11. David C. Rose, D.	Cooches Bridge
12. Wm. A. Price, R.	Delaware City
13. L. V. Asprill, R.	Odessa
14. Edward Hart, D.	Townsend
15. Sam'l C. Derrickson, R.	Smyrna

KENT COUNTY.

1. Harry S. Anthony, R.	Smyrna
2. Chas. H. Pardee, D.	Dover
3. George Cook, D.	Kenton

KENT COUNTY—Continued.

Dist.	Postoffic
4. Wm. H. Gehman, R.	Hartl
5. Thos. M. Gooden, D.	Dov
6. S. Carl Hughes, D.	Harringt
7. Thos. E. Warren, R.	Wyomi
8. Jos. Frazier, R.	Frederi
9. J. Wilbur Powell, R.	
10. Lavimus Austin, R.	Milfo

SUSSEX COUNTY.

1. Jno. W. Bennett, R.	Milfo
2. Oliver A. Newton, R.	Greenwo
3. Frank Allen, D.	Seafo
4. Henry Messick, R.	Seafo
5. Samuel J. Lowe, D.	Lau
6. R. D. Lingo, Jr., R.	Millsbo
7. John G. Townsend, R.	Frankfo
8. F. W. Lason, R.	Hollyvi
9. T. R. Purnell, R.	Georgeto
10. Jos. D. Thomson, D.	Rehobo

Republicans, 21; Democrats, 14. On joint ballot—Democrats, 21; Republicans, 3

NORTH CAROLINA STATE OFFICERS.

Governor—Charles B. Aycock.
Governor's Private Secretary—P. M. Pearsall.
Lieutenant-Governor—Wilfrid D. Turner.
Secretary of State—J. Bryan Grimes.
Auditor—Benjamin F. Dixon.
Treasurer—Benjamin R. Lacy.
Attorney-General—Robert D. Gilmer.
Commissioner of Agriculture—Samuel L. Patterson.

Corporation Commissioners — Franklin McNeill, chairman; Samuel L. Rogers, E. C. Beddingfield.
Insurance Commissioner — James R. Young.
Superintendent Public Instruction—J. Y. Joyner.
Commissioner of Labor—H. B. Varner.
Adjutant-General—B. S. Royster.
State Librarian—M. O. Sherrill.
Governor's Council—Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer and Superintendent of Public Instruction.
State Board of Education—Composed of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Attorney-General.
Supreme Court—Chief Justice, Walter Clark; Associate Justices, Robert M. Douglas, Walter A. Montgomery, Henry G. Connor, Platt D. Walker. Clerk, Thomas S. Kenan, Raleigh. Court meets at Raleigh on the first Monday in February and the fourth Monday in August in each year.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA OFFICERS.

Commissioners—Henry B. F. MacFarland, Henry L. West.

Engineer Commissioner — Major John Biddle.
Assistants to Engineer Commissioner—Capt. H. C. Newcomer, Capt. Chester Harding.
Secretary—William Tindall.
Assessor—Hopewell H. Darneille.
Assistant Assessors—S. T. Kalbfus, Wm. D. Montague, T. Fred. Alvey.
Attorney—A. B. Duvall.
Auditor—J. T. Petty.
Excise Board—Mathew Trimble, Sam'l T. G. Morsell, E. W. W. Griffin.
Clerk—Roger Williams.
Education Board—President, Henry V. Boynton, vice-president, George H. Harries; J. Holdsworth Gordon, Richard Kingsman, Mrs. H. Litchfield West, James F. Bundy, Mrs. John R. Francis.
Secretary—Walter F. Roderick.
Collector of Taxes—E. G. Davis.
Deputy Collector—C. W. Collins.
Coroner—Dr. Ramsay Nevitt.
Computing Engineer—C. B. Hunt.
Electrical Engineer—W. C. Allen.
Engineer of Bridges—W. J. Douglas.
Engineer Street Extension—William P. Richards.
Harbor Master—J. R. Sutton.
Inspector Bldgs—Snowden Ashford.
Inspector of Boilers—E. F. Vermillion.
Inspector of Gas and Meters—S. Calvert Ford.
Special Assessment Clerk—John W. Daniel.
Supt. Plumbing—O. L. Ingalls.
Supt. Sewers—David E. McComb.
Supt. Streets—H. N. Moss.
Supt. Water Dept.—W. A. McFarland.
Surveyor—Henry B. Looker.
Veterinary Surgeon—C. B. Robinson.
Water Register—George T. Green.
Health Officer—Wm. C. Woodward.
Food Inspectors—W. H. H. Hoover, J. R. Mothershead, Thos. Cavanaugh.
Police Court Judges—Charles F. Scott, I. G. Kimball.
Supt. Police—Richard Sylvester.
Fire Marshal—Sidney Bieber.
Chief Engineer Fire Department—Robert W. Dutton.
Postmaster—John A. Merritt.
Assistant Postmaster—Madison Davis.

Court of Appeals, District of Columbia.

Chief Justice—Richard H. Alvey.
Clerk—Robert Willet.
Associate Justices—Martin F. Morris, Seth Shepard.

Supreme Court, District of Columbia.

Chief Justice—Edward F. Bingham.
Associate Justices—Alexander B. Hagner, Thomas H. Anderson, Harry M. Clabaugh, Job Barnard, Ashley M. Gould.
Clerk—John R. Young.
U. S. Marshal—Aulic Palmer.
Dep. U. S. Marshal—Wm. B. Robinson.
U. S. Attorney—Morgan H. Beach.
Assistants—Hugh T. Taggart, Thomas C. Taylor, Peyton Gordon, Alexander R. Mulloway.
Reg'r of Wills—Louis Addison Dent.
Assist. Reg'r of Wills—Jno. R. Rouzer.
Recorder Deeds—John C. Dancy.
Deputy Recorder of Deeds—George F. Schayer.

GOVERNORS OF STATES.

States.	Capitals.	Governors.	Politics.	Term.	Term Ends.	Salary.
Alabama	Montgomery.	W. D. Jelks	D.	2	Dec. 1, 1904	$3,000
Arkansas	Little Rock	Jefferson Davis	D.	2	Jan., 1905	3,000
California	Sacramento	G. C. Pardee	R.	4	Jan., 1907	6,000
Colorado	Denver	J. H. Peabody	R.	2	Jan., 1905	5,000
Connecticut	Hartford	A. Chamberlain	R.	2	Jan., 1905	4,000
Delaware	Dover	John Hunn	R.	4	Jan., 1905	2,500
Florida	Tallahassee	W. S. Jennings	D.	4	Jan., 1905	3,500
Georgia	Atlanta	J. M. Terrell	D.	2	Nov. 1, 1904	2,000
Idaho	Boise City	J. T. Morrison	R.	2	Jan., 1905	3,000
Illinois	Springfield	Rich'd Yates	R.	4	Jan., 1905	6,000
Indiana	Indianapolis	W. T. Durbin	R.	4	Jan., 1905	5,000
Iowa	Des Moines	A. B. Cummins	R.	2	Jan., 1904	3,000
Kansas	Topeka	W. J. Bailey	R.	2	Jan., 1905	3,000
Kentucky	Frankfort	J. C. W. Beckham	D.	4	Dec. 10, 1905	5,000
Louisiana	Baton Rouge	W. W. Heard	D.	4	April, 1904	4,000
Maine	Augusta	John F. Hill	R.	2	Jan., 1905	2,000
Maryland	Annapolis	John W. Smith	D.	4	Jan., 1904	5,500
Massachusetts	Boston	John L. Bates	R.	1	Jan., 1904	8,000
Michigan	Lansing	Aaron T. Bliss	R.	2	Jan., 1905	4,000
Minnesota	St. Paul	S. R. Van Sant	R.	2	Jan., 1905	5,000
Mississippi	Jackson	A. H. Longino	D.	4	Jan., 1904	3,500
Missouri	Jefferson C'y	A. M. Dockery	D.	4	Jan., 1905	5,000
Montana	Helena	J. K. Toole	D. F.	4	Jan., 1905	5,000
Nebraska	Lincoln	J. H. Mickey	R.	2	Jan., 1905	2,500
Nevada	Carson City	John Sparks	F.	4	Jan. 6, 1907	4,000
New Hampshire	Concord	N. J. Bachelder	R.	2	Jan., 1905	2,000
New Jersey	Trenton	Franklin Murphy	R.	3	Jan., 1905	10,000
New York	Albany	Benj. B. Odell	R.	2	Jan. 1, 1905	10,000
North Carolina	Raleigh	Chas. B. Aycock	D.	4	Jan. 1, 1905	3,000
North Dakota	Bismarck	Frank White	R.	2	Jan., 1905	3,000
Ohio	Columbus	Geo. K. Nash	R.	2	Jan., 1904	8,000
Oregon	Salem	G. E. Chamberlain	D.	4	Jan., 1907	1,500
Pennsylvania	Harrisburg	S. W. Pennypacker	R.	4	Jan., 1907	10,000
Rhode Island	Providence	L. F. C. Garvin	D.	1	May 25, 1904	3,000
South Carolina	Columbia	D. C. Heyward	D.	2	Dec., 1904	3,500
South Dakota	Pierre	Chas. N. Herriod	R.	2	Jan. 5, 1905	2,500
Tennessee	Nashville	Jas. B. Frazier	D.	2	Jan., 1905	4,000
Texas	Austin	S. W. T. Lanham	D.	2	Jan., 1905	4,000
Utah	Salt Lake C'y	Heber M. Wells	R.	4	Jan., 1905	2,000
Vermont	Montpelier	J. G. McCullough	R.	2	Oct. 7, 1904	1,500
Virginia	Richmond	A. J. Montague	D.	4	Dec. 31, 1905	5,000
Washington	Olympia	H. G. McBride	R.	4	Jan., 1905	4,000
West Virginia	Charleston	Albert B. White	R.	4	March, 1905	2,000
Wisconsin	Madison	R. M. LaFollette	R.	2	Jan., 1905	5,000
Wyoming	Cheyenne	DeF. Richards	R.	4	Jan. 7, 1907	2,500

Republicans, 27; Democrats, 16; Fusion, 2.

GOVERNORS OF TERRITORIES.

Territories.	Capitals.	Governors.	Term.	Term Ends.	Salary.
Alaska	Sitka	John G. Brady	4	June 6, 1904	$3,000
Arizona	Phoenix	Nathan O. Murphy	4	Dec. 14, 1902	2,600
Hawaii	Honolulu	Sanford B. Dole	4	May 9, 1904	5,000
New Mexico	Santa Fé	Miguel A. Otero	4	Jan., 1905	2,600
Oklahoma	Guthrie	Thompson B. Ferguson	4	Jan., 1905	2,600
Porto Rico	Ponce	William H. Hunt	4	Apr. 17, 1904	8,000

Governors of Territories are nominated by the President and confirmed by the Senate of the United States.

The various nations of the Indian Territory have elective tribal governments.

Civil Governor of the Philippines—William H. Taft.
Military Commander Philippines—Maj.-Gen. George W. Davis.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

President—John R. Proctor.
Chief Examiner—A. R. Serven. | James Rudolph Garfield.
Secretary—John T. Doyle. | William R. Foulke.
Office: Corner Eighth and E Streets Northwest, Washington, D. C.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN.

Officers Elected at Baltimore, Md., December 4, 1902.

President—Mrs. Hannah G. Solomon, Chicago, Ills.
First Vice-President—Mrs. Hugo Rosenerg, Allegheny, Pa.
Second Vice-President—Mrs. Moses Goldenberg, Baltimore.
Recording Secretary—Miss Gertrude Berg, Philadelphia, Pa.
Corresponding Secretary—Miss Sadie American, New York.
Treasurer—Mrs. J. B. Judah, Louisville, Ky.
Auditor—Mrs. Benj. Lowenstein, Cincinnati.

DIRECTORS.

Mrs. Max Landsberg, Rochester, N. Y.
Mrs. M. B. Schwab, Cleveland.
Mrs. Eli Strouse, Baltimore.
Mrs. S. Pisko, Denver.
Mrs. M. C. Schloss, San Francisco.
Mrs. Jacob Hecht, Boston.

The next convention of the Council of Jewish Women will be held in St. Louis, during the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. The specific purpose of the organization is defined to be "the development of its own members on the side of and through religion, rather than in any philanthropic work, so-called." It was begun in 1899, and its membership extending to every State of the Union, is about 8,000. It is one of the most remarkable of the organizations of feminine zeal and interest which have followed the expansion of "women's sphere" during the last generation.

JEWISH POPULATIONS.

An estimate of the Jewish population of the United States and its possessions made by the "Jewish Year Book" for 1903, or for 5663-5664, according to the Jewish chronology, is as follows:

United States.

Alabama	7,000	Montana	2,500
Arizona	2,000	Nebraska	3,000
Arkansas	3,085	Nevada	300
California	25,000	New Hampshire	1,000
Colorado	8,000	New Jersey	25,000
Connecticut	15,000	New Mexico	1,500
North and South Dakota	3,500	New York	500,000
Delaware	1,200	North Carolina	6,000
District of Columbia	3,500	Ohio	50,000
Florida	3,000	Oklahoma	1,000
Georgia	6,135	Oregon	5,500
Hawaiian Islands	20	Pennsylvania	95,000
Idaho	300	Philippines	100
Illinois	75,000	Porto Rico	100
Indiana	25,000	Rhode Island	3,500
Iowa	5,000	South Carolina	2,500
Kansas	3,000	Tennessee	10,000
Kentucky	12,000	Texas	15,000
Louisiana	12,000	Utah	5,000
Maine	5,000	Vermont	700
Maryland	26,500	Virginia	15,000
Massachusetts	60,000	Washington	2,800
Michigan	9,000	West Virginia	1,500
Minnesota	10,000	Wisconsin	15,000
Mississippi	3,000	Wyoming	1,000
Missouri	50,000	Total	1,136,240

In the World.

Russia	5,186,000	France and Colonies	182,132
Austria-Hungary	1,868,222	British Empire	280,356
United States	1,136,240	Morocco	150,000
Germany	581,519	Netherlands	106,069
Turkey	404,235	Other countries	264,742
Roumania	269,015	Total	10,378,530

DIPLOMATIC CORPS—FOREIGN.

Countries.	Ambassadors.	Presented.	Office Addresses.
Germany	Herr Von Holleben	Nov. 29, 1897	1435 Massachusetts av
Russia	Comte Cassini	June 23, 1898	1829 I street.
Mexico	Don Manuel de Azpiroz	Mar. 30, 1899	1415 I street.
Italy	Sig. Edmondo Mayor des Planches	Nov. 19, 1901	1400 N. Hampshire av.
Great Britain	Sir Michael H. Herbert	Oct. 13, 1902	1300 Connecticut av.
France	M. Pierre de Margerie	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	1640 R. Island av.
Austria-Hungary	L. Hengelmuller von Hengervar	Dec. 27, 1902	1304 18th street.
	Ministers.		
Sweden-Norway	Mr. A. Grip	June 1, 1889	2109 S. street.
Guatemala	Don Antonio L. Arriaga	June 8, 1893	1414 21st street.
Denmark	Mr. Constantine Brun	Oct. 21, 1895	1521 20th street.
Ecuador	Don Luis Felipe Carbo	Jan. 15, 1896	The Arlington.
Haiti	Mr. J. N. Leger	Oct. 14, 1896	Absent
Brazil	Mr. J. F. de Assis Brasil	June 6, 1898	1411 Hopkins street.
Costa Rica	Don Joaquin B. Calvo	Jan. 5, 1899	1329 18th street.
Nicaragua	Senor Don Luis F. Corea	Sept. 11, 1899	1704 Q street.
Netherlands	Baron W. A. F. Gevers	Mar. 12, 1900	1612 20th street.
Japan	Mr. Gogoro Takahira	Aug. 3, 1900	1310 N street.
Peru	Manuel A. Calderon	Aug. 18, 1900	1701 Massachusetts av
Bolivia	Don F. E. Guachalla	Oct. 22, 1900	The Portner.
Persia	Gen. Isaac Khan	Dec. 11, 1900	1743 18th street.
Korea	Mr. Minhui Cho	June 4, 1901	1500 13th street.
Argentine Repub.	Senor Martin G. Meron	Oct. 8, 1901	1527 N. Hampshire av.
Belgium	Baron Ludovic Mohcheur	Nov. 7, 1901	1719 H street.
Siam	Phya Akharaj Varadhara	Dec. 13, 1901	The Arlington.
Chile	Senor Don Joaquin Walker-Martinez	Mar. 4, 1902	1800 N street.
Colombia	Senor Don Jose Vicente Concha	Mar. 17, 1902	Absent.
	Dr. Thos. Herran	Ch'rg d'Affaires Ad interim	1315 N street.
Portugal	Visconde de Alte	May 1, 1902	1909 N street.
Cuba	Senor Don Gonzalo de Quesada	June 16, 1902	1006 16th street.
Spain	Senor Don Emilio de Ojeda	Oct. 23, 1902	1785 Massachusetts av
Salvador	Senor Don Rafael S. Lopez	Nov. 29, 1902	The Arlington.
Turkey	Chekib Bey		1337 22nd street.
Venezuela	Senor Don Augusto F. Pulido	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	The Cochran.
Uruguay	Senor Dr. Luis Alberto de Herrera	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	The Normandie.
Switzerland	Mr. Chas. L. E. Lardy	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	2013 Hillyer Place.
China	Mr. Shen Tung	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	1764 Q street.
Dominican Repub.	Senor Don Feo. Leonte Vasquez	Ch'rg d'Affaires.	Absent.

It was announced, August 22, 1902, that M. Jean A. A. J. Jusserand had been transferred from Copenhagen to be Ambassador of France at Washington.

Lain Chen Tung was appointed Minister of China, vice Wu Ting Fang, recalled.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE OFFICERS.

Office.	Incumbent.	Politics.	Salary.
Governor	Samuel W. Pennypacker	R.	$10,000
Lieutenant-Governor	W. M. Brown	R.	5,500
Secretary Commonwealth	William W. Griest	R.	*5,700
Attorney-General	John P. Elkin	R.	*5,200
Treasurer	Frank G. Harris	R.	7,400
Sec'y Internal Affairs	Isaac B. Brown	R.	5,100
Auditor-General	E. B Hardenberg	R.	6,400
Supt. Public Instruction	Nathan C. Shaeffer	R.	4,000
Adjutant-General	Thomas J. Stewart	R.	4,600
Insurance Commissioner	Israel W. Durham	R.	*3,000
Commissioner of Banking	Frank Reeder	R.	6,000
Factory Inspector	James Campbell	R.	3,000
Supt. Public Printing	Thomas G. Sample	R.	2,000

*And fees.

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

Accredited to	Ambassadors.	Residence.	From	Commission.	Pay.
France	Horace Porter	Paris	N. Y.	Mar. 19, 1897	$17,500
Germany	Charlemagne Tower.	Berlin	Penna.	Sept. 26, 1902	17,500
Great Britain	Jos. H. Choate	London	N. Y.	Jan. 19, 1899	17,500
Italy	Geo. V. L. Meyer	Rome	Mass.	Dec. 14, 1900	12,000
Mexico	Powell Clayton	Mexico	Ark.	Dec. 8, 1898	17,500
Russia	Robt. S. McCormick.	St. Petersburg.	Illin's.	Sept. 26, 1902	17,500
	Ministers.				
Argentine Rep.	Wm. P. Lord	Buenos Ayres.	Ore.	Oct. 16, 1899	10,000
Austria-Hun	Bellamy Storer	Vienna	Ohio.	Sept. 26, 1902	12,000
Belgium	Lawrence Townsend.	Brussels	Penn.	April 12, 1899	10,000
Bolivia	Wm. B. Sorsby	La Paz	Miss.	July 11, 1902	7,500
Brazil	David E. Thompson.	Rio de Janeiro.	Neb.	Sept. 26, 1902	12,000
Chile	Henry L. Wilson	Santiago	Wash.	June 9, 1897	10,000
China	Edwin H. Conger	Pekin	Iowa.	Jan. 19, 1898	12,000
Colombia	Chas. Burdett Hart.	Bogota	W. Va.	May 27, 1897	10,000
Costa Rica	Wm. L. Merry	San José	Cal.	July 17, 1897	10,000
Cuba	Herbert G. Squiers.	Habana	N. Y.	May 20, 1902	12,000
Denmark	Laurits S. Swenson.	Copenhagen	Minn.	Oct. 4, 1897	7,500
Dominican Rep.	Wm. F. Powell	Port-au-Prince.	N. J.	June 17, 1897	7,500
Ecuador	Archibald J. Sampson.	Quito	Ariz.	Sept. 18, 1897	7,500
Greece	John B. Jackson	Athens	N. J.	Oct. 13, 1902	6,500
Guatemala	W. Godfrey Hunter.	Guatemala	Ky.	Nov. 8, 1897	10,000
Haiti	Wm. F. Powell	Port-au-Prince.	N. J.	June 17, 1897	7,500
Honduras	W. Godfrey Hunter.	Guatemala	Ky.	Nov. 8, 1897	10,000
Japan	Lloyd C. Griscom	Tokyo (Yedo)	Penn.	Dec., 1902	12,000
Korea	Horace N. Allen.	Seoul	Ohio.	June 21, 1901	7,500
Liberia	J. R. A. Crossland.	Monrovia	Mo.	Jan. 16, 1902	4,000
Netherlands	Stanford Newel	The Hague	Minn.	May 11, 1897	10,000
Nicaragua	Wm. L. Merry	San José	Cal.	July 17, 1897	10,000
Paraguay	Wm. R. Finch	Montevideo	Wis.	Oct. 2, 1897	7,500
Persia	Richmond Pearson.	Teheran	N. C.	Dec., 1902	5,000
Peru	Irving B. Dudley	Lima	Cal.	June 28, 1897	10,000
Portugal	Francis B. Loomis.	Lisbon	Ohio.	June 17, 1901	7,500
Roumania	John B. Jackson	Athens	N. J.	Oct. 13, 1902	6,500
Salvador	Wm. L. Merry	San José	Cal.	July 17, 1897	10,000
Servia	John B. Jackson.	Athens	N. J.	Oct. 13, 1902	6,500
Siam	Hamilton King	Bangkok	Mich.	Jan 14, 1898	7,500
Spain	Arthur S. Hardy	Madrid	N. H.	Sept. 26, 1902	12,000
Sweden-Norw'y.	Wm W Thomas, Jr	Stockholm	Me.	Dec. 18, 1897	7,500
Switzerland	Chas. P. Bryan	Berne	Illin's.	Sept. 26, 1902	7,500
Turkey	Jno. G. A. Leishman.	Constantinople.	Penn.	Dec. 20, 1900	10,000
Uruguay	Wm. R. Finch	Montevideo	Wis.	Oct. 2, 1897	7,500
Venezuela	Herbert W. Bowen.	Caracas	N. Y.	June 17, 1901	10,000
Bulgaria	Chas. M. Dickinson.	Constantinople.	N. Y.	April 24, 1901	5,000
Egypt	John G Long	Cairo	Fla.	Oct. 30, 1899	5,000

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

President	Theodore Roosevelt	New. York.
Secretary of State	John Hay	Dist. Columbia.
Secretary of the Treasury	Leslie M. Shaw	Iowa.
Secretary of War	Elihu Root	New York.
Secretary of the Navy	William H. Moody	Massachusetts.
Secretary of the Interior	Ethan A. Hitchcock	Missouri.
Postmaster-General	Henry C. Payne	Wisconsin.
Attorney-General	Philander C. Knox	Pennsylvania.
Secretary of Agriculture	James Wilson	Iowa.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Name.	Rank.	State.	Age.	App'd.
Melville Weston Fuller	Chief Justice	Illinois	69	1888
John Marshall Harlan	Associate Justice	Kentucky	70	1877
Oliver Wendall Holmes	Associate Justice	Massachusetts	62	1902
David Josiah Brewer	Associate Justice	Kansas	65	1889
Henry Billings Brown	Associate Justice	Michigan	66	1890
George Shiras, Jr.	Associate Justice	Pennsylvania	70	1892
Edward D. White	Associate Justice	Louisiana	57	1894
Rufus W. Peckham	Associate Justice	New York	64	1895
Joseph McKenna	Associate Justice	California	59	1897

Clerk—James H. McKenney. Marshal—J. M. Wright.
Deputy Clerk—Charles H. Beall. Reporter—Charles Henry Butler.

ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Lieutenant-General—Nelson A. Miles, June 6, 1900.

MAJOR-GENERALS.

Samuel B. M. Young	Feb. 2, 1901	Robert P. Hughes	April 1, 1902
Adna R. Chaffee	Feb. 4, 1901	John C. Bates	July 15, 1902
Arthur MacArthur	Feb. 5, 1901	George W. Davis	July 21, 1902

BRIGADIER-GENERALS.

James F. Wade	May 26, 1897	Frank D. Baldwin	June 9, 1902
Samuel S. Sumner	Feb. 4, 1901	Theodore J. Wint	June 9, 1902
Leonard Wood	Feb. 4, 1901	Jesse M. Lee	June 17, 1902
George M. Randall	Feb. 6, 1901	William H. Carter	July 15, 1902
William A. Kobbé	Feb. 6, 1901	Tasker H. Bliss	July 21, 1902
Frederick D. Grant	Feb. 18, 1901	Joseph P. Sanger	July 23, 1902
J. Franklin Bell	Feb. 19, 1901	Charles C. Hood	Oct. 18, 1902
Frederick Funston	April 1, 1901		

Adjutant-General—H. C. Corbin.
Inspector-General—J. C. Breckinridge.
Judge-Advocate-General—G. A. Davis.
Quartermaster-General—N. L. Ludington.
Commissary-General—John F. Weston.
Surgeon-General—R. M. O'Reilly.
Paymaster-General—Alfred E. Bates.
Chief of Engineers—Geo. L. Gillespie.
Chief of Ordnance—William Crozier.
Chief Signal Officer—A. W. Greely.
Chief of Pension office—F. C. Ainsworth.

COLONELS OF CAVALRY.

1. Almond B. Wells.
2. Eli L. Huggins.
3. Albert E. Woodson.
4. C. C. C. Carr.
5. A. G. Hennissee.
6. Allen Smith.
7. T. A. Baldwin.
8. Louis H. Rucker.
9. Edward S. Godfrey.
10. J. A. Augur.
11. Francis Moore.
12. W. C. Forbush.
13. E. M. Hayes.
14. Thomas C. Lebo.
15. Wm. M. Wallace.

COLONELS OF INFANTRY.

1. W. T. Duggan.
2. Cyrus S. Roberts.
3. John H. Page
4. J. C. Chane.
5. Charles L. Davis.
6. Charles W. Miner.
7. Charles A. Coolidge.
8. William E. Dougherty.
9. Charles F. Robe.
10. C. H. Noble.
11. D. J. Cragie.
12. John W. Bubb.
13. Alfred C. Markley.
14. Stephen P. Jocelyn.
15. H. C. Ward.
16. B. D. Price.
17. G. A. Goodale.
18. James M. J. Sanno.
19. Edmund Rice.
20. William S. McCasley.
21. Jacob Kline.
22. James Miller.
23. J. Milton Thompson.
24. L. A. Matile.
25. A. H. Bowman.
26. Constant Williams.
27. T. F. Forbes.
28. M. C. Foote.
29. C. G. Penney.
30. N. P. Rodgers.

PAY OF UNITED STATES OFFICERS.

Civil.	Yearly.
President United States	$50,000
Vice-President	8,000
Cabinet officers	8,000
Senators	5,000
Representatives	5,000
Chief Justice United States	10,500
Asso. Justices Supreme Court	10,000
Army, Active.	
Lieutenant-General	11,000
Major-General	7,500
Brigadier-General	5,500
Colonel	3,500
Lieutenant-Colonel	3,000
Major	2,500
Captain, mounted	2,000
Captain, not mounted	1,800

Army, Active.	Yearly.
Regimental Adjutant (captains, mounted)	$2,000
Regimental Quartermaster (captains, mounted)	2,000
Regimental Commissary (captains, mounted)	2,000
Battalion and Squadron Adjutant, engineers, cavalry and infantry	1,800
Battalion and Squadron Quartermaster and Commissary	1,600
First Lieutenant, mounted	1,600
First Lieutenant, not mounted	1,500
Second Lieutenant, mounted	1,500
Second Lieutenant, not mounted	1,400
Chaplain	1,800

PAY OF UNITED STATES OFFICERS—Continued.

Navy and Marine Corps, Active.	On sea duty or shore duty beyond sea.	On shore.
Admiral	$13,500	$13,500
Rear-Admirals—		
First nine	7,500	6,375
Second nine	5,500	4,675
Chiefs of Bureaus and Brigadier-General Commandant of Marine Corps	....	5,500
Captains, Navy	3,500	2,975
Judge-Advocate-General and Colonels, Marine Corps, line and staff	3,500	3,500
Commanders, Navy	3,000	2,550
Lieutenant-Colonels, Marine Corps, line and staff	3,000	3,000
Lieutenant-Commanders, Navy	2,500	2,125
Majors, Marine Corps, line and staff	2,500	2,500
Lieutenants, Navy	1,800	1,530
Captains, Marine Corps—		
Line	1,800	1,800
Staff	2,000	2,000
Lieutenants (junior grade), Navy	1,500	1,275
First Lieutenants and Leader of Band, Marine Corps	1,500	1,500
Ensigns, Navy	1,400	1,190
Second Lieutenants, Marine Corps, Chief Boatswain, Chief Gunners, Chief Carpenters and Chief Sailmakers	1,400	1,400

NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Admiral—George Dewey, Washington, D. C.

REAR-ADMIRALS.

George C. Remey.	George W Sumner.	John J. Read.	Philip H. Cooper.
John C. Watson.	Albert S. Barker.	Henry C. Taylor.	Arent S. Crowinshield.
Silas Casey.	Charles S. Cotton.	Mortimer L. Johnson.	Joseph B. Coghlan.
Francis J. Higginson.	Robley D. Evans.	Frank Wildes.	James H. Sands.
Frederick Rodgers.	Silas W. Terry.	Henry Glass.	Yates Stirling.
Louis Kempff.	Merrill Miller.	Charles E. Clark.	William C. Wise.

Rear-Admiral H. C. Taylor, Chief Bureau of Navigation.
Rear-Admiral R. B. Bradford, Equipment.
Rear-Admiral M. T. Endicott, Yards and Docks.
Rear-Admiral Chas. O'Neil, Ordnance.
Rear-Admiral Presley M. Rixey, Medicine and Surgery.
Rear-Admiral G. W. Melville, Steam Engineering.
Rear-Admiral A. S. Kenny, Supplies and Accounts
Rear-Admiral Francis T. Bowles, Construction and Repair.
Captain C R. Train, President Board of Inspection and Survey.
Rear-Admiral G. C Remey, Chairman Lighthouse Board, Treasury Department, Washington.
Capt. W. H. Brownson, Superintendent Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Capt. Samuel C. Lemly, Judge-Advocate-General.
Major-Gen. Charles Heywood, Commandant Marine Corps.
Col. George C. Reid, Adjutant and Inspector
Major C. H. Lauchheimer, Assistant Adjutant and Inspector.
Col F. L. Denny, Quartermaster.
Major T. C. Prince, Assistant Quartermaster.
Major C. L. McCawley, Assistant Quartermaster.
Capt. C. S. Radford, Assistant Quartermaster.
Capt. W. B. Lemly, Assistant Quartermaster
Capt. Edwin A. Jonas, Assistant Quartermaster.
Col. G. C Goodloe, Paymaster.
Major George Richards, Assistant Paymaster.

SPEED OF BATTLESHIPS.

UNITED STATES BATTLESHIP RECORDS.

Ships.	Speed	Horse-power.
Alabama	17 103	11,366
Illinois	17 449	12,898
Indiana	15 547	9,738
Iowa	17 087	12,105
Kearsarge	16.816	11,954
Kentucky	16 897	12,318
Massachusetts	16 21	10,415
Oregon	16.79	11,111
Wisconsin	17.174	12,609
Maine	18.3	16,000

THE TWO MAINES.

(The first destroyed in Havana harbor, in 1898; the second, built in 1902.)

	New.	Old.
Tonnage	12,300	6,682
Length	388 ft.	318 ft.
Breadth	72 ft.	57 ft.
Draft	23 ft. 10¼ in.	21 ft. 6 in.
Speed	18 knots.	17.45 knots.
No of guns	44	29
Largest "	12-inch	10-inch
Horse power	16,000	9,293
Armor	7½ to 11 in.	3 to 8 in.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.

Senate.

President pro tem. of the Senate—William P. Frye, of Maine.
Secretary of the Senate—Charles G. Bennett.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Daniel M. Ransdell.

States.	Senators.	Residence.	Politics.	Term Expires.
Alabama	John T. Morgan	Selma	D.	1907
	Edmund W. Pettus	Selma	D.	1903
Arkansas	James H. Berry	Bentonville	D.	1907
	James K. Jones	Washington	D.	1903
California	George C. Perkins	Oakland	R.	1903
	Thomas R. Bard	Hueneme	R.	1905
Colorado	Henry M. Teller	Central City	R.	1903
	Thomas M. Patterson	Denver	D.	1907
Connecticut	Joseph R. Hawley	Hartford	R.	1905
	Orville H. Platt	Meriden	R.	1903
Delaware	Vacancy.			
	Vacancy.			
Florida	James P. Taliaferro	Jacksonville	D.	1905
	Stephen R. Mallory	Pensacola	D.	1903
Georgia	Augustus O. Bacon	Macon	D.	1907
	Alexander S. Clay	Marietta	D.	1903
Idaho	Fred. T. Dubois	Blackfoot	D.	1907
	Henry Heitfeld	Lewiston	D.	1903
Illinois	William E. Mason	Chicago	R.	1903
	Shelby M. Cullom	Springfield	R.	1907
Indiana	Charles W. Fairbanks	Indianapolis	R.	1903
	Albert J. Beveridge	Indianapolis	R.	1905
Iowa	William B. Allison	Dubuque	R.	1909
	Jonathan P. Dolliver	Fort Dodge	R.	1907
Kansas	William A. Harris	Linwood	P.	1903
	Joseph R. Burton	Abilene	R.	1907
Kentucky	William J. Deboe	Marion	R.	1903
	J. C. S. Blackburn	Versailles	D.	1907
Louisiana	Samuel D. McEnery	New Orleans	D.	1903
	Murphy J. Foster	Franklin	D.	1907
Maine	Eugene Hale	Ellsworth	R.	1905
	William P. Frye	Lewiston	R.	1907
Maryland	Louis E. McComas	Williamsport	R.	1905
	George L. Wellington	Cumberland	R.	1903
Massachusetts	George F. Hoar	Worcester	R.	1907
	Henry Cabot Lodge	Nahant	R.	1905
Michigan	Julius C. Burrows	Kalamazoo	R.	1905
	Russell A. Alger	Detroit	R.	....
Minnesota	Knute Nelson	Alexandria	R.	1907
	Moses E. Clapp	St. Paul	R.	1905
Mississippi	Hernando D. Money	Carrollton	D.	1905
	Anselm J. McLaurin	Brandon	D.	1907
Missouri	Francis M. Cockrell	Warrensburg	D.	1905
	George G. Vest	Kansas City	D.	1903

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

Senate.

States.	Senators.	Residence.	Politics.	Term Expires.
Montana	William A. Clarke	Butte	D.	1907
	Paris Gibson	Great Falls	D.	1905
Nebraska	Charles H. Dietrich	Hastings	R.	1905
	Joseph H. Millard	Omaha	R.	1907
Nevada	John P. Jones	Gold Hill	R.	1903
	William M. Stewart	Carson City	R.	1905
New Hampshire	Henry E. Burnham	Manchester	R.	1907
	Jacob H. Gallinger	Concord	R.	1903
New Jersey	John F. Dryden	Newark	R.	1907
	John Kean	Elizabeth	R.	1905
New York	Thomas C. Platt	Owego	R.	1903
	Chauncey M. Depew	New York City	R.	1905
North Carolina	Furnifold McL. Simmons	Raleigh	D.	1907
	Jeter C. Pritchard	Marshall	R.	1903
North Dakota	Henry C. Hansbrough	Devil's Lake	R.	1903
	Porter J. McCumber	Wahpeton	R.	1905
Ohio	Marcus A. Hanna	Cleveland	R.	1905
	Joseph B. Foraker	Cincinnati	R.	1909
Oregon	John H. Mitchell	Portland	R.	1907
	Joseph Simon	Portland	R.	1903
Pennsylvania	Boies Penrose	Philadelphia	R.	1903
	Matthew S. Quay	Beaver	R.	1905
Rhode Island	Nelson W. Aldrich	Providence	R.	1905
	George P. Wetmore	Newport	R.	1907
South Carolina	Benjamin R. Tillman	Trenton	D.	1907
	John L. McLaurin	Bennettsville	D.	1903
South Dakota	Robert J. Gamble	Yankton	R.	1907
	Alfred B. Kittredge	Sioux Falls	R.	....
Tennessee	Edward W. Carmack	Memphis	D.	1907
	William B. Bate	Nashville	D.	1905
Texas	Joseph W. Bailey	Gainesville	D.	1907
	Charles A. Culberson	Dallas	D.	1905
Utah	Joseph L. Rawlins	Salt Lake City	D.	1903
	Thomas Kearns	Salt Lake City	R.	1905
Vermont	William P. Dillingham	Waterbury	R.	1903
	Redfield Proctor	Proctor	R.	1905
Virginia	John W. Daniel	Lynchburg	D.	1905
	Thomas S. Martin	Scottsville	D.	1907
Washington	George Turner	Spokane	P.	1903
	Addison G. Foster	Tacoma	R.	1905
West Virginia	Nathan B. Scott	Wheeling	R.	1905
	Stephen B. Elkins	Elkins	R.	1907
Wisconsin	John C. Spooner	Madison	R.	1903
	Joseph V. Quarles	Milwaukee	R.	1905
Wyoming	Francis E. Warren	Cheyenne	R.	1907
	Clarence D. Clark	Evanston	R.	1905

Republicans, 55; Democrats, 30; Populists, 2; Vacant, 3.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.

House of Representatives.

Speaker—David B. Henderson Iowa. Clerk—Alexander McDowell, Pennsylvania.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Henry Casson, Wisconsin.
Doorkeeper—W. J. Glenn, New York.
Postmaster—Joseph C. McElroy, Ohio.
Chaplain—Rev. Henry N. Couden, Michigan.

ALABAMA.

Democrats.

1. George W. Taylor, Demopolis.
2. A. A. Wiley, Montgomery.
3. Henry D. Clayton, Eufaula.
4. Sidney J. Bowie, Talladega.
5. Charles W. Thompson, Tuskegee.
6. John H. Bankhead, Fayette.
7. John L. Burnett, Gadsden.
8. William Richardson, Huntsville.
9. Oscar W. Underwood, Birmingham.

ARKANSAS.

Democrats.

1. Philip D. McCulloch, Marianna.
2. John S Little, Greenwood.
3. Thomas C. McRae, Prescott.
4. Charles C Reid, Morrillton.
5. Hugh A Dinsmore, Fayetteville.
6. Stephen Brundidge, Jr., Searcy.

CALIFORNIA.

Republicans.

1. Frank L. Coombs, Napa.
2. Samuel D Woods, Stockton.
3. Victor H. Metcalf, Oakland.
4. Julius Kahn, San Francisco.
5. Eugene F Loud, San Francisco.
6. James McLachlan, Passadena.
7. James C Needham, Modesto.

COLORADO.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

1. John F. Shafroth, Denver.
2. John C. Bell, Montrose.

CONNECTICUT.

Republicans.

1. E. Stevens Henry, Rockville.
2. Nehemiah D. Sperry, New Haven.
3. Frank B. Brandagee, New London.
4. Ebenezer J. Hill, Norwalk.

DELAWARE.

Republican.

1. L. Heisler Ball, Faulkland.

FLORIDA.

Democrats.

1. Stephen M. Sparkman, Tampa.
2. Robert W. Davis, Palatka.

GEORGIA.

Democrats.

1. Rufus E. Lester, Savannah.
2. James M. Griggs, Dawson.
3. Elijah B. Lewis, Montezuma.
4. William C. Adamson, Carrollton.
5. Leonidas F. Livingston, Kings.
6. Charles L. Bartlett, Macon.
7. John W. Maddox, Rome
8. William M. Howard, Lexington.
9. Farish Carter Tate. Jasper
10. William H. Fleming, Augusta.
11. William G. Brantley, Brunswick.

IDAHO.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

1. Thomas L. Glenn, Montpelier.

ILLINOIS.

Republicans.

1. James R. Mann, Chicago.
6. Henry S. Boutell, Chicago.
7. George E Foss, Chicago.
8. Albert J Hopkins, Aurora.
9. Robert R. Hitt, Mount Morris.
10. George W. Prince, Galesburg.
11. Walter Reeves. Streator.
12. Joseph G Cannon, Danville.
13. Vespasian Warner, Clinton.
14. Joseph V. Graff, Pekin.
22. George W. Smith, Murphysboro.

Democrats.

2. John J. Feeley, Chicago.
3. George P. Foster, Chicago.
4. James McAndrews, Chicago.
5. William F Mahoney, Chicago.
15. J. Ross Mickey, Macomb.
16. Thomas J. Selby, Hardin.
17. Ben. F. Caldwell, Chatham.
18. Thomas M. Jett, Hillsboro.
19. Joseph B. Crowley, Robinson.
20. James R. Williams, Carmi.
21. Frederick J. Kern. Belleville.

INDIANA.

Republicans.

4. James A. Hemenway, Booneville.
5. Elias S. Holliday, Brazil.
6. James E. Watson, Rushville.
7. Jesse Overstreet. Indianapolis.
8. George W. Cromer, Muncie.
9. Charles B. Landis, Delphi.
10. Edgar D. Crumpacker, Valparaiso.
11. George W. Steele, Marion.
13. Abraham L. Brick, South Bend.

Democrats.

2. Robert W Miers, Bloomington.
3. William T Zenor. Corydon.
4. Francis M. Griffith, Vevay.
12. James M. Robinson, Fort Wayne.

IOWA.

Republicans.

1. Thomas Hedge, Burlington.
2. John N. W. Rumple, Marengo.
3. David B. Henderson, Dubuque.
4. Gilbert N. Haugen, Northwood.
5. Robert G. Cousins, Tipton.
6. John F. Lacey, Oskaloosa.
7. John A T. Hull. Des Moines.
8. William P. Hepburn, Clarinda.
9. Walter I. Smith, Council Bluffs.
10. James P. Connor, Denison.
11. Lot Thomas, Storm Lake.

KANSAS.

Republicans.

Charles F. Scott, Iola.

1. Charles Curtis. Topeka.
2. Justin D. Bowersock, Lawrence.
4. James M. Miller, Council Grove.
5. William A. Calderhead. Marysville.
6. William A. Reeder. Logan.
7. Chester I. Long, Medicine Lodge.

Democrat.

3. Alfred M. Jackson, Winfield.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

KENTUCKY.

Republicans.

5. Henry S. Irwin, Louisville.
11. Vincent Boreing, London.

Democrats.

1. Charles D. Wheeler, Paducah.
2. Henry D. Allen, Morganfield.
3. John S. Rhea, Russellville.
4. David H. Smith, Hodgensville.
6. D. Linn Gooch, Covington.
7. South Trimble, Frankfort.
8. George G. Gilbert, Shelbyville.
9. James N. Kehoe, Maysville.
10. John B. White, Irvine.

LOUISIANA.

Democrats.

1. Adolph Meyer, New Orleans.
2. Robert C. Davey, New Orleans.
3. Robert F. Broussard, New Iberia.
4. Phanor Brazeale, Natchitoches.
5. Jos. E. Ransdell, Lake Providence.
6. Sam'l M. Robertson, Baton Rouge.

MAINE.

Republicans.

1. Amos L. Allen, Alfred.
2. Charles E. Littlefield, Rockland.
3. Edwin C. Burleigh, Augusta.
4. L. Llewellyn Powers, Houlton.

MARYLAND.

Republicans.

1. William H. Jackson, Salisbury.
2. Albert A. Blakeney, Franklinville.
3. Frank C. Wachter, Baltimore.
4. Charles R. Schirm, Baltimore.
5. Sydney E. Mudd, La Plata.
6. George A. Pearre, Cumberland.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Republicans.

1. George P. Lawrence, North Adams.
2. Frederick H. Gillett, Springfield.
4. Charles Q. Tirrell, Natick.
5. William S. Knox, Lawrence.
6. Augustus Gardner, Hamilton.
7. Ernest W. Roberts, Chelsea.
8. Samuel W. McCall, Winchester.
11. Samuel L. Powers, Newton.
12. William C. Lovering, Taunton.
13. William S. Green, Fall River.

Democrats.

3. John R. Thayer, Worcester.
9. Joseph A. Conry, Boston.
10. Henry F. Naphen, Boston.

MICHIGAN.

Republicans.

1. John B. Corliss, Detroit.
2. Henry C. Smith, Adrian.
3. Washington Gardner, Albion.
4. Edward L. Hamilton, Niles.
5. Wm. Alden Smith, Grand Rapids.
6. Samuel W. Smith, Pontiac.
7. Edgar Weeks, Mount Clemens.
8. Joseph W. Fordney, Saginaw.
9. Roswell P. Bishop, Ludington.
10. Henry H. Aplin, West Bay City.
11. Archibald B. Darragh, St. Louis.
12. Carlos D. Shelden, Houghton.

MINNESOTA.

Republicans.

1. James A. Tawney, Winona.
2. James T. McCleary, Mankato.
3. Joel P. Heatwole, Northfield.
4. Fred. C. Stevens, St. Paul.
5. Loren Fletcher, Minneapolis.
6. Page Morris, Duluth.
7. Frank M. Eddy, Glenwood.

MISSISSIPPI.

Democrats.

1. Ezekiel S. Candler, Jr., Corinth.
2. Thomas Spight, Ripley.
3. Patrick Henry, Vicksburg.
4. Andrew J. Fox, Westpoint.
5. John S. Williams, Yazoo.
6. Frank A. McLain, Gloster.
7. Charles E. Hooker, Jackson.

MISSOURI.

Republicans.

10. Richard Bartholdt, St. Louis.
11. Charles F. Joy, St. Louis.

Democrats.

1. James T. Lloyd, Shelbyville.
2. William W. Rucker, Keytesville.
3. John Dougherty, Liberty.
4. Charles F. Cochran, St. Joseph.
5. William S. Cowherd, Kansas City
6. David A. DeArmond, Butler.
7. James Cooney, Marshall.
8. Dorsey W. Shackleford, Jefferson C'y.
9. Champ Clark, Bowling Green.
12. James J. Butler, St. Louis.
13. Edward Robb, Perryville.
14. Wil'rd D. Vandiver, Cape Girardeau.
15. Mæcenas E. Benton, Neosho.

MONTANA.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

Caldwell Edwards, Bozeman.

NEBRASKA.

Republicans.

1. Elmer J. Burkett, Lincoln.
2. David H. Mercer, Omaha.

Democrat.

3. John S. Robinson, Madison.

Fusion; Populist, Silver.

4. William L. Stark, Aurora.
5. Ashton C. Shallenberger, Alma.
6. William Neville, North Platte

NEVADA.

Fusion, Populist, Silver.

Francis G. Newlands, Reno.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Republicans.

1. Cyrus A. Sulloway, Manchester.
2. Frank D. Currier, Canaan.

NEW JERSEY.

Republicans.

1. Henry C. Loudenslager, Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner, Atlantic City.
3. Benj. F. Howell, New Brunswick.
5. James F. Stewart, Paterson.
6. Richard Wayne Parker, Newark.
8. Charles N. Fowler, Elizabeth.

Democrats.

4. Joshua S. Salmon, Boonton.
7. Allan L. McDermott, Jersey City.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

NEW YORK.

Republicans.

1. Frederick Storm, Bayside, L. I.
3. Henry Bristow, Brooklyn.
4. Henry A. Hanbury, Brooklyn.
7. Montague Lessler, New York.
14. W. H. Douglas, New York.
17. Arthur S. Tompkins, Nyack.
18. John H. Ketcham, Dover Plains.
19. William H. Draper, Lansingburg.
20. George N. Southwick, Albany.
21. John K. Stewart, Amsterdam.
22. Lucius N. Littauer, New York.
23. Louis W. Emerson, Warrensburg.
24. Charles L. Knapp, Lowville.
25. James S. Sherman, Utaca.
26. John W. Dwight, Dryden.
27. Michael E. Driscoll, Syracuse.
28. Sereno E. Payne, Auburn.
29. Charles W. Gillett, Addison.
30. James W. Wadsworth, Geneseo.
31. James Brick Perkins, Rochester.
33. De Alva S. Alexander, Buffalo.
34. Edward V. Vreeland, Salamanca.

Democrats.

2. John J. Fitzgerald, Brooklyn.
5. Frank E. Wilson, Brooklyn.
6. George H. Lindsay, Brooklyn.
8. Thomas J. Creamer, New York.
9. Henry M. Goldfogle, New York.
10. Edward Swann, New York.
11. William Sulzer, New York.
12. George B. McClellan, New York.
13. Oliver H. P. Belmont, New York.
15. Jacob Ruppert, Jr., New York.
16. Cornelius A. Pugsley, Peekskill.
32. William H. Ryan, Buffalo.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Republicans.

8 Spencer Blackburn, Winston.
9. James M. Moody, Waynesville.

Democrats.

1. John H. Small, Washington.
2. Claude Kitchin, Scotland Neck.
3. Charles R. Thomas, Newbern.
4. Edward W. Pou, Smithfield.
5. William W. Kitchin, Roxboro.
6. John D. Bellamy, Wilmington.
7. Theodore F. Kluttz, Salisbury.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Republican.

Thomas F. Marshall, Oakes.

OHIO.

Republicans.

1. William B. Shattuc, Cincinnati.
2. Jacob H. Bromwell, Cincinnati.
3. Robert N. Nevines, Dayton.
6. Charles Q. Hildebrand, Wilmington.
7. Thomas B. Kyle, Troy.
8. William R. Warnock, Urbana.
9. James H. Southard, Toledo.
10. Stephen Morgan, Oak Hill.
11. Charles H. Grosvenor, Athens.
12. Emmet Tompkins, Columbus.
14. William W. Skiles, Shelby.
15. Henry C. Van Voorhis, Zanesville.
16. Joseph J. Gill, Steubenville.
18. Robert W. Tayler, Lisbon.
19. Charles Dick, Akron.
20. Jacob A. Beidler, Cleveland.
21. Theo. E. Burton, Cleveland.

Democrats.

4. Robert B. Gordon, St. Mary's.
5. John S. Snook, Paulding.
13. James A. Norton, Tiffin.
17. John W. Cassingham, Coshocton.

OREGON.

Republicans.

1. Thomas H. Tongue, Hillsboro.
2. Malcolm A. Moody, The Dalles.

PENNSYLVANIA.

At Large—Republicans.

Galusha A. Grow, Glenwood.
Robt. H. Foederer, Jr., Philadelphia

Republicans.

1. Henry H. Bingham, Philadelphia.
2. Robert Adams, Jr., Philadelphia.
3. Henry Burke, Philadelphia.
4. James R. Young, Philadelphia.
5. Edward deV. Morrell, Philadelphia
6. Thomas S. Butler, West Chester.
7. Irving P. Wanger, Norristown.
10. H. Bird Cassell, Marietta.
11. William Connell, Scranton.
12. Henry W. Palmer, Wilkesbarre.
13. George R. Patterson, Ashland.
14. Marlin E. Olmstead, Harrisburg.
15. Chas. Fred Wright, Susquehanna
16. Elias Deemer, Williamsport.
18. Thaddeus M. Mahon, Chambersb'g
19. Robert J. Lewis, York.
20. Alvin Evans, Ebensburg.
21. Summers M. Jack, Indiana.
22. John Dalzell, Pittsburg.
23. William H. Graham, Allegany.
24. Ernest F. Acheson, Washington.
25. Joseph B. Showalter, Chicora.
26. Arthur L. Bates, Meadville.
27. Joseph C. Sibley, Franklin.

Democrats.

8. Howard Mutchler., Easton.
9. Henry D. Green, Reading.
17. Alexander Billmeyer, Wash't'nville.
28. Vacant.

RHODE ISLAND.

Republicans.

1. Melville Bull, Middletown.
2. Adin B. Capron, Smithfield.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Democrats.

1. William Elliott, Beaufort
2. W. Jasper Talbert, Parksville.
3. Asbury C. Latimer, Belton.
4. Joseph T. Johnson, Spartanburg.
5. David E. Finley, Yorkville.
6. Robert B. Scarborough, Conway.
7. A. F. Lever, Wallaceville.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—Republicans.

E. W. Martin, Deadwood.
Charles H. Burke, Pierre.

TENNESSEE.

Republicans.

1. Walter P. Brownlow, Jonesboro.
2. Henry R. Gibson, Knoxville.

Democrats.

3. John A. Moon, Chatanooga.
4. Charles E. Snodgrass, Crossville.
5. Jas. D. Richardson, Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines, Nashville.
7. Lemuel P. Padgett, Columbia.
8. Thetus W. Sims, Linden.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

9. Rice A. Pierce, Union City.
10. Malcolm R. Patterson, Memphis.

TEXAS.

Democrats.

1. Thomas H. Ball, Huntsville.
2. Sam B. Cooper, Beaumont.
3. Gordon Russell, Tyler.
4. Norris Sheppard, Texarkana.
5. Choice B. Randell, Sherman.
6. Dudley G. Wooten, Dallas.
7. Robert L. Henry, Waco.
8. Sam'l W. T. Lanham, Weatherford.
9. Albert S. Burleson, Austin.
10. George F. Burgess, Gonzales.
11. Rudolph Kleberg, Cuero.
12. James L. Slayden, San Antonio.
13. John H. Stephens, Vernon.

UTAH.

Republican.

George Sutherland, Salt Lake City.

VERMONT.

Republicans.

1. David J. Foster, Burlington.
2. Kittridge Hoskins, Brattleboro.

VIRGINIA.

Democrats.

1. William A. Jones, Warsaw.
2. Henry L. Maynard, Portsmouth.
3. John Lamb, Richmond.
4. Francis R. Lassiter, Petersburg.
5. Claude A. Swanson, Chatham.
6. Carter Glass, Lynchburg.
7. James Hay, Madison.
8. John F. Rixey, Brandy.
9. William F. Rhea, Bristol.
10. Henry D. Flood, W. Appomattox.

WASHINGTON.

Republicans—At Large.

Wesley L. Jones, Yakima.
Francis W. Cushman, Tacoma.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Republicans.

1. Blackburn B. Dovener, Wheeling.
2. Alston G. Dayton, Philippi.
3. Joseph Holt Gaines, Charleston.
4. James A. Hughes, Huntington.

WISCONSIN.

Republicans.

1. Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
2. Herman B. Dahle, Mount Horeb.
3. Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
4. Theobold Otjen, Milwaukee.
5. Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
6. James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
7. John J. Esch, La Crosse.
8. Edward S. Minor, Stourgeon Bay.
9. Webster E. Brown, Rhinelander.
10. John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

WYOMING.

Republican.

Frank W. Mondell, Newcastle.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans..	199	Vacancy.....	1
Democrats....	149		
All others....	8	Total.....	357

Territorial Delegates.

ARIZONA.

Democrat.

Mark A. Smith, Tucson.

NEW MEXICO.

Republican.

B. S. Bodey, Albuquerque.

OKLAHOMA.

Republican.

Dennis T. Flynn, Guthrie.

HAWAII.

Robert W. Wilcox, Honolulu.

BASIS OF REPRESENTATION.

The basis and ratio for apportioning Representatives in Congress are founded on the population of the States, exclusive of the Territories.

From 1790 to 1850 the apportionment of Representatives in Congress was made by Congress, as at present. The law for taking the census in 1850 was intended to be permanent. Congress made a rule of apportionment, fixed the number of members of the House at 233, and directed the Secretary of the Interior thereafter to make the apportionment to each State. The apportionment under the census of 1860 was made under this law, but Congress on March 4, 1862, fixed the total number of members, and the Secretary of the Interior apportioned the new quotas to the States. The apportionments under the census of 1870 and subsequently were made by Congress, so that the Act of 1850 delegating that power to the Secretary of the Interior has been repealed by implication.

The Act making the apportionment of Representatives in Congress, approved January 16, 1901, provides that after March 3, 1903, the House of Representatives of the United States shall be composed of 386 members.

It is also provided that whenever a new State is admitted to the Union, the Representative or Representatives assigned to it shall be in addition to the number of 386.

Each member of the House shall represent a district, composed of contiguous territory. But additional Representatives under this apportionment shall be elected by the State at large until the Legislature shall redistrict the State.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, U. S.

First Regular Session Begins December 7, 1903.

House of Representatives.

ALABAMA.
Democrats.
1. George W. Taylor, Demopolis.
2. A. A. Wiley, Montgomery.
3. Henry D. Clayton, Eufaula.
4. Sidney J. Bowie, Anniston.
5. Charles W. Thompson, Tuskegee.
6. John H. Bankhead, Fayette.
7. John L. Burnett, Gadsden.
8. William Richardson, Huntsville.
9. Oscar W. Underwood, Birmingham.

ARKANSAS.
Democrats.
1. R. Bruce Macon, Helena.
2. Stephen Brundidge, Jr., Searcy.
3. Hugh A. Dinsmore, Fayetteville.
4. John S. Little, Greenwood.
5. Charles C. Reid, Morrillton.
6. Joseph T. Robinson, Lonoke.
7. R. M. Wallace, Magnolia.

CALIFORNIA.
Republicans.
1. J. N. Gillette, Eureka.
3. Victor H. Metcalf, Oakland.
6. James C. Needham, Modesto.
7. James McLachlan, Passadena.
8. M. J. Daniels, Riverside.
Democrats.
2. Theodore A. Bell, Napa.
4. E. J. Livernash, San Francisco.
5. William J. Wynn, San Francisco.

COLORADO.
At Large—Republican.
Franklin E. Brooks, Colo. Springs.
Republican.
2. H. M. Hogg, Telluride.
Democrat.
1. John F. Shafroth, Denver.

CONNECTICUT.
Republicans.
1. George L. Lilley, Waterbury.
2. E. Stevens Henry, Rockville.
3. Nehemiah D. Sperry, New Haven.
4. Frank B. Brandegee, New London.
5. Ebenezer J. Hill Norwalk.

DELAWARE.
At Large—Democrat.
Henry M. Houston, Millsboro.

FLORIDA.
Democrats.
1. Stephen M. Sparkman, Tampa.
2. Robert W. Davis, Palatka.
3. William B. Lamar, Monticello.

GEORGIA.
Democrats.
1. Rufus E. Lester, Savannah.
2. James M. Griggs, Dawson.
3. Elijah B. Lewis, Montezuma.
4. William C. Adamson, Carrollton.
5. Leonidas F. Livingston, Kings.
6. Charles L. Bartlett, Macon.
7. John W. Maddox, Rome.
8. William M. Howard, Lexington.
9. Farish C. Tate, Jasper.
10. T. W. Hardwick, Sandersville.
11. William G. Brantley, Brunswick.

IDAHO.
Republican.
Burton L. French, Moscow.

ILLINOIS.
Republicans.
2. James R. Mann, Chicago.
3. William W. Wilson, Chicago.
6. William Lorimer, Chicago.
7. Philip Knopf, Chicago.
9. Henry S. Boutell, Chicago.
10. George E. Foss, Chicago.
11. H. M. Snapp, Joliet.
12. Charles E. Fuller, Belvidere.
13. Robert R. Hitt, Mt. Morris.
14. Benjamin F. Marsh, Warsaw.
15. George W. Prince, Galesburg.
16. Joseph V. Graff, Peoria.
17. J. A. Sterling, Bloomington.
18. Joseph G. Cannon, Danville.
22. Wm. A. Rodenburg, East St. Louis.
25. George W. Smith, Murphysboro.
Democrats.
1. Martin Emerich, Chicago.
4. George P. Foster, Chicago.
5. James McAndrews, Chicago.
8. William F. Mahony, Chicago.
20. H. T. Rainey, Carrollton.
21. Ben. F. Caldwell, Chatham.
23. Joseph B. Crowley, Robinson.
24. James R. Williams, Carmi.

INDIANA.
Republicans.
1. James A. Hemenway, Booneville.
5. Elias S. Holliday, Brazil.
6. James E. Watson, Rushville.
7. Jesse Overstreet, Indianapolis.
8. George W. Cromer, Muncie.
9. Charles B. Landis, Delphi.
10. Edgar D. Crumpacker, Valparaiso.
11. Frederick K. Landis, Logansport.
13. Abraham L. Brick, South Bend.
Democrats.
2. Robert W. Miers, Bloomington.
3. William T. Zenor, Corydon.
4. Francis M. Griffith, Vevay.
12. James M. Robinson, Fort Wayne.

IOWA.
Republicans.
1. Thomas Hedge, Burlington.
3. B. P. Birdsall, Clarion.
4. Gilbert N. Haugen, Northwood.
5. Robert G. Cousins, Tipton.
6. John F. Lacey, Oskaloosa.
7. John A. T. Hull, Des Moines.
8. William P. Hepburn, Clarinda.
9. Walter I. Smith, Council Bluffs.
10. James P. Connor, Denison.
11. Lot Thomas, Storm Lake.
Democrat.
2. Martin J. Wade, Iowa City.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

KANSAS.

At Large—Republican.
Charles F. Scott, Iola.

Republicans.
1. Charles Curtis, Topeka.
2. Justin D. Bowersock, Lawrence.
3. P. P. Campbell, Pittsburg.
4. James M. Miller, Council Grove.
5 William A. Calderhead, Marysville.
6. William A. Reeder, Logan.
7. Chester I. Long, Medicine Lodge.

KENTUCKY.

Republican.
11. Vincent Boreing, London.

Democrats.
1. Ollie James, Marion.
2. O. A. Stanley, Henderson.
3. John S Rhea, Russellville.
4. David H. Smith, Hodgensville.
5. Swanger Sherley, Louisville.
6. D. Linn Gooch, Covington.
7. South Trimble, Frankfort.
8. George G. Gilbert, Shelbyville.
9. James N. Kehoe, Maysville.
10. F. A. Hopkins, Prestonsburg.

LOUISIANA.

Democrats
1. Adolph Meyer, New Orleans.
2. Robert C. Davey, New Orleans.
3. Robert F. Broussard, New Iberia.
4. Phanor Brazeale, Natchitoches.
5. Jos. E. Ransdell, Lake Providence.
6. Sam'l M. Robertson, Baton Rouge.
7. A. P. Pujo, Lake Charles.

MAINE.

Republicans.
1. Amos L. Allen, Alfred.
2. Charles E. Littlefield, Rockland.
3. Edwin C. Burleigh, Augusta.
4. Llewellyn Powers, Houlton.

MARYLAND.

Republicans.
1. William H. Jackson, Salisbury.
3. Frank C. Wachter, Baltimore.
5. Sydney E. Mudd, La Plata.
6. George A. Pearre, Cumberland.

Democrats.
2. J. F. C. Talbott, Lutherville.
4. J. W. Denny, Baltimore.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Republicans.
1. George P. Lawrence, North Adams.
2. Frederick H. Gillett, Springfield.
4. Charles Q. Tirrell, Natick.
5. Butler Ames, Lowell.
6. A. P. Gardner, Hamilton.
7. Ernest W. Roberts, Chelsea.
8. Samuel W. McCall, Winchester.
12. Samuel L. Powers, Newton.
13. William C. Lovering, Taunton.
14. William S. Greene, Fall River.

Democrats.
3. John R. Thayer, Worcester
9. J. A. Keliher, Boston.
10. W S. McNary, Boston.
11. John A. Sullivan, Boston.

MICHIGAN.

Republicans.
2. Charles E. Townsend, Jackson.
3. Washington Gardner, Albion
4. Edward L. Hamilton, Niles.
5. Wm. Alden Smith, Grand Rapids.
6. Samuel W. Smith, Pontiac.
7. Henry McMoran, Port Huron.
8. Joseph W. Fordney, Saginaw.
9. Roswell P. Bishop, Ludington.
10. George A. Loud, Oscoda.
11. Archibald B. Darragh, St. Louis.
12. H. O. Young, Ishpeming.

Democrat.
1. Alfred Lucking, Detroit.

MINNESOTA.

Republicans.
1. James A. Tawney, Winona.
2. James T. McCleary, Mankato.
3. C. R. Davis, St. Peter.
4. Fred C. Stevens, St. Paul.
6. C. B. Buckman, Little Falls
7. O. J. Volstead, Granite Falls.
8. J. Adam Bede, Pine City.
9. Halvor Steenerson, Crookston.

Democrat.
5. John Lind, Minneapolis.

MISSISSIPPI.

Democrats.
1. Ezekiel S. Chandler, Jr., Corinth.
2. Thomas Spight, Ripley.
3. B. G. Humphreys, Greenville.
4. W. S. Hill, Winona
5. A. M. Byrd, Philadelphia
6. E. J. Bowers, Bay St Louis.
7. Frank A. McLean, Gloster.
8. John S. Williams, Yazoo.

MISSOURI.

Republican.
10. Richard Bartholdt, St. Louis.

Democrats
1. James T Lloyd, Shelbyville.
2. William W Rucker, Keytesville
3. John Dougherty, Liberty.
4. Charles F. Cochran, St. Joseph.
5. William S Cowherd, Kansas City.
6. David A. DeArmond, Butler.
7. C. W. Hamlin, Springfield.
8. Dorsey W. Shackelford, Jefferson C'y.
9. Champ Clark, Bowling Green.
11. John T. Hunt, St. Louis.
12. James J. Butler, St. Louis.
13. Edward Robb, Perryville
14. W. D. Vandiver, Cape Girardeau.
15. Mœcenas E. Benton, Neosho.
16. Robert Lamar, Houston.

MONTANA.

At Large—Republican.
Joseph M. Dixon, Missoula.

NEBRASKA.

Republicans.
1. Elmer J. Burkett, Lincoln.
3. J. J. McCarthy, Ponca.
4. E. H. Hinshaw, Fairbury.
5. George W. Norris, McCook.
6 M. P. Kinkaid, O'Neill.

Democrat.
2. G. M. Hitchcock, Omaha.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

NEVADA.

At Large—Democrat.
C. D. Van Duzer, Tonopah.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Republicans.
1. Cyrus A. Sulloway, Manchester.
2. Frank D. Currier, Canaan.

NEW JERSEY.

Republicans.
1. Henry C. Loudenslager, Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner, Atlantic City.
3. Benj. F. Howell, New Brunswick.
4. William M. Lanning, Trenton.
5. Charles N. Fowler, Elizabeth.
7. R. Wayne Parker, Newark.
8. William H. Wiley, East Orange.

Democrats.
6. William Hughes, Paterson.
9. Allan Benny, Jersey City.
10. Allan L. McDermott, Jersey City.

NEW YORK.

Republicans.
3. Charles T. Dunwell, Brooklyn.
15. William H. Douglas, New York.
19. Norton P. Otis, Yonkers.
20. Thomas W. Bradley, Walden.
21. John H. Ketcham, Dover Plains.
22. William H. Draper, Lansingburg.
23. Geo. N. Southwick, Albany.
24. George J. Smith, Kingston.
25. Lucius N. Littauer, Gloversville.
26. W. H. Flack, Malone.
27. James S. Sherman, Utica.
28. Charles L. Knapp, Loweville.
29. Michael E. Driscoll, Syracuse.
30. John W. Dwight, Dryden.
31. Sereno E. Payne, Auburn.
32. James B. Perkins, Rochester.
33. Charles W. Gillet, Addison.
34. James W. Wadsworth, Geneseo.
36. De Alva S. Alexander, Buffalo.
37. Edward B. Vreeland, Salamanca.

Democrats.
1. Townsend Scudder, Brooklyn.
2. George H. Lindsay, Brooklyn.
4. Frank E. Wilson, Brooklyn.
5. E. M. Bassett, Brooklyn.
6. Robert H. Baker, Brooklyn.
7. John J. Fitzgerald, New York.
8. T. D. Sullivan, New York.
9. Henry M. Goldfogle, New York.
10. William Sulzer, New York.
11. William R. Hearst, New York.
12. George B. McClellan, New York.
13. F. B. Harrison, New York.
14. Ira E. Rider, New York.
16. Jacob Ruppert, New York.
17. F. E. Schober, New York.
18. Joseph A. Goulden, New York.
35. William H. Ryan, Buffalo.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Democrats.
1. John H. Small, Washington.
2. Claude Kitchin, Scotland Neck.
3. Charles R. Thomas, Newbern.
4. Edward W. Pou, Smithfield.
5. William W. Kitchin, Roxboro.
6. G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
7. Robert N. Page, Aberdeen.
8. Theodore F. Kluttz, Salisbury.
9. E. Y. Webb, Shelby.
10. J. M. Gudger, Jr., Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA.

At Large—Republicans.
Thomas F. Marshall, Oakes.
B. F. Spalding, Fargo.

OHIO.

Republicans.
1. Nicholas Longworth, Cincinnati.
2. H. P. Goebel, Cincinnati.
3. Robert M. Nevin, Dayton.
6. Charles Q. Hildebrant, Wilmington.
7. Thomas B. Kyle, Troy.
8. William R. Warnock, Urbana.
9. James H. Southard, Toledo.
10. Stephen Morgan, Oak Hill.
11. Charles H. Grosvenor, Athens.
13. A. H. Jackson, Fremont.
14. William W. Skiles, Shelby.
15. Henry C. Van Voorhis, Zanesville.
16. Joseph J. Gill, Steubenville.
18. James Kennedy, Youngstown.
19. Charles Dick, Akron.
20. Jacob A. Beidler, Willoughby.
21. Theodore E. Burton, Cleveland.

Democrats.
4. H. C. Garber, Greenville.
5. John S. Snook, Paulding.
12. De Witt C. Badger, Columbus.
17. John W. Cassingham, Coshocton.

OREGON.

Republicans.
1. Thomas H. Tongue, Hillsboro.
2. J. N. Williamson, Pineville.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Republicans.
1. Henry H. Bingham, Philadelphia.
2. Robert Adams, Jr., Philadelphia.
3. Henry Burk, Philadelphia.
4. Robert H. Foerderer, Philadelphia.
5. Edw. DeV. Morrell, Philadelphia.
6. George D. McCreary, Philadelphia.
7. Thomas S. Butler, West Chester.
8. Irving P. Wanger, Norristown.
9. H. Burd Cassel, Marietta.
11. Henry W. Palmer, Wilkesbarre.
12. George R. Patterson, Ashland.
14. Charles F Wright, Susquehanna.
15. Elias Deemer, Williamsport.
17. Thad. M. Mahon, Chambersburg.
18. Marlin E. Olmsted, Harrisburg.
19. Alvin Evans, Ebensburg.
20. Daniel F. Lafean, York.
21. S. R. Dresser, Bradford.
22. George F. Huff, Greensburg.
23. Allen F. Cooper, Uniontown.
24. Ernest F. Acheson, Washington.
25. Arthur L. Bates, Meadville.
27. W. O. Smith Punxsutawney.
28. Joseph C. Sibley, Franklin.
29. G. Shiras, III., Allegany.
30. John Dalzell, Pittsburg.
31. H. Kirke Porter, Pittsburg.
32. James W. Brown, Pittsburg.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, U. S.—Continued.

Democrats.

10. George Howell, Scranton.
13. Marcus C. L. Kline, Allentown.
16. Charles H. Dickerman, Milton.
26. J. H. Shull, Stroudsburg.

RHODE ISLAND.

Republican.

2. Adin B. Capron, Smithfield.

Democrat.

1. D. L. D. Granger, Providence.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Democrats.

1. George S. Legare, Charleston.
2. George W. Croft, Aiken.
3. Wyatt Aiken, Abbeville.
4. Joseph T. Johnson, Spartanburg.
5. David E. Finley, Yorkville.
6. Robert B. Scarborough, Conway.
7. A. F. Lever, Wallaceville.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—Republicans.

Charles H. Burke, Pierre.
Eben W. Martin, Deadwood.

TENNESSEE.

Republicans.

1. Walter P. Brownlow, Jonesboro.
2. Henry R. Gibson, Knoxville.

Democrats.

3. John A. Moon, Chatanooga.
4. M. T. Fitzpatrick, Nashville.
5. Jas. D. Richardson, Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines, Nashville.
7. Lemuel P. Padgett, Columbia.
8. Thetus W. Sims, Linden.
9. Rice A. Pierce, Union City.
10. Malcolm R. Patterson, Memphis.

TEXAS.

Democrats.

1. Morris Sheppard, Texarkana.
2. Sam B. Cooper, Beaumount.
3. J. G. Russell, Tyler.
4. Choice B. Randell, Sherman.
5. J. A. Beall, Waxahachie.
6. Scott Field, Calvert.
7. A. W. Gregg, Palestine.
8. Thomas H. Ball, Huntsville.
9. George F. Burgess, Gonzales.
10. Albert S. Burleson, Austin.
11. Robert L. Henry, Waco.
12. O. W. Gillespie, Fort Worth.
13. John H. Stephens, Vernon.
14. James L. Slayden, San Antonio.
15. John N. Garner, Uvalde.
16. W. R. Smith, Colorado.

UTAH.

At Large—Republican.

Joseph Howell, Wellsville.

VERMONT.

Republicans.

1. David J. Foster, Burlington.
2. Kittredge Haskins, Brattleboro.

VIRGINIA.

Republican.

9. Campbell Slemp, Big Stone Gap.

Democrats.

1. William A. Jones, Warsaw.
2. Henry L. Maynard, Portsmouth.
3. John Lamb, Richmond.
4. R. G. Southall, Amelia.
5. Claude A. Swanson, Chatham.
6. Carter Glass, Lynchburg.
7. James Hay, Madison.
8. John F. Rixey, Brandy.
10. Henry D. Flood, W. Appommattox.

WASHINGTON.

At Large—Republicans.

Wesley L. Jones, Yakima.
Francis W. Cushman, Tacoma.
William E. Humphrey, Seattle.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Republicans.

1. Blackburn B. Dovener, Wheeling.
2. Alston G. Dayton, Philippi.
3. Joseph Holt Gaines, Charleston.
4. Harry C. Woodyard, Spencer.
5. James A. Hughes, Huntington.

WISCONSIN.

Republicans.

1. Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
2. H. C. Adams, Madison.
3. Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
4. Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
5. William H. Stafford, Milwaukee.
7. John J. Esch, LaCrosse.
8. James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
9. Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
10. Webster E. Brown, Rhinelander.
11. John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

Democrat.

6. C. H. Weisse, Sheboygan Falls.

WYOMING.

At Large—Republican.

Frank W. Mondell, Newcastle.

RECAPITULATION.

Reublicans	208
Democrats	178
Whole	386

Territorial Delegates.

ARIZONA.

Democrat.

J. F. Wilson, Prescott.

NEW MEXICO.

Republican.

Bernard S. Rodey, Albuquerque.

OKLAHOMA.

Republican.

Bird S. Maguire, Guthrie.

HAWAII.

Republican.

Jonah Kalaulauoale, Honolulu.

REPRESENTATION OF THE STATES.

States.	Number by Apportionment of— Twelfth Census (386 Members).	Eleventh Census (356 Members).	Increase.
Alabama	9	9	..
Arkansas	7	6	1
California	8	7	1
Colorado	3	2	1
Connecticut	5	4	1
Delaware	1	1	..
Florida	3	2	1
Georgia	11	11	..
Idaho	1	1	..
Illinois	25	22	3
Indiana	13	13	..
Iowa	11	11	..
Kansas	8	8	..
Kentucky	11	11	..
Louisiana	7	6	1
Maine	4	4	..
Maryland	6	6	..
Massachusetts	14	13	1
Michigan	12	12	..
Minnesota	9	7	2
Mississippi	8	7	1
Missouri	16	15	1
Montana	1	1	..
Nebraska	6	6	..
Nevada	1	1	..
New Hampshire	2	2	..
New Jersey	10	8	2
New York	37	34	3
North Carolina	10	9	1
North Dakota	2	1	1
Ohio	21	21	..
Oregon	2	2	..
Pennsylvania	32	30	2
Rhode Island	2	2	..
South Carolina	7	7	..
South Dakota	2	2	..
Tennessee	10	10	..
Texas	16	13	3
Utah	1	..	..
Vermont	2	2	..
Virginia	10	10	..
Washington	3	2	1
West Virginia	5	4	1
Wisconsin	11	10	1
Wyoming	1	1	..

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Under—	Census— Year.	Population.	Apportionment.— Year.	Ratio.	Number of Representatives.
Constitution	....	.....	1789	30,000	65
First Census	1790	3,929,214	1793	33,000	105
Second Census	1800	5,308,483	1803	33,000	141
Third Census	1810	7,239,881	1813	35,000	181
Fourth Census	1820	9,633,822	1823	40,000	213
Fifth Census	1830	12,866,020	1833	47,700	240
Sixth Census	1840	17,069,453	1843	70,680	223
Seventh Census	1850	23,191,876	1853	93,423	223
Eighth Census	1860	31,443,321	1863	127,381	243
Ninth Census	1870	38,558,371	1873	131,425	293
Tenth Census	1880	50,155,783	1883	151,911	325
Eleventh Census	1890	62,622,250	1893	173,901	356
Twelfth Census	1900	74,565,906	1901	194,182	386

NATIONAL CIVIL SERVICE REFORM ASSOCIATION.

Officers Elected at Philadelphia December 12, 1902.

President—Daniel C. Gilman, Baltimore. Secretary—Elliott H. Goodwin.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Charles Francis Adams, Boston.
Joseph H. Choate, New York.
Grover Cleveland, Princeton.
Charles W. Eliot, Cambridge.
Arthur T. Hadley, New Haven.
Henry C. Lea, Philadelphia.
Seth Low, New York.
Franklin MacVeagh, Chicago.
Bishop Henry C. Potter, New York.
Archbishop P. J. Ryan, Philadelphia.
Harry A. Garfield, Cleveland.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Silas W. Burt, Edward Cary, Charles Collins, R. W. Gilder, W. G. Low, Geo. McAneny, Samuel H. Ordway, William Potts, Carl Shurz, Edward M. Shepard, E. P. Wheeler, all of New York; R. H. Dana, Moorfield Storey, W. W. Vaughan, Boston; John J. Edson, F. L. Siddons, Washington; John W. Ela, Chicago; Henry W. Farnam, New Haven; H. B. Jacobs, George A. Pope, Charles J. Bonaparte, H. O. Reik, Baltimore; Charles Richardson, Herbert Welsh, R. Francis Wood, Clinton Rogers Woodruff, Philadelphia; Henry A. Richmond, Buffalo; L. B. Swift, Indianapolis; Henry Van Kleeck, Denver; C. B. Wilby, Cincinnati; Morrill Wyman, Jr., Cambridge.

STATES OF THE UNION.

States.	Date of Entry	Order of Ratification.	Order of Admission.	Capitals.
Alabama	1819	..	9	Montgom'ry
Arkansas	1836	..	12	Little Rock.
California	1850	..	18	Sacramento.
Colorado	1876	..	25	Denver.
*Connecticut.	1788	5	..	Hartford.
*Delaware	1787	1	..	Dover.
Florida	1845	..	14	Tallahassee.
*Georgia	1788	4	..	Atlanta.
Idaho	1890	..	31	Boisé City.
Illinois	1818	..	8	Springfield.
Indiana	1816	..	6	Indianap'lis
Iowa	1846	..	16	Des Moines.
Kansas	1861	..	21	Topeka.
Kentucky	1792	..	2	Frankfort.
Louisiana	1812	..	5	Bat'n Rouge
Maine	1820	..	10	Augusta.
*Maryland	1788	7	..	Annapolis.
*Mas'chus'ts.	1788	6	..	Boston.
Michigan	1837	..	13	Lansing.
Minnesota	1858	..	19	St. Paul.
Mississippi	1817	..	7	Jackson.
Missouri	1821	..	11	Jeff'rs'n C'y.
Montana	1889	..	28	Helena.
Nebraska	1867	..	24	Lincoln.
Nevada	1864	..	23	Carson C'y.
*N. H'mpshire	1788	9	..	Concord.
*New Jersey.	1787	3	..	Trenton.
*New York	1788	11	..	Albany.
*N. Carolina.	1789	12	..	Raleigh.
N. Dakota	1889	..	26	Bismarck.
Ohio	1802	..	4	Columbus.
Oregon	1859	..	20	Salem.
*Penns'lvania	1787	2	..	Harrisburg.
*Rhode Island	1790	13	..	Newport and Provid'nce.
*S. Carolina.	1788	8	..	Columbia.
S. Dakota	1889	..	27	Pierre.
Tennessee	1796	..	3	Nashville.
Texas	1845	..	15	Austin.
Vermont	1791	..	1	Montpelier.
*Virginia	1788	10	..	Richmond.
Washington.	1889	..	29	Olympia.
W. Virginia.	1863	..	22	Charleston.
Wisconsin	1848	..	17	Madison.
Wyoming	1890	..	30	Cheyenne.
Utah	1896	..	32	S'lt L'ke C'y.

*Original thirteen States.

NICKNAMES OF STATES.

Alabama—State of Rest.
Arkansas—Bear State.
California—Golden State.
Colorado—Centennial State.
Connecticut—Nutmeg State.
Delaware—Blue Hen.
Florida—Land of Flowers.
Georgia—Cracker State.
Illinois—Sucker State.
Indiana—Hoosier State.
Iowa—Hawkeye State.
Kansas—Garden of the West.
Kentucky—Blue Grass State.
Luisiana—Pelican State.
Maine—Pine Tree State.
Maryland—Land of Toleration, Land of the Calverts, Old Line State.
Massachusetts—Old Bay State.
Michigan—Wolverine State.
Minnesota—Gopher State.
Mississippi—Bayou State.
Missouri—Bullion State.
Montana—Singed Cat State.
Nevada—Silver State.
New Hampshire—Granite State.
New Jersey—Garden State.
New York—Empire State.
North Carolina—Tar Heel State.
Ohio—Buckeye State.
Oregon—Webfoot State.
Pennsylvania—Keystone State.
Rhode Island—Little Rhody.
South Carolina—Palmetto State.
Texas—Lone Star State.
Utah—Honey Bee State.
Vermont—Green Mountain State.
Virginia—Old Dominion.
West Virginia—Panhandle State.
Wisconsin—Badger State.

BACTERIOLOGICAL DISCOVERY.

On September 7, 1902, the announcement was made that two students, under the direction of Dr. William H. Welch, of the Johns Hopkins Medical School, and chairman of the Board of Directors of the Rockefeller Institute of Medical Research, had discovered the germ which causes "summer complaint" among children. The investigation leading to this important discovery was conducted by Charles W. Duval, of Annapolis, Md., a student at the University of Pennsylvania Medical School, and Victor H. Bassett, of Aledo, Ill., a student of the Johns Hopkins Medical School and pathologist to the Wilson Sanitarium. Mr. Duval is 26 years old, a graduate of St. John's College, and will receive the degree of doctor of medicine at the University of Pennsylvania in 1903. Mr. Bassett is a young graduate of Knox College, and will receive the doctor's degree at the Johns Hopkins Medical School in 1903.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Prof. Woodrow Wilson, in his "History of the American People," says: "President Monroe took an early opportunity to domesticate, as it were, the very foreign policy of the government by confining its issues to the Americas. European statesmen were putting their houses in order after the convulsions of the Napoleonic wars, establishing once more the balance of power and the rights of shaken dynasties. They drew their States together, under the leadership of Austria, and her consummate Metternich, to crush every rising, silence every demand for liberal reform, and make good the jeopardized absolutism of their kings throughout the length and breadth of Europe.

"Their reactionary purpose having been accomplished with some touch of thoroughness on the Continent itself, Spain prayed them to assist her to win the revolted colonies of South America back to her crown, and they seemed about to accede to her prayer. Mr. Canning, England's watchful Minister, saw at once the peril there would be in that to England's trade in the south. He proposed, therefore, to Mr. Rush, the American Minister in London, that the United States should join with England in protesting against the attempt of any outside power to restore Spain's authority in America. Mr. Adams, the Secretary of State, did not relish the suggestion, though he approved the object. Mr. Monroe accepted his view in the matter. In his annual message of December, 1823, he told Congress and the world what attitude he meant to take toward any attempt on the part of European powers 'to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere.'

"What had made the matter seem the more exigent and important was the unpleasant fact that Russia was gaining a foothold in North America itself. Russian fur traders were pushing and extending their trade not only in Alaska, but also along the coasts to the southward and nearer to Oregon. The Czar claimed all of the coast waters of the region as his own. Mr. Adams had feared that should the European coalition, of which the Czar was so influential a member, interfere in the affairs of Spain at the south, Russia might take the Spanish Province of California as compensation for her trouble and shut the doors of the Pacific once for all against the expanding Union. Mr. Monroe, therefore, spoke very plainly upon that point also in his message. These decisive words proved sufficient. Whatever may have been Russia's plans, she did not care to force them now, and in the closing months of Mr. Monroe's administration she agreed to a treaty in which it was stipulated that the fisheries and the navigation of the Pacific were to be open to both parties, and that the line 54° 40 north latitude should divide their future settlements."

The Monroe doctrine is stated in precise terms in the following extracts from President Monroe's message to Congress on December 2, 1823:

"In the wars of the European powers in matters relating to themselves we have never taken any part, nor does it comport with our policy to do so. It is only when our rights are invaded or seriously menaced that we resent injuries or make preparations for our defense. With the movements in this hemisphere we are of necessity more immediately connected, and by causes which must be obvious to all enlightened and impartial observers.

"This political system of the allied powers is essentially different in this respect from that of America. This difference proceeds from that which exists in their respective governments. And to the defense of our own, which has been achieved by the loss of so much blood and treasure, and matured by the wisdom of our most enlightened citizens, and under which we have enjoyed unexampled felicity, this whole nation is devoted.

"We owe it, therefore, to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power we have not interfered, and shall not interfere. But with the governments who have declared their independence and maintained it, and whose independence we have on great consideration and on just principles acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them, or controlling in any other manner their destiny, by any European power in any other light than as the manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States.

"The American continents, by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European powers.

"It is impossible that the allied powers should extend their political system to any portion of either continent without endangering our peace and happiness; nor can anyone believe that our southern brethren, if left to themselves, would adopt it of their own accord. It is equally impossible, therefore, that we should behold such interposition in any form with indifference."

FEDERAL OFFICES AT BALTIMORE.

CUSTOM HOUSE.

Collector ..... William F. Stone.
Special Deputy Collector..... Dr. Nelson A. Ryon.
Deputy Collector..... Col. Charles W. Raphun.
Secretary to Collector..... Benjamin L. Henderson.
Clerk ..... Mrs. E. J. May.
Auditor ..... Charles F. Hanna.
Cashier ..... Charles S. Montell.
Chief Entry Clerk..... Thomas J. Talbott.
Chief Marine Clerk..... Charles A. Thalheimer.
Chief Warehouse Clerk..... T. Sewell Plummer.
Chief Liquidating Clerk..... William S. Potter.
Chief Statistical Clerk..... R. J. B. Boggs.
Records Keeper..... Andrew Banks.
Storekeeper, Public Store..... William J. Blair.
Assistant Custodian..... Edwin T. Daneker.
Surveyor ..... Dr. R. A. Ravenscroft.
Deputy Surveyor..... David E. Dick.
United States Weigher..... T. M. Lanahan.
Appraisers ..... Jas. H. Butler and C. Ross Mace.
Assistant Appraiser..... James Campbell.
Naval Officer..... William T. Malster.
Deputy Naval Officer..... John W. Cable.
Special Agent, Treasury Department..Leslie Cullom.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINERS.

Chairman—Wm. J. Blair. Secretary—Charles S. Burns.
James H. Butler, T. Sewell Plummer, L. M. Zimmerman.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.

Assistant Treasurer..... A. Lincoln Dryden.
Cashier ..... L. H. Nice.
National Bank Examiner..... John U. Markell.

PENSION EXAMINERS.

Major Edward Howard. Albert H. Davis.

POSTOFFICE.

Postmaster—S. Davies Warfield. | Assistant Postmaster—Edw. W. Baker.
Secretary—Ernest Green. | Cashier—George L. S. Kimberly.

Superintendents.

Mailing Division—Frank M. Smith. | Money Order Division—Geo. L. Horn.
City Division—George W. Wright. | Stamp Division—Samuel B. Cator.
Carriers—Sam'l F. Tapman. | General Delivery—Sydney Adams.
Registry Division—Jas. A. Saulsbury.

Civil Service Board.

Chairman—George L. S. Kimberly. Secretary—Louis M. Rawlins.
Henry F. Dorton. | Charles A. Rotan.
James T. O'Neill. | Josias Carroll, Jr.
William E. Davis.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Collector—Phillips Lee Goldsborough. Deputy Collector—George E. Sharrer.

UNITED STATES COURT OFFICIALS.

Marshal—John F. Langhammer. | Clerk of the United States Court—Jas. W. Chew.
Chief Deputy—William Coath. | Assistant Clerk—Arthur L. Spamer.
District Attorney—John C. Rose |
Assist. Dist. Attorney—Morris A. Soper. |

STEAMBOAT INSPECTORS.

Charles W. Wright. Edwin F. White.

TO FIND ANY PERSON'S AGE.

Tell him or her, as the case may be, to put down the number of the month in which he was born, then to multiply it by two, then to add five, then to multiply it by 50, then to add her age, then to subtract 365, then to add 115, then to tell the amount she has left. The two figures to the right will denote the person's age, and the remainder, the month of birth. For example, the total amount is 822; the person is 22 years old and was born in the eighth month (August).

POPE LEO XIII.

On February 20, 1902, Pope Leo XIII—Giacchino Pecci—began the 25th year of his pontificate. The essential dates in his career may be summarized as follows:

Born at Carpineto, then in the States of the Church, March 2, 1810.

Ordained priest December 31, 1837.

Sent as nuncio to Belgium 1843; consecrated as Archbishop of Damietta, February 19 of the same year.

Nominated Bishop of Perugia January 19, 1846.

Created a cardinal by Pius IX December 19, 1853.

Appointed cardinal camerlengo (Chamberlain) September, 1877.

Became Pope February 20, 1878.

Crowned March 3, 1878.

Celebrated the golden jubilee of his priesthood, 1887.

Episcopal jubilee celebrated February 19, 1893.

Ninety-second birthday March 2, 1902.

APOSTOLIC DELEGATES.

Apostolic Delegate to the United States—Archbishop Diomede Falconio, O. S. F.

Residence, 201 I street N. W., Washington, D. C.

Archbishop Falconio is the first American citizen to become Apostolic Delegate at Washington. His two predecessors were Cardinal Satolli and Cardinal Martinelli. The new Apostolic Delegate was born in 1842 and is a member of the Franciscan Order. He came to this country in 1865 and was ordained a priest at Buffalo, N. Y., the following year. Two years later he became president of St. Bonaventure's College. He became a citizen of the United States and voted at the Presidential election in 1872. He was made a bishop in 1892, and in the same year was elevated to the Archbishopric of Acrenza and Mareta. He was Papal Delegate to Canada and was transferred thence to Washington.

The Delegate is clothed with powers from Rome to settle ecclesiastical questions arising in the Church in the United States. As Apostolic Delegate he has the supreme power in church government of the delegating Pontiff.

Auditor of the delegation at Washington—Dr. Francis Marchetti.
Dr. F. Z. Rooker, secretary.

Apostolic Delegate in the Philippines—Archbishop Augusto Guidi.

Apostolic Delegate to Cuba and Porto Rico—Archbishop Placidus L. Chapelle.

Porto Rico—James H. Bienck, Bishop.

Santiago, Cuba—Francis de Paula Barnada, Archbishop.

Prefect Apos., Alaska—John R. Rene, S. J.

CATHOLIC PRELATES.

Hierarchy of the Roman Catholic Church in the United States.

Province of Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md.—James Gibbons, Cardinal and Archbishop.
Charleston, S. C.—H. P. Northrop.
Richmond, Va.—A. Van de Vyver.
Savannah, Ga—Benjamin J. Keiley.
St. Augustine, Fla.—William J. Kenny.
Wheeling, W. Va.—P. J. Donahue.
Wilmington, Del.—John J. Monaghan.
Vicariate Apostolic, N. C.—Leo Hald, O. S. B.

Province of Boston.

Boston, Mass.—John J. Williams, Archbishop; John Brady, Auxiliary Bishop.
Burlington, Vt.—John Michaud, Bishop.
Manchester, N. H.—D. M. Bradley.
Hartford, Conn.—Michael Tierney.
Portland, Me.—William H. O'Connell.
Providence, R. I.—Matthew Harkins.
Springfield, Mass.—Thomas D. Beaven.

Province of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo.—John J. Kain, Archbishop.
Leavenworth, Kan.—Louis M. Fink, O. S. B.
Concordia, Kan.—John F. Cunningham.
Wichita, Kan.—J. J. Hennessy.
Kansas City, Mo.—John J. Hogan; John J. Glennon, Coadjutor Bishop.
St. Joseph, Mo.—Maurice F. Burke.

Province of Dubuque.

Dubuque, Iowa.—John J. Keane, Archbishop.
Cheyenne, Wyo.—James J. Keane.
Davenport, Iowa.—Henry Cosgrove.
Lincoln, Neb.—Thomas Bonacum.
Omaha, Neb.—Richard Scannell.
Sioux City, Ia.—Philip J. Garrigan.

Province of Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Ohio—W. H. Elder, Archbishop.
Cleveland, O.—Ignatius F. Horstmann.
Columbus, O.—Henry Moeller.
Covington, Ky.—C. P. Maes.
Detroit, Mich.—John S. Foley.
Fort Wayne, Ind.—H. Alerding.
Louisville, Ky.—Wm. G. McCloskey.
Vincennes, Ind.—F. S. Chatard; Denis O'Donoghue, Auxiliary Bishop.
Grand Rapids, Mich.—H. J. Richter.
Nashville, Tenn.—Thomas S. Byrne.

Province of Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis.—F. X. Katzer, Archbishop.
Green Bay, Wis.—Sebastian G. Messmer.
La Crosse, Wis.—James Schwebach.
Marquette and Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. Frederick W. Fis.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Continued.

Diocese of Maryland.

The Protestant Episcopal Convention of the Diocese of Maryland will meet Wednesday, May 27, 1903, in St. Peter's Church, Baltimore.

Bishop—Rt. Rev. William Paret, Baltimore, Md.

Secretary of Convention—A. De R. Sappington.

Treasurer of Diocese—Edgar G. Miller.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

Rev. J. H. Eccleston, Rev. J. S. B. Hodges, Rev. F. Gibson, Rev. A. C. Powell, Rev. W. M. Dame, Rev. W. H. H. Powers, Rev. George C. Stokes.

Diocese of Easton.

The Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Easton will be held in Chestertown, Md., June 2, 1903.

Bishop—Rt. Rev. Wm. Forbes Adams, Easton, Md.

Secretary of the Convention—The Very Rev. Edward R. Rich, Easton.

Chancellor of the Diocese—Hon. Jas. Alfred Pearce, Chestertown.

Treasurer—William H. Adkins, Easton.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

Rev. Jas. A. Mitchell, Centreville; Rev. William Schouler, Elkton; Rev. Algernon Batte, Queenstown; Rev. W. Y. Beaven, Easton; Rev. David Howard, Salisbury.

Diocese of Washington.

The eighth annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Washington will be held Wednesday, May 6, 1903, in St. Paul's Church, Washington, D. C.

Bishop—Henry Y. Satterlee, Washington.

Secretary of the Convention—Rev. Arthur S. Johns, Washington.

Chancellor—Chas. H. Stanley, Laurel, Md.

Treasurer—Seymour W. Tulloch, Forest Glen, Md.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

Rev. Jno. H. Elliott, President; Rev. R. H. McKim, Rev. Alfred Harding, Secretary; Rev. Thomas J. Packard; Messrs. Charles H. Stanley, J. Holdsworth Gordon and Seymour W. Tulloch.

Diocese of Virginia.

The Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Virginia will be held in Christ Church, Winchester, May 20, 1903.

Bishop—Rt. Rev. Robert A. Gibson, Richmond.

Secretary of Council—Rev. Everard Meade, Accotink.

Treasurer of Diocese—Mr. R. S. Chamberlayne, Richmond.

Clerical—P. P. Phillips, Alexandria.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

Berrymans Green, Theological Seminary; E. S. Hinks.

Lay—John R. Zimmerman, Arthur Herbert, L. M. Blackford, Alexandria.

Diocese of Southern Virginia.

The eleventh annual Council of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Southern Virginia will meet in St. John's Church, Roanoke, Va., on Tuesday, May 26, 1903.

Bishop of the Diocese—Rt. Rev. A. M. Randolph, Norfolk, Va.

Secretary of Council—Rev. Mercer P. Logan, Wytheville, Va.

Treasurer of the Diocese—Fortescue Whittle, Esq., Petersburg, Va.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

Rev. J. J. Lloyd, Lynchburg, Va.; Rev. R. J. McBryde, Lexington, Va.; Mr. C. M. Blackford, Lynchburg, Va.; Mr. G. P. Craighill, Lynchburg, Va.; Mr. M. P. Burks, Lexington, Va.

UNITED EVANGELICAL CHURCH.

The General Conference of the United Evangelical Church will hold its next quad-rennial session in 1906, at Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

BISHOPS.

Rev. H. B. Hartzler, Harrisburg, Pa. Rev. W. F. Heil, Allentown, Pa.

The Board of Missions will hold its next annual session in Lancaster, Pa., in October, 1903. The officers are:

President—Rev. S. L. Wiest, Harrisburg, Pa.

Vice-President—Rev. R. Dubs, Harrisburg, Pa.

Secretary—Rev. U. F. Swengel, York, Pennsylvania.

Corresponding Secretary—Rev. A. M. Sampsel, Myerstown, Pa.

Treasurer—J. G. Mohn, Reading, Pa.

Officers of the National Managing Board of the Keystone League of Christian Endeavor: President, Rev. U. F. Swengel, A. M.; Vice-President, Rev. J. Q. A. Curry, A. M.; General Secretary, Rev. W. H. Fouke; Treasurer, W. H. Hindel

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Bishops.	Elected.	Class.	Residence.
Thomas Bowman....	1872	....Supt., Retired.....	East Orange, N. J.
Randolph S. Foster..	1872	....Supt., Retired.....	Roxbury, Mass.
Stephen M. Merrill..	1872	....Superintendent....	57 Wash'ng st., Chicago, Ill.
Edw. G. Andrews....	1872	....Superintendent....	150 5th ave., New York C'y.
Henry W. Warren...	1880	....Superintendent....	University Park, Col.
Cyrus D. Foss.....	1880	....Superintendent....	Philadelphia, Pa.
John F. Hurst.....	1880	....Superintendent....	Washington, D. C.
John M. Walden....	1884	....Superintendent....	220 W. 4th st., Cinc'nati, O.
Willard F. Mallalieu.	1884	....Superintendent....	Boston, Mass.
Charles H. Fowler...	1884	....Superintendent....	455 Frank'n av., Buf'lo, N. Y.
John H. Vincent....	1888	....Superintendent....	Zurich, Switzerland.
Jas. N. FitzGerald...	1888	....Superintendent....	St. Louis, Mo.
Isaac W. Joyce.....	1888	....Superintendent....	Minneapolis, Minn.
Daniel A. Goodsell...	1888	....Superintendent....	Chattanooga, Tenn.
Chas. C. McCabe....	1896	....Superintendent....	Topeka, Kans.
Earl Cranston.....	1896	....Superintendent....	Portland, Oregon.
Jas. M. Thoburn....	1888	....Missionary.....	Bombay, India.
Jos. C. Hartzell.....	1896	....Missionary.....	Vivi, Congo.
David H. Moore.....	1900	....Superintendent....	Shanghai, China.
Jno. Wm. Hamilton..	1900	....Superintendent....	San Francisco, Cal.
Frank Wesley Warne.	1900	....Missionary.....	Calcutta, India.

The next General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will meet in 1904.

Annual Conferences in 1903.

Conference.	Place.	Time.	Bishop.
Baltimore	Baltimore	April 1	FitzGerald.
Washington	Staunton, Va	April 9	FitzGerald.
Wilmington	Easton, Md	Mar. 18	Cranston.
Virginia	Eagles Rest, Va	Mar. 25	Warren.
Delaware	Pocomoke City, Md	Mar. 25	Fowler.
New York		April 1	McCabe.
New York, East		April 1	Goodsell.
Philadelphia		Mar. 18	Mallalieu.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SOUTH.

BISHOPS AND THEIR RESIDENCES.

1870—John C. Keener, New Orleans.
1882—Alpheus W. Wilson, Baltimore.
1882—John C. Granberry, Ashland, Va.
1882—Robt. K. Hargrove, Nashville, Tenn.
1886—Wm. W. Duncan, Spartanburg, South Carolina.
1886—Chas. B. Galloway, Jackson, Miss.
1886—Eugene R. Hendrix, Kansas City, Missouri.
1886—Joseph S. Key, Sherman, Tex.
1890—Oscar P. Fitzgerald, Nashville, Tennessee.
1898—Warren A. Candler, Atlanta, Ga.
1898—Henry C. Morrison, Louisv'e, Ky.
1902—A. Coke Smith, Charlotte, N. C.
1902—Embrey E. Hoss, Dallas, Tex.

The date of the next quadrennial General Conference of the M. E. Church, South, is the first Thursday in May, 1906. The entertainment committee will name the place in 1903. Louisville, Birmingham, Nashville and New Orleans have extended invitations.

At the General Conference, held in May, 1902, in Dallas, Texas, the order of Deaconesses of the M. E. Church, South, was created by a vote of 130 to 38.

It was decided to pay the bishops annual salaries of $3,600; superannuated bishops, $2,000, and widows of bishops, $1,000.

The Baltimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will meet March 25, at Fredericksburg, Virginia.

The Virginia Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will meet in November, 1903.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The seventeenth General Council of the Reformed Episcopal Church will be held in the Church of the Epiphany, Cleveland, O., on Wednesday, June 10, 1903.

BISHOPS AND THEIR RESIDENCES.

1873—Charles E. Cheny, Chicago.
1876—Edward Cridge, Victoria, British Columbia.
1876—Samuel F. Fallows, Chicago.
1879—P. F. Stevens, Charleston, S. C.
1880—Fdw. Wilson, Meteuchen, N. J.
1902—W. T. Sabine, New York.

METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH.

The General Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church will meet at Montgomery, Ala., on the third Friday in May, 1904.

Presid't—Rev. D. S. Stephens, D. D.
Secret'y—Rev. H. L. Elderdice, D. D.

The Maryland Annual Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church will meet April 1, 1903, in Pocomoke City, Maryland.

President—Rev. Dr. Frank T. Little, Baltimore.

Secretary—W. S. Phillips.

STATISTICS.

Membership	23,458	Junior membership	2,767
Sunday-schools	266	Number of churches	286
Officers and teachers	3,586	Parsonages	94
Scholars	25,327	Value of church property	$1,122,650
Endeavor Societies	122	Value of parsonages	173,000
Endeavor membership	4,395	Debt on churches and parsonages	578,390
Junior Endeavor Societies	57		

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Northern.

The next meeting of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America (Northern) will be held in Los Angeles, Cal., May 21, 1903.

Moderator—Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke.

Stated Clerk—Rev. Dr. W. H. Roberts, 1319 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

The Committee on Revision, appointed by the General Assembly of 1901, reported, in 1902, a "Brief statement of the Reformed Faith," which was adopted and ordered to be printed. Overtures for the revision of the Confession of Faith, were sent down to the Presbyteries for consideration and adoption, requiring two-thirds of all the Presbyteries to assent. These overtures suggest two new chapters, with several changes.

The Synod of Baltimore, covering the States of Delaware, Maryland and the District of Columbia, with a part of Virginia, as far as Manassas Junction, will meet in the Church of the Covenant, Washington, D. C., Monday, October 12, 1903.

Moderator—Rev. Dr. Samuel J. W. Reigart, Salisbury, Md.

Stated Clerk—Rev. Dr. N. H. Miller, Washington, D. C.

The stated meetings of the Presbytery of Baltimore (Northern) begin on the third Monday in April, the second Tuesday of June, the first Monday of October and the second Tuesday of December of each year. Stated clerk, Rev. Henry Branch, D. D., Ellicott City, Md.

Southern.

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States (Southern) will be held in the Presbyterian Church, Lexington, Va., May 21, 1903. Stated clerk, Rev. William A. Alexander, D. D., Clarksville, Tennessee; permanent clerk, Rev. Robert P. Farris, D. D., St. Louis.

The Synod of Virginia, of which the Presbytery of Maryland is a part, and which embraces all the Southern Presbyterian Churches in Virginia, West Virginia, District of Columbia and Maryland, will meet in the Presbyterian Church, Abingdon, Va., October 20, 1903. Stated clerk, Rev. James P. Smith, D. D., Richmond, Va.

UNITED BRETHREN IN CHRIST.

The next General Conference will meet in the City of Topeka, Kansas, in May, 1905.

BISHOPS.

Nicholas Castle, Eugene, Oregon.
Job S. Mills, Annville, Pa.
Ezekiel B. Kephart, Dayton, Ohio.

Radical Branch

The next General Conference of the Church will be held at Gaines, Mich., in May, 1905.

BISHOPS.

Milton Wright, Dayton, Ohio.
Horace T. Barnaby, Grand Rapids, Michigan.
Halleck Floyd, Dublin, Indiana.
Henry L. Barkley, Woodburn, Oregon.

REFORMED CHURCH.

The fourteenth tri-ennial session of the General Synod of the Reformed Church in the United States was held in the First Reformed Church, Baltimore, May 20, 1902.

President—Rev. Dr. John H. Prugh, Pittsburg.

Vice-Presidents—Rev. H. C. Nott, Milwaukee, Wis.

Elder F. T. Hobson, Collegeville, Pa.

Corresponding Secretary—Rev. F. L. Kerr, Meadville, Pa.

Reading Clerk—Rev. C. B. Heller, Everett, Pa.

Stated Clerk—Rev. J. P. Stein, Reading, Pa.

The fifteenth tri-ennial session of the Reformed Church in the United States will be held at Allentown, Pa., in May, 1905.

The first General Synod of the Reformed Church met in Pittsburg, Pa., in 1863. Then the ministers numbered 450, congregations 1,069, membership 150,000, Sunday schools 900, Sunday school membership 17,000; expenditures for benevolences, yearly, $19,000.

In 1902 there were 1,200 ministers, 1,700 congregations, membership 400,000; Sunday schools 1,500, Sunday school membership 200,000; yearly benevolences $250,000, yearly cost of church maintenance in the United States $1,000,000.

The Synod of the Potomac, which includes the English congregations in Southern Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina and the District of Columbia, will meet in the Reformed Church, in Salisbury, N. C., October 21, 1893.

LUTHERAN CHURCH.

The General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church will meet in Baltimore, June 3, 1903, at the First Lutheran Church.

The President of the Synod is Rev. Dr. William S. Freas, of Baltimore; Secretary, Rev. William E. Fisher, of Shamokin, Pa.; Treasurer, Mr. Louis Manss, No. 23 West Pearl street, Cincinnati, O.

The Evangelical Lutheran Synod of Maryland will meet in Baltimore, October 22, 1903.

President—Rev. Dr. S. W. Owen, Hagerstown, Md.

Treasurer—Cornelius Eckhardt, Washington, D. C.

Secretary—Rev. Stanley Billheimer, Washington, D. C.

Delegates to General Synod.

Clerical.	Lay.
Rev. C. S. Albert, Philadelphia.	George Warfield, Baltimore.
Rev. W. H. Dunbar, Baltimore.	John L. Bikle, Hagerstown.
Rev. S. W. Owen, Hagerstown.	M. P. Moller, Hagerstown.
Rev. L. M. Zimmerman, Baltimore.	Cornelius Eckhardt, Washington.
Rev. W. E. Parson, Washington.	C. F. Rowe, Emmitsburg.
Rev. Ezra K. Bell, Baltimore.	E. J. Lawyer, Westminster.
Rev. Chas. Rinewald, Emmitsburg.	J. C. Parker, Washington.
Rev. David B. Floyd, Funkstown.	H. C. Hines, Baltimore.
Rev. M. Valentine, Gettysburg.	George Ryneal, Martinsburg.

The Concordia District of the Evangelical Lutheran Joint Synod of Ohio and other States consists of 55 congregations and 22 missions, 33 pastors, 4,500 communicants, and embraces Maryland, Delaware, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee.

The twenty-second Annual Convention will be held in St. Peter's Church, Fayette street and Rogers avenue, the third week in September, 1903. The President of the Synod is Rev. E. L. S. Tressel, of Baltimore; the Secretary, Rev. F. S. Lehman, of Sweet Air, Md.; the Treasurer, Mr. L. C. Huffman, Hickory, N. C.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCHES.

The six Congregational Churches in Maryland are connected with the Washington Conference of Congregational Churches. This Conference embraces Northern Virginia, District of Columbia, Maryland and Southern Pennsylvania—sixteen churches in all, with a membership of 3,455.

Rev. Oliver Huckel, No. 1515 Linden avenue, Baltimore, is Moderator, and Mr. Norman A. Little, Washington, D. C., is Secretary of the Conference. It meet semi-annually on the third Tuesday of May and November.

The National Council of Congregational Churches meets every three years; its next session is in 1904. Rev. A. H. Bradford, D. D., Montclair, N. J., is Moderator of the National Council.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

Baltimore Yearly Meeting, Park avenue and Laurens street, last Monday in October. Officers:

Clerk—Edward Stabler, Jr., No. 6 South street, Baltimore.

Assistant Clerk—Elizabeth M. Koser, Biglerville, Pa.

Reading Clerk—Rebecca J. Broomell, No. 2128 Bolton street, Baltimore.

Treasurer—Elisha H. Walker, Fidelity Building, Baltimore.

Yearly Meetings in the Meeting-House, corner of Eutaw and Monument streets, on Friday after the first Monday in November.

Presiding Officer—Prof. Allen C. Thomas.

Assistant Clerk—Francis A. White.

Treasurer—Richard J. White.

AFRICAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

BISHOPS.

1880—Henry M. Turner, 30 Young st., Atlanta, Ga.

1888—Wesley J. Gaines, 360 Houston street, Atlanta, Ga.

1888—Benj. T. Tanner, 2708 Diamond street, Philadelphia, Pa.

1888—Abram Grant, Indianapolis, Ind.

1888—Benj. W. Arnett, Wilberforce, O.

1892—Benjamin F. Lee, Wilberforce, O.

1892—Moses B. Salter, 30 Vanderhorst street, Charleston, S. C.

1892—James A. Handy, 1341 North Carey street, Baltimore, Md.

1896—William B. Derrick, Bishop of Court 27, State st., Flushing, New York.

1900—Evans Tyree, Nashville, Tenn.

1900—Charles S. Smith, Detroit, Mich.

1900—C. T. Shaffer, 532 Washington avenue, Kansas City.

1900—L. J. Coppin, Bethel Institute, 110 Hanover st., Cape Town, South Africa.

The next General Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Church will be held in May, 1904, at Chicago, Illinois.

POULTRY TERMS.

Chick—A newly hatched fowl.

Chicken—A term indefinitely applied to any age under one year.

Clutch—A term applied to a setting of eggs when being incubated by a fowl.

Crest—The feathers forming a top-knot on fowls.

Cockerel—A male fowl under one year.

Cock—A male fowl over one year.

Pullet—A female fowl under one year.

Hen—A female over one year.

Dubbing—Cutting off the comb wattles and ear-lobes, as is done especially with games.

Ear-lobes—The featherless folds of skin just below the ears, called by some deaf-ears. They vary in color according to breeds, being bright red, yellow or white, and on the Japan silky fowl, a bluish purple.

Gills—Same as wattles.

Hackle—The neck plumage of both sexes.

Pea Comb—A triple comb formed with three rows of rounding top serrations, the centre row being the highest.

Single Comb—An upright comb, with serrations varying in depth and size. Five or six serrations is the number called for by the "American Standard of Perfection."

Rose Comb—A low thick comb freely corrugated, or covered with small rounding points, broad and quite square in front, and uniformly tapering to the base, where it should end in a well defined spike or tip. In some breeds this tip is required to slightly turn up, and in others to follow the contour of the head.

Sickles—The upper two long curved feathers in the tail of the male bird.

Squirrel-tailed—Tails carried towards the head beyond a perpendicular line.

Stag—A term used in speaking of a cockerel, chiefly employed by game fanciers.

Strain—A race of fowls carefully bred by one breeder, who has succeeded in developing individual characteristics peculiar to the breed.

Surface-color—The plumage or feathers as seen while they are in their natural position.

Under-color—The color that shows when the feathers are disturbed or lifted from their natural position.

Vulture-hock—Stiff projecting feathers from the hock-joint.

Hock—The joint between the thigh and shank (leg).

There are 116 varieties of pure-bred poultry recognized by the American Standard Perfection, divided as follows:

Gallinaceous—	
American	13
Asiatic	7
Mediterranean	10
Polish	8
Hamburg	7
French	3
English	3
Games	16
Game Bantams	15
Bantams	8
Miscellaneous	3
Turkeys	8
Aquatic—	
Ducks	10
Geese	7

RISINGS AND SETTINGS OF STARS.

In the table of the Risings and Settings of Stars, on page 153, the first column gives the astronomical names of the brighter stars and the common name where it is generally used. The second column gives the approximate magnitude of the stars, a first magnitude star being the brightest.

The third column gives the zenith distance of the star when on the meridian, preceded by "N." or "S.," showing whether the star is north or south of the point overhead (the zenith) at the time. From this data, together with the times the star crosses the meridian (souths) any of the stars given in the table can be readily identified. Remembering that only the most conspicuous stars are given and that it is 90° from the zenith to the horizon.

The fourth column gives the hour angle of the star when on the horizon. If this value be subtracted from or added to the time of meridian passage of the star at any date, the time the star rises or sets will be given.

The fifth column gives the date which each star rises one hour before the sun in the morning, and the sixth column the date at which the star rises at midnight (true solar or apparent midnight, not 12 P. M. standard time).

The seventh column gives the date at which the star crosses the meridian (souths) at midnight (true solar or apparent midnight). In the case of the circumpolar stars (stars which are never below the horizon at Baltimore) the date of meridian passage is given both when the star crosses south of the pole and when north of the pole, or as it is called, the upper or lower transit. In the table the midnight meridian passage south of the pole is given in heavy and north of the pole (lower transit) in light type. In the monthly tables the former is represented by the letter S and the latter by N.

The eighth column gives the date at which the star sets one hour after the sun in the evening. From the fifth and eighth columns we can tell when the star can be seen during the night hours and between what dates it is above the horizon only during daylight hours, and, consequently, invisible to the unassisted eye. As an example, we find from the table that Antares rises one hour before the sun December 17th, is visible during the morning hours only until the following March 19th, when it rises at midnight, the following May 29th it crosses the meridian at mid night and sets one hour after the sun on November 5th, thus remaining visible during some of the night hours from December 17th to the next November 5th, and is invisible during the night from November 5th to December 17th, thus for about a month and a half being above the horizon only during daylight hours. On the other hand the table shows that Capella is visible throughout a considerable part of the night during the whole year, being visible in the eastern sky before sunrise May 12th, appears above the eastern horizon at midnight July 8th, crosses the meridian at midnight December 10th and does not set before twilight in the evening until the following July, and then only remains below the horizon for four hours. The circumpolar stars are never below the horizon at Baltimore.

In the monthly tables the aim has been to give the meridian passage of the brighter stars frequently, between twilight and midnight, as the data can be used in obtaining accurate time where other means are not at hand.

The circumpolar stars are of value in obtaining a true north and south line, and for obtaining the variation of the compass (its deviation from the true north). This is particularly true of Polaris and β Ursae Minoris. Their meridian passage, both upper and lower transits, are, therefore, of importance, consequently, such data has been given one or more times for each month.

As the meridian passage, or the rising or setting of a star, will each succeeding night be 3 minutes and 56 seconds earlier, the data given can be utilized for other dates than that given, in 15 days the event will occupy 58 minutes and 59 seconds earlier, and in 30 days 1 hour 57 minutes and 57 seconds earlier. The same method will be applicable within limits of several days for the more slowly moving planets and will hold approximately for a few days for Mars and Venus.

By the aid of the data given a meridian line can easily be set up, with vertical wires or strings at the ends of the line (made vertical by a plumbline) and by just a few observations adjusted accurately enough to obtain surprisingly accurate time either by observations of stars or the sun. In the former case the wires can be illuminated by a lantern so that they may be seen, and geting the eye in line with the two wires the time can be noted at which the star crosses the line. With the sun a shade of colored or smoked glass should be used It must be remembered that all data given for the sun and moon refers to the centres of their discs.

By stretching a horizontal wire across from the top of one vertical wire to the other observations can be made upon stars near the zenith. The adjustment of the meridian line should be made by Polaris if possible, as an error of even a few minutes in the watch or clock used will make little difference in the adjustment of the wires, and when they are approximately adjusted fairly accurate time may be secured.

RISINGS AND SETTINGS OF STARS.

Circumpolar Stars.	Magnitude.	Zenith Distance on Meridian.	Hour Angle on Horizon.	Rising one hour before ☉	Rising at Midnight.	Meridian Passage at Midnight.	Sets 1 hour after ☉
β Cassiopeiae	2	N. 19°-18′ / N. 82°- 6′	.....	.....	.....	Sept. 24 / Mar. 21	
α Cassiopeiae	2	N. 16°-42′ / N. 84°-43′	.....	.....	.....	Oct. 2 / Mar. 30	
α Ursae Minoris (Polaris)	2	N. 49°-29′ / N. 51°-55′	.....	.....	.....	Oct. 15 / Apr. 12	
α Ursae Majoris	2	N. 22°-59′ / N. 78°-25′	.....	.....	.....	March 3 / Sept. 5	
γ Ursae Majoris	2	N. 14°-57′ / N. 86°-27′	.....	.....	.....	March 17 / Sept. 19	
β Ursae Minoris	2	N. 35°-16′ / N. 66°- 9′	.....	.....	.....	May 5 / Nov. 7	
Zenith Stars.							
α Andromedae	2	S.	10°-45′	7h.50m.	Mar. 3	May 27	Sept. 24	Mar. 30
β Andromedae	2	S.	4°-12′	8h.25m.	Mar. 13	June 2	Oct. 10	Apr 19
γ Andromedae	2	N.	2°-33′	9h.15m.	Mar. 15	June 3	Oct. 25	June 4
β Persei (Algol)	2	N.	1°-17′	9h. 4m.	Mar. 21	June 21	Nov. 10	June 16
α Persie	2	N.	10°-13′	11h 15m	Feb. 26	May 24	Nov. 14	June 22
α Aurgae (Capella)	1	N.	6°-36′	9h.59m.	May. 12	July 8	Dec 10	July 1
β Tauri	2	S.	10°-46′	7h.50m.	June 21	Aug. 13	Dec. 13	June 3
α Geminorium (Castor)	2	S.	7°-11′	8h. 8m.	July 16	Sept. 12	Jan. 10	July 9
β Geminorium (Pollux)	1	S.	11°- 2′	7h.48m.	July 22	Sept. 21	Jan. 13	July 7
α Lyrae (Vega)	1	S.	0°-36′	8h.49m.	Nov. 19	Feb. 12	June 29	Feb. 5
α Cygni	1	N.	5°-38′	9h.48m.	Dec. 3	Mar. 2	July 30	Mar. 13
Equatorial and Southern Stars.							
γ Pegasi (Algenib)	3	S.	24°-40′	6h.54m.	Mar. 27	June 10	Sept. 15	Mar. 20
β Ceti	2	S.	57°-50′	5h. 0m	May 20	July 15	Oct. 3	Mar. 4
β Arietis	3	S.	28°-58′	7h.14m.	Apr. 30	June 30	Oct. 22	Apr. 14
α Arietis	2	S.	16°-18′	7h.25m.	May 1	June 30	Oct. 26	May 14
η Tauri (Alcione-Pleides)	3	S.	15°-30′	7h.28m.	June 1	July 24	Nov. 20	May 9
α Tauri (Aldebaran)	1	S.	22°-59′	6h.59m.	June 21	Aug. 13	Dec. 1	May 13
β Orionis (Rigel)	1	S.	47°-37′	5h.36m.	July 19	Sept. 16	Dec. 10	May 5
α Orionis (Betelgeuse)	1	S.	31°-54′	6h.28m.	July 16	Sept. 12	Dec. 19	May 23
α Canis Majoris (Sirius)	1	S.	55°-53′	5h. 7m.	Aug. 13	Oct. 19	Dec. 31	May 17
α Canis Minoris (Procyon)	1	S.	33°-49′	6h.21m.	Aug. 8	Oct. 13	Jan. 12	June 14
α Hydrae	2	S.	47°-32′	5h.31m.	Sept. 10	Nov. 22	Feb. 7	June 28
α Leonis (Regulus)	1	S.	26°-51′	6h.45m.	Sept. 3	Nov. 14	Feb. 17	July 31
α Virginis (Spica)	1	S.	49°-56′	5h.28m.	Oct. 29	Jan. 16	Apr. 11	Sept. 15
α Bootis (Arcturus)	1	S.	19°-36′	7h.12m.	Oct. 18	Jan. 4	Apr. 25	Nov. 15
α Scorpii (Antares)	1	S.	65°-31′	4h.29m.	Dec. 17	Mar. 19	May 29	Nov. 5
α Aquilae (Altair)	1	S.	30°-41′	6h.31m.	Jan. 4	Apr. 10	July 17	Jan. 23
α Piscis Australis (Fomalhaut)	1	S.	69°-27′	4h.11m.	May 1	June 31	Sept. 4	Feb. 1
α Pegasi (Markab)	2	S.	24°-37′	6h.53m	Feb. 28	May 25	Sept. 6	Mar. 8

For full explanation of this table of the Risings and the Settings of Stars, and its practical uses, see page 152.

FOOTBALL RECORD, 1902.

YALE—TWELVE GAMES.

Opponents, Place and Date.	Score.
Trinity, New Haven, Sept. 27.	40— 0
Tufts, New Haven, Oct. 1.....	34— 6
Amherst, New Haven, Oct. 4..	23— 0
Wesleyan, New Haven, Oct. 8.	35— 0
Brown, Providence, Oct. 11...	10— 0
Vermont, New Haven, Oct. 15.	32— 0
Pa. State, New Haven, Oct. 18.	11— 0
Syracuse, New Haven, Oct. 25.	24— 0
Mil'y Cadets, West Pt., Nov. 1.	6— 6
Bucknell, New Haven, Nov. 8.	36— 5
Prince'n, Prince'n, N. J.. Nov. 15	12— 5
Harvard, New Haven, Nov. 22.	23— 0
Totals.....	286—22

CORNELL—ELEVEN GAMES.

Colgate, Itha'a, Sept. 27.....	5— 0
Rochester, Ithaca, Oct. 1.....	31— 0
Union, Ithaca, Oct. 4.....	43— 0
Hobart, Ithaca, Oct. 8.....	56— 0
Williams, Ithaca, Oct. 11.....	37— 6
Carlisle Indians, Ithaca, Oct. 18	6—10
Oberlin, Ithaca, Oct. 25.....	57— 0
Princeton, Princeton, Nov. 1..	0—10
Wash'n & Jeff'n, Ithaca, Nov. 8	50— 0
Lafayette, Ithaca, Nov. 15....	28— 0
Pennsylvania, Phila., Nov. 27.	11—12
Totals.....	324—38

PENNSYLVANIA—FOURTEEN GAMES.

Bloomsburg Normal, Bl'g, Sept. 23.....	16— 0
Lehigh, Philadelphia, Sept. 27.	12— 0
Franklin and Marshall, Phila., Oct. 1.....	16— 0
Penna. State College, Phila., Oct. 4.....	17— 0
Haverford, Phila., Oct. 8.....	18— 5
Swarthmore, Phila., Oct. 11....	11— 6
Gettysburg, Phila., Oct. 15....	36— 0
Brown, Philadelphia, Oct. 18..	6—15
Annapolis, Annapolis, Oct. 22.	6—10
Bucknell, Phila., Oct. 25.....	6— 5
Columbia, Philadelphia, Nov. 1	17— 0
Harvard, Cambridge, Nov. 8....	0—11
Indians, Philadelphia, Nov. 15.	0— 5
Cornell, Philadelphia, Nov. 27.	12—11
Totals.....	173—68

LAFAYETTE—ELEVEN GAMES.

Gallaudet, Easton, Sept. 27...	23— 0
Susquehanna, Easton, Oct. 4..	53— 0
Gettysburg, Easton, Oct. 8....	14— 0
Wash. & Jeff., Pittsb'g, Oct. 14.	12— 0
Manhattan C., Easton, Oct. 18.	38— 5
Georgetown, Wash'n, Oct. 25..	23— 0
Brown, Easton, Nov. 1.....	6— 5
Annapolis, Annapolis, Nov. 8..	11—12
Cornell, Ithaca, Nov. 15.....	0—28
Lehigh, Easton, Nov. 22.....	0— 6
Dickinson, Easton, Nov. 27...	23— 0
Totals.....	203—56

HARVARD—TWELVE GAMES.

Opponents, Place and Date.	Score.
Williams, Cambridge, Sept. 27.	11— 0
Bowdoin, Cambridge, Oct. 1...	17— 6
Bates, Cambridge, Oct. 4.....	23— 0
Amherst, Cambridge, Oct. 8...	6— 0
Maine, Cambridge, Oct. 11....	22— 0
Wesleyan, Cambridge, Oct. 15.	35— 5
Mil'y Cadets, West Pt., Oct. 18.	14— 6
Brown, Cambridge, Oct. 25....	6— 0
Carlisle Indians, Cambridge, Nov. 1.....	23— 0
Penna., Cambridge, Nov. 8....	11— 0
Dartmouth, Cambridge, Nov. 15	16— 6
Yale, New Haven, Nov. 22....	0—23
Totals.....	184—46

CARLISLE INDIANS—ELEVEN GAMES.

Lebanon Valley, Carlisle, Sept. 20.....	48— 0
Gettysburg, Carlisle, Sept. 27..	25— 0
Bucknell, Williamsport, Oct. 11	0—16
Bloomsburg, Carlisle, Oct. 15..	50— 0
Cornell, Ithaca, Oct. 18.....	10— 6
Phila. Medico-Chi., Carlisle, Oct. 25.....	63— 0
Harvard, Cambridge, Nov. 1..	0—23
Susquehanna, Carlisle, Nov. 8.	24— 0
Penna., Phila., Nov. 15.....	5— 0
University of Va., Norfolk, Nov. 22.....	5— 6
Georgetown, Wash., Nov. 27...	21— 0
Totals.....	251—51

COLUMBIA—THIRTEEN GAMES.

Maine School, N. Y., Sept. 27.	20— 0
Rutgers, N. Brunswick, Oct. 4	43— 0
Fordham, N. Y., Oct. 8.....	45— 0
Buffalo, New York, Oct. 11..	5— 0
Swarthmore, N. Y., Oct. 15..	24— 0
Hamilton, N. York, Oct. 18..	35— 0
Colleg Scrub, N. Y., Oct. 22.	27— 0
Prince'n, Prince'n, N.J., Oct. 25	0— 21
Pennsylvania, Phila., Nov. 1.	0— 17
Brown, New York, Nov. 8....	0— 28
Amherst, Yale, Nov. 15.....	0— 29
Annapolis, Annapolis, Nov. 19	5— 0
Syracuse, New York, Nov. 27.	6— 6
Totals.....	210—101

LEHIGH—ELEVEN GAMES.

Pennsylvania, Phila., Sept. 27.	0—12
Princton, Princeton, Oct. 4....	0—23
Rutgers, S. Bethlehem, Oct. 11.	34— 0
Annapolis, Annapolis, Oct. 18.	5— 5
N. Y. University, South Bethlehem, Oct. 25.....	46— 0
Union Schen'tady, N. Y., Nov. 1	41— 0
Haverford, Haverford, Nov. 5.	39— 0
Univ. of Va., Wash., Nov. 8...	34— 6
Dickinson, S. Bethl'm, Nov. 15	0—11
Lafayette, Easton, Nov. 22....	6— 0
Swarthmore, South Bethlehem, Nov. 27.....	41— 0
Totals.....	246—57

FOOTBALL RECORD, 1902—Continued.

VIRGINIA—TEN GAMES.

Opponents, Place and Date.	Score.
Wash. and Lee, Charlottesville, Sept. 30	16— 0
St. Alban's, Charl'tesv'e, Oct. 4	16— 0
Univ. Nashville, Charlottesville	27— 0
Ky. Univ., Charlottv'le, Oct. 18	12— 0
St. John's, Charl'tsv'le, Oct. 25	22— 0
Davidson College, Charlottesville, Nov. 1	35— 0
Lehigh, Washington, Nov. 8	6—34
Va. P. I., Charl'tsville, Nov. 15	6— 0
Carl'e Indians, Norfolk, Nov. 22	6— 5
N. Carolina, Richmond, Nov. 27	12—12
Totals	158—51

ARMY CADETS—EIGHT GAMES.

Tufts, West Point, Oct. 4	5— 0
Dickinson, West Point, Oct. 11	11— 0
Harvard, West Point, Oct. 18	6—14
Williams, West Point, Oct. 25	28— 0
Yale, West Point, Nov. 6	6— 6
Union, West Point, Nov. 8	56— 0
Syracuse, West Point, Nov. 15	46— 0
Midshipmen, Phila., Nov. 29	22— 8
Totals	180—28

ARMY AND NAVY GAMES.

Date.	Place.	Score.		
1890	West Point,	Navy, 24	Army,	0
1891	Annapolis,	Army, 32	Navy,	16
1892	West Point,	Navy, 12	Army,	4
1893	Annapolis,	Navy, 6	Army,	4
1899	Philadel'a,	Army, 17	Navy,	5
1900	Philadel'a,	Navy, 11	Army,	7
1901	Philadel'a,	Army, 11	Navy,	5
1902	Philadel'a,	Army, 22	Navy,	8

PRINCETON—NINE GAMES.

Opponents, Place and Date.	Score.
Swarthmore, Princ'n, Oct. 1	18— 0
Lehigh, Princeton, Oct. 4	23— 0
Annapolis, Annapolis, Oct. 11	11— 0
Haverford, Princeton, Oct. 15	30— 0
Wash.-Jeffer'n, Princ'n, Oct. 18	23— 5
Dickinson, Princeton, Oct. 22	23— 0
Columbia, Princeton, Oct. 25	21— 0
Cornell, Princeton, Nov. 1	10— 0
Yale, Princeton, Nov. 15	5—12
Tota's	164—17

GEORGETOWN—TEN GAMES.

Md. A. C., Wash'ton, Sept. 27	27— 0
Midshipmen, Annapolis, Oct. 4	4— 0
St. John's, Washington, Oct. 11	18— 0
Va. Mil. In., Wash'ton, Oct. 18	23—11
La Fayette, Washing'n, Oct. 25	0—23
W. Va. 'Varsity, Wash., Nov. 1	5— 0
Va. Pol., Blacksburg, Nov. 8	5— 0
North Carolina, Norfolk, Va., Nov. 15	12— 5
Y. M. C. A., Wash'n, Nov. 22	53— 0
Carl'e Indians, Wash., Nov. 27	0—21
Totals	142—86

MIDSHIPMEN—ELEVEN GAMES.

Georgetown, Annapolis, Oct. 4	0— 4
Princeton, Annapolis, Oct. 11	0—11
St. John's, Annapolis, Oct. 15	10— 0
Lehigh, Annapolis, Oct. 18	5— 5
Penna., Annapolis, Oct. 22	10— 6
Dickinson, Annapolis, Oct. 25	0— 6
Penna. State College, Nov. 1	0— 6
Lafayette, Annapolis, Nov. 8	12—11
Bucknell, Annapolis, Nov. 15	0—23
Columbus, Annapolis, Nov. 19	0— 5
Military Cadets, Phila., Nov. 20	8—22
Totals	45—99

BASEBALL RECORD, 1902.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Athletics	St. Louis	Boston	Chicago	Cleveland	Washing'n	Detroit	Baltimore	Won	Per Cent.
Athletics	..	9	11	10	12	12	16	13	83	.610
St. Louis	10	..	5	9	10	11	15	18	78	.574
Boston	9	15	..	12	6	8	11	16	77	.562
Chicago	10	9	8	..	12	12	12	11	74	.552
Cleveland	8	9	14	7	..	12	8	11	69	.507
Washington	6	9	11	7	8	..	11	9	61	.449
Detroit	4	5	7	7	10	9	..	10	52	.385
Baltimore	6	2	4	8	9	11	10	..	50	.362
Games lost	53	58	60	60	67	75	83	88	..	

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Pittsburg	Brooklyn	Boston	Cincinnati	Chicago	St. Louis	Philadel'a	New York	Won	Per Cent.
Pittsburg	..	14	14	15	13	16	18	13	103	.741
Brooklyn	6	..	12	12	12	10	13	10	75	.543
Boston	6	8	..	11	11	10	11	16	73	.533
Cincinnati	5	8	9	..	8	13	13	14	70	.500
Chicago	7	8	9	12	..	12	10	10	68	.496
St. Louis	4	9	8	7	5	..	10	13	56	.418
Philadelphia	2	6	9	7	10	10	..	12	56	.409
New York	6	10	3	6	10	7	6	..	48	.358
Games lost	38	63	64	70	69	78	81	88	..	

American League Champions.

The winners of the American League pennant and their records from 1900 to 1902, inclusive, are as follows:

Year.	Champion Clubs.	W.	L.	P. C.
1900	Chicago	82	53	.607
1901	Chicago	83	53	.610
1902	Athletics	83	53	.610

COMMERCE OF BALTIMORE.

Value of Exports and Imports for Eighteen Years.

Year.	Imports.	Exports.	Year.	Imports.	Exports.
1885	$11,193,695	$34,748,264	1894	$11,749,927	$63,961,279
1886	11,785,113	46,810,870	1895	14,009,531	60,171,591
1887	13,055,880	49,545,970	1896	10,326,594	81,508,836
1888	12,098,629	45,099,334	1897	11,126,557	98,560,604
1889	15,409,234	62,077,610	1898	8,206,764	115,820,274
1890	15,339,312	72,120,083	1899	14,021,383	109,235,932
1891	18,270,000	79,475,125	1900	19,688,461	111,357,413
1892	14,258,570	93,126,289	1901	21,363,463	99,005,271
1893	14,858,621	73,153,487	1902*	25,096,335	74,097,708

* Last week of 1902 approximated.

MANUFACTURES IN BALTIMORE.

Baltimore City, with about one-half of the population of the State of Maryland, has more than one-half of the industrial establishments, the percentage being for number of establishments 64, number of wage earners 73, and value of products 66.

In Baltimore.	1900.	1890.
Number of establishments	6,361	5,265
Capital	$117,869,175	$92,723,677
Wage earners	79,084	76,489
Total wages	$29,304,520	$29,895,500
Miscellaneous expenses	$14,552,397	$8,771,869
Cost of materials used	$87,534,743	$73,770,001
Value of products	$161,945,811	$141,723,599

The statistics of manufacturing industries chartered in Baltimore City since 1900 are as follows:

In Baltimore.	1901.	1902.
Number of industries chartered	185	171
Capital stock	$11,434,800	$6,073,900

MANUFACTURES IN MARYLAND.

The growth of manufacturing industries in the State of Maryland during the decade ending with the year 1900, was 32 per cent. in the number of establishments, 36 per cent. of capital invested, 10 per cent. in the number of wage earners employed, and 12 per cent. in total of wages paid.

In Maryland.	1900.	1890.
Number of establishments	9,880	7,485
Capital	$163,422,260	$119,667,316
Wage earners, number of	108,361	97,808
Total wages	38,761,551	$34,441,414
Value of products	$242,752,990	$171,842,593
Total population	1,188,044	1,042,390

BALTIMORE BANKS.

Clearances and Balances for Eight Years.

Years.	Clearings.	Balances.	Years.	Clearings.	Balances.
1895	$695,707,281 53	$102,776,560 89	1899	$1,209,777,731 84	$173,982,613 52
1896	720,089,773 72	110,212,068 87	1900	1,084,240,085 38	159,994,935 09
1897	759,638,362 96	115,183,298 24	1901	1,191,853,628 00	156,813,234 69
1898	939,863,169 22	143,771,855 51	1902	1,202,803,353 00	166,268,482 00

CUSTOM-HOUSE RECEIPTS.

From Imports at the Port of Baltimore for Five Years.

1898	$1,870,038 00	1901	$3,156,087 82
1899	2,549,725 09	1902	4,699,116 63
1900	3,041,442 95		

SHIPBUILDING IN BALTIMORE.

During 1902 forty-six vessels were launched from the shipyards of Baltimore, representing 19,477 tons, and valued at $1,847,200.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF BALTIMORE.

IMPORTS.

Articles.	1900.	1901.	1902.
Iron ore (tons)	423,002	476,123	597,111
Tin plate (pounds)	829,875	3,111,125	768,730
Rice (pounds)	14,012,697	27,516,613	27,395,449
Coffee (pounds)	38,285,203	30,475,596	21,767,235
Cement (pounds)	113,200,267	39,654,749	224,289,456
Bananas (value)	$626,334	$774,578	$1,057,260
Muriate of potash (pounds)	23,274,800	21,302,037	21,997,728
Phosphates (tons)	858	3,058	6,081
Kainit (tons)	35,379	39,684	55,083
Sugar (pounds)	5,427,370	10,848,873	12,111,614
Brimstone (tons)	11,834	14,187	8,429
Matting (value)	$247,381	$277,925	$642,666
Licorice root (pounds)	14,467,488	7,469,439	8,294,692
Chloride of lime (pounds)	13,796,291	12,922,234	6,511,190
Tea (pounds)	37,131	46,520	86,441
Caustic soda (pounds)	1,110,523	1,164,728	1,066,401
Soda ash (pounds)	10,602,295	680,783	742,177
White earthenware (value)	$148,742	$115,412	$107,525
Decorated earthenware (value)	$1,132,816	$1,063,759	$801,637
Manganese ore (tons)	151,932	118,946	195,334
Sulphur ore (tons)	56,159	45,104	66,046
Toys (value)	$512,614	$509,972	$404,381
Oranges (pounds)	12,721,458	4,705,258	11,376,655
Copper in bars (pounds)	21,893,250	27,866,379	29,422,161
Pig iron (tons)	22,227	25,893	186,962
Bar iron (pounds)	.....	9,764,800	12,502,705
Ingots, blooms, etc., (pounds)	.....	249,045	188,647,931
Anthracite coal (tons)	.....	.....	20,937

EXPORTS.

Articles.	1900.	1901.	1902.
Rye (bushels)	85,227	251,554	1,178,855
Corn (bushels)	40,535,023	24,711,790	4,287,293
Oats (bushels)	4,072,810	3,625,210	136,208
Wheat (bushels)	4,541,786	19,962,737	9,460,012
Flour (barrels)	3,089,468	3,324,953	3,032,518
Bran, etc., (tons)	47,623	28,505	31,092
Canned goods (value)	$1,275,767	$454,139	$281,050
Cotton (bales)	203,777	137,160	140,298
Cloverseed (bushels)	70,596	2,773	7,842
Cottonseed oil (gallons)	2,292,423	2,195,381	1,192,965
Coal and Coke (tons)	470,103	529,782	311,221
Cattle (head)	51,336	42,730	40,876
Glucose (pounds)	35,890,362	17,498,408	1,285,285
Copper bars (pounds)	90,116,201	54,377,385	112,034,283
Steel bars, plates, etc., (tons)	38,710	22,190	516
Steel rails (tons)	107,450	100,286	14,305
Iron and steel, other mfgs. (value)	$1,995,222	$775,329	$622,412
Beef, fresh-cured (pounds)	13,416,759	5,186,117	5,941,136
Tallow (pounds)	7,950,358	4,108,885	1,845,488
Pork, bacon (pounds)	72,274,782	34,303,741	23,107,765
Oleomargarine (pounds)	46,336,379	28,556,577	11,991,090
Oil cake (tons)	55,900	37,563	33,876
Rosin (barrels)	273,989	316,428	199,705
Lard (pounds)	101,487,240	95,659,618	64,385,704
Starch (pounds)	18,398,074	11,801,135	632,112
Petroleum (gallons)	42,216,640	37,925,378	40,470,053
Tobacco, leaf (pounds)	77,534,930	70,246,541	72,617,511
Lumber (feet)	72,568,000	59,450,000	60,714,000
Staves (value)	$119,466	$112,191	$86,260
Wood manufacturings (value)	$317,584	$267,578	$291,376

PARKS OF BALTIMORE.

To a considerable extent, the storage-lakes and reservoirs of the water system of Baltimore are combined with the public pleasure grounds of the city. Druid Hill Park has a storage lake around which is a fine drive. It is also the site of reservoirs and a pump-house. Adjoining Clifton Park is a large storage lake around which is a drive. Patterson Park affords a magnificent view of the harbor, and Riverside Park of the Patapsco River, while Federal Hill commands the city and its water approaches.

Beyond the city limits is Loch Raven, made by the dam of the Gunpowder River, around which is a drive of five miles, amidst bold and picturesque scenery. Lake Roland, on Jones' Falls and Roland Run, is also a magnificent public property amidst beautiful surroundings.

The total area of the parks, squares, places, water supply lakes, etc., within the city limits is 1,393 acres.

Loch Raven and Lake Roland combined have 1,607.500 acres.

The grand total acreage, all more or less associated with public pleasure, is 3,000 acres.

Parks and Lakes.	Acres.
Druid Hill	671
Hampden Reservoir	25
Lake Montebello	139
Clifton	255
Clifton Lake	44
Patterson	106
Carroll	66
Riverside	17
Canton	11
Federal Hill	8
Total	1,342

Squares.	Acres.
Harlem	7.0
Union	2.0
Franklin	2.3
Johnson	2.5
Madison	3.4
East City Spring	1.3
Perkins Spring	1.5
Lafayette	2.9
Collington	5.3
Mt. Royal Terrace	2.0
Mt. Royal Avenue	2.0
Taney Place	0.8
Broadway	5.7
Jackson Place	0.6
Eutaw Place	5.6
Park Avenue Extended	0.7
Wilkins Avenue	1.6
Washington Place	0.9
Mt. Vernon Place	1.4
Fulton Avenue	2.0
Total	51.5

RECAPITULATION.

City.	Acres.
Parks and lakes	1342
Squares and places	51
Total	1393
Suburban.	
Loch Raven (Gunpowder)	1407.500
Lake Roland (Jones' Falls)	200.0
Grand total	3000

Clifton Park, formerly the country seat of Johns Hopkins, was intended by him as the site of the university he founded, but the property was sold to the city, August 2, 1895, for $713,365.

Wyman Park, Charles and Twenty-ninth Streets, added in December, 1902, acreage not definitely ascertained.

ROTATION OF THE EARTH.

Foucault's famous experiment demonstrating the rotation of the earth by the swinging of a pendulum was re-exhibited in Paris during the year 1902. The proof depends on the fact that a pendulum hung by a perfectly free suspension, if carefully set swinging will continue to oscillate in the same plane, and as the earth turns beneath it, the pendulum seems to alter in the direction of its motion with respect to surrounding objects. If one could swing a pendulum at the north pole it is easy to see that as the world turns from west to east the pendulum would appear to change its line of movement in the same direction as the hands of a clock, and at the rate of a whole revolution in twenty-four hours. If the trial were made at the south pole the change would be in the opposite direction; and if on the equator the bob of the pendulum would not deviate from its first position. In intermediate latitudes the effect lies between these extremes. The Foucault instrument was suspended from the dome of the Pantheon. It consisted of a ball weighing 28 kilograms—about 32 pounds—and hangs by a piano wire about 72 yards long. The steel point of the bob could be seen at first passing over a line due north and south, gradually deviating at the rate of about twelve degrees per hour.

IMMIGRATION AT BALTIMORE.

Foreign Immigration Through the Port of Baltimore for Three Years.

Months.	1900.	1901.	1902.	Months.	1900.	1901.	1902.
January	675	1,496	1,078	August	1	2,132	2,088
February	2,075	942	2,169	September	967	2,201	3,065
March	3,230	3,915	6,035	October	917	1,922	3,752
April	4,176	2,994	6,523	November	10	1,708	2,641
May	4,415	4,373	7,683	December	5	2,562	4,345
June	1,956	1,248	4,822				
July	731	1,521	3,404	Total	19,158	27,014	47,605

SETTLERS IN MARYLAND.

Immigrants and Their Nativity Locating in Maryland During the Year 1902.

English	3	Slavak	95
Roumanian	5	Slavanian	42
German	793	Bohemian	168
Hebrew	632	Lithuanian	71
Russian	16	Magyar	46
Polish	633		
Russianak	6	Total	2510

Through the agency of the State Bureau of Immigration, also, numerous settlers have meen induced to come to Maryland. It is estimated that through their agency 350 settlers were added to the population during the last six months of the year 1902, and that 5,000 acres of land were sold to them.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

States, Territories.	1900.	1890.
United States	76,303,387	63,069,756
States.		
Alabama	1,828,697	1,513,017
Arkansas	1,311,564	1,183,179
California	1,485,053	1,208,130
Colorado	539,700	412,198
Connecticut	908,420	746,258
Delaware	184,735	168,493
Florida	528,542	391,422
Georgia	2,216,331	1,837,353
Idaho	161,772	84,385
Illinois	4,821,550	3,826,351
Indiana	2,516,462	2,192,404
Iowa	2,231,853	1,911,896
Kansas	1,470,495	1,427,096
Kentucky	2,147,174	1,858,635
Louisiana	1,381,625	1,118,587
Maine	694,466	661,086
Maryland	1,188,044	1,042,390
Massachusetts	2,805,346	2,238,943
Michigan	2,420,982	2,093,889
Minnesota	1,751,394	1,301,826
Mississippi	1,551,270	1,289,600
Missouri	3,106,665	2,679,184
Montana	243,329	132,159
Nebraska	1,066,300	1,058,910
Nevada	42,335	45,761
N. Hampshire	411,588	376,530
New Jersey	1,883,669	1,444,933
New York	7,268,894	5,997,853
North Carolina	1,893,810	1,617,947
North Dakota	319,146	182,719
Ohio	4,157,545	3,672,316
Oregon	413,536	313,767
Pennsylvania	6,302,115	5,258,014
Rhode Island	428,556	345,506
South Carolina	1,340,316	1,151,149
South Dakota	401,570	328,808
Tennessee	2,020,616	1,767,518
Texas	3,048,710	2,235,523
Utah	276,749	207,905
Vermont	343,641	332,422
Virginia	1,854,184	1,655,980
Washington	518,103	349,390
West Virginia	958,800	762,794
Wisconsin	2,069,042	1,686,880
Wyoming	92,531	60,705
Total for 45 States	74,698,514	62,116,811
Territories.		
Alaska	63,592	32,052
Arizona	122,931	59,620
Dis. of Columbia	278,718	230,392
Hawaii	154,001	89,990
Indian Territory	392,060	180,182
New Mexico	195,310	153,593
Oklahoma	398,331	61,834
Total for 7 Ter.	1,604,873	807,663

Persons in the service of the United States stationed abroad..... 91,219
Indians, etc, on reservations, except Indian Territory..... 145,282
Indians in States not taxed..... 44,617
Indians in Territories not taxed..... 89,541

EVENTS OF 1902.

January.

1. The Legislature of Maryland met at Annapolis.
6. Miss Jennie M. Abell bought a house and 64 acres of land near Timonium, Baltimore County, as a country home for children.
   C. C. Pusey, Dem., was elected Mayor of Havre de Grace, Md.
11. Richard Croker retired from the leadership of Tammany Hall, New York, and Lewis Nixon, a native of Leesburg, Va., succeeded him.
15. The Court of Appeals of Maryland decided that the trustees of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal shall have control of the waterway for six years more.
20. Mr. Robert Poole gave $25,000 to the Woman's College, Baltimore, making his total benefactions to that institution $60.000.
24. The treaty of cession of the Danish West Indies islands from Denmark to the United States was signed at the State Department by Secretary Hay and Mr. Constantine Brun, the Danish Minister.
28. Contract was awarded Henry Smith & Sons to build the new Custom House, in Baltimore, for $792,372.
   A silver statuette, given by Emperor William II. of Germany to the Northeastern Sængerbund, was received in Baltimore.
30. Edward and John Biddle, under sentence of death, escaped from the Pittsburg (Pa.) prison, with the aid of Kate Soffel, the Warden's wife. They were pursued; the men were shot and killed, and the woman wounded.
   The Atlantic Hotel and Columbia office building, in Norfolk, Va., were burned.

February.

2. J. Santos Zelaya was inaugurated as President of Nicaragua for his third term.
7. The German naval cadet ship Von Moltke, which arrived at Baltimore January 24, went to Annapolis for two days.
11. The National Clothiers' Association met in Baltimore.
13. Messrs. William Keyser, William Wyman, Samuel Keyser, Francis M. Jencks, Julian Leroy White, William H. Buckler, A. J. Ulman and David H. Carroll gave unconditionally, land in the northern suburbs for a site for Johns Hopkins University and a public park.
19. President Roosevelt decided adversely to Rear-Admiral W. S. Schley, in the matter of his appeal from the findings of the Court of Inquiry, holding that Schley was not in command in the battle of July 3, 1898, off Santiago de Cuba, and that it was "a captain's fight."
23. Prince Henry of Prussia landed at New York on a visit, which lasted till March 11.
22. In the United States Senate the lie was given by Senator McLaurin to certain statements of Senator Tillman, who struck McLaurin; the names of both the South Carolina Senators were ordered off the roll by President (pro tem.) Frye, but they were subsequently restored. In the meanwhile the Senators were not allowed to vote.
25. Prince Henry of Prussia attended the launching of Emperor William's new yacht Meteor, which was christened by Miss Alice Roosevelt, at Shooter's Island, N. Y.

March.

6. Ground was broken for the new Custom House of Baltimore by the Collector of the Port, Wm. F. Stone, on the site of the old building, Exchange Place.
8. President Roosevelt signed the Philippine Tariff Act of Congress.
11. Fire in the box factory of J. H. Thiemeyer & Co., 821 to 825 South Caroline street, Baltimore, caused a loss estimated at $40,000 to $50,000.
15. Mrs. John C. Wrenshall and Mr. John Le Roy White, of Baltimore, were presented with silver medals by the L'Alliance Francaise.
19. The Somerset County Jail, at Princess Anne, Md., was set on fire by prisoners, and destroyed. The prisoners were safely transferred to Salisbury Jail.
20. John Dillon, Irish member of Parliament, was suspended from the British House of Commons for calling Colonial Secretary Jos. Chamberlain a d—— liar.
   The corner-stone of the State Public Building, at Annapolis, Md., was laid with Masonic ceremonies.
22. Emperor William II. named a new yacht of the German navy Alice Roosevelt.
24. Henry Holzappel, Rep., was elected Mayor of Hagerstown, Md.
31. The Legislature of Maryland for 1902 adjourned sine die.

April.

1. Peter Lammert elected Mayor of Frostburg, Md.
   Public bath house No. 2, on Columbia avenue, Baltimore, provided by Mr. Henry Walters, was formally transferred to the city. Mr. Walters offered to give a third bath house, which was accepted.
3. A great fire destroyed 12 hotels and many other buildings in Atlantic City, N. J.

EVENTS OF 1902—Continued.

5. A far-reaching and systematic scheme of corruption, which had been carried on for years by members of the Municipal Assembly of St. Louis, was exposed.
7. Mr. G. B. Timanus elected Mayor of Laurel, Md.
8. President Roosevelt attended the Exposition at Charleston, S. C.
9. The all-British Pacific cable was laid as far as the Fiji Islands.
11. Arbor Day in Maryland.
13. The sulphite plant of the Cumberland (Md.) Paper Company was burned; loss, $75,000.
26. On account of failing to qualify G. B. Timanus was elected over again as Mayor of Laurel, Md.
15. M. Sipiaguine, Russian Minister of the Interior, was assassinated in St. Petersburg by a student
16. A special session of the Legislature met, passed the State Tax Law, which had been overlooked at the regular session, and adjourned, after being in session only two and a half hours.
16. Archbishop Falconio was definitely selected as the next Papal Pro-Delegate at Washington.
17. Ex-Governor John Lee Carroll, of Maryland, was re-elected President General of the National Society, Sons of the Revolution.

    Protestant Episcopal bishops in session, at Cincinnati, elected three new bishops
22. Maryland Day was celebrated at the Charleston (S. C.) Exposition, and Gov. John Walter Smith made an address.
23. The United Confederate Veterans, in session at Dallas, Tex., re-elected Gen. John B. Gordon, commander-in-chief.
24. Gen. Ramon Castillo, leader of government troops in Venezuela, was killed in battle by revolutionists, and 47 other officers lost their lives.
28. Several officers and seamen of the cruiser Chicago were sentenced to prison in Venice for alleged disorderly conduct, but were pardoned by the King of Italy, and subsequently exculpated.

    A superb silver service, the gift of the people of four States, was presented to Admiral Schley at Memphis,

May.

1. President Roosevelt awarded diplomas to graduates of the Naval Academy, Annapolis.

    Thomas Nast, the cartoonist, was appointed Consul-General at Guyaquil, Ecuador, and died there of fever, December 7.

    The St. Louis World's Fair was postponed till 1904.
2. Hon. Edwin Warfield, of Maryland, was elected President-General of the National Society of Sons of the American Revolution.
4. The City of Santo Domingo was surrendered to revolutionists.
5. President Roosevelt refused to permit the French government to confer the cross of the Legion of Honor on Admiral George Dewey and Lieut.-Gen. Nelson A. Miles.

    A decision was rendered by the United States Supreme Court, the effect of which was to cause the Northern Central Railway Company to continue paying an annuity of $90,000 to the State of Maryland

    Wm. D. Corddry, Democrat, elected Mayor of Snow Hill, Md.
7. Sale of the interest of Baltimore City in the Western Maryland Railroad to the Goulds and others for $8,751,370.45 as finally consummated.

    Fire in Brager's department store, North Eutaw street, Baltimore, caused a damage by smoke estimated at $10,000 to $15,000, the loss by flames being put at $1,500.

    A silver service, weighing 1,500 ounces, made entirely of Spanish coin taken from the Spanish ship Cristobal Colon, the gift of Baltimore friends, was forwarded to Rear-Admiral Winfield S. Schley.
8. The City of St. Pierre, Martinique, was destroyed by the volcanic eruption of Mt. Pelee, and 30,000 people perished. It was the greatest disaster of modern times. The volcano Mt. Soufriere, in the Island of St. Vincent, was also in eruption, and thousands of lives were lost. The eruptions continued at intervals throughout the year. Many other parts of the world were affected.
9. Mr. Henry Walters, of Baltimore, bought the Nassarenti art collection in Rome for $1,000,000.
10. Governor Taft, of the Philippines, held a conference with the President and Cabinet, at Washington, before proceeding to Rome, concerning the purchase of lands belonging to the Catholic religious orders in the Philippine Islands
12. A strike of 145,000 coal miners shut up 357 anthracite mines in Pennsylvania.

    The Queen Regent of Spain relinquished her rule after nearly 17 years at the head of the government.
14. A national convention of piano-makers and dealers was held in Baltimore.

EVENTS OF 1902—Continued.

Lewis Nixon resigned as the Tammany Hall leader in New York on finding that his plans were being blocked by some of the district leaders.

15. Special Envoy J. L. M. Curry, sent to represent the United States at the coronation of King Alfonso XIII. at Madrid, was received with the highest honors by the Spanish King and the Queen Regent.

The Philadelphia Record was sold at auction to William S. Stenger, for $2,300,000.

16. Emperor William II. of Germany presented to the people of the U. S., a bronze statue of Frederick the Great, to be erected in Washington City.

17. The Baltimore SUN reduced its price from 2 cents to 1 cent a copy, Sunday issue 2 cents, as heretofore.

18. The seventeen-year locusts of 1902 appeared in Maryland, first in Howard County.

19. Warren C. White, Rep., was elected Mayor of Cumberland, Md.

20. Tomas Estrada Palma was inaugurated at Havana as the first President of the Cuban Republic.

24. A statue of Count Rochambeau was unveiled at Washington.

31. The standing army of the United States was ordered to be reduced from 77,287 to 66,497 men.

The Charleston (S. C.) Exposition closed at midnight.

June.

1. Great rejoicings in London over news cabled that Lords Kitchener and Milner had signed terms of peace at Pretoria, May 31, with Boer representatives, and that the war in South Africa was ended.

4. Lord Kitchener was created a viscount, and Parliament was asked to vote him $250,000.

7. Secretary Hay and Mr. Brun, the Danish Minister, signed a protocol, extending for twelve months, the time allowed for the exchange of ratifications of the Danish West Indies treaty.

8. A handsome Methodist Episcopal Church, the gift of Stephen J. Seneca and wife, was dedicated in Havre de Grace, Md.

11. President Roosevelt made a speech at the centennial celebration of West Point Military Academy.

15. King Edward VII. was taken ill at Aldershot, England.

17. All the Boer soldiers in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony had surrendered, making a total of 16,620.

18. President Roosevelt approved the Irrigation Bill, passed by Congress.

A mob closed every silk mill in Paterson, N. J.

20. John Johnson and Frank Jones, negroes, were hanged at Ellicott City, Md., for the murder of Israel Radetsky, the Baltimore pedler.

The Vatican accepted the main points in the propositions of Judge W. H. Taft on the friar lands in the Philippines, but dissents on minor points.

24. An operation for perityphlitis was performed on King Edward VII. at Buckingham Palace, and he rapidly recovered his accustomed health.

A new court for juveniles was opened in Baltimore, with Chas. W. Heuisler as the presiding justice.

28. President Remsen, of the Johns Hopkins University, announced that the $1,000,000 endowment fund has been completed.

29. President Roosevelt approved the Isthmian Canal Bill.

Gen. P. A. Cronje, the noted Boer leader, took the oath of allegiance to King Edward, at St. Helena.

Congress appropriated $500,000 for the Buffalo Pan-American Exposition and $160,000 for the Charleston (S. C.) Exposition, to meet deficits.

July.

1. There were 999,446 pensioners on the government rolls.

3. A windstorm swept over Baltimore, causing much damage to property and the loss of four lives.

4. President Roosevelt's amnesty proclamation was publicly read at Manila, and about 600 prisoners, including Aguinaldo, were released.

7. The Brotherhood of Boilermakers and Iron Ship Builders of America met in Baltimore.

10. The new Constitution of the State of Virginia, which was proclaimed by authority, June 27, went into effect July 10, 1902.

13. The Marquis of Salisbury retired from the British Premiership, and A. J. Balfour succeeded him.

14. The Campanile, or bell tower, of St. Mark's Church, Venice, fell in ruins.

Montevue Hospital for the Insane, in Frederick County, was partly burned, but all the inmates were safely removed.

15. The stock of the Baltimore and Potomac and Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroads was merged into one concern under the name of the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company.

The Chicago corner in July corn ended with large profits for John W. Gates and his associates.

EVENTS OF 1902—Continued.

16. It was ordered that after January 1, 1903, the blue of the American army uniform should be abandoned and that olive green will be the regulation color.
18. J. McKenny White was appointed Marshal of Police in Baltimore, but declined.
    Guayaquil, Ecuador, destroyed by fire; 548 houses burned; loss over $6,000,000.
21. The Philadelphia Public Ledger was sold to Adolph S. Ochs, publisher of the Philadelphia Times and the New York Times.
23. A fire in Annapolis destroyed St. Martin's German Lutheran Church, a bakery and confectionery establishment, and slightly damaged several other buildings on State House Circle.
24. Oats were quoted at 64 cents a bushel, the highest price recorded on 'Change in Baltimore for years.
25. President Loubet signed a decree ordering the forcible closure of 26 schools of French religious congregations.
    At San Francisco, James J. Jeffries defeated Robert Fitzsimmons in the prize ring for the championship. Eight rounds were fought.
28. An association was incorporated to erect a triumphal arch in Baltimore in honor of Admiral W. S. Schley and the men who fought under him in the naval battle of Santiago de Cuba, July 3, 1898.

August.

2. The First Regiment, Maryland National Guard, went into camp at Belair, Harford County, for one week.
4. L. S. Harman was elected Mayor of Brunswick, Md.
    John F. Waggaman was elected Mayor of Ocean City, Md.
5. The Crawford County system was adopted for Congressional nominating primaries by Democrats in Baltimore.
    Andrew D. White resigned as United States Ambassador to Germany.
6. Harry Tracey, a notorious outlaw, who escaped from the Oregon Penitentiary, June 9, after killing his prison guards, killed himself rather than be captured by a pursuing posse, which had wounded him by rifle shots.
7. The steamer Goldsborough was burned at her wharf in Caroline County, Md., Loss, $10,000, partly insured.
8. Thomas F. Farnan was made Marshal of Police of Baltimore by a unanimous vote of the Police Board.
9. King Edward VII. and Queen Alexandra were crowned in Westminster Abbey, London.
11. President Roosevelt appointed Oliver Wendell Holmes, of Massachusetts, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, vice Horace Gray, resigned.
12. The Public Ledger and The Times consolidated in Philadelphia, both in the ownership of Adolph S. Ochs.
14. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fair, of California, were killed by an automobile accident at Evreux, France.
16. Bishop O'Gorman presented to President Roosevelt a letter and gift from the Pope.
18. The Easton (Md.) furniture factory was burned; loss, $70,000; insurance, $34,000.
19. Civil war in Haiti spread to every part of the Republic.
21. The Island of Mindano, of the Philippines, was shaken by a series of earthquakes.
    Another violent eruption of Mt. Pelee, Island of Martinique, destroyed the village of Morne Rouge, on the mountain side, which escaped the disaster of May 8, when St. Pierre was overwhelmed.
22. President Roosevelt began a tour of speech-making in the New England States.
28. Very Rev. Dr. A. L. Magnien retired as superior of St. Mary's Seminary of St. Sulphice, in Baltimore, and was succeeded by Very Rev. Dr. E. R. Dyer.
29. Asbury Dixon, negro, was hanged at Snow Hill for the murder of Lizzie Borden, negress, in Worcester County.
    President Roosevelt went hunting in New Hampshire, and killed a wild boar.
    Mayor Thomas G. Hayes announced by wire from Grand Rapids, Mich., that the League of American Municipalities would meet, in 1903, in Baltimore.

September.

3. President Roosevelt wounded at Pittsfield, Mass., and Wm. Craig, detective, killed by street-car collision with the President's carriage.
4. At Keystone, W. Va., a strike in the Norfolk and Western coalfields was declared off.
5. President Roosevelt left Washington on a five days tour westward and southward, to Chattanooga, Tenn., and Chicamauga battle-field. He made a number of speeches in North Carolina.

EVENTS OF 1902—Continued.

6. Miners in the New River and Kanawha coalfield, numbering 15,000, decided to resume work on terms prevailing before the strike.

King Edward VII. visited Andrew Carnegie, at Skibo Castle, Scotland.

7. The Crete-a-Pierrot, Haytian insurgent gunboat, sunk by German gunboat Panther, and the Haytian commander, Admiral Killick, perished

12. The building of the Hubbard fertilizer works, at Canton, Baltimore, were destroyed by fire; loss, $70,000.

16. The factory of W. E. Burns & Bros. and the storage warehouse of W. J. Reynolds, in Havre de Grace, Md., containing 2,000,000 tin cans, were burned; loss, $70,000.

David B. Henderson, Speaker of the House of Representatives, withdrew as a candidate for Congress in Iowa.

The steamship Kronprinz Wilhelm broke all previous records for the Western Atlantic voyage.

18. Lieut. Robert E. Peary arrived at Sydney, N. S., from Arctic exploration.

19. In a panic at a national convention of negro Baptists, in Shiloh Church, Birmingham, Ala., 110 persons were crushed to death and many others wounded. The panic was caused by mistaking the word "fight" during a disturbance for the word "fire."

Otto Sverdrup returned to Norway from his Arctic expedition and exploration of Ellesmereland.

Charles F. Murphy was elected leader of Tammany Hall, N. York.

John Wesley Devine, colored, was hanged in Baltimore for the murder of Policeman Charles J. Donohue.

23. An abscess in President Roosevelt's leg, caused by the accident in Pittsfield, Mass., September 3, was removed by a surgical operation, in Indianapolis, after which the President gave up his Western trip and retired to Washington. A second operation was performed September 28.

Fire on North and Holliday sts., near Pleasant st., Baltimore, destroyed several manufacturing establishments; loss, $75,000.

24. Miss Etta H. Maddox was admitted to the bar in Baltimore—the first woman lawyer in Maryland.

October.

5. The Grand Jury indicted 16 former members of the St. Louis Municipal Assembly for bribery and corruption in office.

6. The whole National Guard of Pennsylvania, 10,000 men, was ordered on duty in the anthracite coal region.

Grand Army of the Republic, Union veterans of the Civil War, encampment at Washington, D. C. Gen. Thomas J. Stewart, of Pennsylvania, was elected Commander-in-Chief.

9. Nearly 100,000 coal miners went on strike in France. Arbitrators decided against them.

11. The Crown Prince of Siam visited President Roosevelt in Washington.

13. The corner-stone of the Jackson Memorial Hospital was laid, Hon. Wm. F. Jackson, founder of the institution.

14. The International Tribunal at The Hague decided that Mexico must pay the United States $1,429,682.67, to settle the "Pious Fund" claim.

15. President Roosevelt named a commission to arbitrate the differences between miners and operators and end the anthracite coal strike, both sides agreeing to the method of adjustment.

18. A battle between President Castro's forces and rebels near La Victoria, in Venezuela, ended without decisive result.

21. The anthracite coal strike, which began May 12, was called off and work was resumed October 23.

22. The bill for the sale of the Danish West Indies Islands to the United States was defeated in the Landshing, at Copenhagen.

King Oscar of Sweden and Norway, as arbitrator, decided against the United States and in favor of Germany, in the Samoan claims case.

The great steel steamship Missouri, built by the Maryland Steel Company for the Atlantic Transport Company, was badly damaged by fire at Sparrows Point, Baltimore; loss, $300,000.

23. Fire in the cellar of Himmel & Son's warerooms, 403-405 East Baltimore street, caused $50,000 damages.

27. Capt. H. H. Marmaduke, an ex-Confederate, was put in command of the Colombian Navy.

Wu-Ting-Fang, Chinese Minister at Washington, was recalled, to become Minister of Commerce.

28. General Uribe-Uribe and his rebel army surrendered to the Colombian government troops, at Rio Frio, after a hot engagement.

30. General Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., arrived at Manila, Philippine Islands, on a tour of observation.

EVENTS OF 1902—Continued.

November.

1. Capt. Richard Wainwright was succeeded by Capt. Willard S. Brownson, as Superintendent U. S. Naval Academy, at Annapolis, Md.

   The French town of St. Pierre, Miquelon, was devastated by a fire, started by an incendiary in the Cathedral, where a priest lost his life trying to save the sacred vessels.

3. A Scotch Antarctic expedition sailed on its mission from the Clyde.
10. President Castro of Venezuela reentered Caracas in triumph. Caracas was again proclaimed the capital of Venezuela, and the insurgent General Matos escaped to Curacuo.
11. The corner-stone of a Public Library, to cost $3,000,000, was laid in New York City by Mayor Seth Low.

    Roland B. Molineux was acquitted in New York of the murder by poison of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams after two trials and nearly four years of imprisonment, part of the time under sentence of death.
12. Prof. Robert W. Wood, of Johns Hopkins University, was given an ovation by the National Academy of Sciences upon the announcement of the discovery of a screen transparent only to ultra-violet rays.
15. Gennero Rubino an Italian anarchist fired three shots at King Leopold, in Brussels, but missed.

    Dr. Rodrigues Alves was inaugurated as President of Brazil.
19. A daughter was born to the King and Queen of Italy.
22. President Rooseveit, in a speech at Philadelphia, declared that the government "has the power" and "will find out the way" to curb the trusts.

    Friedrich Alfred Krupp, the gunmaker, died suddenly at Essen, Germany, worth $75,000,000 or more. He was a great benefactor of workingmen. Emperor William II. attended his funeral, and made a notable speech, eulogizing Herr Krupp, his friend, and expressing profound indignation against his traducers through socialist publications.
27. Emperor William presented the gold medal of the German Empire to Andrew D. White, retiring American Ambassador.
29. Chief Justice Fuller, of the United States Supreme Court, decided that the United States Court was without jurisdiction in a suit which John S. Wise had instituted to overthrow the new Constitution of the State of Virginia.

December.

1. The gross receipts taxation case of the State of Maryland against the Northern Central Railway, involving $220,000, was decided for the State in the United States Supreme Court.
3. The Court of Appeals of Maryland rendered a decision, sustaining the will of the late George R. Berry, who died March 19, 1899, aged 78 years, and whose testamentary capacity was attacked. The case was twice in the Court of Appeals.
4. Bronze statues of Charles Carroll of Carrollton, and John Hanson, contributed by the State of Maryland, were placed in Statuary Hall of the Capitol, at Washington.

   Mr. B. N. Baker, of Baltimore, distributed gifts in stock to employés to the aggregate value of $350,000 on retiring from the presidency of the Atlantic Transport Line and of the Baker-Whiteley Coal Company.
5. The four-master coasting schooner Wesley M. Oler, Captain Eaton, was totally wrecked on the North Carolina coast, about 20 miles below Cape Hatteras, near Ocracoke. The captain, mate and crew are all supposed to have perished.
6. Dr. Adolph Lorenz, the orthopedic surgeon, of Vienna, Austria, visited Baltimore and gave clinics.
8. The naval forces of Great Britain and Germany took steps to enforce claims against Venezuela, amounting in the aggregate to $20,000,000. Diplomatic relations were severed; an ultimatum was presented, and when its demands were ignored, active reprisals and acts of war began.
9. Herbert W. Bowen, United States Minister at Caracas, took charge of British and German interests in Venezuela in the absence of the Ministers of those countries. All German and British subjects in Caracas were arrested, but subsequently released.
10. British and German warships seized vessels of the Venezuelan navy.

    The great Nile dam at Assouan, in Egypt, was formaly accepted as complete.

    Fires in Baltimore caused an aggregate loss of $40,000, the sufferers being Allen, Son & Co., 119 W. Baltimore street; J. H. Milliken & Sons, 105 West Baltimore street; Aaron Straus, 111 North Howard street, and O. Herring, Sons & Co., 118 North Howard street.

    The Novitiate property of the Jesuit Order, in Frederick City, was sold for $25,000.

EVENTS OF 1902—Continued.

11. Mr. Henry Walters offered to provide a third public bath house in Baltimore, to cost $25,000. He had already given two similar public bath houses, costing $52,000.
12. President Castro, of Venezuela, proposed arbitration of the dispute between the European powers with his country.
13. Italy joined in the demand on Venezuela for settlement of claims.
14. British and German warships bombarded the port and Custom House at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela, silencing and capturing the fort.

    Gen. Alexis Nord entered Port au Prince, Haiti, at the head of his army.

    A fire in Centreville, Md., destroyed property valued at $103,700.
15. Reports from Martinique, stated that the Riviere Blanche had been obliterated by mud and ashes from the volcano, Mount Pelee.

    The Cambridge (Md.) Academy was destroyed by fire.
16. President Harper, of the University of Chicago, announced a gift of $1,000,000 from John D. Rockefeller, its founder, to that institution, making the total of his gifts to the university over $14,000,000.
17. The City of Andijan, of 30,000 inhabitants, in Russian Turkestan, was destroyed by an earthquake, and 4,000 people perished.
19. It was reported that 400,000 people were destitute from crop failure in Finland.
20. The blockade of the Venezuelan coast began, and it was proposed by Great Britain and Germany that President Theodore Roosevelt should be arbitrator.
21. William Marconi sent from Glace Bay, Cape Breton, to Poldhu, Cornwall, the first full messages in words to be transmitted across the Atlantic by wireless telegraphy.
22. The large reflecting telescope or coelostat in Yerkes Observatory, Williams Bay, Wis., was destroyed by fire.
23. It was announced that the Methodists of America had raised a $20,000,000 twentieth-century thank offering fund.

    The will of the late Major Alexander Shaw, of Baltimore, disposing of an estate valued at $2,000 000, bequeathed $50,000 to the Woman's College, Baltimore; $10,000 to Pennington Seminary; $5,000 to the Union Protestant Infirmary, and $5,000 to the Methodist Home for the Aged, in Baltimore.

    Most Rev. Frederick Temple, Archbishop of Canterbury, died in London, England, aged 81 years.

    Mayor Hayes signed the Baltimore tax levy ordinances, fixing the full city tax rate for the year 1903 at $1.86¾; the rate in the Annex at 60 cents on the $100; 8 per cent. on the income of mortgages, and 30 cents on the $100 on securities.
25. A "White Christmas" in Baltimore.
26. Great Britain, Germany and Italy agreed to arbitration by the International Court of The Hague of the Venezuela dispute under specified conditions.
27. The volcano of Mt. Pelee, Martinique, was again in violent eruption.
28. The Chinese Dowager Empress and the Emperor gave a luncheon at Pekin in honor of Gen. Nelson A. Miles and the ladies of the American Legation.
29. Crown Princess Louise of Saxony, who fled from her husband and children, was reported to be in Geneva with M. André Giron, a French tutor.

    A coronation Durbar for King Edward VII. of England and Emperor of India was begun at Delhi, India.
30. It was reported in Washington, that Justice George Shiras, Jr., of the Supreme Court of the United States, would retire during the winter, and that Judge Taft may succeed him.
31. President Castro of Venezuela accepted the general principles of the proposition to refer the pending dispute to The Hague Tribunal.

    Northern Central Elevator No. 3, at Lower Canton, Baltimore, was destroyed by fire, with 300,000 bushels of grain; loss, $500,000; insured.

GIBB'S SEWING MACHINE INVENTION.

James Edward Allen Gibbs, the inventor of the revolving looper for the sewing machines, whose name is associated with that of Willcox in their manufacture, died at his home, in Rockbridge County, Virginia, November 25, 1902, aged 73 years. He was a Virginian, but of Connecticut parentage on his father's side, and was born in the county where he died. His first invention was a labor-saving machine for carding wool. He was self-taught, and without training or apprenticeship, worked at carpentry and cabinetmaking, and was a millwright and machinist, at all of which occupations he succeeded. His experiments with sewing machines resulted in his inventing and patenting, June 2, 1857, the revolving looper. During his time he took out 12 patents since the first one, which brought him fame. His theory was that the lock stitch of those days was not strong and would not prove as durable as that of a single stitch, which possessed more elasticity.

GENERAL OBITUARY RECORD, 1902.

Altgeld, John P., 54, ex-governor of Illinois, Joliet, Ills., March 12.
Albert, King of Saxony, 74, Dresden, June 19.
Booth, Dr. Joseph A., 62, last of the sons of Junius Brutus Booth, New York, Feb. 26.
Bailey, John W., 66, journalist, Philadelphia, Mar. 1.
Bradley, Andrew C., judge, Washington, D. C., May 15.
Brantly, Rev. Dr. John J., professor of languages Mercer University, Macon, Ga., June 8.
Barnwell, Robert W., 52, P. E. bishop of Alabama, Selma, July 24.
Bird, Levi C., 60, lawyer, Wilmington, Del., Aug. 27.
Bell, Gen. Tyree H., 87, ex-conf., New Orleans, August 31.
Bailey, Philip J., 86, British poet, author of Festus, Nottingham, England, September 6.
Belgium, Queen Maria Henriette, 66, Spa, Belgium, Sept. 19.
Clark, Edward, 80, architect U. S. Capitol, Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.
Cummings, Amos J., 61, M. C., New York, died in Baltimore May 2.
Corrigan, Michael A., 62, R. C. Archbishop of New York, May 5.
Cox, Walter S., 76, retired judge, Washington, D. C., June 25.
Clark, Wm., 61, thread mfr of Newark, N. J., died in England July 7.
Crake, Thomas W., 78, Archbishop, Cashel, Ireland, July 22.
Clark, Gen. James C., 79, of Mobile, Ala., native of Md., Chicago, Dec. 9.
Catherwood, Mary H., authoress, Chicago, Ill., Dec. 26.
Dufferin, Marquis of, 76, former governor general of Canada, Ireland, February 13.
Duffy, Peter P., 61, hotel propr., Washington, D. C., May 1.
Donavin, Simpson K., 71, journalist, Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 12.
De Graffenreid, R. C., M. C. of Texas, Washington, D. C., August 29.
English, Dr. Thomas D., 82, author of "Ben Bolt," Newark, N. J., April 1.
Ellis, Howard, 68, lawyer, ex-United States Consul in Holland, New York, Dec. 24.
Field, James G., 76, vice-presidential candidate on Populist ticket in 1896, Charlottesville, Va., May 18.
Feehan, Patrick A., 72, R. C. Archbishop of Chicago, July 12.
Fish, Nicholas, 53, banker, New York, September 16.
Fries, Henry W., 77, millionaire, mfr., Salem, N. C., Nov. 4.
Fox, Maria Fox-Smith, 85, last of the Fox sisters, spiritualists, Newark, N. J., Nov. 15.
Fair, Rev. Dr. Campbell, 59, Omaha, Neb., Dec. 16.
Fremont, Mrs. Jessie Benton, 78, widow of General Fremont, the "Pathfinder," Los Angeles, Cal., December 27.
Gait, William, 76, jeweler, Washington, D. C., June 12.
Gallaudet, Rev. Dr. Thomas, 80, P. E. Apostle to the Mutes, New York, August 27.
Gray, Horace, 74, ret., justice U. S. Supreme Court, Nahant, Mass., September 15.
Gait, Wm. W., 46, Washington, D. C., September 15.
Gibbs, James E. A., 73, inventor of chain stitch sewing machines, Lexington, Va., Nov. 25.
Grant, Mrs. Julia Dent-Grant, 76, widow of Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, Washington, D. C., Dec. 14.
Hott, James W., 57, bishop United Brethren, Dayton, Ohio, Jan. 9.
Hampton, Gen. Wade, 84, Columbia, S. C., April 11.
Harte, Francis Bret, 62, American poet and novelist, Aldershot, England, May 5.
Hemphill, Wm. A., 60, journalist, Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 17.
Hoadly, George, 76, ex-gov. Ohio, Watkins, N. Y., Aug. 26.
Henty, George A., 70, story writer for boys, Weymouth, England, Nov. 17.
Harrison, Gabriel, 84, author, Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 15.
Josephs, Rev. Jacob, 62, Hebrew Rabbi, New York, July 28.
Kimberly, Lewis A., 71, rear admiral U. S. N., ret., West Newton, Mass., January 28.
Kimberley, John Woodhouse, 66, earl, liberal leader House of Lords, London, April 8.
Krupp, Frederick Alfred, 48, gunmaker of Essen, Germany, Nov. 22.
Ledochowski, Cardinal, Count Miecislaus von, 80, Rome, July 22.
Marquand, Henry G., 83, financier, New York, Feb. 25.
McLeod, Archibald A., ex-president Reading R. R., Philadelphia, Apl. 19.
Morton, J. Sterling, 70, ex-sec. of Agriculture, Lake Forest, Ills., April 27.
Mackay, John W., 71, millionaire mining operator, London, Eng., July 20.
McMillan, James, 64, U. S. Senator of Michigan, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Mass., Aug. 10.
Norris, Frank, author of "The Octopus," San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 25.
Nast, Thomas, 62, cartoonist and U. S. Consul General, Guayaquil, Ecuador, December 7.
Otey, Peter J., 62, M. C. Virginia, Lynchburg, Va., May 4.
Ochiltree, Col. Thomas P., 63, ex-M. C. of Texas, Hot Springs, Va., Nov. 28.
Pruden, Octavius L., 60, asst. sec. to the President, Washington, D. C., April 19.

GENERAL OBITUARY RECORD, 1902—Continued.

Packard, Rev. Dr. Joseph, 90, dean Theological Seminary, Alexandria, Va., May 3.
Palmer, Potter, 76, millionaire, Chicago, May 4.
Pauncefote, Lord Julian, 74, British Ambassador, Wash., D. C., May 24.
Pierce, Josiah, Jr., 45, civil eng., Washington, D. C., July 30.
Rhodes, Cecil John, 49, British financier, colonizer and promoter of empire in South Africa, Cape Town, March 26.
Riddle, Albert G., 86, lawyer, Washington, D. C., May 15.
Rothschild, A. M., 57, millionalre merchant, Chicago, Ills., July 28.
Ross, John W., 61, Dist. of Columbia Com., Washington, July 29.
Rouss, Charles B., 66, mcht. New York, Nov. 3.
Rapley, William W., 74, theatrical manager, Washington, D. C., Nov. 17.
Reed, Major Walter, 51, surgeon U. S. A., Washington city, Nov. 23.
Reed, Thomas Brackett, 63, ex-Speaker U. S. House of Representatives, Washington, Dec. 7.
Schoenborn, August, 75, designer of the dome of the Capitol at Washington, Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.
Sampson, William T., 62, rear Admiral U. S. N. ret., Washington, May 6.
Stanley, Major Gen. David S., 73, U. S. A., ret., Washington, June 13.
Saxony, Albert, King of, Dresden, June 19.
Sigel, Gen. Franz, 77, Union vet., Bronx, New York, Aug. 21.
Shepherd, Alex. R., 67, ex-gov. Dist. of Columbia, Mexico, Sept. 12.
Sheppard, John L., 48, M. C. of Texas, Eureka Springs, Ark., Oct. 11.
Stanton, Mrs. Elizabeth Cady, 87, Woman's Rights advocate, New York, Oct. 26.
Saxe-Weimar, Prince Edward, 79, London, England, Nov. 16.
Sabin, Dwight M., 57, ex-Senator, Michigan, Dec. 23.
Tiffany, Charles L., 90, jeweler, New York, Feb. 18.
Talmage, Rev. Dr. T. De Witt, 70, Presb., Washington, April 12.
Taylor, William, 81, missionary bishop M. E. Church, Palo Alto, Cal., May 18.
Trenholm, George M., 42, lawyer, Charleston, S. C., died in Baltimore, July 18.
Tinsley, Henry C., 68, journalist, Staunton, Va., Aug. 21.
Thompson, Hugh M., 72, Prot. Epis. Bishop of Alabama, Jackson, Miss., Nov. 18.
Temple, Frederick, 81, Archbishop of Canterbury, and Primate of All England, London, Dec. 23.
Virchow, Rudolph, 81, scientist, Berlin, Sept. 5.
Warden, David A., 87, song writer, Philadelphia, Feb. 4.
Whittle, Francis M., 81, Prot. Epis. Bishop, Richmond, Va., June 18.
Washington, Col. Llewellyn, 69, Wash., D. C., July 26.
Washington, Littleton Q., 77, journalist, Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.
Winner, Septimus, 76, author of "Mocking Bird" and other songs, Philadelphia, Nov. 23.
Zola, Emile, 62, French novelist, Paris, Sept. 29.

TUBERCULOSIS COMMISSION.

Appointed by the Governor under Act of 1902, Ch. 451.

Name.	Term expires.
Dr. W. S. Thayer, Baltimore	1904
Dr. Lilian Welch, Baltimore	1904
George Stewart Brown, Baltimore	1904
John Glenn, Baltimore	1904
Dr. Frank Hines, Chestertown	1904

The law charges the commission to investigate the prevalence, distribution and causes of human tuberculosis in the State of Maryland, to determine its relations to the public health and welfare and to devise ways and means for restricting and controlling the disease. The commissioners serve without pay and are empowered to fill vacancies that may occur in their membership. They are required to report the result of their investigations not later than January 1, 1904. The sum of $4,000 was appropriated for the expenses of the commission.

PREVENTION OF HYDROPHOBIA.

Pasteur Department, College of Physicians and Surgeons, City Hospital, Calvert and Saratoga Streets.

Director—Dr. Nathaniel G. Kierle.
Physician-in-Chief—Dr. Thos. S. Latimer.
Associate Physician—Dr. Julius Friedenwald.

BALTIMORE CITY OBITUARY, 1902.

Ashman, Wm., 40, photoghr., Feb. 15.
Atkinson, Dr. A. S., 31, phys., Feb. 24.
Abrams, Geo. W., 49, mfr., Mar. 8.
Addison, Geo. M., 75, court crier, Apl. 3.
Allen, Henry A., 87, music comp., Apl. 5.
Arnold, Samuel, 82, mcht, April 7.
Aidt, Gustav F., 43, mfr., June 19.
Alford, Jas. E., 75, ins. agt., June 21.
Albert, Rev. Richd. H., 43, R. C., July 27.
Almoney, Mordecai A., 70, ret., Oct. 2.
Allen, Jos. S., 69, bidr, Nov. 5.
Armstrong, Robt. W., 73, mcht., Dec. 12.
Addison, Wm. E., 56, ex-school com., December 14.
Bond, Jas., 81, ret. mcht., Jan. 4.
Blake, Chas. W., 59, acct'nt., Jan. 12.
Baden, Dr. Jos. A., 68, phys., Jan. 20.
Beck, August, 52, brewer, Jan. 23.
Bell, Edwd. G., 45, hotel, Jan. 29.
Blome, Geo., 69, confectr., Feb. 12.
Boone, Danl. A., 70, mcht., Feb. 14.
Bowen, Wm. H., 74, mcht., Feb. 26.
Behman, Louis C., 47, theatre mngr., February 27.
Brooks, Allen W., 75, ret., Mar. 12.
Buckingham, Perry G., 80, ret., Mar. 20.
Biass, Rev. Julius, 41, Unitarian, Apl. 5.
Barry, Rev. Jos. L., 64, R. C., April 14.
Bresee, Louis O., 25, coal opr., May 12.
Bachmann, H. W., 47, confectr., May 16.
Berlinicke, Christopher, 82, cigar mfr., June 3.
Blum, Saml. H., 73, ret., June 21.
Blundon, Robt. M., 58, mcht., June 24.
Brooks, John C., 71, ret. mcht., June 24.
Bannan, John, 62, July 20.
Beckwith, David G., 79, ret., July 23.
Bentley, Chas. W., 88, ret. mfr., July 23.
Barton, Miss C. M., modiste, July 30.
Berger, Wm. M., 45, mcht., July 31.
Bauereis, G. F., 50, brewmaster, Aug. 2.
Bowers, Wm., 91, ret. mfr., Aug. 23.
Boyd, John S., 48, electrician, Aug. 24.
Bloom, Isaac, 73, mcht., Aug. 25.
Bowen, W. H., 68, sergt. police, Aug. 28.
Bayer, Geo., 74, confectr., Sept. 1.
Bigelow, W. O., 64, civ. war vet., Sept. 16.
Burch, Dr. J. C., 64, phys., Sept. 21.
Bratten, J. H., 58, marine eng., Sept. 21.
Berryman, Chas. E., 20, clk., Oct. 4.
Blackistone, Walter R., 27, ins., Oct. 13.
Baldwin, Wm. H. jr., 81, mcht., Oct. 20.
Berge, Henry, 55, mfr., Oct. 20.
Brady, Henry I., lawyer, Oct. 24.
Bayly, Jas. F., 76, bookkpr., Oct. 24.
Block, Leopold, 83, ret. mcht., Nov. 1.
Beall, Henry D., 65, editor, Nov. 13.
Brooks, John, 80, ret., Nov. 13.
Baden, Dr. F. A., 36, dentist, Nov. 18.
Burkhart, Rev. J., Lutheran, Nov. 20.
Boyd, Wm. H., 65, vet. fireman, Nov. 26.
Ball, John H., 59, mcht., Nov. 27.
Billingslea, Dr. M. B., 53, phys., Dec. 8.
Boyd, John C., 72, ins agt., Dec. 15.
Briggs, Rev. W. H., 88, M. E., Dec. 22.
Beeler, Dr. G. B., 49, phys., Dec. 23.
Bornschein, T. F., 71, musician, Dec 31.
Connolly, Jas., 50, plumber, Jan. 21.
Cahn, Edwd., 25, mcht., Jan. 21.
Cooper, Rev. G. W., 76, M. E., Jan. 22.
Corum, Jas. C., 82, ret mcht., Jan. 26.
Carr, Gen. R. K., 80, ret. mcht., Feb. 4.
Coyne, Dudley, 37, mfr., Feb. 5.
Cator, Robinson W., 75, mcht., Feb. 14.
Christ, Rev. Ludwig, 66, R. C., Feb. 21.
Cleary, Edwd. M., 62, mcht., Feb. 28.
Clarke, Robt. W., 37, singer, Mar. 8.
Chistian, Dr. J. H., 55, phys., Mar. 13.
Clayland, T. McD., 57, vet. surg., Mar. 17.
Cunningham, John, 61, contr., Mar. 30.
Conrad, Jos., 84, carpenter, April 8.
Crone, Michael, 70, conf. vet., April 11.
Cruikshank, Geo. W., 64, clk., April 20.
Clotworthy, Wm. P., 72, mfr. chemist, June 12.
Coleman, Samuel, 82, ret., June 13.
Clayton, J. E., 55, real estate, June 18.
Coleman, Major F. W., hotel propr., July 16.
Carey, Thos. I., 74, ret., July 23.
Cole, Walter, 37, lawyer, Aug. 7.
Codd, Simon, 72, water dept., Aug. 8.
Caldwell, Alonzo, 73, druggist, Sept. 15.
Cook, Arlington L., 40, hatter, Sept. 19.
Carson, Rev. Thos. E., 70, M. E. South, October 18.
Carr, Jas. E., 74, ex-police com., Nov. 8.
Cottam, Dr. F. S., 40, vet. surg., Nov. 13.
Crim, Dr. Wm. H., 57, phys., Nov. 15.
Cushing, Jos. M., 67, mcht., Nov. 23.
Clarke, Dr. Jos., 78, phys., Nov. 27.
Callis, Geo. R., 78, ret. bldr., Dec. 13.
Crowe, Lawrence J., 26, machinist, December 28.
Delaplane, J. E., 77, ret. mcht., Jan. 24.
De Beer, Sol., 62, ret. mcht., Feb. 19.
Devries, Wm. R., 62, ret. mcht., Feb. 21.
Darling, F. Taylor, 67, mcht., Feb. 21.
Dean, Geo. A., Sr., 57, mfr., Feb. 25.
Dunn, Capt. Geo. H., ship master, February 27.
Dippel, H. G., 33, undertaker, April 16.
Doud, John S., 34, actor, April 18.
Dukehart, Thos. M., 73, ret., May 10.
Dietsch, John, 68, tailor, May 10.
Donelson, Jas. L., 77, mfr., July 11.
Dudley, Ham. L., 56, conf. vet., July 13.
Derenberger, J. H., 80, ret. mfr., July 13.
Dwinelle, Dr. J. E., 72, phys., July 18.
Della, Chas. M., clerk, July 23.
Dorsett, Josias H., 71, mcht., Aug. 26.
Denson, Alex. J., 63, bldr., Sept. 23.
Daneker, Ormond A., 84, ret. mfr., Oct. 9.
Duker, Herman O., 38, mfr., Oct. 16.
Donallen, Andrew, 93, ret., Oct. 18.
Duke, Jas. B., 78, ret. hotel, Nov. 19.
Denny, Geo. B., 68, Nov. 27.
Dallam, Jos. W., 79, lawyer, Dec. 4.
Drost, G. A., 77, mcht., Dec. 19.
Daniels, Capt. N. C., 63, mariner, December 29.
Elzey, Ellen I., 77, widow of Gen. Arnold Elzey, Feb. 23.
Euker, Wm. C., 64, cafe propr., June 22.
Eckhardt, Phil., 46, stereotyper, July 11.
Engelhardt, J., 53, brewmaster, July 19.
Eisman, John, 62, mcht., Aug. 15.
Ewell, Rev. J. E. T., 68, M. E., Nov. 7.
Etchison, Fredk., 84, mcht., Nov. 15.
Fowler, O. A., 72, hotel propr., Feb. 25.
Fanton, Jas. H., 87, ret., May 7.
Fleet, Chas. T., 43, publisher, June 22.
Flynn, Jas., 80, mfr., July 25.
Fifer, Godfrey, 74, mfr., Aug. 4.

BALTIMORE CITY OBITUARY, 1902—Continued.

Fusselbaugh, Wm. H. B., 76, ex-police com., Aug. 6.
Franklin, Benj., 63, bldr., Aug. 11.
Friedenwald, Dr. A., 66, phys., Aug. 26.
Frazier, Wm. E., 43, mcht., Oct. 2.
Fairbank, Henry T., 73, bldr., Nov. 10.
Fox, M., 61, horse dealer, Dec. 19.
Fiddis, Levi, 88, ret., Dec. 28.
Fink, Henry S., 76, mcht., Dec. 31.
Gardner, Geo., 68, bank teller, Mar. 15.
Grammer, Rev. J. E., 71, P. E., Mar. 20.
Gibson, Jas., 77, savings bank, May 25.
Galloway, H. J., 36, ship chand., June 24.
Griffiss, Edwd., 48, lawyer, July 4.
Guethler, M. W., 45, brewmaster, July 13.
Garee, Dr. Ellis C., 41, phys., Aug. 30.
Gaither, John D., 36, mcht., Sept. 25.
Gaither, Thos. B., 75, court clk., Nov. 3.
Gallagher, Jos., 61, contractor, Nov. 6.
Guy, E. K., 68, ret., Dec. 15.
Gwinn, C. H., 67, ret., Dec. 28.
Hilgartner, Ludwig, 69, mcht., Jan. 4.
Hall, J. Bannister, 65, mcht., Feb. 4.
Hubbard, Jas., 60, packer, Feb. 8.
Horstmeier, E. W., 70, mfr., Feb. 14.
Henrix, F. A., 62, ret. tchr., Feb. 16.
Hysan, Wm. B., 68, mfr., Feb. 21.
Hedian, T. Walter, 37, mcht., Feb. 23.
Hyland, Dr. H. A., 47, phys., Feb. 26.
Horner, W. Frank, 48, mcht., Mar. 18.
Heimiller, Wm., 54, mfr., Mar. 18.
Huger, Dr. Wm. E., phys., Mar 29.
Harman, Amos R., 73, surveyor, Apl. 16.
Hough, John E., 53, undertaker, May 4.
Handy, Chas. C., ex-police sergt., May 17.
Hambleton, J. A., 75; financier, June 1.
Harrison, Geo. Law, 30, mcht., June 5.
Hammer, Peter, 76, millwright, June 22
Hobbs, Daniel, 77, Gas Co., Jul, 7.
Hooper, T. H., 80, ret. reporter, July 9.
Hanna, Geo. C., 59, mcht., July 24.
Hamburger, Benj., 41, artist, Aug 6.
Hendrickson, Dr. Wm. H., 26, physician, Aug. 22.
Hicks, C. H., 55, bridge builder, Sept. 1.
Hanrahan, John B., 42, bldr., Sept. 8
Hutson, Capt. Arthur J., 38, mariner, September 23.
Hoffmeister, H., 39, City Council, Oct. 3.
Harrison, R. H., 76, ship carp., Oct. 13.
Hancock, J. W., 28, pharmacist, Oct. 21.
Hanes, Frank M., 64, sexton, Oct. 24.
Hamilton, Wm., 83, auctioneer, Nov. 15.
Howard, J. T., 56, pressman, Nov. 30.
Henning, F. W., 81, mcht. tailor, Dec. 1.
Heimiller, C., 65, carpenter, Dec. 24.
Harriss, Wm. C., 81, millwright, Dec. 27.
Ingman, Ambrose, 88, ret., Feb. 17.
Ireland, Ninian L., 57, mfr., May 8.
Jump, Alfred T., 69, lawyer, Jan 21.
Johnson, Geo. J., 77, mcht., Mar. 29.
Joseph, Solomon, 48, mcht., April 10.
Jacobi, Aug., 77, silversmith, May 3.
Juller, Wm., Sr., 79, Cooper, May 8.
Jones, John, 83, bricklayer, May 22.
Jones, C. R., Sr., 62, marine eng., Aug. 8.
Jandorf, Reuben, 71, mcht., August 15.
Johnson, C. R., 77, marine sur., Sept. 13.
Jeffers, E. W., 31, photogr., Oct. 15.
Kennedy, Jas., 45, contractor, Feb. 13.
King, Thos. H., 67, bldr., Feb. 20.
Katz, Louis, 57, grocer, Mar. 27.
Knox, David, 80, mcht., Mar. 28.
Keilholtz, Wm. Otis, 34, Mar. 29.
Keizer, Lewis R., 69, mfr., Mar. 30.
King, Calvin G., 62, mcht., April 29.
Kayton, H., 93, mus. and artist, May 2.
Knoop, John H., 50, mcht., May 11.
Kunkel, Wm. F., 58, live stock, May 12.
King, Dr. S. H., 54, scientist, June 7.
Kranz, Geo. N., 80, mcht., June 17.
Kahn, Aaron, 76, mcht., June 21.
Kleineibst, Adolphus, 73, furrier, July 3.
Kauffman, Marion W., 62, mcht., July 3.
Kidder, Henry T., died in Italy, July 14.
Kneller, Samuel, 64, builder, Sept. 4.
Krebs, Geo. L., 66, packer, Sept. 24.
Kratz, Henry, 81, mcht. tailor, Oct. 2.
Kraft, John G., 64, packer, Nov. 7.
Kent, Henry B., 61, mcht., Dec. 7.
Kapp, Israel S., 53, potter, Dec. 27.
Lord, John D., jr., 40, lawyer, Jan. 27.
Lewis, Geo F., 79, reporter, Feb. 3.
Latane, Jas A., 71, Bishop Ref. Epis. Church, Feb. 21.
Lenderking, Philip H., 57, mfr., Feb. 21.
Lauer, Jas. M., 31, mcht., April 8.
Lusby, John D., 79, builder, April 9.
Lowman, Matthias, 80, ret., May 4.
Lucas, Richard J., 73, mfr., July 7.
Lowenthal, A., 30, mcht., Sept. 16.
Latrobe, C. H., 68, civil eng., Sept. 19.
Lurman, Chas. A., 63, mcht., Nov. 13.
Lauchheimer, M. H., 80, mcht., Nov. 22.
Lowenthal Solomon, 54, mcht., Dec. 12.
Lantz J. G., 79, ret. mfr., Dec. 25.
Millar, Jas., Jr., 51, plumber, Jan. 1.
Mallalieu, Franklin S., 72, ret., Jan. 4.
Magarity, John S., 52, builder, Jan. 7.
McCleary, J. W., Sr., 58, mcht., Jan. 10.
MacGill, Oscar V., 21, student, Jan. 11.
Medders, Albert, 73, mcht., Jan. 11.
Masingo, Capt. J. H., 64, mariner, Jan. 14.
Mercer, Rev. F. A., 73, M. E., Jan. 15.
Mills, Wm. P., 60, mfr., Jan. 16.
McFarland, John, 50, mcht., Feb. 2.
Marden, Jesse, Sr., 68, mfr., Mar. 2.
Marshall, Col. C., 71, lawyer, April. 19.
Marls, Dr. Edwd. A., 82, phys., Apl. 20.
Meyer, Solomon, 59, mcht., April 23.
Mudd, Geo. D., 26, bookkpr., May 2.
McSherry, J., 25, sergt. 5th Regt., May 7.
Markel, Louis F., 85, ret., May 28.
Markel, Louis F., 85, dairy, May 29.
Miller, Edward A., 60, mcht., June 15.
Miller, Edwin A., 75, mcht., June 28.
Merrefield, Jos., 81, treasurer Johns Hopkins Hospital, July 3.
Madigan, D T., 68, salesman, July 4.
Marriott, Thos., 62, inspector, July 8.
McCahan, Geo. L., 64, actuary Md. Institute, July 30.
McLaughlin, R., 62, bk. officer, Aug. 29.
McCurley, Jos. H., 61, Sept. 2.
Mann, Capt. T., 69, mariner, Sept. 29.
Miller, O. J., 58, police sergt., Oct. 16,

BALTIMORE CITY OBITUARY, 1902—Continued.

Mayberry, P. J., 69, cus. house, Oct. 26.
Murray, Edwd., 50, Howard Co., Dec. 10.
Miller, G. W., 80, mtr., Dec. 18.
Magnien, Very Rev. Dr. A. L., 65, president emeritus St. Mary's Seminary, December 21.
Merle, Henry A., 74, ret., Dec. 23.
Morgan, Sam'l G., 23, drowned skating, Dec. 28.
Newbold, Jas. F. Jr., mcht., Jan. 29.
Nordlinger, Isaac, 73, mcht., Mar. 8.
Newbold, Jas. F., Sr., 85, mcht., June 3.
Neuhaus, Dr. Moritz, 57, phys., Sept 22.
Nordmann, Dr. F. R., 43, phys., Oct. 22.
Neal, Leander, Jr., 32, teacher, Oct. 26.
Needham, Asa, 66, mcht., Nov. 10.
Neumann, Chas., 70, printer, Dec. 15.
Nicholson, Jas. A., 66, mfr., Dec. 27.
Oliver, Dr. E. S., 30, phys., Mar. 18.
Oler, Wm. G., 45, mcht., April 2.
Oppenhelmer, David, 62, jeweler, Apl. 3.
Oppenhelmer, M., 47, salesman, May 24.
Osterling, Walter, 48, mcht., Aug. 20.
Ochsner, Dr. H. W., 25, phys., Nov. 25.
Orr, Capt. Wm., 51, mariner, Dec. 31.
Polk, J. B., 60, actor and mfr., Jan. 5.
Pentland, Jas., 80, florist, Mar. 19.
Postill, Dobson, 92, ret. mcht., April 12.
Pfeffer, Chas., 68, mcht., April 21.
Patterson, John T., 58, mfr., May 13.
Pessagno, Giacomo, 69, mcht., May 16.
Poisal, Thos. B., 67, auditor, June 9.
Price, Dr. Elias C., 76, phys., June 16.
Polk, Capt. Trusten, 61, gauger, July 12.
Pitts, John G., 49, lawyer, Oct. 31.
Pitts, Edwd. R., 52, clk., Nov. 13.
Price, Edwd., 63, bank cashr., Nov. 24.
Phelps, Edwin, 73, mfr., Dec. 14.
Potter, Wm. S., 54, clk., Dec. 14.
Reiman, Dr. G., 84, phys., Feb. 9.
Rothrock, T. M., 74, mfr., Feb. 14.
Rush, Campion, 50, hotel, March 6.
Rose, Wm. B., 42, mcht., March 9.
Robinson, Wm., 90, ret., March 31.
Rittenhouse, N. M., 58, mfr., May 2.
Rock, J. J., 47, Tax Dept., May 29.
Rinehart, Wm. H., 29, ins., July 16.
Rosenaur, Levi, 62, mcht., July 18.
Rose, John T., 39, insp., July 28.
Reed, Bernard C., 75, educator, Oct. 9.
Rivera, J. B., 70, confectioner, Nov. 9.
Reinhard, Harry E., 62, mfr., Nov. 15.
Rosenstock, S. I., 66, mcht., Nov. 17.
Richardson, H. G., 55, Con. Vet., Nov. 26.
Randle, Richard, 72, mcht., Nov. 27.
Roycroft, J. A., 58, serg. police, Dec. 23.
Scheuerman, G., 83, ret., Jan. 10.
Scheuerman, G. C., 50, mfr., Jan. 10.
Straus, Levi, 87, malster, Jan. 14.
Solden, G. C., 63, civil engr., Jan. 26.
Schroeder, G. W., 33, mfr., Jan. 27.
Spurrier, Harry R., 43, mcht., Jan. 31.
Sadtler, C. C., 70, mcht., Feb. 10.
Scott, Job, 72, bank cash., Feb. 13.
Swinney, E., 68, lawyer, Feb. 26.
Sheckells, B. T., 75, ret., March 29.
Smith, Rodney B., 75, mcht., April 3.
Smith, James, 78, builder, April 5.
Shryock, Wm. H., 67, banker, April 29.
Stocksdale, F. G., 58, mcht., May 1.
Slater, R. J., 64, May 3.
Stapleton, John, 74, ret., May 28.
Seibert, J. E., 71 cabinet mkr., July 7.
Smith, Dr. W. P., 34, phys., July 18.
Szold, Rev. B., 73, Heb. rabbi, July 31.
Suter, Alex. G., 88, mfr., August 10.
Schloss, Moses, 50, mcht., August 31.
Straus, Moses, 65, mcht., Sept. 22.
Schmidt, A., Sr., 67, music'n. Sept. 29.
Spalding, Rev. E. W., 68, P. E., Oct. 3.
Spencer, A., animal trainer, Oct. 24.
Stafford, W. J., 60, mcht. t'l'r, Nov. 15.
Sommer, J. W., scene p'r., Nov. 27.
Shaw, Maj. Alex'r., 65, cap'ist., Dec. 13.
Smith, G. W. W., Sr., 71, butcher, December 19
Smith, Rev. B. H., 78, M. E., Dec. 29.
Trumbo, Chas., H., 78, builder, Mar. 19.
Taylor, A. K., 42, hatter, March 19.
Taylor, Capt. Wm., 46, Civ. War vet., April 6.
Thomas, R. W., 48, appraiser, April 22.
Tuttle, I. O. B., 65, livery, April 23.
Tall, Dr. R. J. H., 59, phys., May 12.
Tulley, Alf. H., 75, express, June 20.
Tucker, Dr. J. H., 53, phys., July 11.
Tabler, A. J. P., 72, mcht., July 28.
Turner, J. S., 58, steamboat, Aug. 25.
Teackle, Dr. St. Geo. W., 53, phys., Aug. 30.
Trew, Dr. Bartus, 33, phys., Dec. 12.
Urban, Chas., 72, mfr., Jan. 10.
Uhler, H. I., 25, clerk, March 21.
Underwood, J. A., 73, vet., June 26.
Voigt, F. Louis, 79, mfr., Feb. 5.
Valle, C. A., 60, mfr., Feb. 24.
Vanhorn, J. E., 75, contractor, Aug. 18.
Vansant, Nich., 85, ret., Aug. 27.
Verleger, Louis A., 52, gilder, Oct. 11.
White, T. B., 61, mfr., Jan. 3.
Waltjen, J. H., 68, confect., Jan. 24.
Watts, Thos. M., 82, pilot, Jan. 28.
Wilkins, Dr. J., 79, phys., Feb. 5.
Wylie, G. M., 65, dyer, Feb. 17.
Wertheim, Henry, 90, mcht., Feb. 19.
Wilson, Edw. DeL., 62, mfr., Feb. 28.
Walter, Gustav, 58, mfr., April 2.
Welsh, Nap. B., 77, fox hunter, Ap. 3.
Walz, G., 70, brass founder, April 17.
White, T. H., 64, mcht., May 30.
Waters, James, 62, gardener, June 13.
Wylie, Robt. M., 64, mcht., June 20.
Wilfson, Jos., 36, mcht., June 24.
Wellslager, W. H., 26, teacher, Sept. 25.
Wilson, P. B., 66, chemist, Nov. 3.
Wilkens, Wm., 57, mfr., Nov. 29.
Weber, A., 76, mcht., ret., Dec. 24.
Youngheim, J., 65, mfr., Feb. 10.
Yakel, Louis, 49, mfr., Feb. 27.
Young, Wm. S., 77, mcht., June 30.
Ziegler, Edw. B., 35, confect., Jan. 25.
Zane, Jos., 84 (Boston), Feb. 14.
Zehner, John, 72, ret., May 19.

MARYLAND OBITUARY, 1902.

Acosta, Mrs. Mary Carroll, 76, Washington, D. C., March 27.
Aisquith, Henry, 59, Annapolis, July 9.
Avirett, Philip W., 36, Cumberland, July 31.
Bowlus, Dr. Edward, 69, Fred'k, January 14
Balch, Prof. H. H., 45, Talbot, Feb. 19.
Belt, Stephen, 81, Prince George's, March 10.
Bordley, John, 77, Chestertown, Apr. 8.
Brown, Geo., 56, "Brooklandwood," Green Spring Valley, Baltimore Co., May 17.
Bird, Dr. Benj. L., 60, Prince George's, October 30.
Blake, Jno. H., 62, Hagerstown, Nov. 26.
Crouse, Geo., 83, Westminster, April 7.
Contee, John B., 39, Prince George's, May 31.
Crothers, Alpheus R., 52, Cecil, June 14.
Crothers, Dr. R. R., Cecil Co., Nov. 8.
Clarke, Gen. Jas. C., 79, Chicago, December 9.
Devries, Henry O., 77, Howard, July 30.
Dennis, Geo. R., 72, Frederick, Aug. 23.
Duvall, Geo. W., 77, Prince George's, November 15.
Earle, Dr. John C., 78, Easton, May 17.
Evans, Rev. J. W., 40, Carroll, Nov. 8.
Faulkner, John, 98, Tilghman's Island, April 12.
Freeman, Wm. H., 53, Annapolis, September 4.
Forwood, Dr. Francis F., 34 Belair, December 9.
Gorsuch, B. Howard, 56, Baltimore Co., January 2.
Goldsborough, Dr. Griffin W., 81, Caroline, June 14.
Gorsuch, Nathan I., 81, Westminster, September 1.
Groome, Mrs. Elizabeth B., 86, Elkton, September 10.
Getty, Wm. R., 70, Garrett County, September 12.
Griffith, Joseph, 100, Denton, Sept. 18.
Greenway, J. Henry, 81, Havre de Grace, Dec. 29.
Horsey, Outerbridge, 82, Frederick, January 5.
Henry, Francis J., 85, Cambridge, March 18.
Hinchliffe, Dr. Harry P., 31, Elkton, April 19.
Hargett, John E. W., 52, Frederick, May 9.
Hicks, Dr. George L., 63, Cambridge, July 13.
Haines, Mrs. Soph., 96, Carroll, July 25.
Ireland, Edward H., 74, Calvert, May 5.
Jarrett, Thos. B., 65, Harford, Apl. 10.
Johnson, Wm., 78, manufacturer, Cecil County, April 14.
Jouett, James E., 74, Rear-Admiral U. S. Navy, ret., Sandy Spring, Oct. 1.
Kelley, Thos. G., 90, Carroll County, January 29.
Kidd, Oliver G., 76, Cecil, March 19.
Kay, Alex'r B., 80, manufacturer, Cecil, June 3.
Kemp, Rev. John D., 65, M. E., Kent, September 21.
Leonard, Chas. R., 59, Talbot, Feb. 27.
Lee, Thos. Sim, 83, Frederick, June 9.
Loker, W. A., 72, Leonardtown, Oct. 31.
Martin, Chas. R., 42, Annapolis, Feb. 7.
Mackall, Dr. Richard C., 80, Elkton, February 16.
Martin, Thos. E., 90, Annapolis, Apr. 20.
McDonald, Rev. Wm. A., 64, M. E., South, Gaithersburg, May 14.
McRoberts, William, 45, Govanstown, July 4.
Moore, Thos. B., 79, Salisbury, Aug. 3.
Markell, Thomas, 84, Frederick, Aug. 9.
Maier, Martin L., 34, Hagerstown, September 23.
Mitchell, Prof. James A., 50, Emmitsburg, October 18.
Newcomer, Peter S., 72, Washington County, February 17.
Ogle, The. A., 76, Cumberland, Jan. 24.
Ozman, John H., 74, Queen Anne's, August 14.
Parran, Wm. A., 76, Calvert, Feb. 14.
Price, Dr. Mordecai, 80, Govanstown, March 5.
Perkins, Eben F., 72, Chestertown, March 17.
Purnell, Rev. Dr. William H., 76, commander of Purnell Legion during Civil War, March 31.
Purnell, John R., 70, Worcester, Aug. 3.
Pippin, Solomon, 55, Easton, Aug. 5.
Preston, James B., 76, Belair, Dec. 20.
Ridout, Addison, 75, Annapolis, Jan. 29.
Resley, Horace, 87, Cumberland, Apl. 14.
Rohrer, Josiah C., 89, Washington Co., April 13.
Radcliffe, William H., 79, Cambridge, July 31.
Sheridan, John, 57, mine owner and capitalist, of Mt. Savage, Allegany County, February 4
Showell, Lem'l, 75, Ocean City, Mar. 1.
Steiner, Gen. John A., 86, Frederick, April 20.
Sinn, Edward, 83, Frederick, July 19.
Sloan, Judge David W., 52, Cumberland, August 9.
Schaeffer, Milton, 48, Westminster, September 13.
Schriver, Anthony, 62, Cumberland, October 3.
Scott, Jacob, 94, Cecil County, Nov. 4.
Stake, Judge Edward, 56, Hagerstown, November 16.
Silver, George B., 64, Harford, Dec 13.
Timmons, William E., 84, Snow Hill, March 15.
Terrell, John M., 62, Elkton, July 30.
Talbott, Benson, 83, Gaithersburg, December 30.
Vinson, Wm. B., 82, Montgomery, May 20.
Warfield, Thos. O., 69, Howard, May 14.
Wilson, Chas. A., 64, Annapolis, May 20.
Webster, Geo. S., 77, Harford, June 9.
Yellott, George, 83, ex-judge Court of Appeals, Baltimore County, Nov. 13.

TEMPERATURE RECORD FOR BALTIMORE, 1902.

By Oliver L. Fassig, Section Director, Johns Hopkins University, N. Howard St.

Date.	Jan.		Feb.		Mar.		Apr.		May.		June.		July.		Aug.		Sept.		Oct.		Nov.		Dec.	
	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
1.....	32	22	36	26	68	48	45	38	77	56	78	57	78	66	82	70	92	66	77	64	57	40	49	31
2.....	41	22	41	28	56	40	46	36	70	53	85	62	83	64	90	70	84	74	74	58	58	38	49	34
3.....	42	22	28	15	42	32	51	37	71	52	93	68	97	67	91	72	80	68	74	53	64	40	55	40
4.....	30	19	26	15	43	32	42	35	65	51	87	70	86	70	90	70	79	61	60	55	64	49	48	36
5.....	36	18	20	13	35	31	56	36	87	54	77	63	95	72	85	65	74	54	68	57	59	48	36	29
6.....	37	20	30	14	44	26	51	40	74	61	80	60	95	71	87	69	73	54	69	56	68	56	31	23
7.....	39	27	39	22	52	31	56	41	84	62	87	66	77	67	79	63	84	63	68	53	61	44	40	31
8.....	44	32	26	14	50	39	50	37	74	58	81	61	92	71	87	66	84	60	70	52	50	39	36	23
9.....	35	30	31	19	52	42	49	37	73	51	75	53	93	75	83	66	81	60	77	51	55	38	29	22
10.....	37	29	32	19	58	36	56	44	64	43	83	55	89	71	85	71	73	55	60	45	70	46	42	22
11.....	38	28	31	19	61	38	68	44	57	46	84	66	80	62	90	67	78	53	60	54	63	48	47	41
12.....	31	22	34	22	70	44	63	48	63	49	91	63	83	65	78	62	75	57	73	56	75	50	41	32
13.....	35	22	31	18	67	41	55	44	75	58	94	71	85	66	73	56	67	53	79	52	76	48	35	28
14.....	38	21	35	16	51	38	55	40	67	49	87	69	91	66	74	65	69	48	67	47	58	48	29	25
15.....	45	27	32	24	49	38	52	43	67	50	88	72	92	71	81	62	68	48	61	41	75	47	33	25
16.....	45	32	36	22	60	46	56	39	73	48	84	69	85	71	74	61	72	49	71	46	71	55	43	33
17.....	37	23	39	28	59	38	63	46	78	58	84	61	96	66	80	55	70	51	57	49	57	50	40	32
18.....	48	26	33	23	38	22	62	42	73	61	80	60	99	75	83	62	71	52	68	47	56	51	43	31
19.....	41	29	32	18	41	20	57	44	77	62	85	67	87	72	88	65	74	55	76	54	59	50	53	30
20.....	32	22	34	18	52	33	61	42	86	61	80	65	95	69	80	69	75	62	74	56	59	44	47	41
21.....	47	28	35	28	63	41	76	47	70	59	82	65	87	69	83	69	71	66	56	43	69	50	59	41
22.....	45	33	36	34	63	42	89	56	81	55	75	55	81	65	81	63	76	65	57	37	65	50	52	43
23.....	39	33	48	32	66	44	88	65	90	66	73	58	84	62	79	59	78	60	71	45	51	41	44	27
24.....	44	33	45	32	64	44	70	50	86	70	76	54	86	67	78	61	80	62	68	53	54	38	29	22
25.....	38	34	45	39	55	37	62	50	83	61	75	55	73	65	81	61	68	59	80	54	50	44	32	19
26.....	38	31	54	41	56	36	81	51	81	62	81	65	80	69	86	60	69	65	60	51	53	43	27	18
27.....	48	28	51	43	54	39	67	55	67	49	81	61	88	71	83	62	74	64	68	57	49	39	29	20
28.....	28	20	59	44	57	46	71	47	61	46	78	63	89	73	82	64	77	60	62	49	41	33	34	18
29.....	22	17	..	..	77	52	66	55	68	45	91	62	86	73	82	62	80	58	51	40	46	32	37	24
30.....	28	19	..	..	62	45	82	63	81	50	68	60	77	71	82	66	73	62	58	34	46	36	43	34
31.....	28	20	..	..	49	39	..	..	78	58	..	..	80	72	89	64	..	..	66	44	..	..	42	28

MONTHLY RAINFALL IN BALTIMORE FOR FOURTEEN YEARS.

Month.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.
Jan...	4.22	1.80	4.89	6.42	1.78	1.46	4.67	2.62	2.05	2.99	3.50	2.11	2.45	3.05
Feb...	2.53	4.80	5.52	2.41	4.43	3.53	0.83	7.07	5.13	1.32	5.47	4.65	0.65	4.68
March.	5.71	4.07	7.49	7.20	1.38	1.19	2.94	4.70	2.40	2.58	4.93	3.17	3.58	3.41
April..	8.70	3.94	2.48	3.15	3.52	3.80	7.42	1.44	3.19	1.84	1.89	2.06	5.53	2.90
May..	6.82	5.98	3.11	6.35	3.78	7.26	3.04	1.61	6.88	3.86	3.29	1.00	3.67	1.62
June..	6.17	2.42	5.45	4.87	2.26	3.20	2.83	3.94	2.57	1.06	2.16	4.34	0.90	4.30
July..	11.03	3.61	7.79	4.07	1.88	1.73	3.40	6.32	6.93	3.51	1.64	1.51	6.18	2.45
Aug...	1.40	6.44	4.24	1.83	1.81	1.41	2.43	1.93	4.71	6.09	4.86	2.91	6.73	4.31
Sept..	4.59	4.76	5.46	2.36	1.80	4.75	6.01	4.14	2.17	1.56	7.09	4.26	2.50	7.19
Oct...	4.12	5.73	2.76	0.26	3.44	3.80	2.20	1.11	3.67	3.97	2.00	1.68	1.52	6.85
Nov...	6.45	0.74	1.33	3.85	3.78	1.90	1.86	3.34	4.39	4.34	2.27	1.81	2.26	3.03
Dec...	0.61	2.67	3.24	2.28	2.29	4.12	2.84	0.37	3.40	3.34	1.40	2.07	7.07	5.66
T'ls.	62.35	46.96	54.21	45.05	32.15	38.24	40.47	38.59	47.49	36.46	40.59	31.57	43.04	49.45

TEMPERATURE OF THE SEASONS.

The Mean Temperature for the Four Climatic Divisions of Maryland During the Seasons of the Year Is as Follows:

Climatic Divisions.	Seasons.					Seasonal Changes.			
	Spring.	Summer.	Autumn.	Winter.	Year.	Winter to Spring.	Spring to Sum'r.	Sum'r to Aut'n.	Aut'n to Winter.
Eastern Maryland.....	51.7	74.5	55.8	36.1	54.5	15.6	22.8	18.7	19.7
Southern Maryland.....	53.1	75.5	57.2	36.9	55.6	16.2	22.4	18.3	20.3
Northern Cent. Maryland..	50.6	73.5	54.3	33.1	53.0	17.5	22.9	19.2	21.2
Western Maryland.....	49.4	72.7	52.7	31.7	52.0	17.7	23.3	20.0	21.0

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